SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 813

A bill to amend 1961 PA 236, entitled "Revised judicature act of 1961,"

by amending section 2163a (MCL 600.2163a), as amended by 2018 PA 343.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 2163a. (1) As used in this section:
- 2 (a) "Courtroom support dog" means a dog that has been trained
- 3 and evaluated as a support dog pursuant to the Assistance Dogs
- 4 International Standards for guide or service work and that is
- 5 repurposed and appropriate for providing emotional support to
- 6 children and adults within the court or legal system or that has
- 7 performed the duties of a courtroom support dog prior to before
- **8** September 27, 2018.





- 1 (b) "Custodian of the videorecorded statement" means the
 2 department of health and human services, investigating law
 3 enforcement agency, prosecuting attorney, or department of attorney
 4 general or another person designated under the county protocols
 5 established as required by section 8 of the child protection law,
 6 1975 PA 238, MCL 722.628.
- 7 (c) "Developmental disability" means that term as defined in 8 section 100a of the mental health code, 1974 PA 258, MCL 330.1100a, 9 except that, for the purposes of implementing this section, 10 developmental disability includes only a condition that is 11 attributable to a mental impairment or to a combination of mental 12 and physical impairments and does not include a condition 13 attributable to a physical impairment unaccompanied by a mental 14 impairment.
 - (d) "Nonoffending parent or legal guardian" means a natural parent, stepparent, adoptive parent, or legally appointed or designated guardian of a witness who is not alleged to have committed a violation of the laws of this state, another state, the United States, or a court order that is connected in any manner to a witness's videorecorded statement.
- (e) "Videorecorded statement" means a witness's statement
 taken by a custodian of the videorecorded statement as provided in
 subsection (7). Videorecorded statement does not include a
 videorecorded deposition taken as provided in subsections (20) and
 (21).
- (f) "Vulnerable adult" means that term as defined in section145m of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.145m.

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- 1 (i) A person under 16 years of age.
- $\mathbf{2}$ (ii) A person 16 years of age or older with a developmental $\mathbf{3}$ disability.
- 4 (iii) A vulnerable adult.
- 5 (2) This section only applies to the following:
- 6 (a) For purposes of subsection (1)(g)(i) and (ii), prosecutions 7 and proceedings under section 136b, 145c, 520b to 520e, or 520g of
- **8** the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.136b, 750.145c,
- 9 750.520b to 750.520e, and 750.520g.
- 10 (b) For purposes of subsection (1)(g)(iii), 1 or more of the 11 following matters:
- 12 (i) Prosecutions and proceedings under section 110a, 145n,
 13 145o, 145p, 174, or 174a of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328,
- 14 MCL 750.110a, 750.145n, 750.145o, 750.145p, 750.174, and 750.174a.
- 15 (ii) Prosecutions and proceedings for an assaultive crime as 16 that term is defined in section 9a of chapter X of the code of 17 criminal procedure, 1927 PA 175, MCL 770.9a.
- 18 (3) If pertinent, the court must shall permit the witness to
 19 use dolls or mannequins, including, but not limited to,
 20 anatomically correct dolls or mannequins, to assist the witness in
 21 testifying on direct and cross-examination.
 - (4) The court must shall permit a witness who is called upon on to testify to have a support person sit with, accompany, or be in close proximity to the witness during his or her the witness's testimony. The court must shall also permit a witness who is called upon on to testify to have a courtroom support dog and handler sit with, or be in close proximity to, the witness during his or her the witness's testimony.
- 29 (5) A notice of intent to use a support person or courtroom

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- 1 support dog is only required if the support person or courtroom
- 2 support dog is to be utilized during trial and is not required for
- 3 the use of a support person or courtroom support dog during any
- 4 other courtroom proceeding. A notice of intent under this
- 5 subsection must be filed with the court and must be served upon on
- 6 all parties to the proceeding. The notice must name the support
- 7 person or courtroom support dog, identify the relationship the
- 8 support person has with the witness, if applicable, and give notice
- 9 to all parties that the witness may request that the named support
- 10 person or courtroom support dog sit with the witness when the
- 11 witness is called upon on to testify during trial. A court must
- 12 shall rule on a motion objecting to the use of a named support
- 13 person or courtroom support dog before the date when the witness
- 14 desires to use the support person or courtroom support dog.
- 15 (6) An agency that supplies a courtroom support dog under thissection conveys all responsibility for the courtroom support dog to
- 17 the participating prosecutor's office or government entity in
- 18 charge of the local courtroom support dog program during the period
- 19 of time the participating prosecutor's office or government entity
- 20 in charge of the local program is utilizing the courtroom support
- **21** dog.
- 22 (7) A custodian of the videorecorded statement may take a
- 23 witness's videorecorded statement before the normally scheduled
- 24 date for the defendant's preliminary examination. The videorecorded
- 25 statement must state the date and time that the statement was taken
- 26 ; must identify the persons present in the room and state whether
- 27 they were present for the entire videorecording or only a portion
- 28 of the videorecording; and must show a time clock that is running
- 29 during the taking of the videorecorded statement.

- 3 (a) It may be admitted as evidence at all pretrial
- 4 proceedings. rexcept that it cannot be introduced at the
- 5 preliminary examination instead of the live testimony of the
- 6 witness.
- 7 (b) It may be admitted for impeachment purposes.
- 8 (b) (c) It may be considered Consideration by the court in9 determining the sentence.
- (c) (d) It may be used Use as a factual basis for a no contest
 plea or to supplement a quilty plea.
- 12 (d) Admission as evidence at trial, so long as the admission 13 is consistent with the rules of evidence and any requirements of 14 the confrontation clause of Amendment VI to the Constitution of the 15 United States.
- 16 (9) A videorecorded deposition may be considered in court17 proceedings only as provided by law.
- 18 (10) In a videorecorded statement, the questioning of the
 19 witness should be full and complete; must be in accordance with the
 20 forensic interview protocol implemented as required by section 8 of
 21 the child protection law, 1975 PA 238, MCL 722.628, or as otherwise
 22 provided by law; and, if appropriate for the witness's
 23 developmental level or mental acuity, must include, but is not
- 23 developmental level or mental acuity, must include, but is not
 24 limited to, all of the following areas:
 - (a) The time and date of the alleged offense or offenses.
 - (b) The location and area of the alleged offense or offenses.
- (c) The relationship, if any, between the witness and theaccused.
 - (d) The details of the offense or offenses.

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(e) The names of any other persons known to the witness who 1 2 may have personal knowledge of the alleged offense or offenses. (11) A custodian of the videorecorded statement may release or 3 consent to the release or use of a videorecorded statement or 4 5 copies of a videorecorded statement to a law enforcement agency, an 6 agency authorized to prosecute the criminal case to which the 7 videorecorded statement relates, or an entity that is part of 8 county protocols established under section 8 of the child 9 protection law, 1975 PA 238, MCL 722.628, or as otherwise provided 10 by law. The defendant and, if represented, his or her the 11 defendant's attorney has the right to view, and hear, and receive a transcript of a videorecorded statement before the defendant's 12 preliminary examination. Subject to any protective conditions the 13 14 court determines necessary, the defendant and, if represented, the 15 defendant's attorney must be provided a transcript of the 16 videorecorded statement at a reasonable time but in no event less than 10 days before the defendant's pretrial or trial of the case. 17 18 Upon On request, the prosecuting attorney shall provide the 19 defendant and, if represented, his or her the defendant's attorney 20 with reasonable access and means to view and hear the videorecorded statement at a reasonable time but in no event less than 10 days 21 before the defendant's pretrial or trial of the case. In 22 23 preparation for a court proceeding and under protective conditions, including, but not limited to, a prohibition on the copying, 24 25 release, display, or circulation of the videorecorded statement, 26 the court may order that a copy of the videorecorded statement be

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given to the defense. The protective conditions must include a

prohibition on defense counsel providing a defendant with the

defendant's own copy of the videorecorded statement or a

- 1 prohibition on a defendant who is proceeding pro se from receiving
- 2 or retaining the defendant's own copy of the videorecorded
- 3 statement. The order shall specify who may view the videorecorded
- 4 statement, indicate the time by which the videorecorded statement
- 5 is required to be returned, and state a reason for the release of
- 6 the videorecorded statement. The order may include any other
- 7 protective conditions the court considers necessary.
- 8 (12) If authorized by the prosecuting attorney in the county
- 9 in which the videorecorded statement was taken, and with the
- 10 consent of a minor witness's nonoffending parent or legal guardian,
- 11 a videorecorded statement may be used for purposes of training the
- 12 custodians of the videorecorded statement in that county, or for
- 13 purposes of training persons in another county who would meet the
- 14 definition of custodian of the videorecorded statement had the
- 15 videorecorded statement been taken in that other county, on the
- 16 forensic interview protocol implemented as required by section 8 of
- 17 the child protection law, 1975 PA 238, MCL 722.628, or as otherwise
- 18 provided by law. The consent required under this subsection must be
- 19 obtained through the execution of a written, fully informed, time-
- 20 limited, and revocable release of information. An individual
- 21 participating in training under this subsection is also required to
- 22 execute a nondisclosure agreement to protect witness
- 23 confidentiality.
- 24 (13) Except as provided in this section, an individual,
- 25 including, but not limited to, a custodian of the videorecorded
- 26 statement, the witness, or the witness's parent, quardian, quardian
- 27 ad litem, or attorney, shall not release or consent to release a
- 28 videorecorded statement or a copy of a videorecorded statement.
- 29 (14) A videorecorded statement that becomes part of the court

- 1 record is subject to a protective order of the court for the
 2 purpose of protecting the privacy of the witness.
- 3 (15) A videorecorded statement must not be copied or
 4 reproduced in any manner except as provided in this section. A
 5 videorecorded statement is exempt from disclosure under the freedom
 6 of information act, 1976 PA 442, MCL 15.231 to 15.246, is not
 7 subject to release under another statute, and is not subject to
 8 disclosure under the Michigan court rules governing discovery. This
- 9 section subsection does not prohibit the production or release of a
 10 transcript of a videorecorded statement as required under

11 subsection (11).

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- 12 (16) If, upon on the motion of a party made before the
 13 preliminary examination, the court finds on the record that the
 14 special arrangements specified in subsection (17) are necessary to
 15 protect the welfare of the witness, the court must shall order
 16 those special arrangements. In determining whether it is necessary
 17 to protect the welfare of the witness, the court must shall
 18 consider all of the following factors:
 - (a) The age of the witness.
 - (b) The nature of the offense or offenses.
- (c) The desire of the witness or the witness's family orguardian to have the testimony taken in a room closed to thepublic.
 - (d) The physical condition of the witness.
- 25 (17) If the court determines on the record that it is 26 necessary to protect the welfare of the witness and grants the 27 motion made under subsection (16), the court must shall order both 28 of the following:
- 29 (a) That all persons not necessary to the proceeding must be

- excluded during the witness's testimony from the courtroom where
 the preliminary examination is held. Upon On request by any person
- 3 and the payment of the appropriate fees, a transcript of the
- 4 witness's testimony must be made available.
- 5 (b) That the courtroom be arranged so that the defendant is
- 6 seated as far from the witness stand as is reasonable and not
- 7 directly in front of the witness stand in order to protect the
- 8 witness from directly viewing the defendant. The defendant's
- 9 position must be located so as to allow the defendant to hear and
- 10 see the witness and be able to communicate with his or her the
- 11 defendant's attorney.
- 12 (18) If upon on the motion of a party made before trial the
- 13 court finds on the record that the special arrangements specified
- 14 in subsection (19) are necessary to protect the welfare of the
- 15 witness, the court must shall order those special arrangements. In
- 16 determining whether it is necessary to protect the welfare of the
- 17 witness, the court must shall consider all of the following
- **18** factors:
- 19 (a) The age of the witness.
- 20 (b) The nature of the offense or offenses.
- 21 (c) The desire of the witness or the witness's family or
- 22 guardian to have the testimony taken in a room closed to the
- 23 public.
- 24 (d) The physical condition of the witness.
- 25 (19) If the court determines on the record that it is
- 26 necessary to protect the welfare of the witness and grants the
- 27 motion made under subsection (18), the court must shall order 1 or
- 28 more of the following:
- 29 (a) That all persons not necessary to the proceeding be

- 1 excluded during the witness's testimony from the courtroom where
 2 the trial is held. The witness's testimony must be broadcast by
 3 closed-circuit television to the public in another location out of
 4 sight of the witness.
- 5 (b) That the courtroom be arranged so that the defendant is
 6 seated as far from the witness stand as is reasonable and not
 7 directly in front of the witness stand in order to protect the
 8 witness from directly viewing the defendant. The defendant's
 9 position must be the same for all witnesses and must be located so
 10 as to allow the defendant to hear and see all witnesses and be able
 11 to communicate with his or her the defendant's attorney.
 - (c) That a questioner's stand or podium be used for all questioning of all witnesses by all parties and must be located in front of the witness stand.
 - discretion, the court finds on the record that the witness is or will be psychologically or emotionally unable to testify at a court proceeding even with the benefit of the protections afforded the witness in subsections (3), (4), (17), and (19), the court must shall order that the witness may testify outside the physical presence of the defendant by closed circuit television or other electronic means that allows the witness to be observed by the trier of fact and the defendant when questioned by the parties.
 - (21) For purposes of the videorecorded deposition under subsection (20), the witness's examination and cross-examination must proceed in the same manner as if the witness testified at the court proceeding for which the videorecorded deposition is to be used. The court must shall permit the defendant to hear the testimony of the witness and to consult with his or her the

defendant's attorney.

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- (22) This section is in addition to other protections orprocedures afforded to a witness by law or court rule.
- 4 (23) A person who intentionally releases a videorecorded
 5 statement in violation of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor
 6 punishable by imprisonment for not more than 93 days 1 year or a
 7 fine of not more than \$500.00, \$2,500.00, or both. This section
 8 does not affect the ability to investigate, arrest, prosecute, or
 9 convict an individual for any other violation of the law of this
 10 state.
- 11 (24) A videorecorded statement made under this section must 12 adhere to the forensic interviewing protocol implemented as 13 required under section 8 of the child protection law, 1975 PA 238, 14 MCL 722.628, and must be retained under the county protocols 15 established under section 8 of the child protection law, 1975 PA 16 238, MCL 722.628.
- 17 (25) The department of health and human services is not 18 responsible for storing or retaining a videorecorded statement 19 under this section.
 - (26) Failure to make a videorecording of an interview under this section, including failure to record the interview in its entirety, does not prevent a forensic interviewer or other witness present during the taking of the videorecorded statement from testifying in court as to the circumstances and content of the individual's statement if the court determines that the testimony is otherwise admissible.
- 27 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect 180 days 28 after the date it is enacted into law.

