SENATE BILL No. 275

April 17, 1991, Introduced by Senators CHERRY, HONIGMAN, DINGELL, CONROY and FAUST and referred to the Committee on Natural Resources and Environmental Affairs.

A bill to amend sections 3, 5, and 7 of Act No. 641 of the Public Acts of 1978, entitled as amended "Solid waste management act," section 3 as amended by Act No. 9 of the Public Acts of 1990, section 5 as amended by Act No. 306 of the Public Acts of 1990, and section 7 as amended by Act No. 264 of the Public Acts of 1990, being sections 299.403, 299.405, and 299.407 of the

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Michigan Compiled Laws; and to add sections 10a, 18c, and 30b.

- Section 1. Sections 3, 5, and 7 of Act No. 641 of the
- 2 Public Acts of 1978, section 3 as amended by Act No. 9 of the
- 3 Public Acts of 1990, section 5 as amended by Act No. 306 of the
- 4 Public Acts of 1990, and section 7 as amended by Act No. 264 of
- 5 the Public Acts of 1990, being sections 299.403, 299.405, and

- 1 299.407 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, are amended and sections
- 2 10a, 18c, and 30b are added to read as follows:
- 3 Sec. 3. (1) "Applicant" means an individual, sole proprie-
- 4 torship, partnership, corporation, association, municipality,
- 5 this state, a county, or any other governmental authority created
- 6 by statute.
- 7 (2) "Ashes" means the residue from the burning of wood,
- 8 coal, coke, refuse, wastewater sludge, or other combustible
- 9 materials.
- 10 (3) "BATTERY" MEANS A DIRECT-CURRENT VOLTAGE SOURCE COMPOSED
- 11 OF 1 OR MORE UNITS THAT CONVERT CHEMICAL ENERGY INTO ELECTRICAL
- 12 ENERGY, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE FOLLOWING BATTERIES:
- 13 LEAD ACID, NICKEL-CADMIUM, CARBON-ZINC, ALKALINE, MERCURIC OXIDE,
- 14 SILVER OXIDE, NICKEL-HYDROXIDE, OR METAL-AIR CELLS.
- 15 (4) —(3)— "Bond" means a surety bond from a surety company
- 16 authorized to transact business in this state, a certificate of
- 17 deposit, a cash bond, or an irrevocable letter of credit, in
- 18 favor of the director.
- 19 (5) -(4) "Certified health department" means a city,
- 20 county, or district department of health which is specifically
- 21 delegated authority by the director to perform designated activi-
- 22 ties as prescribed by this act.
- 23 (6) -(5) "Coal or wood ash" means either or both of the
- 24 following:
- 25 (a) The residue remaining after the ignition of coal or
- 26 wood, or both, and may include noncombustible materials,
- 27 otherwise referred to as bottom ash.

- 1 (b) The airborne residues from burning coal or wood, or
- 2 both, that are finely divided particles entrained in flue gases
- 3 arising from a combustion chamber, otherwise referred to as fly
- 4 ash.
- 5 (7) -(6) "Collection center" means a tract of land, build-
- 6 ing, unit, or appurtenance or combination thereof that is used to
- 7 collect junk motor vehicles and farm implements under section
- 8 23.
- 9 Sec. 5. (1) "Health officer" means a full-time administra-
- 10 tive officer of a certified city, county, or district department
- 11 of health.
- 12 (2) "HOUSEHOLD HAZARDOUS WASTE" MEANS THE FOLLOWING HOUSE-
- 13 HOLD PRODUCTS OR MATERIALS THAT CONTAIN HAZARDOUS CONSTITUENTS:
- 14 ARTISTS' PAINTS AND MEDIUMS, DRY CLEANING SOLVENTS, FIBERGLASS
- 15 EPOXY, GUN CLEANING SOLVENTS, LIGHTER FLUID, MOTH BALLS, SMOKE
- 16 DETECTORS, PHOTOGRAPHIC CHEMICALS, SHOE POLISH, SWIMMING POOL OR
- 17 SPA CHEMICALS, NAIL POLISH, NAIL POLISH REMOVERS, FLOOR CARE
- 18 PRODUCTS, FURNITURE POLISH, METAL POLISH, OVEN CLEANERS, PAINT
- 19 BRUSH CLEANERS WITH SOLVENT, CUTTING OILS, SOLVENT BASED GLUE,
- 20 LATEX PAINT CONTAINING MERCURY, OIL BASED PAINT, PAINT THINNERS
- 21 AND STRIPPERS, PRIMERS, RUST REMOVERS, TURPENTINE, VARNISH, WOOD
- 22 PRESERVATIVES, BATTERY ACID, CAR WAX CONTAINING SOLVENTS, DIESEL
- 23 FUEL, FUEL OILS, GASOLINE, KEROSENE, METAL POLISH CONTAINING SOL-
- 24 VENTS, OTHER PETROLEUM BASED OILS, HOME AND COMMERCIALLY AVAIL-
- 25 ABLE PESTICIDES, INCLUDING HERBICIDES, FUNGICIDES, RAT POISONS,
- 26 AND WEEDKILLERS. THE DIRECTOR MAY PROMULGATE RULES THAT ADD
- 27 ITEMS OR CLARIFY ITEMS INCLUDED ON THIS LIST.

- 1 (3) -(2) "Inert material" means a substance that will not
- 2 decompose, dissolve, or in any other way form a contaminated
- 3 leachate upon contact with water, or other liquids determined by
- 4 the director as likely to be found at the disposal area, perco-
- 5 lating through the substance.
- 6 (4) -(3)- "Landfill" means a disposal area that is a sani-
- 7 tary landfill.
- 8 (5) "MAJOR APPLIANCE" MEANS AN AIR CONDITIONER, CLOTHES
- 9 DRYER, CLOTHES WASHER, DISHWASHER, FREEZER, MICROWAVE OVEN, OVEN,
- 10 REFRIGERATOR, OR STOVE.
- 11 (6) -(4) "Medical waste" means that term as it is defined
- 12 in part 138 of the public health code, Act No. 368 of the Public
- 13 Acts of 1978, being sections 333.13801 to 333.13831 of the
- 14 Michigan Compiled Laws.
- 15 (7) -(5)- "Municipal solid waste incinerator" means an
- 16 incinerator that is owned or operated by any person, and meets
- 17 all of the following requirements:
- 18 (a) The incinerator receives solid waste from off site and
- 19 burns only household waste from single and multiple dwellings,
- 20 hotels, motels, and other residential sources, or this household
- 21 waste together with solid waste from commercial, institutional,
- 22 municipal, county, or industrial sources that, if disposed of,
- 23 would not be required to be placed in a disposal facility
- 24 licensed under the hazardous waste management act, Act No. 64 of
- 25 the Public Acts of 1979, being sections 299.501 to 299.551 of the
- 26 Michigan Compiled Laws.

- 1 (b) The incinerator has established contractual requirements
- 2 or other notification or inspection procedures sufficient to
- 3 assure that the incinerator receives and burns only waste
- 4 referred to in subdivision (a).
- 5 (c) The incinerator meets the requirements of this act and
- 6 the rules promulgated under this act.
- 7 (d) The incinerator is not an industrial furnace as defined
- 8 in 40 C.F.R. 260.10.
- 9 (e) The incinerator is not an incinerator that receives and
- 10 burns only medical waste, or only waste produced at 1 or more
- 11 hospitals.
- 12 (8) -(6) "Municipal solid waste incinerator ash" means the
- 13 substances remaining after combustion in a municipal solid waste
- 14 incinerator.
- 15 (9) -(7) "Municipality" means a city, township, or
- 16 village.
- 17 (10) -(8) "Perpetual care fund" means a perpetual care fund
- 18 provided for in section 19b.
- 19 (11) -(9) "Person" means an individual; sole proprietor-
- 20 ship; partnership; association; corporation, public or private,
- 21 organized or existing under the laws of this state or any other
- 22 state, including a federal corporation; this state or an agency
- 23 or department of this state; a municipality in this state; or a
- 24 county in this state.
- 25 (12) "POSTCONSUMER WASTE" MEANS SOLID WASTE OTHER THAN SOLID
- 26 WASTE GENERATED IN THE PRODUCTION OF GOODS.

- 1 (13) "RECYCLABLE MATERIAL" MEANS THOSE MATERIALS OR PRODUCTS
- 2 IN POSTCONSUMER WASTE FOR WHICH THERE IS A COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE
- 3 PROCESSING OR MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY THAT USES THE MATERIAL OR
- 4 PRODUCT AS A RAW MATERIAL.
- 5 Sec. 7. (1) "Solid waste" means garbage, rubbish, ashes,
- 6 incinerator ash, incinerator residue, street cleanings, municipal
- 7 and industrial sludges, solid commercial and solid industrial
- 8 waste, and animal waste other than organic waste generated in the
- 9 production of livestock and poultry. Solid waste does not
- 10 include the following:
- 11 (a) Human body waste.
- 12 (b) Organic waste generated in the production of livestock
- 13 and poultry.
- 14 (c) Liquid waste.
- 15 (d) Ferrous or nonferrous scrap directed to a scrap metal
- 16 processor or to a reuser of ferrous or nonferrous products.
- (e) Slag or slag products directed to a slag processor or to
- 18 a reuser of slag or slag products.
- (f) Sludges and ashes managed as recycled or nondetrimental
- 20 materials appropriate for agricultural or silvicultural use pur-
- 21 suant to a plan approved by the director.
- 22 (g) Materials approved for emergency disposal by the
- 23 director.
- 24 (h) Source separated materials.
- 25 (i) Site separated material.
- 26 (j) Fly ash or any other ash produced from the combustion of
- 27 coal, when used in the following instances:

- (i) With a maximum of 6% of unburned carbon as a component
 of concrete, grout, mortar, or casting molds.
- 3 (ii) With a maximum of 12% unburned carbon passing
- 4 M.D.O.T. test method MTM 101 when used as a raw material in
- 5 asphalt for road construction.
- 6 (iii) As aggregate, road, or building material which in
- 7 ultimate use will be stabilized or bonded by cement, limes, or
- 8 asphalt.
- 9 (iv) As a road base or construction fill which is covered
- 10 with asphalt, concrete, or other material approved by the direc-
- 11 tor and which is placed at least 4 feet above the seasonal
- 12 groundwater table.
- 13 (v) As the sole material in a depository designed to
- 14 reclaim, develop, or otherwise enhance land, subject to the
- 15 approval of the director. In evaluating the site, the director
- 16 shall consider the physical and chemical properties of the ash
- 17 including leachability, and the engineering of the depository,
- 18 including, but not limited to, the compaction, control of surface
- 19 water and groundwater that may threaten to infiltrate the site,
- 20 and evidence that the depository is designed to prevent water
- 21 percolation through the material.
- (k) Other wastes regulated by statute.
- 23 (2) "Solid waste hauler" means a person who owns or operates
- 24 a solid waste transporting unit.
- 25 (3) "Solid waste processing plant" means a tract of land,
- 26 building, unit, or appurtenance of a building or unit or a
- 27 combination of land, buildings, and units that is used or

- 1 intended for use for the processing of solid waste or the
- 2 separation of material for salvage or disposal, or both, but does
- 3 not include a plant engaged primarily in the acquisition, pro-
- 4 cessing, and shipment of ferrous or nonferrous metal scrap, or a
- 5 plant engaged primarily in the acquisition, processing, and ship-
- 6 ment of slag or slag products.
- 7 (4) "Solid waste transporting unit" means a container which
- 8 may be an integral part of a truck or other piece of equipment
- 9 used for the transportation of solid waste.
- 10 (5) "Solid waste transfer facility" means a tract of land, a
- 11 building and any appurtenances, or a container, or any combina-
- 12 tion of land, buildings, or containers that is used or intended
- 13 for use in the rehandling or storage of solid waste incidental to
- 14 the transportation of the solid waste, but is not located at the
- 15 site of generation or the site of disposal of the solid waste.
- 16 (6) "Source separated material" means glass, metal, wood,
- 17 paper products, plastics, rubber, textiles, garbage, yard clip-
- 18 pings, or any other material approved by the director that is
- 19 separated at the source of generation for the purpose of conver-
- 20 sion into raw materials or new products.
- 21 (7) "TIRE" MEANS A CONTINUOUS SOLID OR PNEUMATIC RUBBER COV-
- 22 ERING ENCIRCLING THE WHEEL OF A TRACTOR, OTHER FARM MACHINERY, OR
- 23 A VEHICLE.
- 24 (8) "VEHICLE" MEANS EVERY DEVICE IN, UPON, OR BY WHICH ANY
- 25 PERSON OR PROPERTY IS OR MAY BE TRANSPORTED OR DRAWN UPON A HIGH-
- 26 WAY, EXCEPTING DEVICES EXCLUSIVELY MOVED BY HUMAN POWER OR USED
- 27 EXCLUSIVELY UPON STATIONARY RAILS OR TRACKS AND EXCEPTING A

- 1 MOBILE HOME AS DEFINED IN SECTION 2 OF THE MOBILE HOME COMMISSION
- 2 ACT, ACT NO. 96 OF THE PUBLIC ACTS OF 1987, BEING SECTION
- 3 125.2302 OF THE MICHIGAN COMPILED LAWS.
- 4 (9) -(7) "Yard clippings" means leaves, grass clippings,
- 5 vegetable or other garden debris, shrubbery, or brush or tree
- 6 trimmings less than 4 feet in length and 2 inches in diameter,
- 7 that can be converted to compost humus. This term does not
- 8 include stumps, agricultural wastes, animal waste, roots; sewage
- 9 sludge, or garbage.
- 10 SEC. 10A. FOR A PERIOD OF 5 YEARS AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE
- 11 OF THIS SECTION, THE DIRECTOR SHALL NOT ISSUE A CONSTRUCTION
- 12 PERMIT FOR A MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE INCINERATOR.
- 13 SEC. 18C. (1) BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 1993, THE FOLLOWING
- 14 PRODUCTS OR MATERIALS SHALL NOT BE DISPOSED OF IN A LANDFILL OR A
- 15 MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE INCINERATOR:
- 16 (A) BATTERIES.
- 17 (B) HOUSEHOLD HAZARDOUS WASTE.
- 18 (C) MAJOR APPLIANCES.
- 19 (2) BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 1993, TIRES SHALL NOT BE DISPOSED
- 20 OF IN A LANDFILL.
- 21 (3) BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 2001, A PERSON SHALL NOT DISPOSE OF
- 22 ANY OF THE FOLLOWING PRODUCTS OR MATERIALS IN A LANDFILL, MUNICI-
- 23 PAL SOLID WASTE INCINERATOR, OR OTHER INCINERATOR:
- 24 (A) GLASS CONTAINERS OF ALL COLORS.
- 25 (B) NEWSPRINT.
- 26 (C) FERROUS AND NONFERROUS METALS.

- 1 (4) IF THE MICHIGAN RECYCLING BOARD CREATED IN THE MICHIGAN
- 2 RECYCLING ACT DETERMINES THAT A PRODUCT OR MATERIAL NOT SPECIFIED
- 3 IN SUBSECTION (3) IS A RECYCLABLE MATERIAL, THE BOARD MAY PROMUL-
- 4 GATE RULES TO PROHIBIT THE DISPOSAL OF THAT PRODUCT OR MATERIAL
- 5 IN A LANDFILL, MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE INCINERATOR, OR OTHER
- 6 INCINERATOR. IF THE MICHIGAN RECYCLING BOARD DETERMINES, IN CON-
- 7 SULTATION WITH THE DEPARTMENT AND THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC
- 8 HEALTH, THAT A PROHIBITION ON DISPOSAL IN A LANDFILL, MUNICIPAL
- 9 SOLID WASTE INCINERATOR, OR OTHER INCINERATOR OF A PRODUCT OR
- 10 MATERIAL NOT SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (3) IS NECESSARY TO PROTECT
- 11 THE PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY, OR WELFARE, OR THE ENVIRONMENT, THE
- 12 BOARD MAY PROMULGATE RULES TO PROHIBIT THE DISPOSAL OF THAT PROD-
- 13 UCT OR MATERIAL IN A LANDFILL, MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE INCINERATOR,
- 14 OR OTHER INCINERATOR.
- 15 SEC. 30B. (1) BEGINNING 2 YEARS AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF
- 16 THIS SECTION, A SOLID WASTE HAULER WHO OPERATES IN A MUNICIPALITY
- 17 THAT HAS 25,000 OR MORE RESIDENTS AS DETERMINED BY THE 1990 FED-
- 18 ERAL DECENNIAL CENSUS SHALL PROVIDE CURBSIDE COLLECTION OF RECY-
- 19 CLABLE MATERIALS TO HIS OR HER CUSTOMERS WITHIN THE JURISDICTION
- 20 OF THE MUNICIPALITY AS FOLLOWS:
- 21 (A) FOR RESIDENTIAL CUSTOMERS, A SOLID WASTE HAULER SHALL
- 22 COLLECT NEWSPRINT, GLASS OF ALL COLORS, FERROUS AND NONFERROUS
- 23 METALS, AND ANY PRODUCT OR MATERIAL SPECIFIED IN RULES PROMUL-
- 24 GATED UNDER SECTION 18C(4). ADDITIONALLY, THE SOLID WASTE HAULER
- 25 SHALL COLLECT AT LEAST 2 RECYCLABLE MATERIALS, WHICH THE HAULER
- 26 SELECTS, FROM AMONG THE FOLLOWING:

- 1 (i) CORRUGATED CARDBOARD.
- 2 (ii) HIGH-GRADE PAPER.
- 3 (iii) LOW-GRADE PAPER, INCLUDING MIXED PAPER, MAGAZINES, OR
- 4 TELEPHONE BOOKS.
- 5 (iv) POLYETHYLENE TEREPHTHALATE (PETE).
- 6 (v) HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE (HDPE).
- 7 (vi) VINYL (V).
- 8 (vii) LOW DENSITY POLYETHYLENE (LDPE).
- 9 (viii) POLYPROPYLENE (PP).
- 10 (ix) POLYSTYRENE (PS).
- 11 (x) MULTI-LAYER OR OTHER PLASTICS.
- 12 (B) FOR NONRESIDENTIAL CUSTOMERS, A SOLID WASTE HAULER SHALL
- 13 COLLECT AT LEAST 3 RECYCLABLE MATERIALS, WHICH THE HAULER
- 14 SELECTS.
- 15 (2) A SOLID WASTE HAULER REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION (1) TO
- 16 PROVIDE CURBSIDE COLLECTION OF RECYCLABLE MATERIALS SHALL PROVIDE
- 17 THAT COLLECTION AT LEAST AS FREQUENTLY AS THE HAULER PROVIDES FOR
- 18 THE COLLECTION OF OTHER SOLID WASTE.
- 19 (3) A SOLID WASTE HAULER REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION (1) TO
- 20 PROVIDE CURBSIDE COLLECTION OF RECYCLABLE MATERIALS SHALL NOT MIX
- 21 SOLID WASTE WITH SEPARATED RECYCLABLE MATERIALS DURING THE LOAD-
- 22 ING AND TRANSPORT OF THE SOLID WASTE AND RECYCLABLE MATERIALS.
- 23 (4) A SOLID WASTE HAULER WHO OPERATES IN A MUNICIPALITY OF
- 24 LESS THAN 25,000 RESIDENTS AS DETERMINED BY THE 1990 FEDERAL
- 25 DECENNIAL CENSUS SHALL PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN AT LEAST 1 PERMANENT
- 26 DROP-OFF SITE FOR EACH 10,000 RESIDENTS OF THAT MUNICIPALITY FOR
- 27 THE COLLECTION OF NEWSPRINT, GLASS OF ALL COLORS, FERROUS AND

- 1 NONFERROUS METALS, ANY PRODUCTS OR MATERIALS SPECIFIED IN RULES
- 2 PROMULGATED UNDER SECTION 18C(4), AND AT LEAST 2 OF THE RECYCLA-
- 3 BLE MATERIALS LISTED IN SUBSECTION (1) (A) (i) TO (x).
- 4 (5) IF A RECYCLING SERVICE, OTHER THAN A SOLID WASTE HAULER,
- 5 THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION IS OPERATING WITHIN A
- 6 MUNICIPALITY, A SOLID WASTE HAULER IS NOT REQUIRED TO PROVIDE
- 7 CURBSIDE COLLECTION OR A DROP-OFF SITE IF THE COLLECTION OR
- 8 DROP-OFF SITE WOULD DUPLICATE THE EXISTING RECYCLING SERVICE.
- 9 (6) A PERSON WHO CONTRACTS FOR THE COLLECTION OF SOLID WASTE
- 10 WITH A SOLID WASTE HAULER WHO PROVIDES CURBSIDE COLLECTION OF
- 11 RECYCLABLE MATERIALS SHALL SEPARATE THE RECYCLABLE MATERIALS
- 12 IDENTIFIED BY THE SOLID WASTE HAULER FROM OTHER SOLID WASTE AND
- 13 SHALL COMPLY WITH THE REASONABLE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HAULER FOR
- 14 PREPARATION OF THE RECYCLABLE MATERIALS. A SOLID WASTE HAULER
- 15 MAY REFUSE TO COLLECT SOLID WASTE FROM A PERSON IF THE RECYCLABLE
- 16 MATERIALS IDENTIFIED BY THE HAULER HAVE NOT BEEN SEPARATED FROM
- 17 THE SOLID WASTE OR HAVE NOT BEEN PREPARED IN THE MANNER REQUIRED
- 18 BY THE HAULER.
- 19 (7) A MUNICIPALITY MAY ENACT 1 OR MORE ORDINANCES TO ENFORCE
- 20 THIS SECTION.
- 21 (8) AS USED IN THIS SECTION:
- 22 (A) "RESIDENTIAL" MEANS SINGLE FAMILY OR MULTIFAMILY
- 23 RESIDENCES.
- 24 (B) "CURBSIDE COLLECTION" MEANS THE COLLECTION OF RECYCLABLE
- 25 MATERIALS FROM THE PROPERTY OF A CUSTOMER OR THE EDGE OF A ROAD
- 26 BORDERING THE PROPERTY. FOR MULTIFAMILY RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY,

- 1 CURBSIDE COLLECTION MAY INCLUDE A CENTRAL COLLECTION LOCATION ON
- 2 THE PROPERTY OF THE MULTIFAMILY RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY.
- 3 Section 2. This amendatory act shall not take effect unless
- 4 Senate Bill No. 274
- of the 86th Legislature is enacted into law.