## SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 4160

A bill to amend 1953 PA 232, entitled "Corrections code of 1953,"

by amending section 34 (MCL 791.234), as amended by 2024 PA 111.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Sec. 34. (1) Except for a prisoner granted parole under section 35(10) or as provided in **this section or** section 34a, a prisoner sentenced to an indeterminate sentence and confined in a state correctional facility with a minimum in terms of years other than a prisoner subject to disciplinary time is subject to the jurisdiction of the parole board when the prisoner has served a period of time equal to the minimum sentence imposed by the court for the crime of which he or she the prisoner was convicted, less good time and disciplinary credits, if applicable.



1

2

3

4

5

6 7

8



- (2) Except for a prisoner granted parole under section 35(10) or as provided in this section or section 34a, a prisoner subject to disciplinary time sentenced to an indeterminate sentence and confined in a state correctional facility with a minimum in terms of years is subject to the jurisdiction of the parole board when the prisoner has served a period of time equal to the minimum sentence imposed by the court for the crime of which he or she the prisoner was convicted.
  - (3) Except as otherwise provided in this section or for a prisoner granted parole under section 35(10), if a prisoner other than a prisoner subject to disciplinary time is sentenced for consecutive terms, whether received at the same time or at any time during the life of the original sentence, the parole board has jurisdiction over the prisoner for purposes of parole when the prisoner has served the total time of the added minimum terms, less the good time and disciplinary credits allowed by statute. The maximum terms of the sentences must be added to compute the new maximum term under this subsection, and discharge must be issued only after the total of the maximum sentences has been served less good time and disciplinary credits, unless the prisoner is paroled and discharged upon on satisfactory completion of the parole.
  - (4) Except as otherwise provided in this section or for a prisoner granted parole under section 35(10), if a prisoner subject to disciplinary time is sentenced for consecutive terms, whether received at the same time or at any time during the life of the original sentence, the parole board has jurisdiction over the prisoner for purposes of parole when the prisoner has served the total time of the added minimum terms. The maximum terms of the sentences must be added to compute the new maximum term under this

- 1 subsection, and discharge must be issued only after the total of
- 2 the maximum sentences has been served, unless the prisoner is
- ${f 3}$  paroled and discharged  ${f upon}$  on satisfactory completion of the
- 4 parole.
- 5 (5) If a prisoner other than a prisoner subject to
- 6 disciplinary time has 1 or more consecutive terms remaining to
- 7 serve in addition to the term he or she the prisoner is serving,
- 8 the parole board may terminate the sentence the prisoner is
- 9 presently serving at any time after the minimum term of the
- 10 sentence has been served.
- 11 (6) A—Except as otherwise provided in this section, a prisoner
- 12 sentenced to imprisonment for life for any of the following is not
- 13 eligible for parole and is instead subject to the provisions of
- **14** section 44 or 44a:
- 15 (a) First degree murder in violation of section 316 of the
- 16 Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.316.
- 17 (b) A violation of section 16(5) or 18(7) of the Michigan
- 18 penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.16 and 750.18.
- 19 (c) A violation of chapter XXXIII of the Michigan penal code,
- 20 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.200 to 750.212a.
- 21 (d) A violation of section 17764(7) of the public health code,
- 22 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.17764.
- 23 (e) First degree criminal sexual conduct in violation of
- 24 section 520b(2)(c) of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL
- **25** 750.520b.
- **26** (f) Any other violation for which parole eligibility is
- 27 expressly denied under a law of this state.
- 28 (7) Except as otherwise provided in this section or for a
- 29 prisoner granted parole under section 35(10), a prisoner sentenced



- 1 to imprisonment for life, other than a prisoner described in
- 2 subsection (6), is subject to the jurisdiction of the parole board
- 3 and may be placed on parole according to the conditions prescribed
- 4 in subsection (8) if he or she the prisoner meets any of the
- 5 following criteria:
- 6 (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b) or (c), the prisoner
- 7 has served 10 calendar years of the sentence for a crime committed
- 8 before October 1, 1992 or 15 calendar years of the sentence for a
- 9 crime committed on or after October 1, 1992.
- 10 (b) Except as provided in subsection (12), the prisoner has
- 11 served 20 calendar years of a sentence for violating, or attempting
- 12 or conspiring to violate, section 7401(2) (a) (i) of the public health
- 13 code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7401, and has another conviction for a
- 14 serious crime.
- 15 (c) Except as provided in subsection (12), the prisoner has
- 16 served 17-1/2 calendar years of the sentence for violating, or
- 17 attempting or conspiring to violate, section 7401(2) (a) (i) of the
- 18 public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7401, and does not have
- 19 another conviction for a serious crime.
- 20 (8) A parole granted to a prisoner under subsection (7) is
- 21 subject to the following conditions:
- 22 (a) At the conclusion of 10 calendar years of the prisoner's
- 23 sentence and thereafter as determined by the parole board until the
- 24 prisoner is paroled, discharged, or deceased, and in accordance
- 25 with the procedures described in subsection (9), 1 member of the
- 26 parole board shall interview the prisoner. The interview schedule
- 27 prescribed in this subdivision applies to all prisoners to whom
- 28 subsection (7) applies, regardless of the date on which they were
- 29 sentenced.

- (b) In addition to the interview schedule prescribed in 1 2 subdivision (a), the parole board shall review the prisoner's file at the conclusion of 15 calendar years of the prisoner's sentence 3 and every 5 years thereafter until the prisoner is paroled, 4 5 discharged, or deceased. A prisoner whose file is to be reviewed 6 under this subdivision must be notified of the upcoming file review 7 at least 30 days before the file review takes place and must be 8 allowed to submit written statements or documentary evidence for 9 the parole board's consideration in conducting the file review.
- 10 (c) A decision to grant or deny parole to the prisoner must 11 not be made until after a public hearing is held in the manner prescribed for pardons and commutations in sections 44 and 45. 12 Notice of the public hearing must be given to the sentencing judge, 13 14 or the judge's successor in office. Parole must not be granted if 15 the sentencing judge files written objections to the granting of the parole within 30 days of receipt of the notice of hearing, but 16 the sentencing judge's written objections bar the granting of 17 18 parole only if the sentencing judge is still in office in the court before which the prisoner was convicted and sentenced. A sentencing 19 20 judge's successor in office may file written objections to the 21 granting of parole, but a successor judge's objections must not bar the granting of parole under subsection (7). If written objections 22 23 are filed by either the sentencing judge or the judge's successor 24 in office, the objections must be made part of the prisoner's file.
  - (d) A parole granted under subsection (7) must be for a period of not less than 4 years and subject to the usual rules pertaining to paroles granted by the parole board. A parole granted under subsection (7) is not valid until the transcript of the record is filed with the attorney general whose certification of receipt of

26

27

- 1 the transcript must be returned to the office of the parole board
- 2 within 5 days. Except for medical records protected under section
- 3 2157 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL
- 4 600.2157, the file of a prisoner granted a parole under subsection
- **5** (7) is a public record.
- 6 (9) An interview conducted under subsection (8)(a) is subject
- 7 to both of the following requirements:
- 8 (a) The prisoner must be given written notice, not less than
- 9 30 days before the interview date, stating that the interview will
- 10 be conducted.
- 11 (b) The prisoner may be represented at the interview by an
- 12 individual of his or her the prisoner's choice. The representative
- 13 must not be another prisoner. A prisoner is not entitled to
- 14 appointed counsel at public expense. The prisoner or representative
- 15 may present relevant evidence in favor of holding a public hearing
- 16 as allowed in subsection (8)(c).
- 17 (10) In determining whether a prisoner convicted of violating,
- 18 or attempting or conspiring to violate, section 7401(2) (a) (i) of the
- 19 public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7401, and sentenced to
- 20 imprisonment for life before October 1, 1998 is to be released on
- 21 parole, the parole board shall consider all of the following:
- 22 (a) Whether the violation was part of a continuing series of
- violations of section 7401 or 7403 of the public health code, 1978
- 24 PA 368, MCL 333.7401 and 333.7403, by that individual.
- 25 (b) Whether the violation was committed by the individual in
- 26 concert with 5 or more other individuals.
- (c) Any of the following:
- 28 (i) Whether the individual was a principal administrator,
- 29 organizer, or leader of an entity that the individual knew or had



- 1 reason to know was organized, in whole or in part, to commit
- 2 violations of section 7401 or 7403 of the public health code, 1978
- **3** PA 368, MCL 333.7401 and 333.7403, and whether the violation for
- 4 which the individual was convicted was committed to further the
- 5 interests of that entity.
- (ii) Whether the individual was a principal administrator,
- 7 organizer, or leader of an entity that the individual knew or had
- 8 reason to know committed violations of section 7401 or 7403 of the
- **9** public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7401 and 333.7403, and
- 10 whether the violation for which the individual was convicted was
- 11 committed to further the interests of that entity.
- 12 (iii) Whether the violation was committed in a drug-free school
- 13 zone.
- 14 (iv) Whether the violation involved the delivery of a
- 15 controlled substance to an individual less than 17 years of age or
- 16 possession with intent to deliver a controlled substance to an
- 17 individual less than 17 years of age.
- 18 (11) Except as provided in subsection (19) and section 34a, a
- 19 prisoner's release on parole is discretionary with the parole
- 20 board. The action of the parole board in granting a parole is
- 21 appealable by the prosecutor of the county from which the prisoner
- 22 was committed or the victim of the crime for which the prisoner was
- 23 convicted. The appeal must be to the circuit court in the county
- 24 from which the prisoner was committed, by leave of the court.
- 25 (12) If the sentencing judge, or his or her the judge's
- 26 successor in office, determines on the record that a prisoner
- 27 described in subsection (7)(b) or (c) sentenced to imprisonment for
- 28 life for violating, or attempting or conspiring to violate, section
- 29 7401(2)(a)(i) of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7401,

- 1 has cooperated with law enforcement, the prisoner is subject to the
- 2 jurisdiction of the parole board and may be released on parole as
- 3 provided in subsection (7) (b) or (c) 2-1/2 years earlier than the
- 4 time otherwise indicated in subsection (7)(b) or (c). The prisoner
- 5 is considered to have cooperated with law enforcement if the court
- 6 determines on the record that the prisoner had no relevant or
- 7 useful information to provide. The court shall not make a
- 8 determination that the prisoner failed or refused to cooperate with
- 9 law enforcement on grounds that the defendant exercised his or her
- 10 the defendant's constitutional right to trial by jury. If the court
- 11 determines at sentencing that the defendant cooperated with law
- 12 enforcement, the court shall include its determination in the
- 13 judgment of sentence.
- 14 (13) Except for a prisoner granted parole under section 35(10)
- 15 and notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2), a prisoner convicted
- 16 of violating, or attempting or conspiring to violate, section
- 17 7401(2)(a)(i) or 7403(2)(a)(i) of the public health code, 1978 PA
- **18** 368, MCL 333.7401 and 333.7403, whose offense occurred before March
- 19 1, 2003, and who was sentenced to a term of years, is eligible for
- 20 parole after serving 20 years of the sentence imposed for the
- 21 violation if the individual has another serious crime or 17-1/2
- 22 years of the sentence if the individual does not have another
- 23 conviction for a serious crime, or after serving the minimum
- 24 sentence imposed for that violation, whichever is less.
- 25 (14) Except for a prisoner granted parole under section 35(10)
- 26 and notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2), a prisoner who was
- 27 convicted of violating, or attempting or conspiring to violate,
- 28 section 7401(2)(a)(ii) or 7403(2)(a)(ii) of the public health code,
- 29 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7401 and 333.7403, whose offense occurred

- before March 1, 2003, and who was sentenced according to those
  sections as they existed before March 1, 2003, is eligible for
  parole after serving the minimum of each sentence imposed for that
  violation or 10 years of each sentence imposed for that violation,
  whichever is less.
- (15) Except for a prisoner granted parole under section 35(10) and notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2), a prisoner who was convicted of violating, or attempting or conspiring to violate, section 7401(2) (a) (iii) or 7403(2) (a) (iii) of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7401 and 333.7403, whose offense occurred before March 1, 2003, and who was sentenced according to those sections as they existed before March 1, 2003, is eliqible for parole after serving the minimum of each sentence imposed for that violation or 5 years of each sentence imposed for that violation, whichever is less.
  - (16) Except for a prisoner granted parole under section 35(10) and notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2), a prisoner who was convicted of violating, or attempting or conspiring to violate, section 7401(2)(a)(iv) or 7403(2)(a)(iv) of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7401 and 333.7403, whose offense occurred before March 1, 2003, who was sentenced according to those sections of law as they existed before March 1, 2003 to consecutive terms of imprisonment for 2 or more violations of section 7401(2)(a) or 7403(2)(a) of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7401 and 333.7403, is eligible for parole after serving 1/2 of the minimum sentence imposed for each violation of section 7401(2)(a)(iv) or 7403(2)(a)(iv) of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7401 and 333.7403. This subsection applies only to sentences imposed for violations of section 7401(2)(a)(iv) or 7403(2)(a)(iv) of the public

```
health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7401 and 333.7403, and does not
 1
    apply if the sentence was imposed for a conviction for a new
 2
    offense committed while the individual was on probation or parole.
 3
          (17) Except for a prisoner granted parole under section 35(10)
 4
 5
    and notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2), a prisoner who was
 6
    convicted of violating, or attempting or conspiring to violate,
    section 7401(2) (a) (ii) or (iii) or 7403(2) (a) (ii) or (iii) of the public
 7
    health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7401 and 333.7403, who had a
 8
    prior conviction for a violation of section 7401(2)(a)(ii) or (iii) or
 9
    7403(2) (a) (ii) or (iii) of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL
10
11
    333.7401 and 333.7403, and who was sentenced to life without parole
12
    under section 7413(1) of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL
13
    333.7413, according to that section as it existed before March 28,
14
    2018 is eligible for parole after serving 5 years of each sentence
15
    imposed for that violation.
          (18) The parole board shall provide notice to the prosecuting
16
17
    attorney of the county in which the prisoner was convicted before
    granting parole to the prisoner under subsection (13), (14), (15),
18
19
    (16), or (17), or (22) or under section 35(10). The parole board
20
    shall provide the relevant medical records to the prosecuting
    attorney of the county in which the prisoner was convicted for a
21
22
    prisoner being considered for parole under section 35(10) at the
23
    same time the parole board provides the notice required under this
24
    subsection. The parole board shall also provide notice to any known
25
    victim or, in the case of a homicide, the victim's immediate
    family, that it is considering a prisoner for parole under section
26
27
    35(10) at the same time it provides notice to the prosecuting
28
    attorney under this subsection.
```

(19) The prosecuting attorney or victim or, in the case of a

- 1 homicide, the victim's immediate family, may object to the parole
- 2 board's decision to recommend parole by filing a motion in the
- 3 circuit court in the county in which the prisoner was convicted
- 4 within 30 days of receiving notice under subsection (18). Upon On
- 5 notification under subsection (18) and request by the victim, or,
- 6 in the case of a homicide, the victim's immediate family, the
- 7 prosecuting attorney must confer with the victim, or in the case of
- 8 a homicide, the victim's immediate family, before making a decision
- 9 regarding whether or not to object to the parole board's
- 10 determination. A motion filed under this subsection must be heard
- 11 by the sentencing judge or the judge's successor in office. The
- 12 prosecuting attorney shall inform the parole board if a motion was
- 13 filed under this subsection. A prosecutor who files a motion under
- 14 this subsection may seek an independent medical examination of the
- 15 prisoner being considered for parole under section 35(10). If an
- 16 appeal is initiated under this subsection, a subsequent appeal
- 17 under subsection (11) may not be initiated  $\frac{1}{2}$  upon on the granting of
- 18 parole.
- 19 (20) Both of the following apply to a hearing conducted on a
- 20 motion filed under subsection (19):
- 21 (a) The prosecutor and the parole board may present evidence
- 22 in support of or in opposition to the determination that a prisoner
- 23 is medically frail, including the results of any independent
- 24 medical examination.
- 25 (b) The sentencing judge or the judge's successor shall
- 26 determine whether the prisoner is eligible for parole as a result
- 27 of being medically frail.
- 28 (21) The decision of the sentencing judge or the judge's
- 29 successor on a motion filed under subsection (19) is binding on the

- 1 parole board with respect to whether a prisoner must be considered
- 2 medically frail or not. However, the decision of the sentencing
- 3 judge or the judge's successor is subject to appeal by leave to the
- 4 court of appeals granted to the department, the prosecuting
- 5 attorney, or the victim or victim's immediate family in the case of
- 6 a homicide.
- 7 (22) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in this
- 8 act, an individual who was less than 19 years of age at the time
- 9 the individual committed a crime or crimes for which the individual
- 10 was sentenced or resentenced to life imprisonment without parole
- 11 eligibility or to a term of years for a violation of section 16,
- 12 18, 200i, 204, 207, 209, 210, 211a, 316, 436, 520b, or 543f of the
- 13 Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.16, 750.18, 750.200i,
- 14 750.204, 750.207, 750.209, 750.210, 750.211a, 750.316, 750.436,
- 15 750.520b, and 750.543f, or section 17764 of the public health code,
- 16 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.17764, who has served 20 years of the
- 17 individual's total sentences is subject to the jurisdiction of the
- 18 parole board and may be released on parole by the parole board. In
- 19 determining whether to release an individual on parole under this
- 20 subsection, the parole board shall ensure a meaningful opportunity
- 21 for release and consider all of the following factors:
- 22 (a) The individual's age at the time of the offense.
- 23 (b) Whether the individual has substantially complied with the
- 24 rules of the institution to which the individual has been confined.
- 25 (c) Whether the individual has completed an educational,
- 26 vocational, or other program, where available, while confined.
- 27 (d) Whether the individual has demonstrated maturity,
- 28 rehabilitation, and a fitness to reenter society.
- 29 (e) Physical, mental, behavioral, or psychiatric reports or

- 1 examinations of the individual conducted by licensed health care
  2 professionals.
- 3 (f) The individual's family and community circumstances at the 4 time of the offense, including any history of abuse, trauma,
- 5 neglect, or involvement in the child welfare system.
- 6 (g) The extent of the individual's role in the offense, and
  7 whether and to what extent an adult or peer was involved in the
  8 offense.
- 9 (h) The diminished culpability of juveniles as compared to
  10 that of adults and the hallmark features of youth, including
  11 immaturity, impetuosity, and inability to fully appreciate the
  12 risks and consequences of conduct.
- 13 (i) Any other mitigating evidence that the parole board deems 14 relevant to the board's decision.
- 15 (23)  $\frac{(22)}{}$  As used in this section:
- 16 (a) "Medically frail" means that term as defined in section
  17 35.
- (b) "Serious crime" means violating or conspiring to violate article 7 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7101 to 333.7545, that is punishable by imprisonment for more than 4 years,
- 21 or an offense against a person in violation of section 83, 84, 86,
- 22 87, 88, 89, 316, 317, 321, 349, 349a, 350, 397, 520b, 520c, 520d,
- 23 520g, 529, 529a, or 530 of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328,
- **24** MCL 750.83, 750.84, 750.86, 750.87, 750.88, 750.89, 750.316,
- **25** 750.317, 750.321, 750.349, 750.349a, 750.350, 750.397, 750.520b,
- 26 750.520c, 750.520d, 750.520g, 750.529, 750.529a, and 750.530.
- (c) "State correctional facility" means a facility that housesprisoners committed to the jurisdiction of the department.
- 29 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect 90 days



- 1 after the date it is enacted into law.
- 2 Enacting section 2. This amendatory act does not take effect
- 3 unless all of the following bills of the 102nd Legislature are
- 4 enacted into law:
- 5 (a) House Bill No. 4161.
- 6 (b) House Bill No. 4162.
- 7 (c) House Bill No. 4163.
- **8** (d) House Bill No. 4164.

