HOUSE BILL No. 5435

January 8, 1992, Introduced by Reps. Hickner, Keith, Griffin, Niederstadt, Hoffman, Rocca, Bartnik, DeMars, Weeks, Alley, Joe Young, Sr., Porreca, Wozniak, Trim, Nye, Bankes, DeLange, Shugars, Jamian, Dalman, Oxender, Munsell, Martin, Van Singel, Ostling, Hillegonds, Joe Young, Jr., Sparks, Stallworth, Hunter, Sikkema, Middaugh, Bodem, Gnodtke, Bryant, Fitzgerald, London, Gilmer, Brackenridge, McBryde, Middleton, Robertson, Bandstra, Harrison, Randall, McNutt, Dolan, Horton, Bobier, Varga, Dobb, Trim, Jaye, Hoekman, Johnson, Strand, Bender, Allen, Muxlow, Gernaat, Knight, O'Connor and Power and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A bill to amend sections 1483, 2169, 2912a, 2912d, 2912e, 5838a, 5851, 5856, and 6013 of Act No. 236 of the Public Acts of 1961, entitled as amended

"Revised judicature act of 1961,"

sections 1483, 2169, 2912d, 2912e, and 5838a as added and section 5851 as amended by Act No. 178 of the Public Acts of 1986 and section 6013 as amended by Act No. 50 of the Public Acts of 1987, being sections 600.1483, 600.2169, 600.2912a, 600.2912d, 600.2912e, 600.5838a, 600.5851, 600.5856, and 600.6013 of the Michigan Compiled Laws; to add sections 955, 2912f, and 2912g; and to repeal certain parts of the act.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- Section 1. Sections 1483, 2169, 2912a, 2912d, 2912e, 5838a,
- 2 5851, 5856, and 6013 of Act No. 236 of the Public Acts of 1961,
- 3 sections 1483, 2169, 2912d, 2912e, and 5838a as added and section

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- 1 5851 as amended by Act No. 178 of the Public Acts of 1986 and
- 2 section 6013 as amended by Act No. 50 of the Public Acts of 1987,
- 3 being sections 600.1483, 600.2169, 600.2912a, 600.2912d,
- 4 600.2912e, 600.5838a, 600.5851, 600.5856, and 600.6013 of the
- 5 Michigan Compiled Laws, are amended and sections 955, 2912f, and
- 6 2912g are added to read as follows:
- 7 SEC. 955. (1) AS USED IN THIS SECTION:
- 8 (A) "CONTINGENCY FEE AGREEMENT" MEANS AN AGREEMENT THAT AN
- 9 ATTORNEY'S FEE IS DEPENDENT OR CONTINGENT, IN WHOLE OR IN PART,
- 10 UPON SUCCESSFUL PROSECUTION OR SETTLEMENT OF A CLAIM OR ACTION,
- 11 OR UPON THE AMOUNT OF RECOVERY.
- 12 (B) "PROPERLY CHARGEABLE DISBURSEMENTS" MEANS REASONABLE
- 13 EXPENSES INCURRED AND PAID BY AN ATTORNEY ON A CLIENT'S BEHALF IN
- 4 PROSECUTING OR SETTLING A CLAIM OR ACTION.
- (C) "RECOVERY" MEANS THE AMOUNT TO BE PAID TO AN ATTORNEY'S
- 16 CLIENT AS A RESULT OF A SETTLEMENT OR MONEY JUDGMENT.
- (2) IN A CLAIM OR ACTION FILED UNDER THIS ACT FOR PERSONAL
- 18 INJURY OR WRONGFUL DEATH BASED UPON THE ALLEGED CONDUCT OF ANOTH-
- #9 ER, IF AN ATTORNEY ENTERS INTO A CONTINGENCY FEE AGREEMENT WITH
- ∠O HIS OR HER CLIENT AND IF A MONEY JUDGMENT IS AWARDED TO THE
- 21 ATTORNEY'S CLIENT OR THE CLAIM OR ACTION IS SETTLED, THE
- 22 ATTORNEY'S FEE SHALL NOT EXCEED THE AMOUNTS SET FORTH IN SUBDIVI-
- 23 SIONS (A) AND (B):
- 24 (A) NOT MORE THAN 40% OF THE FIRST \$5,000.00 RECOVERED; NOT
- 25 MORE THAN 35% OF AN AMOUNT MORE THAN \$5,000.00 BUT LESS THAN
- 26 \$25,000.00; NOT MORE THAN 25% OF AN AMOUNT OF \$25,000.00 OR MORE
- 27 BUT LESS THAN \$250,000.00; NOT MORE THAN 20% OF AN AMOUNT OF

- 1 \$250,000.00 OR MORE BUT LESS THAN \$500,000.00; AND NOT MORE THAN
- 2 10% OF AN AMOUNT OF \$500,000.00 OR MORE.
- 3 (B) AS AN ALTERNATIVE TO SUBDIVISION (A), NOT MORE THAN
- 4 33-1/3% OF THE FIRST \$250,000.00 RECOVERED; NOT MORE THAN 20% OF
- 5 AN AMOUNT MORE THAN \$250,000.00 BUT LESS THAN \$500,000.00; AND
- 6 NOT MORE THAN 10% OF AN AMOUNT MORE THAN \$500,000.00.
- 7 (3) THE FEES ALLOWED IN SUBSECTION (2) SHALL BE COMPUTED ON
- 8 THE NET SUM OF THE RECOVERY AFTER DEDUCTING FROM THE RECOVERY THE
- 9 PROPERLY CHARGEABLE DISBURSEMENTS. IN COMPUTING THE FEE, THE
- 10 COSTS AS TAXED BY THE COURT ARE PART OF THE AMOUNT OF THE MONEY
- 11 JUDGMENT. IN THE CASE OF A RECOVERY PAYABLE IN INSTALLMENTS, THE
- 12 FEE IS COMPUTED USING THE PRESENT VALUE OF THE FUTURE PAYMENTS.
- 13 (4) A CONTINGENCY FEE AGREEMENT MADE BY AN ATTORNEY WITH A
- 14 CLIENT SHALL BE IN WRITING AND SHALL BE EXECUTED AT THE TIME THE
- 15 CLIENT RETAINS THE ATTORNEY FOR THE CLAIM OR ACTION THAT IS THE
- 16 BASIS FOR THE CONTINGENCY FEE AGREEMENT. AN ATTORNEY WHO FAILS
- 17 TO COMPLY WITH THIS SUBSECTION IS BARRED FROM RECOVERING A FEE IN
- 18 EXCESS OF THE LOWEST FEE AVAILABLE UNDER SUBSECTION (2), BUT THE
- 19 OTHER PROVISIONS OF THE CONTINGENCY FEE AGREEMENT REMAIN
- 20 ENFORCEABLE.
- 21 (5) AN ATTORNEY SHALL PROVIDE A COPY OF A CONTINGENCY FEE
- 22 AGREEMENT TO A CLIENT AT THE TIME THE CONTINGENCY FEE AGREEMENT
- 23 IS EXECUTED. AN ATTORNEY SHALL DISCLOSE HIS OR HER USUAL AND
- 24 CUSTOMARY HOURLY RATE OF COMPENSATION IN A CONTINGENCY FEE
- 25 AGREEMENT.
- 26 (6) AN ATTORNEY WHO ENTERS INTO A CONTINGENCY FEE AGREEMENT
- 27 THAT VIOLATES SUBSECTION (2) IS BARRED FROM RECOVERING A FEE IN

- 1 EXCESS OF THE ATTORNEY'S REASONABLE ACTUAL ATTORNEY FEES BASED ON
- 2 HIS OR HER USUAL AND CUSTOMARY HOURLY RATE OF COMPENSATION, UP TO
- 3 THE LOWEST AMOUNT ALLOWED UNDER SUBSECTION (2), BUT THE OTHER
- 4 PROVISIONS OF THE CONTINGENCY FEE AGREEMENT REMAIN ENFORCEABLE.
- 5 Sec. 1483. (1) In an action for damages alleging medical
- 6 malpractice against a person or party specified in section 5838a,
- 7 damages for noneconomic loss -which exceeds \$225,000.00 THAT
- 8 EXCEED \$250,000.00 shall not be awarded. -unless 1 or more of
- 9 the following circumstances exist:
- 10 (a) There has been a death.
- 11 (b) There has been an intentional tort.
- 12 (c) A foreign object was wrongfully left in the body of the
- 13 patient.
- 14 (d) The injury involves the reproductive system of the
- 15 patient.
- 16 (e) The discovery of the existence of the claim was pre-
- 17 vented by the fraudulent conduct of a health care provider.
- 18 (f) A limb or organ of the patient was wrongfully removed.
- 19 (g) The patient has lost a vital bodily function.
- 20 (2) In awarding damages in an action alleging medical mal-
- 21 practice, the trier of fact shall itemize damages into DAMAGES
- 22 FOR economic LOSS and -noneconomic damages FOR NONECONOMIC
- 23 LOSS. IN ENTERING A JUDGMENT AWARDING DAMAGES IN AN ACTION
- 24 ALLEGING MEDICAL MALPRACTICE, THE COURT SHALL ITEMIZE THAT PART
- 25 OF THE AWARD THAT CONSISTS OF ATTORNEY FEES.
- 26 (3) IF DAMAGES FOR ECONOMIC LOSS CANNOT READILY BE
- 27 ASCERTAINED BY THE TRIER OF FACT, THE TRIER OF FACT SHALL

- 1 CALCULATE DAMAGES FOR ECONOMIC LOSS BASED ON AN AMOUNT THAT IS
- 2 EQUAL TO THE STATE AVERAGE MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME AS REPORTED IN
- 3 THE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING FEDERAL DECENNIAL CENSUS AND ADJUSTED
- 4 AND CERTIFIED BY THE STATE TREASURER.
- 5 (4) -(3) "Noneconomic AS USED IN THIS SECTION, "NONECONOMIC
- 6 loss" means damages or loss due to pain, suffering, inconve-
- 7 nience, physical impairment, physical disfigurement, or other
- 8 noneconomic loss.
- 9 (5) -(4) The STATE TREASURER SHALL ADJUST THE limitation on
- 10 -noneconomic damages FOR NONECONOMIC LOSS set forth in subsec-
- 11 tion (1) -shall be increased AND THE AMOUNT UPON WHICH THE CAL-
- 12 CULATION OF DAMAGES FOR ECONOMIC LOSS IS BASED UNDER
- 13 SUBSECTION (3) by an amount determined by the state treasurer at
- 14 the end of each calendar year to reflect the cumulative annual
- 15 percentage -increase- CHANGE in the consumer price index. As
- 16 used in this subsection, "consumer price index" means the most
- 17 comprehensive index of consumer prices available for this state
- 18 from the bureau of labor statistics of the United States depart-
- 19 ment of labor.
- 20 Sec. 2169. (1) In an action alleging medical malpractice,
- 21 -if the defendant is a specialist, a person shall not give
- 22 expert testimony on the appropriate standard of care unless the
- 23 person is or was a physician licensed to practice medicine or
- 24 osteopathic medicine and surgery or a dentist licensed to prac-
- 25 tice dentistry AS A HEALTH PROFESSIONAL in this STATE or another
- 26 state and meets -both of the following criteria:

- 1 (a) Specializes, or specialized IF THE DEFENDANT IS A
- 2 SPECIALIST, SPECIALIZES at the time of the occurrence -which-
- 3 THAT is the basis for the action in the same specialty or a
- 4 related, relevant area of -medicine or osteopathic medicine and
- 5 surgery or dentistry PRACTICE as the specialist who is the
- 6 defendant in the medical malpractice action.
- 7 (b) Devotes, or devoted at the time DURING THE YEAR IMME-
- 8 DIATELY PRECEDING THE DATE of the occurrence -which THAT is the
- 9 basis for the action, a substantial portion DEVOTED NOT LESS
- 10 THAN 80% of his or her professional time to EITHER OR BOTH OF the
- 11 FOLLOWING:
- 12 (i) THE active clinical practice of medicine or osteopathic
- 13 medicine and surgery or the active clinical practice of dentis-
- 14 try, or to the SAME HEALTH PROFESSION IN WHICH THE DEFENDANT IS
- 15 LICENSED OR, IF THE DEFENDANT IS A SPECIALIST, THE ACTIVE CLINI-
- 16 CAL PRACTICE OF THAT SPECIALTY OR A RELATED, RELEVANT AREA OF
- 17 PRACTICE.
- 18 (ii) THE instruction of students in an accredited -medical
- 19 school, osteopathic medical school, or dental HEALTH
- 20 PROFESSIONAL school OR ACCREDITED RESIDENCY PROGRAM IN THE SAME
- 21 HEALTH PROFESSION IN WHICH THE DEFENDANT IS LICENSED OR, IF THE
- 22 DEFENDANT IS A SPECIALIST, AN ACCREDITED HEALTH PROFESSIONAL
- 23 SCHOOL OR ACCREDITED RESIDENCY PROGRAM in the same specialty or a
- 24 related, relevant area of health care as the specialist who is
- 25 the defendant in the medical malpractice action PRACTICE.

- 1 (2) In determining the qualifications of an expert witness 2 in an action alleging medical malpractice, the court shall, at a
- 3 minimum, evaluate all of the following:
- 4 (a) The educational and professional training of the expert
 5 witness.
- 6 (b) The area of specialization of the expert witness.
- 7 (c) The length of time the expert witness has been engaged
- 8 in the active clinical practice or instruction of -medicine,
- 9 osteopathic medicine and surgery, or dentistry THE HEALTH PRO-
- 10 FESSION OR A RELATED, RELEVANT AREA OF PRACTICE.
- (d) The relevancy of the expert witness's testimony.
- 12 (3) This section does not limit the power of the trial court
- 13 to disqualify an expert witness on grounds other than the quali-
- 14 fications set forth in this section.
- 15 (4) In an action alleging medical malpractice, an expert
- 16 witness shall not testify on a contingency fee basis. A person
- 17 who violates this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 18 (5) As used in this section:
- 19 (a) "Practice of dentistry" means the practice of dentistry
- 20 as defined in section 16601 of the public health code, Act
- 21 No. 368 of the Public Acts of 1978, being section 333.16601 of
- 22 the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- 23 (b) "Practice of medicine" means the practice of medicine as
- 24 defined in section 17001 of the public health code, Act No. 368
- 25 of the Public Acts of 1978, being section 333.17001 of the
- 26 Michigan Compiled Laws.

- 1 (c) "Practice of osteopathic medicine and surgery" means the
- 2 practice of osteopathic medicine and surgery as defined in
- 3 section 17501 of the public health code, being section 333.17501
- 4 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- 5 Sec. 2912a. (1) SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (2), IN an
- 6 action alleging malpractice, the plaintiff -shall have HAS the
- 7 burden of proving that in light of the state of the art existing
- 8 at the time of the alleged malpractice:
- 9 (a) The defendant, if a general practitioner, failed to pro-
- 10 vide the plaintiff the recognized standard of acceptable profes-
- 11 sional practice in the community in which the defendant practices
- 12 or in a similar community, and that as a proximate result of the
- 13 defendant failing to provide that standard, the plaintiff suf-
- 14 fered an injury.
- 15 (b) The defendant, if a specialist, failed to provide the
- 16 recognized standard of care within that specialty as reasonably
- 17 applied in light of the facilities available in the community or
- 18 other facilities reasonably available under the circumstances,
- 19 and as a proximate result of the defendant failing to provide
- 20 that standard, the plaintiff suffered an injury.
- 21 (2) IN AN ACTION ALLEGING MEDICAL MALPRACTICE, WHETHER THE
- 22 PLAINTIFF SEEKS TO RECOVER DAMAGES FOR PERSONAL INJURY OR FOR
- 23 WRONGFUL DEATH, IN PROVING THAT HE OR SHE SUFFERED AN INJURY AS A
- 24 PROXIMATE RESULT OF THE DEFENDANT'S FAILURE TO PROVIDE THE STAN-
- 25 DARD DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1)(A) OR (B), THE PLAINTIFF HAS THE
- 26 BURDEN OF PROVING THAT THE INJURY WAS MORE PROBABLY THAN NOT
- 27 CAUSED BY THE DEFENDANT'S NEGLIGENCE AND WOULD NOT HAVE OCCURRED

- 1 BUT FOR THE NEGLIGENCE OF THE DEFENDANT OR NEGLIGENCE OF THE
- 2 DEFENDANTS IF THE NEGLIGENCE OF MORE THAN 1 DEFENDANT WAS THE
- 3 PROXIMATE CAUSE OF THE INJURY. IF THE PLAINTIFF FAILS TO MEET
- 4 THE BURDEN OF PROOF REQUIRED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION, THE PLAINTIFF
- 5 CANNOT RECOVER FOR LOSS OF AN OPPORTUNITY TO SURVIVE.
- 6 Sec. 2912d. (1) In an action alleging medical malpractice,
- 7 the complaint shall be accompanied -either by security for costs
- 8 or by an affidavit OF MERIT, as required by THAT MEETS THE
- 9 REQUIREMENTS OF this section.
- 10 -(2) Subject to subsection (4), the plaintiff in an action
- 11 alleging medical malpractice shall be in compliance with
- 12 subsection (1) if the plaintiff posts a bond with surety or any
- 13 other equivalent security approved by the court, including cash
- 14 in an escrow account, for costs in an amount of \$2,000.00 within
- 15 91 days after the filing of the complaint.
- 16 (2) (3) The plaintiff in an action alleging medical mal
- 17 practice shall be in compliance with subsection (1) if the
- 18 plaintiff's attorney or, if the plaintiff is not represented by
- 19 an attorney, the plaintiff files an affidavit attesting that the
- 20 attorney signing the complaint, or the plaintiff if not repre-
- 21 sented by an attorney, has obtained a written opinion from a
- 22 licensed physician, dentist, or other appropriate licensed health
- 23 care provider that the claim alleged is meritorious within 91
- 24 days after the filing of the complaint. AN AFFIDAVIT OF MERIT
- 25 REQUIRED UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL BE SIGNED BY A HEALTH PROFES-
- 26 SIONAL WHO MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS FOR AN EXPERT WITNESS SET FORTH
- 27 IN SECTION 2169. THE AFFIDAVIT OF MERIT SHALL CERTIFY THAT THE

- 1 HEALTH PROFESSIONAL HAS REVIEWED ALL MEDICAL RECORDS RELEVANT TO
- 2 THE COMPLAINT AND SHALL CONTAIN A STATEMENT OF EACH OF THE
- 3 FOLLOWING:
- 4 (A) THE APPLICABLE STANDARD OF CARE.
- 5 (B) THE HEALTH PROFESSIONAL'S OPINION THAT THE APPLICABLE
- 6 STANDARD OF CARE WAS BREACHED BY THE HEALTH PROFESSIONAL OR
- 7 HEALTH FACILITY NAMED AS A DEFENDANT IN THE COMPLAINT.
- 8 (C) THE ACTIONS THAT SHOULD HAVE BEEN TAKEN OR OMITTED BY
- 9 THE HEALTH PROFESSIONAL OR HEALTH FACILITY NAMED AS A DEFENDANT
- 10 IN THE COMPLAINT IN ORDER TO HAVE COMPLIED WITH THE APPLICABLE
- 11 STANDARD OF CARE.
- 12 (4) If upon expiration of the ninety first day after the
- 13 complaint is filed, or the expiration of the extension period
- 14 described in subsection (5), whichever is later, the plaintiff
- 15 has failed to post security as described in subsection (2) or has
- 16 failed to file an affidavit as described in subsection (3), then
- 17 the court, upon motion of any party or upon the court's own
- 18 motion, shall increase the amount of security required by subsec-
- 19 tion (2). If the plaintiff fails to post the increased security,
- 20 the court may, upon motion and for good cause shown, dismiss the
- 21 complaint without prejudice.
- 22 (5) The court, upon motion of any party and for good cause
- 23 shown, may extend the time for the plaintiff to comply with sub-
- 24 section (2) or (3) for a period not to exceed 91 days.
- 25 (6) Discovery concerning the affidavit, including the writ
- 26 ten opinion and the identity of the health care provider who
- 27 supplied the opinion, shall be allowed only upon application

- 1 under section 2591 by a prevailing party for costs or attorney
- 2 fees after judgment is entered.
- 3 Sec. 2912e. (1) In an action alleging medical malpractice,
- 4 within 21 days after the plaintiff has furnished security or
- 5 filed A COMPLAINT ACCOMPANIED BY an affidavit OF MERIT in compli-
- 6 ance with section 2912d, the defendant shall file an answer to
- 7 the complaint -. Within 91 days after filing an answer, the
- 8 defendant shall furnish security for costs or ACCOMPANIED BY an
- 9 affidavit as required by OF MERITORIOUS DEFENSE THAT MEETS THE
- 10 REQUIREMENTS OF this section.
- 11 (2) -Subject to subsections (4) and (5), the defendant in an
- 12 action alleging medical malpractice shall be in compliance with
- 13 subsection (1) if the defendant posts a bond with surety or any
- 14 other equivalent security approved by the court, including cash
- 15 in an escrow account, for costs in an amount of \$2,000.00 within
- 16 91 days after the filing of the answer. AN AFFIDAVIT OF MERITO-
- 17 RIOUS DEFENSE REQUIRED UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL BE SIGNED BY A
- 18 HEALTH PROFESSIONAL WHO MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS FOR AN EXPERT WIT-
- 19 NESS UNDER SECTION 2169. THE AFFIDAVIT SHALL CERTIFY THAT THE
- 20 HEALTH PROFESSIONAL HAS REVIEWED ALL MEDICAL RECORDS RELEVANT TO
- 21 THE COMPLAINT AND SHALL CONTAIN A STATEMENT OF EACH OF THE
- 22 FOLLOWING:
- 23 (A) THE APPLICABLE STANDARD OF CARE.
- 24 (B) THE HEALTH PROFESSIONAL'S OPINION THAT THE APPLICABLE
- 25 STANDARD OF CARE WAS NOT BREACHED BY THE HEALTH PROFESSIONAL OR
- 26 HEALTH FACILITY NAMED AS A DEFENDANT IN THE COMPLAINT OR THAT

- 1 THERE ARE 1 OR MORE OTHER MERITORIOUS DEFENSES TO THE CLAIMS IN
- 2 THE COMPLAINT, OR BOTH.
- 3 (3) The defendant in an action alleging medical malpractice
- 4 shall be in compliance with subsection (1) if the defendant's
- 5 attorney or, if the defendant is not represented by an attorney,
- 6 the defendant files an affidavit attesting that the attorney
- 7 signing the answer, or the defendant if not represented by an
- 8 attorney has obtained a written opinion from a licensed physi-
- 9 cian, dentist, or other appropriate licensed health care provider
- 10 other than the defendant that there is a meritorious defense to
- 11 the claims in the complaint made against the defendant within 91
- 12 days after the filing of the answer.
- 13 (4) If upon expiration of the ninety first day after the
- 14 answer has been filed, or the expiration of the extension period
- 15 described in subsection (5), whichever is later, the defendant
- 16 has failed to comply with subsection (2) or (3), then the court,
- 17 upon motion of any party or upon the court's own motion, shall
- 18 increase the amount of security required by subsection (2). If
- 19 the defendant fails to post the increased security, the court,
- 20 upon motion and for good cause shown, may strike the answer and
- 21 enter a default judgment against that defendant.
- 22 (5) The court, upon motion of any party and for good cause
- 23 shown, may extend the time for the defendant to comply with sub-
- 24 section (2) or (3) for a period not to exceed 91 days.
- 25 (6) Discovery concerning the affidavit, including the writ
- 26 ten opinion and the identity of the health care provider who
- 27 supplied the opinion shall be allowed only upon application under

- 1 section 2591 by a prevailing party for costs and attorney fees
- 2 after judgment is entered.
- 3 SEC. 2912F. (1) A PERSON SHALL NOT COMMENCE AN ACTION UNDER
- 4 SECTION 2912 AGAINST A HEALTH PROFESSIONAL OR HEALTH FACILITY
- 5 UNLESS THE PERSON HAS GIVEN THE HEALTH PROFESSIONAL OR HEALTH
- 6 FACILITY NOTICE UNDER THIS SECTION NOT LESS THAN 180 DAYS BEFORE
- 7 THE ACTION IS COMMENCED AND, SUBJECT TO SECTION 5856(2), NOT LESS
- 8 THAN 180 DAYS BEFORE THE CLAIM WOULD BE BARRED UNDER SECTION
- 9 5838A. A PERSON WHO GIVES NOTICE UNDER THIS SUBSECTION ALSO
- 10 SHALL FILE THE NOTICE WITH THE COMMISSIONER OF THE MEDICAL
- 11 LIABILITY DETERMINATION PROGRAM CREATED UNDER THE MICHIGAN MEDI-
- 12 CAL LIABILITY DETERMINATION ACT AT THE SAME TIME NOTICE IS GIVEN
- 13 TO THE HEALTH PROFESSIONAL OR HEALTH FACILITY.
- 14 (2) THE NOTICE REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION (1) DOES NOT HAVE
- 15 TO BE IN A PARTICULAR FORM, BUT SHALL NOTIFY THE HEALTH PROFES-
- 16 SIONAL OR HEALTH FACILITY OF THE LEGAL BASIS FOR THE CLAIM, THE
- 17 TYPE OF LOSS SUSTAINED, AND THE SPECIFIC NATURE OF THE INJURIES
- 18 SUFFERED. A PERSON MAY SERVE THE NOTICE IN THE SAME MANNER IN
- 19 WHICH PROCESS IS SERVED UNDER CHAPTER 19.
- 20 (3) THE NOTICE REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION (1) SHALL BE ACCOM-
- 21 PANIED BY SECURITY FOR COSTS OR AN AFFIDAVIT OF MERIT. SECURITY
- 22 FOR COSTS SHALL CONSIST OF A CASH BOND OR OTHER EQUIVALENT SECUR-
- 23 ITY, INCLUDING CASH IN AN ESCROW ACCOUNT, IN THE AMOUNT OF
- 24 \$2,000.00 FILED WITH THE COMMISSIONER OF THE MEDICAL LIABILITY
- 25 DETERMINATION PROGRAM. AN AFFIDAVIT REQUIRED UNDER THIS SUBSEC-
- 26 TION SHALL BE SIGNED BY THE CLAIMANT OR, IF THE CLAIMANT IS
- 27 REPRESENTED BY AN ATTORNEY, THE CLAIMANT'S ATTORNEY. THE

- 1 AFFIDAVIT SHALL ATTEST THAT THE CLAIMANT OR CLAIMANT'S ATTORNEY
- 2 HAS OBTAINED A WRITTEN OPINION FROM AN APPROPRIATE HEALTH PROFES-
- 3 SIONAL THAT THE CLAIM ALLEGED IS MERITORIOUS.
- 4 (4) WITHIN 90 DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF NOTICE UNDER SUBSECTION
- 5 (1), THE HEALTH PROFESSIONAL OR HEALTH FACILITY AGAINST WHOM THE
- 6 CLAIM IS MADE SHALL FURNISH TO THE CLAIMANT SECURITY FOR COSTS OR
- 7 AN AFFIDAVIT OF MERIT. SECURITY FOR COSTS IS THE SAME AS
- 8 REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION (3) FOR THE CLAIMANT. AN AFFIDAVIT
- 9 REQUIRED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE SIGNED BY THE HEALTH PRO-
- 10 FESSIONAL OR A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE HEALTH FACILITY OR, IF THE
- 11 HEALTH PROFESSIONAL OR HEALTH FACILITY IS REPRESENTED BY AN
- 12 ATTORNEY, BY THE ATTORNEY. THE AFFIDAVIT SHALL ATTEST THAT THE
- 13 HEALTH PROFESSIONAL OR HEALTH FACILITY OR THEIR ATTORNEY HAS
- 14 OBTAINED A WRITTEN OPINION FROM AN APPROPRIATE HEALTH PROFESSION-
- 15 AL, NOT THE HEALTH PROFESSIONAL WHO IS THE SUBJECT OF THE CLAIM,
- 16 THAT THERE IS A MERITORIOUS DEFENSE TO THE CLAIM.
- 17 SEC. 2912G. (1) A PERSON WHO COMMENCES AN ACTION ALLEGING
- 18 MEDICAL MALPRACTICE AGAINST A PERSON SPECIFIED IN SECTION 5838A
- 19 WAIVES FOR PURPOSES OF THAT ACTION THE PRIVILEGE CREATED BY
- 20 SECTION 2157 AND ANY OTHER SIMILAR PRIVILEGE CREATED BY LAW WITH
- 21 RESPECT TO A PERSON SPECIFIED IN SECTION 5838A WHO WAS INVOLVED
- 22 IN THE ACTS, TRANSACTIONS, EVENTS, OR OCCURRENCES THAT ARE THE
- 23 BASIS FOR THE ACTION OR WHO PROVIDED CARE OR TREATMENT TO THE
- 24 PLAINTIFF IN THE ACTION EITHER BEFORE OR AFTER THOSE ACTS, TRANS-
- 25 ACTIONS, EVENTS, OR OCCURRENCES.
- 26 (2) PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1), A PERSON NAMED AS A
- 27 DEFENDANT IN AN ACTION ALLEGING MEDICAL MALPRACTICE OR THAT

- 1 PERSON'S ATTORNEY OF RECORD MAY COMMUNICATE WITH A PERSON
- 2 SPECIFIED IN SECTION 5838A IN ORDER TO OBTAIN ALL INFORMATION
- 3 RELEVANT TO THE SUBJECT MATTER OF THE ACTION OR TO PREPARE THE
- 4 DEFENDANT'S DEFENSE TO THE ACTION.
- 5 (3) A PERSON WHO DISCLOSES INFORMATION UNDER SUBSECTION (2)
- 6 TO A DEFENDANT OR THE DEFENDANT'S ATTORNEY OF RECORD DOES NOT
- 7 VIOLATE SECTION 2157 OR ANY OTHER SIMILAR DUTY OR OBLIGATION CRE-
- 8 ATED BY LAW AND OWED TO THE PLAINTIFF.
- 9 Sec. 5838a. (1) A FOR PURPOSES OF THIS ACT, A claim based
- 10 on the medical malpractice of a person who is or who holds
- 11 himself or herself out to be a licensed health care profes-
- 12 sional, licensed health facility or agency, employee or agent of
- 13 a licensed health facility or agency who is engaging in or other-
- 14 wise assisting in medical care and treatment, or any other health
- 15 care professional, whether or not THE HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL IS
- 16 licensed by the state AND WHETHER OR NOT THE HEALTH CARE PROFES-
- 17 SIONAL IS ENGAGED IN THE PRACTICE OF HIS OR HER HEALTH PROFESSION
- 18 IN A SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP, PARTNERSHIP, PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION,
- 19 OR OTHER BUSINESS ENTITY, accrues at the time of the act or omis-
- 20 sion -which THAT is the basis for the claim of medical malprac-
- 21 tice, regardless of the time the plaintiff discovers or otherwise
- 22 has knowledge of the claim. As used in this subsection:
- 23 (a) "Licensed health facility or agency" means a health
- 24 facility or agency licensed under article 17 of the -Public-
- 25 PUBLIC health code, Act No. 368 of the Public Acts of 1978, being
- 26 sections 333.20101 to -333.22181 333.22260 of the Michigan
- 27 Compiled Laws.

- 1 (b) "Licensed health care professional" means an individual
 2 licensed under article 15 of the public health code, Act No. 368
 3 of the Public Acts of 1978, being sections 333.16101 to 333.18838
 4 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, AND ENGAGED IN THE PRACTICE OF HIS
 5 OR HER HEALTH PROFESSION IN A SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP, PARTNERSHIP,
 6 PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION, OR OTHER BUSINESS ENTITY. Licensed
 7 health care professional does not include a sanitarian or a
 8 veterinarian.
- 9 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, an 10 action involving a claim based on medical malpractice may be com-11 menced at any time within the applicable period prescribed in 12 -sections SECTION 5805 or SECTIONS 5851 to 5856, or within 13 6 months after the plaintiff discovers or should have discovered 14 the existence of the claim, whichever is later. However, the 15 claim shall not be commenced later than 6 years after the date of 16 the act or omission -which- THAT is the basis for the claim. 17 burden of proving that the plaintiff, as a result of physical 18 discomfort, appearance, condition, or otherwise, neither discov-19 ered nor should have discovered the existence of the claim at 20 least 6 months before the expiration of the period otherwise 21 applicable to the claim -shall be- IS on the plaintiff. A medi-22 cal malpractice action -which- THAT is not commenced within the 23 time prescribed by this subsection is barred. This subsection 24 -shall DOES not apply, and the plaintiff -shall be IS subject 25 to the period of limitations set forth in subsection (3), -under 26 tor more of the following circumstances: (a) If discovery

- 1 of the existence of the claim was prevented by the fraudulent
- 2 conduct of a health care provider.
- 3 (b) If a foreign object was wrongfully left in the body of
- 4 the patient.
- 5 (c) If the injury involves the reproductive system of the
- 6 plaintiff.
- 7 (3) An action involving a claim based on medical malpractice
- 8 under -the circumstances -described in subsection (2)(a) to (c)
- 9 THAT THE DISCOVERY OF THE CLAIM WAS PREVENTED BY THE FRAUDULENT
- 10 CONDUCT OF A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER may be commenced at any time
- 11 within the applicable period prescribed in -sections-
- 12 SECTION 5805 or SECTIONS 5851 to 5856, or within 6 months after
- 13 the plaintiff discovers or should have discovered the existence
- 14 of the claim, whichever is later. The burden of proving that the
- 15 plaintiff, as a result of physical discomfort, appearance, condi-
- 16 tion or otherwise, neither discovered nor should have discovered
- 17 the existence of the claim at least 6 months before the expira-
- 18 tion of the period otherwise applicable to the claim -shall be-
- 19 IS on the plaintiff. A medical malpractice action -which THAT
- 20 is not commenced within the time prescribed by this subsection is
- 21 barred.
- Sec. 5851. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection
- 23 SUBSECTIONS (7) AND (8), if the person first entitled to make an
- 24 entry or bring an action UNDER THIS ACT is under 18 years of age,
- 25 insane, or imprisoned at the time the claim accrues, the person
- 26 or those claiming under the person -shall have- HAS 1 year after
- 27 the disability is removed through death or otherwise, to make the

- 1 entry or bring the action although the period of limitations has
- 2 run. This section does not lessen the time provided for in
- 3 section 5852.
- 4 (2) The term insane as employed in this chapter means a con-
- 5 dition of mental derangement such as to prevent the sufferer from
- 6 comprehending rights he or she is otherwise bound to know and is
- 7 not dependent on whether or not the person has been judicially
- 8 declared to be insane.
- 9 (3) To be deemed CONSIDERED a disability, the infancy,
- 10 insanity, or imprisonment must exist at the time the claim
- 11 accrues. If the disability comes into existence after the claim
- 12 has accrued, A COURT SHALL NOT RECOGNIZE the disability -shall
- 13 not be recognized under this section for the purpose of modify-
- 14 ing the period of limitations.
- 15 (4) Successive disabilities shall not be tacked. That is,
- 16 A PERSON SHALL NOT TACK SUCCESSIVE DISABILITIES. A COURT SHALL
- 17 RECOGNIZE only those disabilities -which THAT exist at the time
- 18 the claim first accrues and which THAT disable the person to
- 19 whom the claim first accrues -shall be recognized under this
- 20 section for the purpose of modifying the period of limitations.
- 21 (5) All A COURT SHALL RECOGNIZE ALL of the disabilities of
- 22 infancy, insanity, and imprisonment -which THAT disable the
- 23 person to whom the claim first accrues at the time the claim
- 24 first accrues. -shall be recognized. That is, A COURT SHALL
- 25 COUNT the year of grace provided in this section -shall be
- 26 counted from the termination of the last disability to the
- 27 person to whom the claim originally accrued which THAT has

- 1 continued from the time the claim accrued, whether this
- 2 disability terminates because of the death of the person disabled
- 3 or for some other reason.
- 4 (6) With respect to a claim accruing before the effective
- 5 date of the age of majority act of 1971, Act No. 79 of the Public
- 6 Acts of 1971, being sections 722.51 to 722.55 of the Michigan
- 7 Compiled Laws, THE disability of infancy -shall be considered IS
- 8 removed as of the effective date of Act No. 79 of the Public Acts
- 9 of 1971, as to persons who were at least 18 years of age but less
- 10 than 21 years of age on January 1, 1972, and shall be
- 11 considered IS removed as of the eighteenth birthday of a person
- 12 who was under 18 years of age on January 1, 1972.
- 13 (7) If at the time a claim alleging medical malpractice
- 14 accrues to a person under section 5838a \rightarrow the person is \rightarrow 8
- 15 years of age or less, A PERSON SHALL NOT BRING an action based on
- 16 the claim shall not be brought unless the action is commenced
- 17 OR THE COMPLAINT FILED on or before the person's fifteenth
- 18 TENTH birthday. If __ at the time a claim alleging medical mal-
- 19 practice accrues to a person under section 5838a the person
- 20 is more than -+3- 8 years of age, he or she -shall be IS subject
- 21 to the period of limitations set forth in section 5838a.
- 22 (8) IF AT THE TIME A CLAIM ALLEGING MEDICAL MALPRACTICE
- 23 ACCRUES TO A PERSON UNDER SECTION 5838A THE PERSON IS UNDER THE
- 24 DISABILITY OF INSANITY, THE GRACE PERIOD UNDER SUBSECTION (1)
- 25 DOES NOT APPLY IF A LEGAL GUARDIAN IS APPOINTED FOR THE PERSON
- 26 WITH SUFFICIENT AUTHORITY TO BRING AN ACTION UNDER THIS ACT. THE
- 27 GRACE PERIOD UNDER SUBSECTION (1) DOES NOT APPLY TO A PERSON

- 1 UNDER THE DISABILITY OF INSANITY OR IMPRISONMENT AFTER THE
- 2 EXPIRATION OF THE MAXIMUM 6-YEAR TIME PERIOD SET FORTH IN
- 3 SECTION 5838A(2), UNLESS DISCOVERY OF THE EXISTENCE OF THE CLAIM
- 4 WAS PREVENTED BY THE FRAUDULENT CONDUCT OF A HEALTH CARE PROVID-
- 5 ER, AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 5838A(3).
- 6 Sec. 5856. (1) The statutes of limitations are tolled
- 7 -when IF:
- 8 (A) -(+) the THE complaint is filed and a copy of the sum-
- 9 mons and complaint are served on the defendant. , or when
- 10 (B) -(2) jurisdiction JURISDICTION over the defendant is
- 11 otherwise acquired. , or when
- 12 (C) (3) the THE complaint is filed and a copy of the sum-
- 13 mons and complaint in good faith are placed in the hands of
- 14 an officer for immediate service, but in this case the statute
- 15 -shall IS not -be- tolled longer than 90 days -thereafter AFTER
- 16 THE COPY OF THE SUMMONS AND COMPLAINT IS RECEIVED BY THE
- 17 OFFICER.
- 18 (2) IF A PERSON WHO COMMENCES AN ACTION ALLEGING MEDICAL
- 19 MALPRACTICE AGAINST A PERSON SPECIFIED IN SECTION 5838A FAILS TO
- 20 GIVE NOTICE UNDER SECTION 2912F WITHIN 180 DAYS BEFORE THE CLAIM
- 21 WOULD BE BARRED UNDER SECTION 5838A, AS REQUIRED UNDER SECTION
- 22 2912F, THE COURT IN WHICH THE ACTION IS FILED MAY TOLL THE PERIOD
- 23 OF LIMITATIONS UNDER SECTION 5838A FOR A PERIOD OF NOT MORE THAN
- 24 180 DAYS UPON MOTION OF A PARTY FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN DUE TO
- 25 UNFORESEEN CIRCUMSTANCES.
- Sec. 6013. (1) Interest shall be allowed on a money judgment
- 27 recovered in a civil action, as provided in this section. -

- 1 except that HOWEVER, for complaints filed UNDER THIS ACT on or
- 2 after October 1, 1986, interest shall not be allowed on future
- 3 damages from the date of filing the complaint to the date of
- 4 entry of the judgment OR FINAL DECISION. As used in this subsec-
- 5 tion, "future damages" means that term as defined in section
- 6 6301.
- 7 (2) For complaints filed before June 1, 1980, in an action
- 8 involving other than a written instrument having a rate of inter-
- 9 est exceeding 6% per year, the interest on the judgment shall be
- 10 calculated from the date of filing the complaint to June 1, 1980,
- 11 at the rate of 6% per year and on and after June 1, 1980, to the
- 12 date of satisfaction of the judgment at the rate of 12% per year
- 13 compounded annually.
- 14 (3) For complaints filed before June 1, 1980, in an action
- 15 involving a written instrument having a rate of interest exceed-
- 16 ing 6% per year, the interest on the judgment shall be calculated
- 17 from the date of filing the complaint to the date of satisfaction
- 18 of the judgment at the rate specified in the instrument if the
- 19 rate was legal at the time the instrument was executed. However,
- 20 the rate after the date judgment is entered shall not exceed the
- 21 following:
- 22 (a) Seven percent per year compounded annually for any
- 23 period of time between the date judgment is entered and the date
- 24 of satisfaction of the judgment -which- THAT elapses before June
- 25 1, 1980.
- 26 (b) Thirteen percent per year compounded annually for any
- 27 period of time between the date judgment is entered and the date

1 of satisfaction of the judgment —which— THAT elapses after May 2 31, 1980.

- 4 before January 1, 1987, interest shall be calculated from the 5 date of filing the complaint to the date of satisfaction of the 6 judgment at the rate of 12% per year compounded annually unless 7 the judgment is rendered on a written instrument having a higher 8 rate of interest. In that case interest shall be calculated at 9 the rate specified in the instrument if the rate was legal at the 10 time the instrument was executed. The rate shall not exceed 13% 11 per year compounded annually after the date judgment is entered. (5) For complaints filed on or after January 1, 1987, if a 13 judgment is rendered on a written instrument, interest shall be
- 16 pounded annually, unless the instrument has a higher rate of 17 interest. In that case interest shall be calculated at the rate

14 calculated from the date of filing the complaint to the date of

15 satisfaction of the judgment at the rate of 12% per year com-

- 18 specified in the instrument if the rate was legal at the time the
- 19 instrument was executed. The rate shall not exceed 13% per year
- 20 compounded annually after the date judgment is entered.
- 21 (6) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (5) AND

 22 SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (9), for complaints filed on or after

 23 January 1, 1987, interest on a money judgment recovered in a

 24 civil action UNDER THIS ACT shall be calculated at 6-month inter
 25 vals from the date of filing the complaint at a rate of interest

 26 which THAT is equal to 1% plus the average interest rate paid

27 at auctions of 5-year United States treasury notes during the 6

- 1 months immediately preceding July 1 and January 1, as certified
- 2 by the state treasurer, and compounded annually, pursuant to this
- 3 section. INTEREST UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE CALCULATED ONLY
- 4 ON THE AMOUNT OF THE MONEY JUDGMENT ACTUALLY TO BE RECEIVED BY
- 5 THE PLAINTIFF, EXCLUDING ATTORNEY FEES AND OTHER COSTS.
- 6 (7) If a bona fide, reasonable written offer of settlement
- 7 in a civil action based on tort is made by the party against whom
- 8 the judgment is subsequently rendered AND REJECTED BY THE
- 9 PLAINTIFF, the court shall order that interest -shall not be
- 10 allowed beyond the date the BONA FIDE, REASONABLE written offer
- 11 of settlement which is made and rejected by the plaintiff, and
- 12 is filed with the court.
- 13 (8) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (1), if a
- 14 bona fide, reasonable written offer of settlement in a civil
- 15 action based on tort is not made by the party against whom the
- 16 judgment is subsequently rendered, or is made and -that offer is
- 17 not filed with the court, the court shall order that interest be
- 18 calculated from the date of filing the complaint to the date of
- 19 satisfaction of the judgment.
- 20 (9) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (1), if a
- 21 bona fide, reasonable written offer of settlement in a civil
- 22 action based on tort is made by a plaintiff for whom the judgment
- 23 is subsequently rendered and that offer is rejected and the offer
- 24 is filed with the court, the court shall order that interest be
- 25 calculated from the date of the rejection of the offer to the
- 26 date of satisfaction of the judgment at a rate of interest equal
- 27 to 2% plus the rate of interest computed under subsection (6).

- 1 (10) -An- A BONA FIDE, REASONABLE WRITTEN offer OF
- 2 SETTLEMENT made pursuant to this section -which THAT is not
- 3 accepted within 21 days after the offer is made -shall be
- 4 considered IS rejected. A rejection under this subsection
- $\mathbf{5}$ or otherwise $\mathbf{-}_{r}$ does not preclude a later offer by either
- 6 party.
- 7 (11) As used in this section:
- 8 (a) "Bona fide, reasonable written offer of settlement"
- 9 means:
- 10 (i) With respect to an offer of settlement made by a
- 11 defendant against whom judgment is subsequently rendered, -an- A
- 12 WRITTEN offer of settlement that is not less than 90% of the
- 13 amount actually received by the plaintiff in the action through
- 14 judgment.
- 15 (ii) With respect to an offer of settlement made by a plain-
- 16 tiff, -an A WRITTEN offer of settlement that is not more than
- 17 110% of the amount actually received by the plaintiff in the
- 18 action through judgment.
- (b) "Defendant" means a defendant, a counter-defendant, or a
- 20 cross-defendant.
- 21 (c) "Party" means a plaintiff or a defendant.
- (d) "Plaintiff" means a plaintiff, a counter-plaintiff, or a
- 23 cross-plaintiff.
- 24 Section 2. Chapter 49 of Act No. 236 of the Public Acts of
- 25 1961, being sections 600.4901 to 600.4923 of the Michigan
- 26 Compiled Laws, is repealed.

- 1 Section 3. This amendatory act shall not take effect unless 2 all of the following bills of the 86th Legislature are enacted 3 into law:
- 4 (a) Senate Bill No. 248.
- 5 (b) Senate Bill No. 413.
- 6 (c) Senate Bill No. 414.
- 7 (d) Senate Bill No. 418.
- 8 (e) Senate Bill No. 419.