SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 713

A bill to amend 1947 PA 336, entitled

"An act to prohibit strikes by certain public employees; to provide review from disciplinary action with respect thereto; to provide for the mediation of grievances and the holding of elections; to declare and protect the rights and privileges of public employees; to require certain provisions in collective bargaining agreements; to prescribe means of enforcement and penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act; and to make appropriations,"

by amending sections 2a, 6, and 10 (MCL 423.202a, 423.206, and 423.210), section 2a as added and section 6 as amended by 1994 PA 112 and section 10 as amended by 2014 PA 414, and by adding section 8.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 2a. (1) IF CONDITIONS CONSTITUTING A STRIKE IN VIOLATION
- 2 OF SECTION 2 BY 1 OR MORE PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES EXIST, THE
- 3 SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION SHALL NOTIFY, AND A PARENT OF
- 4 A STUDENT IN THE SCHOOL DISTRICT MAY NOTIFY, THE COMMISSION OF THE

- 1 FULL OR PARTIAL DAYS A PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEE WAS ENGAGED IN THE
- 2 STRIKE.
- 3 (2) (1) If a public school employer alleges that there is a
- 4 strike by 1 or more public school employees in violation of section
- 5 2, the IF CONDITIONS CONSTITUTING A STRIKE IN VIOLATION OF SECTION
- 6 2 BY 1 OR MORE PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES EXIST, A public school
- 7 employer shall notify the commission AND THE SUPERINTENDENT OF
- 8 PUBLIC INSTRUCTION of the full or partial days a public school
- 9 employee was engaged in the alleged strike.
- 10 (3) (2)—If a bargaining representative alleges that there is a
- 11 lockout by a public school employer in violation of section 2, the
- 12 bargaining representative shall notify the commission of the full
- 13 or partial days of the alleged lockout.
- 14 (4) (3) Within 60 NOT MORE THAN 2 days after receipt of a
- 15 notice made pursuant to subsection (1), $\frac{1}{9}$, $\frac{1}{9}$, $\frac{1}{9}$, the
- 16 commission shall conduct a hearing to determine if there has been a
- 17 violation and shall issue its decision and order. THE HEARING SHALL
- 18 OFFER AN OPPORTUNITY FOR THE BARGAINING REPRESENTATIVE, PUBLIC
- 19 SCHOOL EMPLOYER, OR PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEE TO OFFER TESTIMONY OR
- 20 OTHER EVIDENCE TO SUPPORT OR CONTEST THE ALLEGATION OF A STRIKE OR
- 21 LOCKOUT. A hearing conducted under this subsection is separate and
- 22 distinct from, and is not subject to the procedures and timelines
- of, a proceeding conducted under section 6.
- 24 (5) $\frac{(4)}{(4)}$ If, after a hearing under subsection $\frac{(3)}{(4)}$, a
- 25 majority of the commission finds that 1 or more public school
- 26 employees engaged in a strike in violation of section 2, the
- 27 commission shall fine DO ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:

- 1 (A) FINE each public school employee an amount equal to 1 day
- 2 of pay for that public school employee for each full or partial day
- 3 that he or she engaged in the strike. and shall fine the bargaining
- 4 representative of the public school employee or employees \$5,000.00
- 5 for each full or partial day the public school employee or
- 6 employees engaged in the strike.
- 7 (B) IF THE PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYER COLLECTS MEMBERSHIP DUES OR
- 8 SERVICE FEES FOR PAYMENT TO THE BARGAINING REPRESENTATIVE, ORDER
- 9 THE PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYER TO IMMEDIATELY STOP COLLECTING THOSE
- 10 DUES OR SERVICE FEES AFTER A DETERMINATION THAT A STRIKE IN
- 11 VIOLATION OF SECTION 2 OCCURRED.
- 12 (C) ORDER THAT THE INCUMBENT BARGAINING REPRESENTATIVE, ITS
- 13 PARENT ORGANIZATION, AND ANY AFFILIATES ARE NOT ELIGIBLE TO
- 14 REPRESENT THE BARGAINING UNIT FOR 5 YEARS AFTER A DETERMINATION
- 15 THAT PROHIBITED CONDUCT OCCURRED.
- 16 (D) CONDUCT AN ELECTION ON THE QUESTION OF CERTIFYING A
- 17 DIFFERENT BARGAINING REPRESENTATIVE TO REPRESENT THE BARGAINING
- 18 UNIT. THE ELECTION SHALL BE CONDUCTED WITHIN 90 DAYS AFTER THE
- 19 BARGAINING REPRESENTATIVE IS DECERTIFIED UNDER SUBDIVISION (C).
- 20 (6) (5)—If, after a hearing under subsection (3)—(4), a
- 21 majority of the commission finds that a public school employer
- 22 instituted a lockout in violation of section 2, the commission
- 23 shall fine the public school employer \$5,000.00 for each full or
- 24 partial day of the lockout and shall fine each member of the public
- 25 school employer's governing board \$250.00 for each full or partial
- 26 day of the lockout.
- 27 (7) (6) If the commission imposes a fine against a public

- 1 school employee under subsection $\frac{(4)}{(5)}$ and the public school
- 2 employee continues to be employed by a public school employer, the
- 3 commission shall order the public school employer to deduct the
- 4 fine from the public school employee's annual salary. The public
- 5 school employee's annual salary is the annual salary that is
- 6 established in the applicable contract in effect at the time of the
- 7 strike or, if no applicable contract is in effect at the time of
- 8 the strike, in the applicable contract in effect at the time of the
- 9 decision and order. However, if no applicable contract is in effect
- 10 at either of those times, the public school employee's annual
- 11 salary shall be considered to be the annual salary that applied or
- would have applied to the public school employee in the most recent
- 13 applicable contract in effect before the strike. A public school
- 14 employer shall comply promptly with an order under this subsection.
- 15 A deduction under this subsection is not a demotion for the
- 16 purposes of Act No. 4 of the Extra Session of 1937, being sections
- 17 38.71 to 38.191 of the Michigan Compiled Laws 1937 (EX SESS) PA 4,
- 18 MCL 38.71 TO 38.191.
- 19 (8) $\frac{(7)}{}$ The commission shall transmit money received from
- 20 fines imposed under this section, and a public school employer
- 21 shall transmit money deducted pursuant to an order under subsection
- (6) (7), to the state treasurer for deposit in the state school aid
- 23 fund established under section 11 of article IX of the state
- 24 constitution of 1963.
- 25 (9) (8)—If the commission does not receive payment of a fine
- 26 imposed under this section within 30 days after the imposition of
- 27 the fine, or if a public school employer does not deduct a fine

- 1 from a public school employee's pay pursuant to an order under
- 2 subsection $\frac{(6)}{(7)}$, the commission shall institute collection
- 3 proceedings.
- 4 (10) (9) Fines imposed under this section are in addition to
- 5 all other penalties prescribed by this act and by law.
- 6 (11) (10) A public school employer OR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF
- 7 PUBLIC INSTRUCTION may bring an action to enjoin a strike by public
- 8 school employees in violation of section 2, and a bargaining
- 9 representative may bring an action to enjoin a lockout by a public
- 10 school employer in violation of section 2, in the circuit court for
- 11 the county in which the affected public school is located. A-IF THE
- 12 COMMISSION HAS DETERMINED THAT A STRIKE OR LOCKOUT EXISTS AFTER A
- 13 HEARING UNDER SUBSECTION (4), THAT FINDING SHALL NOT BE OVERTURNED
- 14 EXCEPT BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE. IF THE court having
- 15 jurisdiction of an action brought under this subsection shall grant
- 16 injunctive relief if the court finds that a strike or lockout has
- 17 occurred, without regard to the existence of other remedies,
- 18 demonstration of irreparable harm, or other factors. Failure to
- 19 comply with an order of the court may be punished as contempt. In
- 20 addition, the court shall award court costs and reasonable attorney
- 21 fees to a plaintiff who prevails in an action brought under this
- 22 subsection. FINDS THAT CONDITIONS CONSTITUTING A STRIKE OR LOCKOUT
- 23 IN VIOLATION OF SECTION 2 EXIST AND UNLESS CLEAR AND CONVINCING
- 24 EVIDENCE HAS SHOWN THAT THE SANCTION WOULD NOT BE EQUITABLE OR THE
- 25 SANCTION WOULD DUPLICATE A SANCTION IMPOSED BY THE COMMISSION FOR
- 26 THE SAME ACTIVITY UNDER SUBSECTION (5) OR (6), THE COURT SHALL DO
- 27 ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:

- 1 (A) FOR A STRIKE IN VIOLATION OF SECTION 2, ALL OF THE
- 2 FOLLOWING:
- 3 (i) IF THE PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYER COLLECTS MEMBERSHIP DUES OR
- 4 SERVICE FEES FOR PAYMENT TO THE BARGAINING REPRESENTATIVE, ORDER
- 5 THE PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYER TO IMMEDIATELY STOP COLLECTING THOSE
- 6 DUES OR SERVICE FEES AFTER A DETERMINATION THAT A STRIKE IN
- 7 VIOLATION OF SECTION 2 OCCURRED.
- 8 (ii) ORDER THAT THE INCUMBENT LABOR REPRESENTATIVE, ITS PARENT
- 9 ORGANIZATION, AND ANY AFFILIATES ARE NOT ELIGIBLE TO REPRESENT THE
- 10 BARGAINING UNIT FOR 5 YEARS AFTER A DETERMINATION THAT THE
- 11 PROHIBITED CONDUCT OCCURRED.
- 12 (iii) ORDER THE COMMISSION TO CONDUCT AN ELECTION ON THE
- 13 OUESTION OF CERTIFYING A DIFFERENT BARGAINING REPRESENTATIVE TO
- 14 REPRESENT THE BARGAINING UNIT. THE ELECTION SHALL BE CONDUCTED
- 15 WITHIN 90 DAYS AFTER THE BARGAINING REPRESENTATIVE IS DECERTIFIED
- 16 UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (ii).
- 17 (iv) ORDER THE COMMISSION TO IMPOSE THE FINE UNDER SUBSECTION
- 18 (5)(A).
- 19 (B) FOR A LOCKOUT IN VIOLATION OF SECTION 2, ORDER THE PUBLIC
- 20 SCHOOL EMPLOYER TO PAY A FINE OF \$5,000.00 FOR EACH FULL OR PARTIAL
- 21 DAY OF THE LOCKOUT AND ORDER EACH MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOL
- 22 EMPLOYER'S GOVERNING BOARD TO PAY A FINE OF \$250.00 FOR EACH FULL
- 23 OR PARTIAL DAY OF THE LOCKOUT. THE FINE PROCEEDS SHALL BE
- 24 TRANSMITTED TO THE STATE TREASURER FOR DEPOSIT IN THE STATE SCHOOL
- 25 AID FUND ESTABLISHED UNDER SECTION 11 OF ARTICLE IX OF THE STATE
- 26 CONSTITUTION OF 1963.
- 27 (C) ORDER THE PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES OR PUBLIC SCHOOL

- 1 EMPLOYER ACTING IN VIOLATION OF SECTION 2 TO END THE STRIKE OR
- 2 LOCKOUT.
- 3 (D) AWARD COSTS AND ATTORNEY FEES TO A PLAINTIFF WHO PREVAILS
- 4 IN AN ACTION UNDER THIS SUBSECTION.
- 5 (E) GRANT ADDITIONAL EQUITABLE RELIEF AS THE COURT FINDS
- 6 APPROPRIATE.
- 7 (12) AN ORDER ISSUED UNDER SUBSECTION (11) IS ENFORCEABLE
- 8 THROUGH THE COURT'S CONTEMPT POWER.
- 9 (13) (11) A public school employer shall not provide to a
- 10 public school employee or to a board member any compensation or
- 11 additional work assignment that is intended to reimburse the public
- 12 school employee or board member for a monetary penalty imposed
- 13 under this section or that is intended to allow the public school
- 14 employee or board member to recover a monetary penalty imposed
- 15 under this section.
- 16 (14) (12) As used in this section, "public school employee"
- 17 means a person employed by a public school employer.
- 18 Sec. 6. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, a
- 19 public employee who, by concerted action with others and without
- 20 the lawful approval of his or her superior, willfully absents
- 21 himself or herself from his or her position, or abstains in whole
- 22 or in part from the full, faithful, and proper performance of his
- 23 or her duties for the purpose of inducing, influencing, or coercing
- 24 a change in employment conditions, compensation, or the rights,
- 25 privileges, or obligations of employment, or a public employee
- 26 employed by a public school employer who engages in an action
- 27 described in this subsection for the purpose of protesting or

- 1 responding to an act alleged or determined to be an unfair labor
- 2 practice committed by the public school employer, shall be IS
- 3 considered to be on strike.
- 4 (2) Before a public employer may discipline or discharge a
- 5 public employee for engaging in a strike, the public employee, upon
- 6 request, is entitled to a determination under this section as to
- 7 whether he or she violated this act. The request shall be filed in
- 8 writing, with the officer or body having power to remove or
- 9 discipline the employee, within 10 days after regular compensation
- 10 of the employee has ceased or other discipline has been imposed. If
- 11 a request is filed, the officer or body, within 10-5 days after
- 12 receipt of the request, shall commence a proceeding for the
- 13 determination of whether the public employee has violated this act.
- 14 The proceedings shall be held in accordance with the law and
- 15 regulations appropriate to a proceeding to remove the public
- 16 employee and shall be held without unnecessary delay. The decision
- 17 of the officer or body shall be made within 10-2 days after the
- 18 conclusion of the proceeding. If the PUBLIC employee involved is
- 19 found to have violated this act and his or her employment is
- 20 terminated or other discipline is imposed, the PUBLIC employee has
- 21 the right of review to the circuit court having jurisdiction of the
- 22 parties, within 30 days from the date of the decision, for a
- 23 determination as to whether the decision is supported by competent,
- 24 material, and substantial evidence on the whole record. A PUBLIC
- 25 EMPLOYER MAY CONSOLIDATE EMPLOYEE HEARINGS UNDER THIS SUBSECTION
- 26 UNLESS THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEE DEMONSTRATES MANIFEST INJUSTICE FROM THE
- 27 CONSOLIDATION. This subsection does not apply to a penalty imposed

- 1 under section 2a.
- 2 SEC. 8. (1) A LABOR ORGANIZATION AND ANY AGENT OF A LABOR
- 3 ORGANIZATION SHALL NOT DO EITHER OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 4 (A) SOLICIT OR ENCOURAGE ANY PUBLIC EMPLOYEE TO STRIKE IN
- 5 VIOLATION OF SECTION 2.
- 6 (B) CONSPIRE WITH ANY OTHER PERSON TO CAUSE A STRIKE IN
- 7 VIOLATION OF SECTION 2.
- 8 (2) IF A LABOR ORGANIZATION OR AGENT OF A LABOR ORGANIZATION
- 9 VIOLATES THIS SECTION, THE COMMISSION OR THE COURT SHALL SANCTION
- 10 THE LABOR ORGANIZATION AS PROVIDED FOR IN SECTION 2A(5) OR (11)(A).
- 11 Sec. 10. (1) A public employer or an officer or agent of a
- 12 public employer shall not do any of the following:
- 13 (a) Interfere with, restrain, or coerce public employees in
- 14 the exercise of their rights guaranteed in section 9.
- 15 (b) Initiate, create, dominate, contribute to, or interfere
- 16 with the formation or administration of any labor organization. A
- 17 public school employer's use of public school resources to assist a
- 18 labor organization in collecting dues or service fees from wages of
- 19 public school employees is a prohibited contribution to the
- 20 administration of a labor organization. However, a-A public school
- 21 employer's collection of dues or service fees pursuant to a
- 22 collective bargaining agreement that is in effect on March 16, 2012
- 23 is not prohibited until the agreement expires or is terminated,
- 24 extended, or renewed. HOWEVER, A PUBLIC EMPLOYER SHALL STOP ANY
- 25 COLLECTION OF MEMBERSHIP DUES OR SERVICE FEES OTHERWISE PERMITTED
- 26 UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION UPON A DETERMINATION AT A HEARING UNDER
- 27 SECTION 2A THAT ITS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES ENGAGED IN A STRIKE, OR

- 1 ACTIONS CONSIDERED UNDER SECTION 6(1) TO BE A STRIKE, IN VIOLATION
- 2 OF SECTION 2. A public employer may permit employees to confer with
- 3 a labor organization during working hours without loss of time or
- 4 pay.
- 5 (c) Discriminate in regard to hire, terms, or other conditions
- 6 of employment to encourage or discourage membership in a labor
- 7 organization.
- 8 (d) Discriminate against a public employee because he or she
- 9 has given testimony or instituted proceedings under this act.
- 10 (e) Refuse to bargain collectively with the representatives of
- 11 its public employees, subject to section 11.
- 12 (2) A labor organization or its agents shall not do any of the
- 13 following:
- 14 (a) Restrain or coerce public employees in the exercise of the
- 15 rights guaranteed in section 9. This subdivision does not impair
- 16 the right of a labor organization to prescribe its own rules with
- 17 respect to the acquisition or retention of membership.
- 18 (b) Restrain or coerce a public employer in the selection of
- 19 its representatives for the purposes of collective bargaining or
- 20 the adjustment of grievances.
- (c) Cause or attempt to cause a public employer to
- 22 discriminate against a public employee in violation of subsection
- 23 (1)(c).
- 24 (d) Refuse to bargain collectively with a public employer,
- 25 provided it is the representative of the public employer's
- 26 employees, subject to section 11.
- 27 (3) Except as provided in subsection (4), an individual shall

- 1 not be required as a condition of obtaining or continuing public
- 2 employment to do any of the following:
- 3 (a) Refrain or resign from membership in, voluntary
- 4 affiliation with, or voluntary financial support of a labor
- 5 organization or bargaining representative.
- 6 (b) Become or remain a member of a labor organization or
- 7 bargaining representative.
- 8 (c) Pay any dues, fees, assessments, or other charges or
- 9 expenses of any kind or amount, or provide anything of value to a
- 10 labor organization or bargaining representative.
- 11 (d) Pay to any charitable organization or third party any
- 12 amount that is in lieu of, equivalent to, or any portion of dues,
- 13 fees, assessments, or other charges or expenses required of members
- 14 of or public employees represented by a labor organization or
- 15 bargaining representative.
- 16 (4) The application of subsection (3) is subject to the
- 17 following:
- 18 (a) Subsection (3) does not apply to any of the following:
- 19 (i) A public police or fire department employee or any person
- 20 who seeks to become employed as a public police or fire department
- 21 employee as that term is defined under section 2 of 1969 PA 312,
- **22** MCL 423.232.
- 23 (ii) A state police trooper or sergeant who is granted rights
- 24 under section 5 of article XI of the state constitution of 1963 or
- 25 any individual who seeks to become employed as a state police
- 26 trooper or sergeant.
- 27 (b) Any person described in subdivision (a), or a labor

- 1 organization or bargaining representative representing persons
- 2 described in subdivision (a) and a public employer or this state
- 3 may agree that all employees in the bargaining unit shall share
- 4 fairly in the financial support of the labor organization or their
- 5 exclusive bargaining representative by paying a fee to the labor
- 6 organization or exclusive bargaining representative that may be
- 7 equivalent to the amount of dues uniformly required of members of
- 8 the labor organization or exclusive bargaining representative.
- 9 Section 9(2) shall not be construed to interfere with the right of
- 10 a public employer or this state and a labor organization or
- 11 bargaining representative to enter into or lawfully administer such
- 12 an agreement as it relates to the employees or persons described in
- 13 subdivision (a).
- 14 (c) If any of the exclusions in subdivision (a) (i) or (ii) are
- 15 found to be invalid by a court, the following apply:
- 16 (i) The individuals described in the exclusion found to be
- 17 invalid shall no longer be excepted from the application of
- 18 subsection (3).
- 19 (ii) Subdivision (b) does not apply to individuals described
- 20 in the invalid exclusion.
- 21 (5) An agreement, contract, understanding, or practice between
- 22 or involving a public employer, labor organization, or bargaining
- 23 representative that violates subsection (3) is unlawful and
- 24 unenforceable. This subsection applies only to an agreement,
- 25 contract, understanding, or practice that takes effect or is
- 26 extended or renewed after March 28, 2013.
- 27 (6) The court of appeals has exclusive original jurisdiction

- 1 over any action challenging the validity of subsection (3), (4), or
- 2 (5). The court of appeals shall hear the action in an expedited
- 3 manner.
- 4 (7) For fiscal year 2012-2013, \$1,000,000.00 is appropriated
- 5 to the department of licensing and regulatory affairs to be
- 6 expended to do all of the following regarding 2012 PA 349:
- 7 (a) Respond to public inquiries regarding 2012 PA 349.
- 8 (b) Provide the commission with sufficient staff and other
- 9 resources to implement 2012 PA 349.
- 10 (c) Inform public employers, public employees, and labor
- 11 organizations concerning their rights and responsibilities under
- 12 2012 PA 349.
- 13 (d) Any other purposes that the director of the department of
- 14 licensing and regulatory affairs determines in his or her
- 15 discretion are necessary to implement 2012 PA 349.
- 16 (8) A person, public employer, or labor organization that
- 17 violates subsection (3) is liable for a civil fine of not more than
- 18 \$500.00. A civil fine recovered under this section shall be
- 19 submitted to the state treasurer for deposit in the general fund of
- 20 this state.
- 21 (9) By July 1 of each year, each exclusive bargaining
- 22 representative that represents public employees in this state shall
- 23 have an independent examiner verify the exclusive bargaining
- 24 representative's calculation of all expenditures attributed to the
- 25 costs of collective bargaining, contract administration, and
- 26 grievance adjustment during the prior calendar year and shall file
- 27 that verification with the commission. The commission shall make

- 1 the exclusive bargaining representative's calculations available to
- 2 the public on the commission's website. The exclusive bargaining
- 3 representative shall also file a declaration identifying the local
- 4 bargaining units that are represented. Local bargaining units
- 5 identified in the declaration filed by the exclusive bargaining
- 6 representative are not required to file a separate calculation of
- 7 all expenditures attributed to the costs of collective bargaining,
- 8 contract administration, and grievance adjustment. For fiscal year
- **9** 2011-2012, \$100,000.00 is appropriated to the commission for the
- 10 costs of implementing this subsection. For fiscal year 2014-2015,
- 11 \$100,000.00 is appropriated to the commission for the costs of
- 12 implementing this subsection.
- 13 (10) Except for actions required to be brought under
- 14 subsection (6), a person who suffers an injury as a result of a
- 15 violation or threatened violation of subsection (3) may bring a
- 16 civil action for damages, injunctive relief, or both. In addition,
- 17 a court shall award court costs and reasonable attorney fees to a
- 18 plaintiff who prevails in an action brought under this subsection.
- 19 Remedies provided in this subsection are independent of and in
- 20 addition to other penalties and remedies prescribed by this act.
- 21 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect 90 days
- 22 after the date it is enacted into law.