Act No. 281
Public Acts of 1993
Approved by the Governor
December 22, 1993
Filed with the Secretary of State
December 28, 1993

STATE OF MICHIGAN 87TH LEGISLATURE REGULAR SESSION OF 1993

Introduced by Rep. Murphy

ENROLLED HOUSE BILL No. 5152

AN ACT to amend section 27 of Act No. 1 of the Public Acts of the Extra Session of 1936, entitled as amended "An act to protect the welfare of the people of this state through the establishment of an unemployment compensation fund, and to provide for the disbursement thereof; to create certain other funds; to create the Michigan employment security commission, and to prescribe its powers and duties; to provide for the protection of the people of this state from the hazards of unemployment; to levy and provide for contributions from employers; to provide for the collection of such contributions; to enter into reciprocal agreements and to cooperate with agencies of the United States and of other states charged with the administration of any unemployment insurance law; to furnish certain information to certain governmental agencies for use in administering public benefit and child support programs and investigating and prosecuting fraud; to provide for the payment of benefits; to provide for appeals from redeterminations, decisions and notices of assessments; and for referees and a board of review to hear and decide the issues arising from redeterminations, decisions and notices of assessment; to provide for the cooperation of this state and compliance with the provisions of the social security act and the Wagner-Peyser act passed by the Congress of the United States of America; to provide for the establishment and maintenance of free public employment offices; to provide for the transfer of funds; to make appropriations for carrying out the provisions of this act; to prescribe remedies and penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act; and to repeal all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act," as amended by Act No. 172 of the Public Acts of 1984, being section 421.27 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

The People of the State of Michigan enact:

Section 1. Section 27 of Act No. 1 of the Public Acts of the Extra Session of 1936, as amended by Act No. 172 of the Public Acts of 1984, being section 421.27 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 27. (a)(1) When a determination, redetermination, or decision is made that benefits are due an unemployed individual, the benefits shall immediately become payable from the fund and continue to be payable to the unemployed individual, subject to the limitations imposed by the individual's monetary entitlement, as long as the individual continues to be unemployed and to file claims for benefits, until the determination, redetermination, or decision is reversed, a determination, redetermination, or decision on a new issue holding the individual disqualified or ineligible is made, or a new separation issue arises resulting from subsequent work.

(2) Benefits shall be paid in person or by mail through employment offices in accordance with rules promulgated by the commission.

(b)(1) Subject to subsection (f), the weekly benefit rate for an individual, with respect to benefit years beginning on or after January 2, 1983, but before January 4, 1987, shall be 65% of the individual's average after tax weekly wage, except that the individual's weekly benefit rate shall not exceed 58% of the state average weekly wage. However, the maximum weekly benefit amount established under this subsection shall not exceed \$197.00 for weeks of unemployment beginning on or after January 2, 1983 through weeks of unemployment beginning prior to January 4, 1987. With respect

to benefit years beginning on or after January 4, 1987 through January 2, 1988, the individual's weekly benefit rate shall be 70% of the individual's average after tax weekly wage, except that the individual's weekly benefit rate shall not exceed 53% of the state average weekly wage. With respect to benefit years beginning on or after January 3, 1988 through December 31, 1988, the individual's weekly benefit rate shall not exceed 55% of the state average weekly wage, and with respect to benefit years beginning on or after January 1, 1989, the individual's weekly benefit rate shall not exceed 58% of the state average weekly wage. With respect to benefit years beginning before October 2, 1983, the weekly benefit rate shall be adjusted to the next higher multiple of \$1.00. With respect to benefit years beginning on or after October 2, 1983, the weekly benefit rate shall be adjusted to the next lower multiple of \$1.00.

- (2) The state average weekly wage for a calendar year shall be computed on the basis of the 12 months ending the June 30 immediately preceding that calendar year. The commission shall prepare a table of weekly benefit rates based on an "average after tax weekly wage" calculated by subtracting, from an individual's average weekly wage as determined in accordance with section 51, a reasonable approximation of the weekly amount required to be withheld by the employer from the remuneration of the individual based on dependents and exemptions for income taxes under chapter 24 of subtitle C of the internal revenue code of 1986, 26 U.S.C. 3401 to 3406, and under section 351 of the income tax act of 1967, Act No. 281 of the Public Acts of 1967, being section 206.351 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, and for old age and survivor's disability insurance taxes under the federal insurance contributions act, chapter 21 of subtitle C of the internal revenue code of 1986, 26 U.S.C. 3128. For purposes of applying the table to an individual's claim, a dependent shall be as defined in subdivision (3). The table applicable to an individual's claim shall be the table reflecting the number of dependents claimed by the individual under subdivision (3). The commission shall adjust the tables based on changes in withholding schedules published by the United States department of treasury, internal revenue service, and by the department of treasury. The number of dependents allowed shall be determined with respect to each week of unemployment for which an individual is claiming benefits.
- (3) A dependent means any of the following persons who is receiving and for at least 90 consecutive days immediately preceding the week for which benefits are claimed, or, in the case of a dependent husband, wife, or child, for the duration of the marital or parental relationship, if the relationship has existed less than 90 days, has received more than half the cost of his or her support from the individual claiming benefits:
- (a) A child, including stepchild, adopted child, or grandchild of the individual who is under 18 years of age, or 18 years of age or over if, because of physical or mental infirmity, the child is unable to engage in a gainful occupation, or is a full-time student as defined by the particular educational institution, at a high school, vocational school, community or junior college, or college or university and has not attained the age of 22.
 - (b) The husband or wife of the individual.
- (c) The legal father or mother of the individual if that parent is either more than 65 years of age or is permanently disabled from engaging in a gainful occupation.
- (d) A brother or sister of the individual if the brother or sister is orphaned or the living parents are dependent parents of an individual, and the brother or sister is under 18 years of age, or 18 years of age or over if, because of physical or mental infirmity, the brother or sister is unable to engage in a gainful occupation, or is a full-time student as defined by the particular educational institution, at a high school, vocational school, community or junior college, or college or university and is less than 22 years of age.
- (4) Dependency status of a dependent, child or otherwise, once established or fixed in favor of an individual continues during the individual's benefit year until terminated. Dependency status of a dependent terminates at the end of the week in which the dependent ceases to be an individual described in subdivision (3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) because of age, death, or divorce.
- (5) If an individual is assigned to a dependency class with respect to a week by reason of having 1 or more dependents, and any of those dependents files an application for benefits for that week, that dependent shall be assigned to dependency class "0" for that week.
- (6) Failure on the part of an individual, due to misinformation or lack of information, to furnish all information material for determination of the individual's dependency class when the individual files a claim for benefits with respect to a week shall be considered good cause for the issuance of a redetermination as to the amount of benefits based on the individual's dependency class as of the beginning date of that week. Dependency status of a dependent, child or otherwise, once established or fixed in favor of a person is not transferable to or usable by another person with respect to the same week.
- (c) Subject to subsection (f), each eligible individual shall be paid a weekly benefit rate with respect to the week for which the individual earns or receives no remuneration or remuneration equal to less than 1/2 the individual's weekly benefit rate, or shall be paid 1/2 his or her weekly benefit rate with respect to the week for which the individual earns or receives remuneration equal to at least 1/2 but less than the individual's weekly benefit rate. Notwithstanding the definition of week as contained in section 50, if within 2 consecutive weeks in which an individual was not unemployed within the meaning of section 48 there was a period of 7 or more consecutive days for which the individual did not earn or receive remuneration, that period shall be considered a week for benefit purposes under this act if a claim for benefits for that period is filed not later than 30 days subsequent to the end of the period. All remuneration for work performed

during a shift that terminates on 1 day but that began on the preceding day shall be considered to have been earned on the preceding day.

- (d) Subject to subsection (f) and this subsection, the amount of benefits to which an individual who is otherwise eligible is entitled during a benefit year from an employer with respect to employment during the base period is the amount obtained by multiplying the weekly benefit rate with respect to that employment by 3/4 of the number of credit weeks earned in the employment. For the purpose of this subsection and section 20(c), if the resultant product is not an even multiple of 1/2 the weekly benefit rate, the product shall be raised to an amount equal to the next higher multiple of 1/2 the weekly benefit rate, and, for an individual who was employed by only 1 employer in the individual's base period and earned 34 credit weeks with that employer, the product shall be raised to the next higher multiple of the weekly benefit rate. The maximum amount of benefits payable to an individual within a benefit year, with respect to employment by an employer, shall not exceed 26 times the weekly benefit rate with respect to that employment. The maximum amount of benefits payable to an individual within a benefit year shall not exceed the amount to which the individual would be entitled for 26 weeks of unemployment in which remuneration was not earned or received. The limitation of total benefits set forth in this subsection does not apply to claimants declared eligible for training benefits in accordance with subsection (g).
- (e) When a claimant dies or is judicially declared insane or mentally incompetent, unemployment compensation benefits accrued and payable to that person for weeks of unemployment before death, insanity, or incompetency, but not paid, shall become due and payable to the person who is the legal heir or guardian of the claimant or to any other person found by the commission to be equitably entitled to the benefits by reason of having incurred expense in behalf of the claimant for the claimant's burial or other necessary expenses.
- (f)(1) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provisions of this act, the weekly benefit rate of each individual who is receiving or will receive a "retirement benefit", as defined in subdivision (4), shall be adjusted as provided in subparagraphs (a), (b), and (c). However, an individual's extended benefit account and an individual's weekly extended benefit rate under section 64 shall be established without reduction under this subsection unless subdivision (5) is in effect. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, all other provisions of this act continue to apply in connection with the benefit claims of those retired persons.
- (a) If and to the extent that unemployment benefits payable under this act would be chargeable to an employer who has contributed to the financing of a retirement plan under which the claimant is receiving or will receive a retirement benefit yielding a pro rata weekly amount equal to or larger than the claimant's weekly benefit rate as otherwise established under this act, the claimant shall not receive unemployment benefits that would be chargeable to the employer under this act.
- (b) If and to the extent that unemployment benefits payable under this act would be chargeable to an employer who has contributed to the financing of a retirement plan under which the claimant is receiving or will receive a retirement benefit yielding a pro rata weekly amount less than the claimant's weekly benefit rate as otherwise established under this act, then the weekly benefit rate otherwise payable to the claimant and chargeable to the employer under this act shall be reduced by an amount equal to the pro rata weekly amount, adjusted to the next lower multiple of \$1.00, which the claimant is receiving or will receive as a retirement benefit.
- (c) If the unemployment benefit payable under this act would be chargeable to an employer who has not contributed to the financing of a retirement plan under which the claimant is receiving or will receive a retirement benefit, then the weekly benefit rate of the claimant as otherwise established under this act shall not be reduced due to receipt of a retirement benefit.
- (d) If the unemployment benefit payable under this act is computed on the basis of multiemployer credit weeks and a portion of the benefit is allocable under section 20(d) to an employer who has contributed to the financing of a retirement plan under which the claimant is receiving or will receive a retirement benefit, the adjustments required by subparagraph (a) or (b) apply only to that portion of the weekly benefit rate that would otherwise be allocable and chargeable to the employer.
- (2) If an individual's weekly benefit rate under this act was established before the period for which the individual first receives a retirement benefit, any benefits received after a retirement benefit becomes payable shall be determined in accordance with the formula stated in this subsection.
- (3) When necessary to assure prompt payment of benefits, the commission shall determine the pro rata weekly amount yielded by an individual's retirement benefit based on the best information currently available to it. In the absence of fraud, a determination shall not be reconsidered unless it is established that the individual's actual retirement benefit in fact differs from the amount determined by \$2.00 or more per week. The reconsideration shall apply only to benefits as may be claimed after the information on which the reconsideration is based was received by the commission.
- (4)(a) As used in this subdivision, "retirement benefit" means a benefit, annuity, or pension of any type or that part thereof that is described in subparagraph (b) that is:
- (i) Provided as an incident of employment under an established retirement plan, policy, or agreement, including federal social security if subdivision (5) is in effect.

- (ii) Payable to an individual because the individual has qualified on the basis of attained age, length of service, or disability, whether or not the individual retired or was retired from employment. Amounts paid to individuals in the course of liquidation of a private pension or retirement fund because of termination of the business or of a plant or department of the business of the employer involved shall not be considered to be retirement benefits.
- (b) If a benefit as described in subparagraph (a) is payable or paid to the individual under a plan to which the individual has contributed:
 - (i) Less than half of the cost of the benefit, then only half of the benefit shall be treated as a retirement benefit.
 - (ii) Half or more of the cost of the benefit, then none of the benefit shall be treated as a retirement benefit.
- (c) The burden of establishing the extent of an individual's contribution to the cost of his or her retirement benefit for the purpose of subparagraph (b) is upon the employer who has contributed to the plan under which a benefit is provided.
- (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, for any week that begins after March 31, 1980, and with respect to which an individual is receiving a governmental or other pension and claiming unemployment compensation, the weekly benefit amount payable to the individual for those weeks shall be reduced, but not below zero, by the entire prorated weekly amount of any governmental or other pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity, or any other similar payment that is based on any previous work of the individual. This reduction shall be made only if it is required as a condition for full tax credit against the tax imposed by the federal unemployment tax act, chapter 23 of subtitle C of the internal revenue code of 1986, 26 U.S.C. 3301 to 3311.
- (g) Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, an individual pursuing vocational training or retraining pursuant to section 28(2) who has exhausted all benefits available under subsection (d) may be paid for each week of approved vocational training pursued beyond the date of exhaustion a benefit amount in accordance with subsection (c), but not in excess of the individual's most recent weekly benefit rate. However, an individual shall not be paid training benefits totaling more than 18 times the individual's most recent weekly benefit rate. The expiration or termination of a benefit year shall not stop or interrupt payment of training benefits if the training for which the benefits were granted began before expiration or termination of the benefit year.
- (h) A payment of accrued unemployment benefits shall not be made to an eligible individual or in behalf of that individual as provided in subsection (e) more than 6 years after the ending date of the benefit year covering the payment or 2 calendar years after the calendar year in which there is final disposition of a contested case, whichever is later.
- (i) Benefits based on service in employment described in section 42(8), (9), and (10) are payable in the same amount, on the same terms, and subject to the same conditions as compensation payable on the basis of other service subject to this act, except that:
- (1) With respect to service performed in an instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity for an institution of higher education as defined in section 53(2), or for an educational institution other than an institution of higher education as defined in section 53(3), benefits shall not be paid to an individual based on those services for any week of unemployment beginning after December 31, 1977 that commences during the period between 2 successive academic years or during a similar period between 2 regular terms, whether or not successive, or during a period of paid sabbatical leave provided for in the individual's contract, to an individual if the individual performs the service in the first of the academic years or terms and if there is a contract or a reasonable assurance that the individual will perform service in an instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity for an institution of higher education or an educational institution other than an institution of higher education in the second of the academic years or terms, whether or not the terms are successive.
- (2) With respect to service performed in other than an instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity for an institution of higher education as defined in section 53(2) or for an educational institution other than an institution of higher education as defined in section 53(3), benefits shall not be paid based on those services for any week of unemployment beginning after December 31, 1977 that commences during the period between 2 successive academic years or terms to any individual if that individual performs the service in the first of the academic years or terms and if there is a reasonable assurance that the individual will perform the service for an institution of higher education or an educational institution other than an institution of higher education in the second of the academic years or terms.
- (3) With respect to any service described in subdivision (1) or (2), benefits shall not be paid to an individual based upon service for any week of unemployment that commences during an established and customary vacation period or holiday recess if the individual performs the service in the period immediately before the vacation period or holiday recess and there is a contract or reasonable assurance that the individual will perform the service in the period immediately following the vacation period or holiday recess.
- (4) If benefits are denied to an individual for any week solely as a result of subdivision (2) and the individual was not offered an opportunity to perform in the second academic year or term the service for which reasonable assurance had been given, the individual is entitled to a retroactive payment of benefits for each week for which the individual had previously filed a timely claim for benefits. An individual entitled to benefits under this subdivision may apply for those benefits by mail in accordance with R 421.210 as promulgated by the commission.

- (5) The amendments to subdivision (2) made by Act No. 219 of the Public Acts of 1983 apply to all claims for unemployment compensation that are filed on and after October 31, 1983. However, the amendments are retroactive to September 5, 1982 only if, as a condition for full tax credit against the tax imposed by the federal unemployment tax act, chapter 23 of subtitle C of the internal revenue code of 1986, 26 U.S.C. 3301 to 3311, the United States secretary of labor determines that retroactivity is required by federal law.
- (6) Notwithstanding subdivision (2), on and after April 1, 1984 benefits based upon services in other than an instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity for an institution of higher education shall not be denied for any week of unemployment commencing during the period between 2 successive academic years or terms solely because the individual had performed the service in the first of the academic years or terms and there is reasonable assurance that the individual will perform the service for an institution of higher education or an educational institution other than an institution of higher education in the second of the academic years or terms, unless a denial is required as a condition for full tax credit against the tax imposed by the federal unemployment tax act, chapter 23 of subtitle C of the internal revenue code of 1986, 26 U.S.C. 3301 to 3311.
- (7) Notwithstanding subdivisions (1), (2), and (3), the denial of benefits does not prevent an individual from completing requalifying weeks in accordance with section 29(3) nor does the denial prevent an individual from receiving benefits based on service with an employer other than an educational institution for any week of unemployment occurring between academic years or terms, whether or not successive, or during an established and customary vacation period or holiday recess, even though the employer is not the most recent chargeable employer in the individual's base period. However, in that case section 20(b) applies to the sequence of benefit charging, except for the employment with the educational institution, and section 50(b) applies to the calculation of credit weeks. When a denial of benefits under subdivision (1) no longer applies, benefits shall be charged in accordance with the normal sequence of charging as provided in section 20(b).
- (8) For the purposes of this subsection, "academic year" means that period, as defined by the educational institution, when classes are in session for that length of time required for students to receive sufficient instruction or earn sufficient credit to complete academic requirements for a particular grade level or to complete instruction in a noncredit course.
- (9) Benefits shall be denied, as provided in subdivisions (1), (2), and (3), for any week of unemployment beginning on and after April 1, 1984, to an individual who performed those services in an educational institution while in the employ of an educational service agency. For the purpose of this subdivision, "educational service agency" means a governmental agency or governmental entity that is established and operated exclusively for the purpose of providing the services to 1 or more educational institutions.
- (j) For weeks of unemployment beginning after December 31, 1977, benefits shall not be paid to an individual on the basis of any base period services, substantially all of which consist of participating in sports or athletic events or training or preparing to so participate, for a week that commences during the period between 2 successive sport seasons or similar periods if the individual performed the services in the first of the seasons or similar periods and there is a reasonable assurance that the individual will perform the services in the later of the seasons or similar periods.
- (k)(1) For weeks of unemployment beginning after December 31, 1977, benefits shall not be payable on the basis of services performed by an alien unless the alien is an individual who was lawfully admitted for permanent residence at the time the services were performed, was lawfully present for the purpose of performing the services, or was permanently residing in the United States under color of law at the time the services were performed, including an alien who was lawfully present in the United States under section 203(a)(7) or section 212(d)(5) of the immigration and nationality act, 8 U.S.C. 1153 and 1182.
- (2) Any data or information required of individuals applying for benefits to determine whether benefits are payable because of their alien status are uniformly required from all applicants for benefits.
- (3) Where an individual whose application for benefits would otherwise be approved, a determination that benefits to that individual are not payable because of the individual's alien status shall not be made except upon a preponderance of the evidence.
- (m)(1) An individual filing a new claim for unemployment compensation under this act after September 30, 1982, at the time of filing the claim, shall disclose whether the individual owes child support obligations as defined in this subsection. If an individual discloses that he or she owes child support obligations and is determined to be eligible for unemployment compensation, the commission shall notify the state or local child support enforcement agency enforcing the obligation that the individual has been determined to be eligible for unemployment compensation.
- (2) Notwithstanding section 30, the commission shall deduct and withhold from any unemployment compensation payable to an individual who owes child support obligations by using whichever of the following methods results in the greatest amount:
 - (a) The amount, if any, specified by the individual to be deducted and withheld under this subdivision.
- (b) The amount, if any, determined pursuant to an agreement submitted to the commission under section 454(19)(b)(i) of part D of title IV of the social security act, chapter 531, 49 Stat. 620, 42 U.S.C. 654, by the state or local child support enforcement agency.

- (c) Any amount otherwise required to be so deducted and withheld from unemployment compensation pursuant to legal process, as that term is defined in section 462(e) of part D of title IV of the social security act, chapter 531, 49 Stat. 620, 42 U.S.C. 662, properly served upon the commission.
- (3) The amount of unemployment compensation subject to deduction under subdivision (2) is that portion that remains payable to the individual after application of the recoupment provisions of section 62(a) and the reduction provisions of subsections (c) and (f).
- (4) Any amount deducted and withheld under subdivision (2) shall be paid by the commission to the appropriate state or local child support enforcement agency.
- (5) Any amount deducted and withheld under subdivision (2) shall be treated for all purposes as if it were paid to the individual as unemployment compensation and paid by the individual to the state or local child support enforcement agency in satisfaction of the individual's child support obligations.
- (6) This subsection applies only if the state or local child support enforcement agency agrees in writing to reimburse and does reimburse the commission for the administrative costs incurred by the commission under this subsection that are attributable to child support obligations being enforced by the state or local child support enforcement agency. The administrative costs incurred shall be determined by the commission. The commission, in its discretion, may require payment of administrative costs in advance.
 - (7) As used in this subsection:
- (a) "Unemployment compensation", for purposes of subdivisions (1) through (5), means any compensation payable under this act, including amounts payable by the commission pursuant to an agreement under any federal law providing for compensation, assistance, or allowances with respect to unemployment.
- (b) "Child support obligations" includes only obligations that are being enforced pursuant to a plan described in section 454 of part D of title IV of the social security act, chapter 531, 49 Stat. 620, 42 U.S.C. 654, that has been approved by the secretary of health and human services under part D of title IV of the social security act, chapter 531, 49 Stat. 620, 42 U.S.C. 651 to 669.
- (c) "State or local child support enforcement agency" means any agency of this state or a political subdivision of this state operating pursuant to a plan described in subparagraph (b).
- (n) Subsection (i)(2) applies to services performed by school bus drivers employed by a private contributing employer holding a contractual relationship with an educational institution, but only if at least 75% of the individual's base period wages with that employer are attributable to services performed as a school bus driver.

This act is ordered to take immediate effect.

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| Governor. | | |



