## SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 5405

A bill to amend 1937 PA 10, entitled

"An act to define the use of travel aids by blind persons; to provide protection against accidents to such persons; to require instruction and examination in certain circumstances; and to provide penalties for violation hereof,"

by amending sections 1a, 2, and 3 (MCL 752.51a, 752.52, and 752.53), sections 1a and 2 as amended by 2002 PA 401 and section 3 as amended by 1986 PA 62.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 1a. As used in this act:
- 2 (a) "Blind" means a person an individual who has a visual
- 3 acuity of 20/200 or less in the better eye with correction, or has
- 4 limitation of his or her the individual's field of vision such that
- 5 the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angular





- 1 distance not greater than 20 degrees.
- 2 (b) "Cane" means an aid used by a blind pedestrian for travel
  3 and identification purposes that is predominantly white or metallic
  4 in color with or without a red tip.
- (c) "Crosswalk" means that term as defined in section 10 ofthe Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.10.
  - (d) "Dog guide" means a dog, in harness, that has been formally trained and that is used by a blind person as a travel aid. "Service animal" means that term as defined in section 50a of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.50a.
  - (e) "Walker" means an aid used by a blind pedestrian for travel and identification purposes that is white in color or has white legs with or without a red tip.
- Sec. 2. (1) A driver of a vehicle shall not approach a crosswalk or any other pedestrian crossing without taking all necessary precautions to avoid accident or injury to a blind pedestrian carrying a cane or using a dog guide service animal or walker.
  - (2) A driver who approaches a crosswalk or any other pedestrian crossing without taking all necessary precautions to avoid accident or injury to a blind pedestrian carrying a cane or using a dog guide service animal or walker is liable in damages for any injuries caused the blind pedestrian. A blind pedestrian who does not carry a cane or use a dog guide service animal or walker has all of the rights and privileges conferred upon any other pedestrian by the laws of this state. The failure of a blind pedestrian to carry a cane or use a dog guide service animal or walker shall must not be treated as evidence of negligence in a civil action for injury to the blind pedestrian or for the blind

- 1 pedestrian's wrongful death. A driver who approaches a crosswalk or
- 2 any other pedestrian crossing without taking all necessary
- 3 precautions to avoid accident or injury to a blind pedestrian
- 4 carrying a cane or using a service animal or walker is subject to
- 5 criminal penalties as provided under section 3.
- **6** (3) If a person alleges to a peace officer a violation of
- 7 subsection (1), the peace officer shall investigate the alleged
- 8 violation. The prosecuting attorney shall review the peace
- 9 officer's investigative report to determine whether a violation of
- 10 subsection (1) has occurred and whether to issue charges. Upon the
- 11 request of the blind pedestrian and after reviewing the
- 12 investigative report, a prosecuting attorney shall inform the blind
- 13 pedestrian of his or her the prosecuting attorney's decision and
- 14 the reason or reasons supporting that decision.
- 15 Sec. 3. (1) A—Except as otherwise provided in subsections (2),
- 16 (3), and (4), a person who violates section 2(1) is guilty of a
- 17 misdemeanor \_\_punishable by imprisonment for not more than 90 days
- 18 or by a fine of not more—less than \$100.00 and not more than
- 19 \$500.00, or both.
- 20 (2) A person who violates section 2(1) in a grossly negligent
- 21 manner causing injury to a blind individual, or the blind
- 22 individual's service animal, is quilty of a misdemeanor punishable
- 23 by imprisonment for not more than 1 year or a fine of not more than
- 24 \$1,000.00, or both.
- 25 (3) A person who violates section 2(1) in a grossly negligent
- 26 manner causing the death of a blind individual is guilty of a
- 27 felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 15 years or a
- 28 fine of not more than \$7,500.00, or both.
- 29 (4) A person who violates section 2(1) in a grossly negligent



- 1 manner causing the death of a blind individual's service animal is
- 2 guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 5
- 3 years or a fine of not more than \$7,500.00, or both.

