

## HOUSE BILL No. 5049

September 28, 1993, Introduced by Reps. Gnodtke, Bobier, Dalman, Randall, Bender, Wetters, Rhead, Middaugh, Alley, Gernaat, McManus, Middleton, Goschka, Lowe, Shugars, Voorhees, London, McBryde, Harder, Curtis, Llewellyn, McNutt, Oxender, Hill, Gustafson, Galloway, Brackenridge, Bodem, Yokich, Gagliardi and DeLange and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry.

A bill to amend the title and sections 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 35, 39, 40, 42, and 43 of Act No. 466 of the Public Acts of 1988, entitled

"Animal industry act of 1987,"

sections 6, 9, 12, 14, 23, 28, 31, 33, 40, and 42 as amended by Act No. 40 of the Public Acts of 1990, being sections 287.703, 287.704, 287.705, 287.706, 287.707, 287.708, 287.709, 287.711, 287.712, 287.713, 287.714, 287.716, 287.719, 287.720, 287.722, 287.723, 287.724, 287.726, 287.727, 287.728, 287.729, 287.730, 287.731, 287.733, 287.735, 287.739, 287.740, 287.742, and 287.743 of the Michigan Compiled Laws; to add sections 24a, 30a, and 30b; and to repeal certain parts of the act.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Section 1. The title and sections 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11,
- 2 12, 13, 14, 16, 19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33,
- 3 35, 39, 40, 42, and 43 of Act No. 466 of the Public Acts of 1988,
- 4 sections 6, 9, 12, 14, 23, 28, 31, 33, 40, and 42 as amended by
- 5 Act No. 40 of the Public Acts of 1990, being sections 287.703,
- 6 287.704, 287.705, 287.706, 287.707, 287.708, 287.709, 287.711,
- 7 287.712, 287.713, 287.714, 287.716, 287.719, 287.720, 287.722,
- 8 287.723, 287.724, 287.726, 287.727, 287.728, 287.729, 287.730,
- 9 287.731, 287.733, 287.735, 287.739, 287.740, 287.742, and 287.743
- 10 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, are amended and sections 24a, 30a,
- 11 and 30b are added to read as follows:
- 12 TITLE
- 13 An act to authorize and require the appointment of a state
- 14 veterinarian within the department of agriculture; to protect THE
- 15 HUMAN FOOD CHAIN AND the livestock -industry- AND AQUACULTURE
- 16 INDUSTRIES of the state through prevention, control, and eradica-
- 17 tion of infectious, contagious, or toxicological diseases of
- 18 livestock AND OTHER ANIMALS: TO PREVENT THE IMPORTATION OF CER-
- 19 TAIN NONINDIGENOUS ANIMALS UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES; to safe-
- 20 guard the human population from CERTAIN diseases that are commu-
- 21 nicable between animals and humans; to prevent or control the
- 22 contamination of livestock with CERTAIN toxic substances through
- 23 CERTAIN livestock or livestock products; to provide for indemni-
- 24 fication for livestock UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES; TO PROVIDE
- 25 FOR CERTAIN POWERS AND DUTIES FOR CERTAIN STATE AGENCIES AND
- 26 DEPARTMENTS; to provide for rules; to provide for REMEDIES AND

- 1 Penalties; -and- to repeal certain acts and parts of acts; AND TO
- 2 REPEAL CERTAIN PARTS OF THE ACT.
- Sec. 3. (1) "Accredited veterinarian" means a veterinarian
- 4 approved by the United States department of agriculture to per-
- 5 form specific functions required by cooperative state-federal
- 6 disease control and eradication programs.
- 7 (2) "Animal" means an animal MOLLUSKS, CRUSTACEANS, AND
- 8 VERTEBRATES other than -a human -being BEINGS.
- 9 (3) "AQUACULTURE PRODUCTS" MEANS AQUATIC ORGANISMS SUCH AS
- 10 Fish, CRUSTACEANS, MOLLUSKS, REPTILES, AND AMPHIBIANS REARED OR
- 11 CULTIVATED UNDER CONTROLLED CONDITIONS.
- 12 (4) <del>(3)</del> "Approved vaccine" means a preparation
- 13 VETERINARY BIOLOGICAL administered to livestock or other animals
- 14 to induce immunity in the recipient. The use of the
- 15 preparation APPROVED VACCINE in this state shall be approved by
- 16 the state veterinarian.
- 17 (4) "Boar" means any intact male swine.
- 18 (5) "Breeding swine" means swine intended for use as breed-
- 19 ing stock AND ALL SWINE NOT INTENDED FOR SLAUGHTER OR FEEDING TO
- 20 MARKET AGE AND WEIGHT FOR SLAUGHTER INCLUDING COMPANION ANIMALS
- 21 AND RESEARCH ANIMALS REGARDLESS OF REPRODUCTIVE CAPACITY.
- 22 BREEDING SWINE INCLUDES ALL BOARS AND SOWS.
- 23 (6) "Brucellosis certificate of record of official calfhood
- 24 vaccination" or "AH 005" means a certificate issued by the direc-
- 25 tor that certifies that the individual animal identified meets
- 26 the requirements for an official calfhood vaccination. "CAPTIVE
- 27 CERVIDAE" MEANS MEMBERS OF THE CERVIDAE FAMILY INCLUDING, BUT NOT

- 1 LIMITED TO, DEER, ELK, MOOSE, AND CARIBOU LIVING UNDER THE
- 2 HUSBANDRY OF HUMANS.
- 3 -(7) "Calves" means cattle under 6 months of age.
- 4 (7) (8) "Cattle" includes bison MEANS ALL BOVINE (GENUS
- 5 BOS) ANIMALS, BOVINELIKE ANIMALS (GENUS BISON) ALSO COMMONLY
- 6 REFERRED TO AS AMERICAN BUFFALO OR BISON and any cross of
- 7 -cattle- THESE SPECIES unless otherwise specifically provided.
- 8 (8) "CATTLE IMPORTATION LOT" MEANS A PREMISES REGISTERED
- 9 WITH THE DEPARTMENT AND USED ONLY TO FEED CATTLE IN PREPARATION
- 10 FOR SLAUGHTER.
- 11 (9) "Cattle feeder yard" means a yarding facility or col-
- 12 lection point where feeder cattle are assembled for redistribu-
- 13 tion to a feedlot. "COMMINGLING" MEANS CONCURRENTLY OR SUBSE-
- 14 QUENTLY SHARING OR SUBSEQUENT USE BY NATIVE LIVESTOCK OF THE SAME
- 15 PEN OR SAME SECTION IN A FACILITY OR SAME SECTION IN A TRANSPOR-
- 16 TATION UNIT WHERE THERE IS PHYSICAL CONTACT OR CONTACT WITH
- 17 BODILY EXCREMENTS OR FLUIDS FROM OTHER LIVESTOCK.
- 18 (10) "Cattle finishing facility" means a facility approved
- 19 by the director to be used only for cattle older than 19 months
- 20 at the time of their entry. "CONSIGNEE" MEANS THE PERSON WITHIN
- 21 THE STATE OF MICHIGAN RECEIVING THE ANIMALS AT THE POINT OF
- 22 DESTINATION NAMED ON THE OFFICIAL INTERSTATE HEALTH CERTIFICATE,
- 23 OFFICIAL INTERSTATE CERTIFICATE OF VETERINARY INSPECTION,
- 24 OWNER-SHIPPER STATEMENT, OR SALES INVOICE.
- 25 (11) "CONTAGIOUS DISEASE" MEANS AN ILLNESS DUE TO A SPECIFIC
- 26 INFECTIOUS AGENT OR SUSPECTED INFECTIOUS AGENT OR ITS TOXIC
- 27 PRODUCTS WHICH ARISES THROUGH TRANSMISSION OF THAT AGENT OR ITS

- 1 \$\oldowspace{RODUCTS FROM AN INFECTED ANIMAL, OR INANIMATE RESERVOIR TO A
- 2 SUSCEPTIBLE HOST, EITHER DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY THROUGH AN INTER-
- 3 MEDIATE PLANT OR ANIMAL HOST, VECTOR, OR THE INANIMATE ENVIRON-
- 4 MENT, OR VIA AN AIRBORNE MECHANISM.
- 5 (12) -(++)- "Department" means the department of
- 6 Agriculture.
- 7 (13) "DIRECT MOVEMENT" MEANS TRANSFER OF ANIMALS TO A DESTI-
- 8 MATION WITHOUT UNLOADING THE ANIMALS EN ROUTE AND WITHOUT EXPO-
- 9 SURE TO ANY OTHER ANIMALS.
- 10 (14) -(12)- "Director" means the director of the department
- 11 of agriculture or his or her authorized representative.
- 12 (15) "DISEASE" MEANS ANY ANIMAL HEALTH ISSUE WITH ECONOMIC
- 13 IMPACTS IN TERMS OF RESTRICTED MOVEMENT OR MARKETS, WHETHER DUE
- 14 TO RESIDUES, METABOLIC PROBLEMS, PUBLIC HEALTH CONCERNS, MULTIPLE
- 15 CAUSES, OR FOOD SAFETY ISSUES.
- 16 (16) "DISTRIBUTE" MEANS TO DELIVER OTHER THAN BY ADMINISTER-
- 17 ING OR DISPENSING A VETERINARY BIOLOGICAL.
- 18 (17) -(+3) "Domestic animal" means those species of animals
- 19 indigenous to North America which have traditionally lived
- 20 under the dominion and control HUSBANDRY of man HUMANS.
- 21 (18) (14) "Equine" means all animals of the equine family
- 22 which includes horses, asses, jacks, jennies, hinnies, mules,
- 23 donkeys, burros, ponies, and zebras.
- 24 (19) "EXHIBITION OR EXPOSITION" MEANS A CONGREGATION, GATH-
- 25 ERING, OR COLLECTION OF LIVESTOCK THAT ARE PRESENTED OR EXPOSED
- 26 TO PUBLIC VIEW FOR SHOW, DISPLAY, SWAP, EXCHANGE, ENTERTAINMENT,
- 27 EDUCATIONAL EVENT, INSTRUCTION, ADVERTISING, OR COMPETITION.

- 1 EXHIBITION OR EXPOSITION DOES NOT INCLUDE LIVESTOCK FOR SALE AT
- 2 PUBLIC STOCKYARDS, AUCTIONS, SALEYARDS, AND LIVESTOCK YARDS
- 3 LICENSED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF ACT NO. 284 OF THE PUBLIC ACTS
- 4 OF 1937, BEING SECTIONS 287.121 TO 287.131 OF THE MICHIGAN
- 5 COMPILED LAWS.
- 6 (20) "EXHIBITION FACILITY" MEANS ANY FACILITY USED OR
- 7 INTENDED TO BE USED FOR PUBLIC DISPLAY, EDUCATIONAL EVENT, OR
- 8 COMPETITION INVOLVING LIVESTOCK. EXHIBITION FACILITY EXCLUDES A
- 9 PUBLIC STOCKYARD, AN AUCTION SALEYARD, AND A LIVESTOCK YARD.
- 10 (21) "EXHIBITOR" MEANS ANY PERSON WHO PRESENTS LIVESTOCK FOR
- 11 PUBLIC DISPLAY, EXHIBITION, OR COMPETITION OR ENTERS LIVESTOCK IN
- 12 A FAIR, SHOW, EXHIBITION, OR EXPOSITION.
- 13 (22) "EXOTIC ANIMAL" MEANS THOSE ANIMALS THAT ARE NOT DOMES-
- 14 TIC OR ANY CROSS OF THOSE ANIMALS NOT DOMESTIC TO NORTH AMERICA.
- 15 (23) -(15) "Fair" means -an exhibition or exposition spon
- 16 sored by a fair association organized under the laws of this
- 17 state- A COMPETITION AND EDUCATIONAL EXHIBITION OF AGRICULTURAL
- 18 COMMODITIES AND MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS FOR WHICH PREMIUMS MAY BE
- 19 PAID AND WHICH IS CONDUCTED BY AN ASSOCIATION OR GOVERNMENTAL
- 20 ENTITY.
- 21 (24) "FERAL SWINE" MEANS SWINE WHICH HAVE LIVED THEIR LIFE
- 22 OR ANY PART OF THEIR LIFE AS FREE ROAMING OR NOT UNDER THE HUS-
- 23 BANDRY OF HUMANS.
- 24 Sec. 4. (1) "Federally approved stockyard" means a yarding
- 25 facility or collection point where livestock are assembled for
- 26 redistribution that meets specific requirements and is approved
- 27 by the United States department of agriculture for that purpose.

- 1 (2) "Feeder cattle" means steers, spayed heifers, and
- 2 hongravid heifers under 20 months of age. Feeder cattle does not
- 3 include postparturient heifers: (3) (1) "Feeder pigs" AND
- 4 "FEEDER SWINE" means swine weighing less than 120 pounds intended
- 5 for feeding purposes.
- 6 (4) "Feedlot" means premises used only to feed livestock in
- 7 Dreparation for slaughter.
- 8 (2) -(5)- "Flock" means all of the poultry on ! premises
- 9 except that at OR, UPON the discretion of the department, a
- 10 group of poultry that is segregated from ALL other poultry for at
- 11 least 21 days. -may be considered a separate flock.
- 12 (6) "Fowl typhoid" means a disease of poultry caused by
- 13 Salmonella gallinarum.
- 14 (7) "Gilt" means any female swine until first litter is
- 15 weaned.
- 16 (3) -(8) "Grade status" means an animal for which no proof
- 17 of registration with an appropriate breed registry is provided.
- 18 (4) -(9) "Hatchery" means incubators, hatchers, and auxil-
- 19 iary equipment on 1 premises operated and controlled by 1
- 20 person for the PURPOSE OF hatching of poultry.
- 21 (5) -(10) "Hatching POULTRY eggs" means eggs for use in a
- 22 hatchery to produce young poultry or to produce embryonated
- 23 eggs.
- 24 (11) "Imported feeder lambs" means lambs imported to this
- 25 state for the purpose of being fed for slaughter.
- 26 (6) "HERD OR FLOCK OF ORIGIN" MEANS ANY HERD OR FLOCK IN
- 27 WHICH ANIMALS ARE BORN AND REMAIN UNTIL MOVEMENT OR ANY HERD OR

- 1 FLOCK WHICH ANIMALS REMAIN FOR AT LEAST 30 DAYS IMMEDIATELY
- 2 FOLLOWING DIRECT MOVEMENT INTO THE HERD OR FLOCK FROM ANOTHER
- 3 HERD OR FLOCK.
- 4 (7) "INFECTIOUS DISEASE" MEANS AN INFECTION OR DISEASE DUE
- 5 TO THE INVASION OF THE BODY BY PATHOGENIC ORGANISMS.
- 6 (8) "ISOLATED" MEANS THE PHYSICAL SEPARATION OF ANIMALS BY A
- 7 PHYSICAL BARRIER IN SUCH A MANNER THAT OTHER ANIMALS DO NOT HAVE
- 8 ACCESS TO THE ISOLATED ANIMALS' BODY, EXCREMENT, OR DISCHARGES,
- 9 NOT ALLOWING THE ISOLATED ANIMALS TO SHARE A BUILDING WITH A
- 10 COMMON VENTILATION SYSTEM WITH OTHER ANIMALS, AND NOT ALLOWING
- 11 THE ISOLATED ANIMALS TO BE WITHIN 10 FEET OF OTHER ANIMALS IF NOT
- 12 SHARING A BUILDING WITH A COMMON VENTILATION SYSTEM. ISOLATED
- 13 ANIMALS HAVE A SEPARATE NONCOMMON FEED AND WATER SYSTEM FROM
- 14 OTHER ANIMALS.
- 15 Sec. 5. (1) "Law enforcement agent" means an officer of the
- 16 department of state police or of a law enforcement agency of a
- 17 county, township, city, or village who is responsible for the
- 18 prevention and detection of crime and enforcement of the criminal
- 19 laws of this state.
- 20 (2) "Livestock" means THOSE SPECIES OF animals used for
- 21 human food and fiber or THOSE SPECIES OF animals used for service
- 22 to -mankind HUMANS. Livestock includes, but -it IS not limited
- 23 to, cattle, -swine, sheep, -llamas, NEW WORLD CAMELIDS, goats,
- 24 bison, CAPTIVE CERVIDAE, RATITES, SWINE, equine, poultry,
- 25 AQUACULTURE PRODUCTS, and rabbits. Livestock does not include
- 26 -companion animals such as dogs and cats.

- 1 (3) "Livestock auction market" means a livestock market
- 2 Where livestock are IS accepted on consignment and the auction
- 3 Method is used in the marketing of consigned livestock as defined
- 4 in Act No. 284 of the Public Acts of 1937, being sections 287.121
- 5 to 287.131 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- 6 (4) "Mycoplasma gallisepticum" or "MG" means a disease of
- 7 boultry caused by Mycoplasma gallisepticum.
- 8 (5) "Mycoplasma gallisepticum (MG) clean flock" means a
- 9 flock that receives and maintains this status by fulfilling the
- 10 requirements prescribed in the -NPIP NATIONAL POULTRY IMPROVE-
- 11 MENT PLAN.
- 12 (6) "Mycoplasma meleagrides" or "MM" means a disease of
- 13 poultry caused by Mycoplasma meleagrides.
- 14 (7) "Mycoplasma meleagrides (MM) clean flock" means a flock
- 15 that receives and maintains this status by fulfilling the
- 16 requirements prescribed in the -NPIP NATIONAL POULTRY IMPROVE-
- 17 MENT PLAN.
- 18 (8) "Mycoplasma synoviae" or "MS" means a disease of poultry
- 19 caused by Mycoplasma synoviae.
- 20 (9) "Mycoplasma synoviae (MS) clean flock" means a flock
- 21 that receives and maintains this status by fulfilling the
- 22 requirements prescribed in the -NPIP NATIONAL POULTRY IMPROVE-
- 23 MENT PLAN.
- 24 (10) "National poultry improvement plan" -or "NPIP" means a
- 25 plan for the control or eradication of certain poultry diseases
- 26 which is published in title 9, chapter 1, subchapter F, parts
- 27 145, 147, of the code of federal regulations.

- 1 (11) "Native" means born and raised in this state, or
- 2 legally imported into the state and having completed the quaran-
- 3 time requirements prescribed by the director, and having been
- 4 maintained in the state for at least 45 days.
- 5 (12) "Neutered" means sterilization by 1 of the following
- 6 methods only:
- 7 (a) Chemical.
- 8 (b) Castration.
- 9 (c) Clamping.
- 10 (d) Banding.
- (e) Spaying.
- 12 (13) "NEW WORLD CAMELIDS" MEANS ANIMALS BELONGING TO THE
- 13 GENUS LLAMA AND VICUNA OF THE FAMILY CAMELIDAE OF THE ORDER
- 14 ARTIODACTYLA INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE LLAMA, ALPACA,
- 15 VICUNA, AND GUANACO.
- 16 Sec. 6. (1) "Official calfhood vaccinate" means female
- 17 cattle that are vaccinated by an accredited veterinarian with a
- 18 United States department of agriculture approved brucella abortus
- 19 vaccine in accordance with procedures and at an age approved by
- 20 the director.
- 21 (2) "Official certificate of record for sale" or "MI-275"
- 22 means a certificate issued by the director that certifies that
- 23 the health status of the individual animal identified on the cer-
- 24 tificate meets the requirements of this act, and that the indi
- 25 vidual animal may be moved or sold to another person in this
- 26 state. The certificate shall be valid for a period of time, as
- 27 determined by the director. "OFFICIAL IDENTIFICATION" MEANS AN

- 1 IDENTIFICATION EAR TAG OR EAR TATTOO OR OTHER IDENTIFICATION
- 2 Approved by the United States Department of Agriculture or the
- 3 DEPARTMENT.
- 4 (3) "Official ear tag" means an identification tag approved
- 5 by the United States department of agriculture or the
- 6 department.
- 7 (3) (4) "Official interstate health certificate" or
- 8 "official interstate Certificate of veterinary inspection" means
- 9 a printed form adopted by any state that -records DOCUMENTS the
- 10 information required under section 20 and that is issued FOR ANI-
- 11 MALS BEING IMPORTED TO OR EXPORTED FROM THIS STATE within 30 days
- 12 before THE importation OR EXPORTATION of the livestock ANIMALS
- 13 it describes. A photocopy of an official interstate health cer-
- 14 tificate or an official interstate certificate of veterinary
- 15 inspection is an official copy if certified as a true copy by the
- 16 issuing veterinarian or a livestock health official of the state
- 17 of origin.
- (4)  $\frac{-(5)}{}$  "Official test" means a sample of specific mate-
- 19 rial collected from an animal by an accredited veterinarian,
- 20 EXCEPT UNDER SPECIAL PERMISSION OF THE DIRECTOR, and analyzed by
- 21 a laboratory certified by the United States department of agri-
- 22 culture or the department to conduct the test, or a diagnostic
- 23 injection administered and analyzed by an accredited
- 24 veterinarian. An official test shall be conducted only by an
- 25 accredited veterinarian except under special permission by the
- 26 director.

- 1 (5) -(6) "Official vaccination" means a vaccination that
- 2 the director has designated as reportable. An official
- 3 vaccination shall be administered by an accredited veterinarian
- 4 and -reported DOCUMENTED on a form supplied by the department.
- 5 (6) "ORIGINATE" REFERS TO DIRECT MOVEMENT OF ANIMALS FROM A
- 6 HERD OR FLOCK OF ORIGIN.
- 7 (7) "Over 19 months of age" means cattle that have the first
- 8 pair of permanent incisor teeth visibly present unless the owner
- 9 can document the exact age. Parturient or postparturient
- 10 heifers, regardless of their age, shall be ARE considered over
- 11 19 months of age.
- 12 (8) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation,
- 13 cooperative, association, joint venture, or other legal entity,
- 14 including, but not limited to, contractual relationships.
- 15 (9) "Poultry" means BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO chickens, guinea
- 16 fowl, turkeys, waterfowl, pigeons, doves, PEAFOWL, and game birds
- 17 that are propagated and maintained under the control of a
- 18 person HUSBANDRY OF HUMANS.
- 19 (10) "Preapproved interstate health certificate" or
- 20 "preapproved interstate certificate of veterinary inspection"
- 21 means an official certificate attesting to the health of the
- 22 livestock that bears the endorsement of approval of the chief
- 23 animal health official of the state of origin prior to the ship
- 24 ment of the livestock.
- 25 (10) -(+1) "Prior entry permit" means a -number CODE that
- 26 is obtained from the department for specific species of livestock
- 27 imported into the state that is recorded on the official

- 1 interstate health certificate or official interstate certificate
- 2 of veterinary inspection.
- 3 (12) "Puller means a disease of poultry caused by salmo
- 4 nella pullorum.
- 5 (11) "PULLORUM-TYPHOID" MEANS A DISEASE OF POULTRY CAUSED BY
- 6 BOTH SALMONELLA PULLORUM AND SALMONELLA GALLINARUM.
- 7 (12) -(13) "pullorum-typhoid clean flock" means a flock
- 8 that receives and maintains this status by fulfilling the
- 9 requirements prescribed in the -NPIP- NATIONAL POULTRY IMPROVE-
- 10 MENT PLAN.
- 11 (13) "QUARANTINE" MEANS ENFORCED RESTRICTION OF A PREMISES
- 12 OR ISOLATION AND RESTRICTION OF FREE MOVEMENT IMPOSED ON AN
- 13 ANIMAL.
- 14 (14) "RATITE" MEANS FLIGHTLESS BIRDS HAVING A FLAT BREAST-
- 15 BONE WITHOUT THE KEELLIKE PROMINENCE CHARACTERISTIC OF MOST
- 16 FLYING BIRDS. RATITES INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO, CASSO-
- 17 WARIES, KIWIS, OSTRICHES, EMUS, AND RHEAS.
- 18 (15) (14) "Reasonable assistance" means safely and com-
- 19 fortably controlling an animal by corralling, stabling, kennel-
- 20 ing, holding, tying, CHEMICALLY RESTRAINING, or confining by
- 21 halter or leash or crowding the animal in a safe and sensible
- 22 manner so an examination or testing procedure considered neces-
- 23 sary by the director can be performed.
- 24 (16) -(15) "Reportable disease" means -a AN ANIMAL disease
- 25 in animals in this state ON THE CURRENT REPORTABLE ANIMAL DIS-
- 26 EASE LIST MAINTAINED BY THE STATE VETERINARIAN that poses a

- 1 serious threat to the livestock industry, public health, or human
- 2 food chain.
- 3 (16) "Slaughter swine" means swine consigned for slaughter
- 4 purposes only.
- 5 (17) "SLAUGHTER FACILITY PREMISES" MEANS ALL FACILITIES,
- 6 BUILDINGS, STRUCTURES, INCLUDING ALL IMMEDIATE GROUNDS WHERE
- 7 SLAUGHTERING OCCURS UNDER FEDERAL OR STATE INSPECTION, OR OTHER-
- 8 WISE AUTHORIZED BY THE DIRECTOR.
- 9 (18) -(17) "Sow" means any female swine that has -weaned-
- 10 FARROWED OR GIVEN BIRTH TO OR ABORTED 1 litter or more.
- 11 (19) <del>(18)</del> "State veterinarian" means the chief animal
- 12 health official of the state as appointed by the director under
- 13 section 7, OR HIS OR HER AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE.
- 14 (19) "Swine finishing facility" means a facility approved
- 15 by the director that is used only for swine weighing 120 pounds
- 16 or more at the time of their entry.
- 17 (20) "SWINE" MEANS ANY OF THE UNGULATE MAMMALS OF THE FAMILY
- 18 SUIDAE.
- 19 (21) -(20) "Toxic substance" means -any substance A NATU-
- 20 RAL OR SYNTHETIC CHEMICAL in concentrations which alone or in
- 21 combination WITH OTHER NATURAL OR SYNTHETIC CHEMICALS presents a
- 22 -significant threat to the health, safety, or welfare to human
- 23 or animal life or which has the capacity to produce injury or
- 24 illness through ingestion, inhalation, or absorption through the
- 25 body surface.
- 26 (22) "TOXICOLOGICAL DISEASE" MEANS ANY CONDITION CAUSED BY
- 27 OR RELATED TO A TOXIC SUBSTANCE.

- (23) -(21) "U.S. registered shield" means a tattoo

  authorized and approved by the United States department of agriculture for use by an accredited veterinarian to designate cattle
  that have been vaccinated for brucellosis.
- (24) -(22) "Veterinarian" means a person licensed to prac-6 tice veterinary medicine under article 15 of the public health 7 code, Act No. 368 of the Public Acts of 1978, being sections 8 333.16101 to 333.18838 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, or under a
- 9 state or federal law applicable to that person.

  (25) (23) "Veterinary biological" means a product of biological origin used in the diagnosis, prevention, or treatment of
  animal disease, including, but not limited to, serums, vaccines,
  antitoxins, bacterins, and antigens ALL VIRUSES, SERUMS, TOXINS,
  AND ANALOGUOUS PRODUCTS OF NATURAL OR SYNTHETIC ORIGIN, OR PRODUCTS PREPARED FROM ANY TYPE OF GENETIC ENGINEERING, SUCH AS DIAGNOSTICS, ANTITOXINS, VACCINES, LIVE MICROORGANISMS, KILLED MICROORGANISMS, AND THE ANTIGENIC OR IMMUNIZING COMPONENTS OF MICROORGANISMS INTENDED FOR USE IN THE DIAGNOSIS, TREATMENT, OR PREVEN-
- 20 (26) (24) "Wild animal" means those animals that are not traditionally domestic to North America or any cross of those

  21 animals not traditionally domestic to North America ANY NONDO
  23 MESTICATED ANIMAL OR ANY CROSS OF A NONDOMESTICATED ANIMAL.
- Sec. 7. (1) The director shall appoint AN INDIVIDUAL AS 25 state veterinarian who shall be the chief animal health official 26 of the state. The appointment shall be made in accordance with 27 the rules of the state civil service commission. The individual

19 TION OF DISEASES IN ANIMALS.

- 1 appointed as state veterinarian shall maintain a current license
- 2 to practice veterinary medicine in this state and be federally
- 3 accredited in this state by the United States department of
- 4 agriculture. The state veterinarian shall be skilled in the
- 5 diagnosis, treatment, and control of infectious, contagious, and
- 6 toxicological diseases of livestock. The state veterinarian
- 7 shall also be knowledgeable of state and federal laws as they
- 8 relate to the intrastate, interstate, and international movement
- 9 of animals.
- 10 (2) Office facilities and laboratory services for the inves-
- 11 tigation of infectious, contagious, or toxicological diseases of
- 12 animals shall be made available for the state veterinarian's
- 13 use.
- 14 Sec. 8. (1) Under the direction of the director, the state
- 15 veterinarian shall do all of the following:
- (a) Develop and enforce policy and supervise activities to
- 17 carry out this act and other state and federal laws, rules, and
- 18 regulations that pertain to the health and welfare of animals in
- 19 this state.
- 20 (b) Promulgate rules under the administrative procedures act
- 21 of 1969, Act No. 306 of the Public Acts of 1969, being sections
- 22 24.201 to 24.328 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, for the use of
- 23 livestock and other animal vaccines and certain biologics
- 24 VETERINARY BIOLOGICALS including diagnostic biological agents.
- 25 The state veterinarian may require that the importation and use
- 26 of -specific vaccines VETERINARY BIOLOGICALS or biological
- 27 agents be reported to the department.

- (c) The state veterinarian shall maintain MAINTAIN a list
- <sup>2</sup> Of reportable ANIMAL diseases. The state veterinarian shall
- 3 teview and update the list annually and more often if necessary.
- 4 (D) MAINTAIN A LIST OF VETERINARY BIOLOGICALS WHOSE SALE,
- <sup>5</sup>  $b_{IS}$ TRIBUTION, USE, OR ADMINISTRATION BY ANY PERSON SHALL BE
- 6 REPORTED TO THE DIRECTOR WITHIN 5 WORKING DAYS OF THE SALE, DIS-
- 7 PRIBUTION, USE, OR ADMINISTRATION. THE STATE VETERINARIAN SHALL
- 8 REVIEW AND UPDATE THE LIST ANNUALLY AND MORE OFTEN IF NECESSARY.
- 9 (2) Unless otherwise prohibited by law, the state veterinar-
- 10 ian may enter upon any premises to enforce this act.
- Sec. 9. (1) A person who discovers, suspects, or has reason
- 12 to believe that an animal is either affected -with- BY a report-
- 13 able disease or contaminated with a toxic substance shall immedi-
- 14 ately report that fact, suspicion, or belief to the director.
- 15 The director shall take appropriate action to investigate the
- 16 report. A person possessing an animal affected with BY, or
- 17 suspected of being affected with BY, a reportable disease or
- 18 contaminated with a toxic substance shall allow the director to
- 19 examine the animal or collect diagnostic specimens. The director
- 20 may enter premises where ANIMALS, animal products, or animal
- 21 feeds are suspected of being contaminated with an infectious -
- 22 OR contagious DISEASE, or a disease caused by a toxic substance
- 23 and seize or impound the animal products or feed located on the
- 24 premises. The director may withhold a certain amount for the
- 25 purpose of controlled research and -experimentation TESTING. A
- 26 person who knowingly possesses OR HARBORS affected or suspected
- 27 animals shall not expose other animals to the affected or

- ${f 1}$  suspected animals or otherwise move the affected or suspected
- 2 animals except with permission from the director.
- 3 (2) A person owning animals shall provide reasonable assist-
- 4 ance to the director during the examination and necessary testing
- 5 procedures.
- 6 (3) The director may call upon a law enforcement agency to
- 7 assist in carrying out the director's orders.
- 8 (4) A person shall not remove or alter the identification of
- 9 an animal for the purpose of misrepresentation of the animal's
- 10 identity or the ownership of the animal. A person shall not make
- 11 misrepresentations concerning the animal's health status to a
- 12 potential buyer.
- 13 Sec. 11. If the director considers it a benefit to the
- 14 health or condition of the livestock industry of this state, the
- 15 director may enter into agreements with the secretary of agricul-
- 16 ture of the United States department of agriculture, or the
- 17 secretary's authorized representative, OR ANY OTHER PERSON to
- 18 protect OR ENHANCE THE GROWTH OF the livestock industry or the
- 19 human food chain of this state.
- 20 Sec. 12. (1) The director may declare a quarantine on ani-
- 21 mals OR PREMISES in any district or region of this state for the
- 22 purpose of controlling or preventing the spread of -an- A KNOWN
- 23 OR SUSPECTED infectious, contagious, or toxicological disease.
- 24 (2) A person shall not move animals that are under quaran-
- 25 tine without permission from the director.
- 26 (3) A person shall not allow animals under quarantine to
- 27 mingle or have contact with animals not under quarantine without

- permission by the director. The director may prescribe
- 2 procedures for the identification, inventory, separation, mode of
- 3 handling, treatment, feeding, and caring for the quarantined ani
- 4 mals to prevent the quarantined animals from infecting nonquaran
- 5 tined animals.
- 6 (4) A person shall not import into this state an animal from
- 7 another state or jurisdiction if that animal is under quarantine
- 8 by the other state or jurisdiction unless that person obtains
- 9 prior permission from the director.
- 10 (5) THE DIRECTOR MAY PRESCRIBE PROCEDURES FOR THE IDENTIFI-
- 11 CATION, INVENTORY, SEPARATION, MODE OF HANDLING, TREATMENT, FEED-
- 12 ING, AND CARING FOR THE QUARANTINED ANIMALS TO PREVENT THE QUAR-
- 13 ANTINED ANIMALS FROM INFECTING OR EXPOSING NONQUARANTINED ANIMALS
- 14 TO INFECTIOUS, CONTAGIOUS, OR TOXICOLOGICAL DISEASES.
- 15 (6) THE DIRECTOR MAY PRESCRIBE PROCEDURES REQUIRED BEFORE AN
- 16 ANIMAL AND PREMISES ARE RELEASED FROM QUARANTINE.
- (7) -(2) An animal found running at large in violation of
- 18 this quarantine may be killed by a law enforcement agent. The
- 19 director may ask for the cooperation of a law enforcement agency
- 20 to enforce the provisions of this quarantine. -An A LAW
- 21 ENFORCEMENT agent killing an animal due to a quarantine under
- 22 this section is not subject to liability for the animal.
- 23 Sec. 13. The director may designate the status of certain
- 24 herds, or flocks, OR STOCKS as being CLEAN OR free of a spe-
- 25 cific disease when the herd, or flock, OR STOCK has met the
- 26 requirements for that status as approved by the director.

- Sec. 14. (1) If it is determined by the director that the 1 2 control or eradication of a disease or condition of livestock 3 warrants the slaughter, destruction, or other disposition of the 4 livestock, the director shall order the slaughter, destruction, 5 or other disposition of the livestock. If the director has 6 signed an order for the slaughter, destruction, or other disposi-7 tion of livestock, the director shall notify the attorney general 8 of the order. The attorney general shall notify the house and 9 senate appropriations committees and the department of management 10 and budget on the issue of indemnity under this section. 11 director may approve facilities for the orderly disposal of ani-12 mals, animal products, and animal feeds for the purpose of con-13 trolling or preventing the spread of an infectious, contagious, 14 or toxicological disease. The director may select a site OR 15 METHOD for the disposal with the advice of the director of the 16 department of natural resources.
- 17 (2) The director may, under rules promulgated by the depart18 ment, allow indemnification for the slaughter, destruction, or
  19 other disposition of animals due to livestock diseases or toxico20 logical contamination. If the director has signed an order for
  21 the slaughter, destruction, or other disposition of livestock,
  22 the owner may apply for indemnification. All animals shall be
  23 treated as grade status animals for purposes of indemnification.
  24 The director shall appraise and inventory the condemned
  25 livestock. The appraisals and inventories shall be on forms
  26 approved by the director. The director shall use state
  27 agricultural statistical service pricing information to determine

- the value of condemned livestock. If state agricultural atatistical service pricing information is not available, the A director shall use agricultural pricing information from commer-4 cial livestock auction markets and other livestock market infor-\$ mation as determined by the director to determine the value of 6 condemned livestock. Indemnification shall be based upon 75% of the fair market value of that type of livestock on the date of  $\theta$  the appraisal as if the livestock was grade status and marketable 9 for the purpose for which the livestock was intended, not to 10 exceed \$1,000.00 for each animal, less any compensation received, 11 or to be received, from any other source including, but not 12 limited to, indemnification by the United States department of 13 agriculture, insurance, or salvage value, OR ANY MONETARY VALUE 14 OBTAINED TO ENCOURAGE DISPOSAL OF INFECTED OR EXPOSED LIVESTOCK 15 IN ACCORDANCE WITH A DISEASE CONTROL OR ERADICATION PROGRAM. 16 owner shall furnish to the department all records indicating 17 other sources of indemnity. An affidavit signed by the owner 18 attesting to the amount of compensation for the livestock 19 received or to be received from any other source shall accompany 20 the appraisal certificate prior to indemnification under this 21 section.
- 23 subject to annual appropriations by the legislature and shall not
  24 be paid from department funds. Any agreement entered into
  25 between the department and an owner of livestock shall contain a
  26 provision indicating that, notwithstanding the terms of the

- 1 agreement, indemnification shall be subject to appropriations by
  2 the legislature.
- 3 (4) Acceptance of indemnification under this section does
- 4 not enlarge or diminish the owner's civil remedy against a person
- 5 responsible for the owner's loss except that acceptance of the
- 6 indemnity constitutes a release of the claim of the owner against
- 7 the state.
- 8 (5) The right to indemnity from the state for animals con-
- 9 demned and ordered slaughtered, destroyed, or otherwise disposed
- 10 of by the director applies only to native livestock.
- 11 INDEMNIFICATION SHALL NOT APPLY TO LIVESTOCK DETERMINED TO BE
- 12 IMPORTED WITHOUT MEETING IMPORT REQUIREMENTS SUCH AS OFFICIAL
- 13 INTERSTATE HEALTH CERTIFICATE OR OFFICIAL INTERSTATE CERTIFICATE
- 14 OF VETERINARY INSPECTION, REQUIRED TESTING, AND REQUIRED
- 15 VACCINATION. An owner is not entitled to indemnity from the state
- 16 for an animal that comes into the possession of the owner with
- 17 the owner's knowledge that the animal is diseased or is suspected
- 18 of having been exposed to an infectious, contagious, or toxico-
- 19 logical disease. In addition, the director shall not indemnify
- 20 an owner for animals that have been exposed to an animal that
- 21 comes in to the possession of the owner with the owner's knowl-
- 22 edge that the animal is diseased or is suspected of having been
- 23 exposed to an infectious, contagious, or toxicological disease.
- 24 (6) A premises that has been depopulated shall be cleaned
- 25 and disinfected if AS prescribed by the director.

- 1 (7) Repopulation of the premises, except as approved by the 2 director, shall not confer eligibility for future indemnity under 3 this section.
- 4 (8) The department may cooperate and coordinate with the S secretary of the United States department of agriculture or the secretary's authorized representative OR OTHER GOVERNMENTAL DEPARTMENTS OR AGENCIES regarding indemnification under this section.
- Sec. 16. (1) —Cattle LIVESTOCK ordered to be slaughtered,
  10 destroyed, or otherwise disposed of by the director because of
  11 tuberculosis shall be branded on the left jaw with a letter "T"
  12 not less than 2 inches high, and a tag designated as a reactor
  13 tag by the director shall be placed in the left ear. The director may refrain from the branding and identification if
  15 —complete— slaughter, destruction, or other disposition of the
  16 ENTIRE herd is under the director's direct control.
- (2) Cattle— LIVESTOCK ordered to be slaughtered, destroyed,
  18 or otherwise disposed of by the director because of brucellosis
  19 shall be branded on the left jaw with a letter "B" not less than
  20 2 inches high, and a tag designated as a reactor tag by the
  21 director shall be placed in the left ear. An exposed animal in a
  22 brucellosis infected or quarantined herd shall be branded on the
  23 left jaw with a letter "S" not less than 2 inches high before a
  24 permit is SHALL BE issued to slaughter, destroy, or otherwise
  25 dispose of the animal for slaughter. The director may refrain
  26 from the branding and identification if complete slaughter,

- 1 destruction, or other disposition of the herd is under the
- 2 director's direct control.
- 3 (3) Livestock ordered slaughtered, destroyed, or otherwise
- 4 disposed of for infectious, contagious, or toxicological diseases
- 5 other than tuberculosis or brucellosis shall be identified and
- 6 slaughtered, destroyed, or otherwise disposed of in a manner
- 7 approved by the director.
- 8 Sec. 19. (1) Livestock, EXCEPT FOR AQUACULTURE PRODUCTS,
- 9 imported into this state shall be accompanied by -an official
- 10 interstate health certificate, an official interstate certificate
- 11 of veterinary inspection, permission issued by the director or,
- 12 if consigned directly to slaughter or to a specifically approved
- 13 stockyard for receiving cattle and bison other than brucellosis
- 14 reactor, brucellosis suspect, and brucellosis exposed cattle or
- 15 bison pursuant to title 9 of the code of federal regulations, by
- 16 an owner shipper statement or sales invoice 1 OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 17 (A) AN OFFICIAL INTERSTATE HEALTH CERTIFICATE.
- 18 (B) AN OFFICIAL INTERSTATE CERTIFICATE OF VETERINARY
- 19 INSPECTION.
- 20 (C) AN OWNER-SHIPPER STATEMENT OR SALES INVOICE IF CONSIGNED
- 21 DIRECTLY TO SLAUGHTER, OR IF NONNATIVE NEUTERED CATTLE IMPORTED
- 22 DIRECTLY TO A CATTLE IMPORTATION LOT.
- 23 (D) A "REPORT OF SALES OF HATCHING EGGS, CHICKS, AND POULTS"
- 24 (VS FORM 9-3) FOR PARTICIPANTS IN THE NATIONAL POULTRY IMPROVE-
- 25 MENT PLAN.
- 26 (E) A "PERMIT FOR MOVEMENT OF RESTRICTED ANIMALS" (VS FORM
- 27 1-27), IF PRIOR APPROVAL IS GRANTED BY THE DIRECTOR.

- (F) PERMISSION ISSUED BY THE DIRECTOR.
- 2 (2) BRUCELLOSIS OR TUBERCULOSIS OFFICIALLY CLASSIFIED SUS-
- 3 PECT OR REACTOR CATTLE SHALL NOT BE IMPORTED INTO THIS STATE.
- 4 (3) The director may require that a prior entry permit be
- 5 obtained for certain classifications of livestock. If the
- 6 director determines that a prior entry permit is required, the
- 7 person importing or transporting the livestock into the state
- 8 shall obtain the prior entry permit. IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSI-
- 9 BILITY OF THE CONSIGNEE OR DEALER LICENSED PURSUANT TO ACT
- 10 NO. 284 OF THE PUBLIC ACTS OF 1937, BEING SECTIONS 287.121 TO
- 11 287.131 OF THE MICHIGAN COMPILED LAWS, TO ENSURE THE REQUIREMENTS
- 12 FOR OFFICIAL INTERSTATE HEALTH CERTIFICATE, OFFICIAL INTERSTATE
- 13 CERTIFICATE OF VETERINARY INSPECTION, OWNER-SHIPPER STATEMENT,
- 14 SALES INVOICE, "REPORT OF SALES OF HATCHING EGGS, CHICKS, AND
- 15 POULTS" (VS FORM 9-3), "PERMIT FOR MOVEMENT OF RESTRICTED
- 16 ANIMALS" (VS FORM 1-27), OR PRIOR ENTRY PERMIT HAVE BEEN FUL-
- 17 FILLED AND A TRUE COPY IS PROVIDED TO THE DIRECTOR UPON REQUEST.
- (4) Livestock shall not be diverted to premises other than
- 19 the destination site named on the official interstate health cer-
- 20 tificate, OFFICIAL INTERSTATE CERTIFICATE OF VETERINARY
- 21 INSPECTION, owner-shipper statement, or sale invoice, VS FORM
- 22 9-3, OR VS FORM 1-27.
- 23 (5) OUT-OF-STATE LIVESTOCK FOR EXHIBITION SHALL MEET THE
- 24 REQUIREMENTS PRESCRIBED BY THIS ACT FOR IMPORTATION OF BREEDING
- 25 ANIMALS OF THAT SPECIES AND SHALL BE ACCOMPANIED BY A COPY OF AN
- 26 OFFICIAL INTERSTATE HEALTH CERTIFICATE OR AN OFFICIAL INTERSTATE

- I CERTIFICATE OF VETERINARY INSPECTION ISSUED BY AN ACCREDITED
- 2 VETERINARIAN FROM THE STATE OF ORIGIN.
- 3 (6) (2) The director may refuse entry into this state to
- 4 OF livestock that the director has reason to believe may pose a
- 5 threat to the PUBLIC HEALTH OR health of -native livestock.
- 6 Livestock imported into this state shall not originate from a
- 7 herd under quarantine unless accompanied by permission issued by
- 8 the director. The director may waive specific requirements if it
- 9 is determined that livestock imported from a certain area or
- 10 state are not a threat to the PUBLIC HEALTH OR health of -native-
- 11 livestock.
- 12 Sec. 20. (1) An official interstate health certificate or
- 13 official interstate certificate of veterinary inspection shall be
- 14 prepared and signed by an accredited veterinarian in the state of
- 15 origin FOR ANIMALS REQUIRING SUCH A CERTIFICATE AND BEING
- 16 IMPORTED INTO THIS STATE. An approved copy of the official
- 17 interstate health certificate or official interstate certificate
- 18 of veterinary inspection shall be forwarded to the state veteri
- 19 narian within 10 days after the date of issuance. An official
- 20 interstate health certificate or official INTERSTATE certificate
- 21 of veterinary inspection FOR ANIMALS BEING IMPORTED TO OR
- 22 EXPORTED FROM THIS STATE shall include all of the following:
- 23 (a) The complete names and addresses of the consignor and
- 24 consignee and the destination address if different from the con-
- 25 signee address.
- 26 (b) A description of the -livestock ANIMALS by breed, sex,
- 27 and age, and a signed certification by the consignor that the

- l animals in the shipment are those described on the certificate.
- ? The director may require that certain classifications of
- 3 -livestock ANIMALS be individually OFFICIALLY identified by ear
- 4 tag, tattoo, brand, or registration number.
- (c) The date of examination of the livestock ANIMALS by
- 6 the accredited veterinarian preparing the certificate.
- (d) The intended use of the livestock, including use for
- A dairy, breeding, feeding or grazing, or immediate slaughter.
- 9 (e) The health status of the livestock ANIMALS by record-
- 10 ing the results of the required tests, required vaccinations, and
- 11 any other data concerning the health of the livestock ANIMALS
- 12 including herd or state disease-free status. The accredited vet-
- 13 erinarian preparing the certificate shall certify that the
- 14 -livestock ANIMALS are free from clinical signs of infectious,
- 15 contagious, or toxicological diseases.
- 16 (f) The -number of the prior entry permit issued by the
- 17 director, if a prior entry permit is required.
- 18 (2) A COPY OF THE OFFICIAL INTERSTATE HEALTH CERTIFICATE OR
- 19 OFFICIAL INTERSTATE CERTIFICATE OF VETERINARY INSPECTION FOR
- 20 LIVESTOCK BEING EXPORTED FROM THIS STATE SHALL BE FORWARDED BY
- 21 THE ISSUING ACCREDITED VETERINARIAN TO THE STATE VETERINARIAN
- 22 WITHIN 10 WORKING DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF ISSUANCE.
- 23 (3) -(2) Livestock -imported DELIVERED directly to a
- 24 slaughter plant shall be slaughtered within 5 days except for
- 25 swine which -must- SHALL be slaughtered within 48 hours.
- 26 Livestock for slaughter imported to a livestock auction market as
- 27 defined in Act No. 284 of the Public Acts of 1937, being sections

- 1 287.121 to 287.131 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, shall be
- 2 slaughtered within 10 days.
- 3 Sec. 22. (1) If an animal is imported without required
- 4 tests, the director may require that the required tests be per
- 5 formed or that the animal be returned to the state of origin
- 6 within 10 days. If the official test result or proof of shipment
- 7 of the animal back to the state of origin has not been received
- 8 within 15 days of notification, the director may order that the
- 9 required tests be performed by a department veterinarian, at the
- 10 importer's expense. IF AN ANIMAL IS IMPORTED INTO THIS STATE
- 11 WITHOUT THE REQUIRED OFFICIAL TESTS OR DOCUMENTS REQUIRED IN SEC-
- 12 TION 19, THE DIRECTOR MAY DO ANY OR ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 13 (A) QUARANTINE THE ANIMAL.
- 14 (B) REQUIRE THAT THE REQUIRED TESTS OR DOCUMENTS BE PER-
- 15 FORMED OR OBTAINED AT THE OWNER'S EXPENSE.
- 16 (C) REOUIRE THE ANIMAL BE RETURNED TO THE STATE OF ORIGIN
- 17 WITHIN 10 DAYS AFTER SUCH NOTIFICATION.
- 18 (2) IF THE OFFICIAL TEST RESULT OR PROOF OF SHIPMENT OF THE
- 19 ANIMAL BACK TO THE STATE OF ORIGIN HAS NOT BEEN RECEIVED WITHIN
- 20 15 DAYS AFTER NOTIFICATION, THE DIRECTOR MAY ORDER THAT THE
- 21 REQUIRED TESTS BE PERFORMED BY A DEPARTMENT VETERINARIAN, AT THE
- 22 OWNER'S OR IMPORTER'S EXPENSE.
- Sec. 23. (1) Except as exempted in section 24, cattle
- 24 entering the THIS state shall meet 1 or more of the following
- 25 requirements:
- 26 (a) Originate directly from an accredited BOVINE
- 27 tuberculosis-free state as defined in title 9 of the code of

- federal regulations and the uniform methods and rules for bovine
- 2 tuberculosis eradication approved by veterinary services of the
- $^{3}$  animal and plant health inspection service of the United States
- 4 department of agriculture which became effective on March 31,
- 5 +988 FEBRUARY 3, 1989, and all amendments thereafter adopted
- 6 pursuant to rules promulgated by the director.
- 7 (b) Originate directly from an accredited BOVINE
- 8 tuberculosis-free herd as defined in title 9 of the code of fed-
- 9 eral regulations and the uniform methods and rules for bovine
- 10 tuberculosis eradication approved by veterinary services of the
- 11 animal and plant health inspection service of the United States
- 12 department of agriculture which became effective on -March 31,
- 13 +988 FEBRUARY 3, 1989, and all amendments thereafter adopted
- 14 pursuant to rules promulgated by the director.
- (c) Have a negative tuberculosis test within 60 days before
- 16 importation.
- 17 (2) Female cattle over 19 months of age and bulls over 6
- 18 months of age shall test negative to an official brucellosis test
- 19 within 30 days before importation or originate directly from a
- 20 certified brucellosis-free herd OR ORIGINATE DIRECTLY FROM A
- 21 STATE WHICH HAS MAINTAINED, FOR THE PREVIOUS 6 CONSECUTIVE YEARS
- 22 PRIOR TO IMPORTATION, CERTIFIED BRUCELLOSIS CLASS FREE STATE
- 23 STATUS as defined in title 9 of the code of federal regulations
- 24 and the uniform methods and rules for brucellosis eradication
- 25 approved by veterinary services of the animal and plant health
- 26 inspection service of the United States department of agriculture
- 27 which became effective on July 1, 1986, and all amendments

- 1 thereafter adopted pursuant to rules promulgated by the
  2 director.
- 3 (3) Female cattle over 4 months of age shall be officially
- 4 calf-hood vaccinated against brucellosis and the vaccination
- 5 tattoo shall be visibly present UNLESS ORIGINATING DIRECTLY FROM
- 6 A STATE WHICH HAS MAINTAINED, FOR THE PREVIOUS 6 CONSECUTIVE
- 7 YEARS PRIOR TO IMPORTATION, CERTIFIED BRUCELLOSIS CLASS FREE
- 8 STATE STATUS AS DEFINED IN TITLE 9 OF THE CODE OF FEDERAL REGULA-
- 9 TIONS AND THE UNIFORM METHODS AND RULES FOR BRUCELLOSIS ERADICA-
- 10 TION APPROVED BY VETERINARY SERVICES OF THE ANIMAL AND PLANT
- 11 HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF
- 12 AGRICULTURE WHICH BECAME EFFECTIVE ON JULY 1, 1986, AND ALL
- 13 AMENDMENTS THEREAFTER ADOPTED PURSUANT TO RULES PROMULGATED BY
- 14 THE DIRECTOR. The vaccination status and vaccination tattoo
- 15 shall be recorded on the official interstate health certificate
- 16 or official interstate certificate of veterinary inspection. The
- 17 vaccination tattoo shall be observed by the accredited veterinar-
- 18 ian preparing the certificate and shall be considered legible if
- 19 the letter "V", surrounded by a U.S. registered shield, can be
- 20 identified:
- 21 (4) Except as provided in section 24, all cattle shall test
- 22 negative to an official bluetonque test within 30 days before
- 23 importation or permission shall be obtained from the director to
- 24 import the cattle without an official bluetongue test.
- 25 (4) (5) Dairy or breeding ALL cattle shall have a prior
- 26 entry permit EXCEPT AS SPECIFICALLY EXEMPTED IN SECTION 24.
- 27 Female dairy or breeding cattle over 19 months of age or bulls

- 1 over 6 months of age imported from states classified brucellosis
- $^{\mathbf{2}}$  B and C by the United States department of agriculture shall be
- $^{3}$  quarantined at the destination. Unless otherwise provided for by
- 4 the director, female cattle over 19 months of age and bulls over
- 5 6 months of age imported from states classified brucellosis B and
- 6 c by the United States department of agriculture, shall test neg-
- 7 ative to an official brucellosis test not sooner than 45 days nor
- 8 more than 120 days after movement to the destination for release
- 9 from quarantine. The dairy or breeding cattle shall not be sold
- 10 or moved from the premises where they are quarantined, without
- 11 permission from the director.
- Sec. 24. (1) Feeder cattle NONNATIVE CATTLE CAPABLE OF
- 13 REPRODUCTION IMPORTED INTO THIS STATE SHALL BE INDIVIDUALLY
- 14 UNIQUELY IDENTIFIED IN A MANNER APPROVED BY THE DIRECTOR AND
- 15 SHALL HAVE A PRIOR ENTRY PERMIT.
- 16 (2) NONNATIVE CATTLE CAPABLE OF REPRODUCTION AND NONNATIVE
- 17 NEUTERED CATTLE shall be exempt from the requirements of section
- 18 23 if they are segregated from native dairy or breeding cattle
- 19 until slaughtered COMPLY WITH 1 OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 20 (A) ARE SENT DIRECTLY TO SLAUGHTER.
  - (B) ARE PLACED DIRECTLY IN A CATTLE IMPORTATION LOT.
- 22 (C) ARE SENT THROUGH A LIVESTOCK AUCTION MARKET DIRECTLY TO
- 23 A CATTLE IMPORTATION LOT WITHOUT COMMINGLING WITH OTHER LIVESTOCK
- 24 IN THE LIVESTOCK AUCTION MARKET.
- 25 (D) ARE SENT THROUGH A LIVESTOCK AUCTION MARKET DIRECTLY TO
- 26 SLAUGHTER WITHOUT COMMINGLING WITH OTHER LIVESTOCK IN THE
- 27 LIVESTOCK AUCTION MARKET.

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- 1 (2) Feeder heifers shall be identified in a manner approved
- 2 by the director and shall have a prior entry permit.
- 3 (3) NONNATIVE NEUTERED CATTLE IMPORTED FOR EXHIBITION PUR-
- 4 POSES ARE EXEMPT FROM THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 21 PROVIDED
- 5 THEY ARE NOT PLACED INTO A CATTLE IMPORTATION LOT.
- 6 (4) -(3) A person importing feeder cattle NONNATIVE
- 7 CATTLE CAPABLE OF REPRODUCTION AND NONNATIVE NEUTERED CATTLE
- 8 DIRECTLY TO A LIVESTOCK AUCTION MARKET shall notify the director
- 9 within 10 days after importation of the destination of any
- 10 -feeder cattle NONNATIVE CATTLE CAPABLE OF REPRODUCTION AND NEU-
- 11 TERED CATTLE dispersed or sold. The notification shall include
- 12 the complete name -- AND address OF THE OWNER AND THE SPECIFIC
- 13 LOCATION OF THE CATTLE IF NOT LOCATED AT THE OWNER'S ADDRESS, THE
- 14 date, number of head, and type , including steers, spayed heif
- 15 ers, and nongravid or unbred heifers, of feeder OF cattle
- 16 involved in each transaction AND FOR NONNATIVE CATTLE CAPABLE OF
- 17 REPRODUCTION, THE UNIQUE INDIVIDUAL IDENTIFICATION APPROVED BY
- 18 THE DIRECTOR.
- 19 SEC. 24A. NONNATIVE CATTLE CAPABLE OF REPRODUCTION IMPORTED
- 20 INTO THIS STATE WHICH DO NOT MEET THE REQUIREMENTS FOR DAIRY OR
- 21 BREEDING CATTLE SHALL BE PLACED IN A CATTLE IMPORTATION LOT.
- 22 Sec. 26. Equine shall test negative to an official test for
- 23 equine infectious anemia -test within 180 days before importa-
- 24 tion AND BE ACCOMPANIED BY AN OFFICIAL INTERSTATE HEALTH CERTIFI-
- 25 CATE OR OFFICIAL INTERSTATE CERTIFICATE OF VETERINARY
- 26 INSPECTION.

- Sec. 27. (1) Sheep, other than sheep consigned directly to 2 a slaughterhouse or to an approved livestock market for sale as 3 slaughter sheep, shall not be imported into this state without a 4 prior entry permit from the director AND SHALL BE ACCOMPANIED BY 5 AN OFFICIAL INTERSTATE HEALTH CERTIFICATE OR OFFICIAL INTERSTATE 6 CERTIFICATE OF VETERINARY INSPECTION.
- 7 (2) Sheep, other than imported feeder lambs or sheep con
  8 signed directly to a slaughterhouse or to an approved livestock
  9 market for sale as slaughter sheep, shall test negative to an
  10 official test for bluetongue within 30 days before importation
  11 unless permission is obtained from the director to import without
  12 an official bluetongue test.
- (2) (3)—Sheep shall originate from a flock free from clin-14 ical signs of foot rot.
- Sec. 28. (1) Goats, other than goats consigned directly to 16 a slaughterhouse or to an approved livestock market for sale as 17 slaughter goats, shall not be imported into this state without a 18 prior entry permit from the director AND SHALL BE ACCOMPANIED BY 19 AN OFFICIAL INTERSTATE HEALTH CERTIFICATE OR OFFICIAL INTERSTATE 20 CERTIFICATE OF VETERINARY INSPECTION.
- (2) Goats shall test negative to an official tuberculosis

  22 test within 60 days before importation or originate directly from

  23 a herd that is accredited tuberculosis-free as defined in the

  24 uniform methods and rules for bovine tuberculosis eradication

  25 approved by veterinary services of the animal and plant health

  26 inspection service of the United States department of agriculture

  27 which became effective on March 31, 1988 FEBRUARY 3, 1989, and

- 1 all amendments thereafter adopted pursuant to rules promulgated
  2 by the director.
- 3 (3) Goats, except wethers, shall test negative to an offi-
- 4 cial test for brucellosis within 30 days before importation or
- 5 originate directly from a herd that is certified brucellosis-free
- 6 by the state of origin.
- 7 (4) Goats shall test negative to an official bluetongue
- 8 test within 30 days before importation unless permission is
- 9 obtained from the director to import the goats without an offi
- 10 cial bluetongue test.
- 11 Sec. 29. (1) Llamas or alpacas NEW WORLD CAMELIDS shall
- 12 not be imported into this state without a prior entry permit from
- 13 the director AND SHALL BE ACCOMPANIED BY AN OFFICIAL INTERSTATE
- 14 HEALTH CERTIFICATE OR OFFICIAL INTERSTATE CERTIFICATE OF VETERI-
- 15 NARY INSPECTION.
- 16 (2) Llamas or alpacas NEW WORLD CAMELIDS shall be individ-
- 17 ually identified by an official -tattoo or other identification.
- 18 -approved by the director. The OFFICIAL identification shall be
- 19 listed on the official interstate health certificate or official
- 20 interstate certificate of veterinary inspection.
- 21 (3) Llamas or alpacas NEW WORLD CAMELIDS shall test nega-
- 22 tive to an official TEST FOR brucellosis -test- within 30 days
- 23 before importation.
- Sec. 30. All poultry and hatching POULTRY eggs imported
- 25 into this state shall be accompanied by an official interstate
- 26 health certificate or official interstate certificate of
- 27 veterinary inspection OR A "REPORT OF SALES OF HATCHING EGGS,

- 1 CHICKS, AND POULTS" (VS FORM 9-3) FOR PARTICIPANTS IN THE
- NATIONAL POULTRY IMPROVEMENT PLAN as outlined in -section-
- 3 SECTIONS 19 AND 20, and shall meet all current requirements out-
- 4 lined in the national poultry improvement plan.
- SEC. 30A. (1) CAPTIVE CERVIDAE, EXCEPT THOSE CONSIGNED
- 6 DIRECTLY TO A STATE OR FEDERALLY INSPECTED SLAUGHTER FACILITY
- PREMISES, SHALL NOT BE IMPORTED INTO THIS STATE WITHOUT A PRIOR
- & ENTRY PERMIT FROM THE DIRECTOR AND SHALL BE ACCOMPANIED BY AN
- 9 OFFICIAL INTERSTATE HEALTH CERTIFICATE OR OFFICIAL INTERSTATE
- 10 CERTIFICATE OF VETERINARY INSPECTION.
- (2) CAPTIVE CERVIDAE IMPORTED INTO THIS STATE SHALL BE INDI-
- 12 VIDUALLY IDENTIFIED BY AN OFFICIAL IDENTIFICATION. THE OFFICIAL
- 13 IDENTIFICATION SHALL BE LISTED ON THE OFFICIAL INTERSTATE HEALTH
- 14 CERTIFICATE OR OFFICIAL INTERSTATE CERTIFICATE OF VETERINARY
- 15 INSPECTION.
- 16 (3) CAPTIVE CERVIDAE 6 MONTHS OF AGE OR OLDER, EXCEPT THOSE
- 17 CONSIGNED DIRECTLY TO A STATE OR FEDERALLY INSPECTED SLAUGHTER
- 18 FACILITY PREMISES, IMPORTED INTO THIS STATE SHALL TEST NEGATIVE
- 19 TO AN OFFICIAL TEST FOR BRUCELLOSIS WITHIN 30 DAYS BEFORE
- 20 IMPORTATION.
- 21 (4) CAPTIVE CERVIDAE 6 MONTHS OF AGE OR OLDER, EXCEPT THOSE
- 22 CONSIGNED DIRECTLY TO A STATE OR FEDERALLY INSPECTED SLAUGHTER
- 23 FACILITY PREMISES, IMPORTED INTO THIS STATE SHALL MEET INTERSTATE
- 24 TUBERCULOSIS TESTING REQUIREMENTS AS DEFINED IN TITLE 9 OF THE
- 25 CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS AND THE UNIFORM METHODS AND RULES FOR
- 26 THE CONTROL AND ERADICATION OF BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS IN CERVIDAE
- 27 APPROVED BY VETERINARY SERVICES OF THE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH

- 1 INSPECTION SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
- 2 AND ALL AMENDMENTS THEREAFTER ADOPTED PURSUANT TO RULES PROMUL-
- 3 GATED BY THE DIRECTOR.
- 4 (5) CAPTIVE CERVIDAE WITH A RESPONSE OTHER THAN NEGATIVE TO
- 5 ANY TUBERCULOSIS TEST OR BRUCELLOSIS TEST ARE NOT ELIGIBLE FOR
- 6 INTERSTATE MOVEMENT INTO THIS STATE WITHOUT PERMISSION FROM THE
- 7 DIRECTOR.
- 8 (6) CAPTIVE CERVIDAE KNOWN TO BE AFFECTED WITH OR EXPOSED TO
- 9 TUBERCULOSIS OR BRUCELLOSIS ARE NOT ELIGIBLE FOR INTERSTATE MOVE-
- 10 MENT INTO THIS STATE WITHOUT PERMISSION FROM THE DIRECTOR.
- 11 SEC. 30B. (1) ALL LIVE CAPTIVE CERVIDAE 6 MONTHS OF AGE OR
- 12 OLDER MOVING FROM 1 PREMISES TO ANOTHER PREMISES WITHIN THIS
- 13 STATE, EXCEPT THOSE CONSIGNED DIRECTLY TO A STATE OR FEDERALLY
- 14 INSPECTED SLAUGHTER FACILITY PREMISES, SHALL BE ACCOMPANIED BY A
- 15 COPY OF THE CURRENT OFFICIAL TEST FOR TUBERCULOSIS OR WRITTEN
- 16 PERMISSION FROM THE DIRECTOR AND SHALL MEET 1 OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 17 (A) CAPTIVE CERVIDAE THAT ORIGINATE DIRECTLY FROM ACCREDITED
- 18 HERDS AS DEFINED IN TITLE 9 OF THE CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS
- 19 AND THE UNIFORM METHODS AND RULES FOR THE CONTROL AND ERADICATION
- 20 OF BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS IN CERVIDAE APPROVED BY VETERINARY SERV-
- 21 ICES OF THE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE OF THE
- 22 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND ALL AMENDMENTS THERE-
- 23 AFTER ADOPTED PURSUANT TO RULES PROMULGATED BY THE DIRECTOR MAY
- 24 MOVE INTRASTATE WITHOUT FURTHER TUBERCULOSIS TESTING IF THEY ARE
- 25 ACCOMPANIED BY A CERTIFICATE SIGNED BY AN ACCREDITED VETERINARIAN
- 26 OR THE DIRECTOR STATING SUCH CAPTIVE CERVIDAE HAVE ORIGINATED
- 27 DIRECTLY FROM AN ACCREDITED HERD.

- (B) CAPTIVE CERVIDAE THAT ORIGINATE DIRECTLY FROM QUALIFIED
- 2 HERDS AS DEFINED IN TITLE 9 OF THE CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS
- 3 AND THE UNIFORM METHODS AND RULES FOR THE CONTROL AND ERADICATION
- 4 OF BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS IN CERVIDAE APPROVED BY VETERINARY SERV-
- 5 ICES OF THE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE OF THE
- 6 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND ALL AMENDMENTS THERE-
- 7 AFTER ADOPTED PURSUANT TO RULES PROMULGATED BY THE DIRECTOR MAY
- 8 MOVE INTRASTATE WITHOUT FURTHER TUBERCULOSIS TESTING IF THEY ARE
- 9 ACCOMPANIED BY A CERTIFICATE SIGNED BY AN ACCREDITED VETERINARIAN
- 10 OR THE DIRECTOR STATING SUCH CAPTIVE CERVIDAE HAVE ORIGINATED
- 11 DIRECTLY FROM A QUALIFIED HERD.
- (C) CAPTIVE CERVIDAE THAT ORIGINATE DIRECTLY FROM A MONI-
- 13 TORED HERD AS DEFINED IN TITLE 9 OF THE CODE OF FEDERAL REGULA-
- 14 TIONS AND THE UNIFORM METHODS AND RULES FOR THE CONTROL AND ERAD-
- 15 ICATION OF BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS IN CERVIDAE APPROVED BY VETERINARY
- 16 SERVICES OF THE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE OF THE
- 17 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND ALL AMENDMENTS THERE-
- 18 AFTER ADOPTED PURSUANT TO RULES PROMULGATED BY THE DIRECTOR MAY
- 19 MOVE INTRASTATE WITHOUT FURTHER TUBERCULOSIS TESTING IF THEY ARE
- 20 ACCOMPANIED BY A CERTIFICATE SIGNED BY AN ACCREDITED VETERINARIAN
- 21 OR THE DIRECTOR STATING SUCH CAPTIVE CERVIDAE HAVE ORIGINATED
- 22 DIRECTLY FROM A MONITORED HERD.
- 23 (D) CAPTIVE CERVIDAE THAT ORIGINATE FROM ALL OTHER HERDS NOT
- 24 KNOWN TO BE AFFECTED WITH OR EXPOSED TO TUBERCULOSIS MAY BE MOVED
- 25 INTRASTATE IF THEY ARE ACCOMPANIED BY A CERTIFICATE SIGNED BY AN
- 26 ACCREDITED VETERINARIAN STATING THAT SUCH CAPTIVE CERVIDAE HAVE

- 1 BEEN CLASSIFIED NEGATIVE TO AN OFFICIAL TUBERCULOSIS TEST WHICH
- 2 WAS CONDUCTED WITHIN 90 DAYS PRIOR TO MOVEMENT.
- 3 (2) CAPTIVE CERVIDAE WITH A RESPONSE OTHER THAN NEGATIVE TO
- 4 ANY TUBERCULOSIS TEST ARE NOT ELIGIBLE FOR INTRASTATE MOVEMENT
- 5 WITHOUT PERMISSION FROM THE DIRECTOR.
- 6 (3) CAPTIVE CERVIDAE KNOWN TO BE AFFECTED WITH OR EXPOSED TO
- 7 TUBERCULOSIS SHALL NOT BE MOVED INTRASTATE WITHOUT PERMISSION
- 8 FROM THE DIRECTOR.
- 9 Sec. 31. (1) A species quarantined by the director,
- 10 because the species is likely ANY SPECIES HAVING THE POTENTIAL
- 11 to spread serious diseases or parasites, TO CAUSE SERIOUS PHYSI-
- 12 CAL HARM, or to otherwise endanger native wildlife, human life,
- 13 livestock, domestic animals, or property, AS DETERMINED BY THE
- 14 DIRECTOR, shall not be imported into this state.
- 15 (2) A PRIOR ENTRY PERMIT SHALL BE OBTAINED FROM THE DIRECTOR
- 16 FOR A WILD ANIMAL OR EXOTIC ANIMAL SPECIES NOT REGULATED BY THE
- 17 FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF
- 18 INTERIOR OR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES OF THIS STATE.
- 19 (3) -(2)-A- THE DIRECTOR MAY REQUIRE COMPLIANCE WITH ANY OR
- 20 ALL OF THE FOLLOWING PRIOR TO THE IMPORTATION OF A wild animal
- 21 OR AN EXOTIC ANIMAL SPECIES not regulated by the fish and
- 22 wildlife service of the United States department of interior or
- 23 the -state department of natural resources OF THIS STATE: -shall
- 24 be in compliance with all of the following:
- 25 (a) A prior entry permit shall be obtained from the direc-
- 26 tor and an immediate examination, if considered necessary by the
- 27 director, shall be conducted to determine the health status,

- proper housing, husbandry, and confinement of any animal
- 2 permitted to enter this state. The director may require wild
- 3 animals to test negative to specific official tests required by
- 4 the director within a time frame before importation in this state
- 5 as determined by the director. The director may require wild
- 6 animals to be identified in a manner approved by the director.
- 7 (A) PHYSICAL EXAMINATION BY AN ACCREDITED VETERINARIAN BE
- 8 CONDUCTED AFTER IMPORTATION TO DETERMINE THE HEALTH STATUS,
- 9 PROPER HOUSING, HUSBANDRY, AND CONFINEMENT OF ANY ANIMAL PERMIT-
- 10 TED TO ENTER THIS STATE.
- (B) NEGATIVE TEST RESULTS TO SPECIFIC OFFICIAL TESTS
- 12 REQUIRED BY THE DIRECTOR WITHIN A TIME FRAME BEFORE IMPORTATION
- 13 INTO THIS STATE AS DETERMINED BY THE DIRECTOR.
- (C) IDENTIFICATION PRIOR TO IMPORTATION IN A MANNER APPROVED
- 15 BY THE DIRECTOR.
- 16 (4) (b) A wild animal permitted to enter this state shall
- 17 be accompanied by an AN official interstate health certificate
- 18 or official interstate certificate of veterinary inspection
- 19 signed by an accredited veterinarian from the state of origin
- 20 SHALL ACCOMPANY ALL WILD ANIMAL OR EXOTIC ANIMAL SPECIES IMPORTED
- 21 INTO THIS STATE. The official interstate health certificate or
- 22 official interstate certificate of veterinary inspection shall
- 23 comply with all the requirements of section 20(1)(a), (b), (c),
- 24 (d), (e), and (f).
- 25 (5) -(c)- A wild animal OR EXOTIC ANIMAL SPECIES permitted
- 26 to enter this state shall receive housing, feeding, restraining,
- 27 and care that is approved by the director.

- (6) -(d) A person shall not import or release live feral
   swine or any crosses of feral swine in this state FOR ANY PURPOSE
   WITHOUT PERMISSION FROM THE DIRECTOR.
- 4 Sec. 33. (1) Except upon permission from the director,
- 5 female dairy or breeding cattle, 4 months of age or older, or
- 6 bulls 6 months of age or older, within this state, shall not be
- 7 sold, leased, or moved to associate with cattle of another owner,
- 8 unless each animal is accompanied by either an official certifi-
- 9 cate of record for sale form or, if a vaccinated female under 20
- 10 months of age, a brucellosis certificate of record of official
- 11 calfhood vaccination form issued by the department. The certifi-
- 12 cate required by this section shall not be necessary in the case
- 13 of native cattle for exhibition not under quarantine and origi-
- 14 nating from a certified brucellosis free area of the state as
- 15 defined in title 9 of the code of federal regulations and the
- 16 uniform methods and rules for brucellosis eradication approved by
- 17 veterinary services of the animal and plant health inspection
- 18 service of the United States department of agriculture which
- 19 became effective on July 1, 1986, and all amendments thereafter
- 20 adopted pursuant to rules promulgated by the director.
- 21 (2) An official certificate of record for sale form may be
- 22 obtained if 1 of the following occurs:
- 23 (a) When cattle originate directly from a brucellosis
- 24 certified free herd as defined in title 9 of the code of federal
- 25 regulations and the uniform methods and rules for brucellosis
- 26 eradication approved by veterinary services of the animal and
- 27 plant health inspection service of the United States department

- 41 1 of agriculture which became effective on July 1, 1986, and all 2 amendments thereafter adopted pursuant to rules promulgated by 3 the director or a herd that has received a complete negative herd 4 test within the last 12 months and, in the case of females over 4 5 months of age, shall be official calfhood vaccinates. The vacci 6 nation tattoo shall be observed by the accredited veterinarian 7 and shall be considered legible if the letter "V", surrounded by 8 a U.S. registered shield, can be identified. Only cattle tested 9 on the complete herd test, or a natural addition to the herd, can 10 comply with this subdivision. 11 (b) When a vaccinated female over 19 months of age or a bull 12 over 6 months of age that does not meet the requirements of sub-13 division (a) tests regative to an official brucellosis test 14 within 90 days before movement and, in the case of females over 4 15 months of age, is an official calfhood vaccinate with the vacci-16 mation tattoo visibly present. The tattoo shall be considered 17 legible if the letter "V", surrounded by a U.S. registered 18 shield, can be identified. 19 (3) Cattle shall be individually identified by an official 20 car tag. For individual identification other than the official 21 car tag, approval shall be obtained from the director prior to 22 movement to associate with other cattle. The seller, seller's 23 agent, or lessor has the responsibility for furnishing an AH 275
- 25 (4) Dairy or breeding cattle accompanied by an AH 275 form 26 or, if under 20 months of age, an AH 005 form, may be sold at

24 or AH 905 form.

- 1 AT A LIVESTOCK AUCTION MARKET shall be handled and housed in
- 2 facilities and pens in a manner approved by the director. The
- 3 alleys and sale rings used for dairy or breeding cattle shall be
- 4 cleaned and disinfected before each sale. After cleaning and
- 5 disinfecting, they shall not be used by untested slaughter cattle
- 6 or reactor cattle before use by dairy or breeding cattle. The
- 7 pens, facilities, and the procedures for cleaning and disinfect-
- 8 ing shall be approved by the director.
- 9 Sec. 35. Female or breeding cattle intended for slaughter
- 10 shall be moved to market in either of the following manners: (a)
- 11 Directly from a premises to a slaughter establishment. (b)
- 12 Through a livestock auction or collection point licensed under
- 13 Act No. 284 of the Public Acts of 1937, being sections 287.121 to
- 14 287.131 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. IF LIVESTOCK UNDERGOES
- 15 PARTURITION WITHIN A SLAUGHTER FACILITY PREMISES, THE NEWBORN
- 16 SHALL NOT LEAVE THE SLAUGHTER FACILITY PREMISES UNLESS PERMISSION
- 17 IS GRANTED BY THE DIRECTOR TO MOVE THE NEWBORN TO AN ALTERNATE
- 18 PREMISES.
- 19 Sec. 39. Unless otherwise approved by the director, the
- 20 following shall apply to exhibition facilities:
- 21 (a) A facility for exhibition of livestock shall be con-
- 22 structed to allow sufficient separation of each exhibitor's
- 23 livestock. The facility shall be constructed of a material that
- 24 can be adequately cleaned and disinfected.
- 25 (b) Except upon a waiver granted by the director, an exhibi-
- 26 tion building or yarding facility shall be cleaned and
- 27 disinfected -at-least 7 days WITH USDA-APPROVED DISINFECTANT

- USED IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL INSTRUCTIONS before livestock are
- admitted by removing from the premises all manure, litter, hay,
- 3 straw, and forage from pens, runways, and show rings, and thor-
- 4 oughly disinfecting walls, partitions, floors, mangers, yarding
- S facilities, and runways in a manner approved by the director.
- 6 Sec. 40. (1) A fair shall have an accredited veterinarian
- on call whenever there are animals on the premises during the
- 8 fair.
- 9 (2) A fair, exhibition, EXPOSITION, or show authority shall
- 10 do both of the following:
- (a) Notify exhibitors of health tests and certificates
- 12 required for importation and exhibition in this state.
- (b) Examine and approve required health certificates and
- 14 show papers prior to the livestock being unloaded.
- 15 (3) -(2) Livestock with clinical signs of infectious, con-
- 16 tagious, or toxicological disease shall be removed from the fair,
- 17 EXHIBITION, OR EXPOSITION.
- 18 (4) IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE EXHIBITOR TO ENSURE THAT
- 19 ALL REQUIREMENTS FOR TESTING, IDENTIFICATION, AND OFFICIAL INTER-
- 20 STATE HEALTH CERTIFICATE OR OFFICIAL INTERSTATE CERTIFICATE OF
- 21 VETERINARY INSPECTION ARE FULFILLED PRIOR TO IMPORTATION AND THAT
- 22 PROOF OF FULFILLING THESE REQUIREMENTS IS PROVIDED TO THE DIREC-
- 23 TOR, FAIR, EXHIBITION, EXPOSITION, OR SHOW AUTHORITY UPON
- 24 REQUEST.
- 25 (5) ANIMALS FOR EXHIBITION WITHIN THIS STATE SHALL COMPLY
- 26 WITH THE FOLLOWING:

- 1 (A) -(3) Swine shall be individually identified by -an2 official IDENTIFICATION. ear tag or, only for registered swine
  3 accompanied by registration papers, by ear notches.
- 9 (i) PROOF THAT ALL SWINE TO BE EXHIBITED ORIGINATE FROM A
  10 STAGE IV AREA OR REGION OR OTHER LOW PREVALENCE AREA AS RECOG-
- (ii) —(a)—Proof that the swine originate directly from a

  13 pseudorabies qualified-negative herd as defined in title 9 of the

  14 code of federal regulations, which proof may consist of a copy of

  15 a valid certificate issued by the department stating that the

  16 herd meets the requirements for a pseudorabies qualified-negative

  17 herd.
- (iii) -(b) Unless the swine are piglets nursing a pseudora19 bies negative sow, an official swine test report that indicates
  20 the swine have been tested for pseudorabies within 45 days before
  21 exhibition and have tested negative.
- 22 (6) -(5) Upon request, a person who exhibits swine
  23 LIVESTOCK shall present for inspection -the ALL reports, TEST
  24 CHARTS, AND APPROPRIATE HEALTH CERTIFICATES required by this
  25 -section- ACT to accompany the swine LIVESTOCK.
- Sec. 42. (1) Whenever an official test is conducted or an official vaccination is administered, livestock shall, unless

exempted by the director, be permanently identified in a manner approved by the director BY AN OFFICIAL IDENTIFICATION.

- (2) The result of an official test shall be reported on a form supplied by the department. If a tissue sample is submitted for analysis, a properly completed sample submission form supplied by the department shall accompany the sample. —A—THE OFFICIAL TEST tissue sample shall be obtained and submitted only by —a licensed,—AN accredited veterinarian EXCEPT UNDER SPECIAL PERMISSION OF THE DIRECTOR. —A—THE form used to —report—DOCUMENT the results of an official test, sample submission, or official vaccination shall be properly prepared and completed.

  —by the veterinarian as designated by the director.
- (3) An official brucellosis calfhood vaccination shall be performed by an accredited veterinarian in compliance with the method outlined in title 9 of the code of federal regulations and the uniform methods and rules for brucellosis eradication approved by veterinary services of the animal and plant health inspection service of the United States department of agriculture which became effective on July 1, 1986, and all amendments thereafter published by the United States department of agriculture and adopted pursuant to rules promulgated by the director.
- (4) Except upon special permission from the director, official brucellosis calfhood vaccination shall be performed only on female cattle between the ages of 4 and 8 months.
- (5) A person shall not tattoo any animal with the official brucellosis vaccination tattoo unless the animal is an official brucellosis calfhood vaccinate.

- 1 (6) Testing and surveillance for brucellosis and
- 2 tuberculosis shall be as follows:
- 3 (a) A brucellosis ring test shall be conducted on each herd
- 4 shipping milk to a dairy plant in this state. The test shall be
- 5 conducted as outlined in title 9 of the code of federal regula-
- 6 tions and the uniform methods and rules for brucellosis eradica-
- 7 tion approved by veterinary services of the animal and plant
- 8 health inspection service of the United States department of
- 9 agriculture which became effective on July 1, 1986, and all
- 10 amendments thereafter published by the United States department
- 11 of agriculture and adopted pursuant to rules promulgated by the
- 12 director.
- (b) Disease surveillance for tuberculosis and brucellosis
- 14 shall be conducted through the market cattle identification pro-
- 15 gram as set forth in title 9 of the code of federal regulations
- 16 and the uniform methods and rules for brucellosis eradication
- 17 approved by veterinary services of the animal and plant health
- 18 inspection service of the United States department of agriculture
- 19 which became effective on July 1, 1986, and all amendments there-
- 20 after adopted pursuant to rules promulgated by the director and
- 21 the uniform methods and rules for bovine tuberculosis eradication
- 22 approved by veterinary services of the animal and plant health
- 23 inspection service of the United States department of agriculture
- 24 which became effective on March 31, 1988 FEBRUARY 3, 1989, and
- 25 all amendments thereafter published by the United States depart-
- 26 ment of agriculture and adopted pursuant to rules promulgated by
- 27 the director.

- (7) The department may participate in the programs described in subsection (6) and may test for brucellosis and tuberculosis in any sample of —cattle—LIVESTOCK blood or tissue collected at a United States department or department approved slaughter facility, any livestock collection or market facility, or any sample of —cattle—LIVESTOCK blood or tissue submitted for diagnostic purposes to a United States department of agriculture officially approved laboratory. The slaughter facility, livestock collection or market facility, or laboratory shall provide adequate room, time, and safe conditions for the collection of blood or tissue samples.
- Sec. 43. (1) A -veterinary biological COMPANY, MANUFACTUR13 ER, FIRM, MAIL OR TELEPHONE ORDER COMPANY, ESTABLISHMENT, OUTLET,
  14 OR MOBILE DISTRIBUTOR IN ANOTHER STATE shall not be distributed
  15 in EXPORT ANY VETERINARY BIOLOGICALS FOR DISTRIBUTION OR SALE
  16 INTO this state unless PRIOR permission is obtained from the
  17 director and any stipulations set forth IN OR PURSUANT TO TITLE 9
  18 OF THE CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS UNDER "LICENSES FOR BIOLOGICAL
  19 PRODUCTS" AND ALL AMENDMENTS THEREAFTER ADOPTED PURSUANT TO RULES
  20 PROMULGATED BY THE DIRECTOR are met.
- 21 (2) A person shall not import any veterinary biological

  22 into this state unless permission is obtained from the director.

  23 These products A COMPANY OR MANUFACTURER MANUFACTURING A VETERI
  24 NARY BIOLOGICAL WITHIN THIS STATE SHALL NOT DISTRIBUTE OR SELL

  25 ANY VETERINARY BIOLOGICAL WITHIN THIS STATE UNLESS PRIOR PERMIS
  26 SION IS OBTAINED FROM THE DIRECTOR AND ANY STIPULATIONS SET FORTH

  27 IN OR PURSUANT TO TITLE 9 OF THE CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS

- 1 UNDER "LICENSES FOR BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS" AND ALL AMENDMENTS
- 2 THEREAFTER ADOPTED PURSUANT TO RULES PROMULGATED BY THE
- 3 DIRECTOR.
- 4 (3) THE DIRECTOR SHALL PURSUE RESTRICTIONS ON THE DISTRIBU-
- 5 TION AND USE OF VETERINARY BIOLOGICALS WHEN THE DIRECTOR DETER-
- 6 MINES THAT SUCH RESTRICTIONS ARE NECESSARY FOR THE PROTECTION OF
- 7 DOMESTIC ANIMALS OR THE PUBLIC HEALTH, INTEREST, OR SAFETY, OR
- 8 BOTH, AS SET FORTH IN TITLE 9 OF THE CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS
- 9 UNDER "LICENSES FOR BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS" AND ALL AMENDMENTS
- 10 THEREAFTER ADOPTED PURSUANT TO RULES PROMULGATED BY THE DIRECTOR.
- 11 (4) VETERINARY BIOLOGICALS shall be administered only by a
- 12 licensed veterinarian or under the supervision of a licensed vet-
- 13 erinarian unless used in compliance with section 18814 of the
- 14 public health code, Act No. 368 of the Public Acts of 1978, being
- 15 section 333.18814 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- 16 -(3) The director may restrict the sale of a specific veter-
- 17 inary biological in this state to licensed or accredited veteri-
- 18 narians or to a distributor who limits the sale of that specific
- 19 veterinary biological to licensed or accredited veterinarians.
- 20 (5) A VETERINARY BIOLOGICAL THAT IS REQUIRED BY LAW AS SET
- 21 FORTH IN TITLE 9 OF THE CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS UNDER
- 22 "LICENSES FOR BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS" AND ALL AMENDMENTS THEREAFTER
- 23 ADOPTED PURSUANT TO RULES PROMULGATED BY THE DIRECTOR TO BE
- 24 ADMINISTERED BY, ON THE ORDER OF, OR UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF A
- 25 VETERINARIAN SHALL BE DISTRIBUTED ONLY TO VETERINARIANS, DISTRIB-
- 26 UTORS WHO DISTRIBUTE THE VETERINARY BIOLOGICAL ONLY TO

- 1 VETERINARIANS, OR PHARMACIES AND OTHER APPROPRIATE RETAIL OUTLETS
- 2 TO BE SOLD ONLY ON THE PRESCRIPTION OR ORDER OF A VETERINARIAN.
- $(6) \frac{(4)}{(4)}$  The director may require that the use of ANY
- 4 PERSON WHO SELLS, USES, DISTRIBUTES, OR ADMINISTERS a veterinary
- 5 biological or diagnostic test shall be reported REPORT THE
- 6 SALE, USE, DISTRIBUTION, OR ADMINISTRATION to the department
- 7 within 5 WORKING days of its use and the director shall deter-
- 8 mine the information required in the report.
- 9 Section 2. Sections 21 and 34 of Act No. 466 of the Public
- 10 Acts of 1989, being sections 287.721 and 287.734 of the Michigan
- 11 Compiled Laws, are repealed.