Act No. 228
Public Acts of 1995
Approved by the Governor
December 13, 1995
Filed with the Secretary of State
December 19, 1995

STATE OF MICHIGAN 88TH LEGISLATURE REGULAR SESSION OF 1995

Introduced by Reps. Law, Jamian, Rocca, Bullard, Dobronski and DeMars
Reps. Agee, Bennane, Bodem, Byl, Dalman, DeHart, Gernaat, Gnodtke, Goschka, Gubow, Jellema,
Jersevic, Johnson, Kaza, Kelly, Kukuk, LeTarte, London, McBryde, Oxender, Palamara, Perricone,
Profit, Ryan, Scott, Vaughn, Voorhees, Weeks and Wetters named co-sponsors

ENROLLED HOUSE BILL No. 4655

AN ACT to amend section 49 of Act No. 328 of the Public Acts of 1931, entitled as amended "An act to revise, consolidate, codify and add to the statutes relating to crimes; to define crimes and prescribe the penalties therefor; to provide for restitution under certain circumstances; to provide for the competency of evidence at the trial of persons accused of crime; to provide immunity from prosecution for certain witnesses appearing at such trials; and to repeal certain acts and parts of acts inconsistent with or contravening any of the provisions of this act," as amended by Act No. 381 of the Public Acts of 1988, being section 750.49 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

The People of the State of Michigan enact:

Section 1. Section 49 of Act No. 328 of the Public Acts of 1931, as amended by Act No. 381 of the Public Acts of 1988, being section 750.49 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 49. (1) As used in this section, "animal" means a vertebrate other than a human.

- (2) A person shall not knowingly do any of the following:
- (a) Own, possess, use, buy, sell, offer to buy or sell, import, or export an animal for fighting or baiting, or as a target to be shot at as a test of skill in marksmanship.
 - (b) Be a party to or cause the fighting, baiting, or shooting of an animal as described in subdivision (a).
- (c) Rent or otherwise obtain the use of a building, shed, room, yard, ground, or premises for fighting, baiting, or shooting an animal as described in subdivision (a).
- (d) Permit the use of a building, shed, room, yard, ground, or premises belonging to him or her or under his or her control for any of the purposes described in this section.
- (e) Organize, promote, or collect money for the fighting, baiting, or shooting of an animal as described in subdivisions (a) to (d).
- (f) Be present at a building, shed, room, yard, ground, or premises where preparations are being made for an exhibition described in subdivisions (a) to (d), or be present at the exhibition, knowing that an exhibition is taking place or about to take place.
- (g) Breed, buy, sell, offer to buy or sell, exchange, import, or export an animal the person knows has been trained or used for fighting as described in subdivisions (a) to (d), or breed, buy, sell, offer to buy or sell, exchange, import, or export the offspring of an animal the person knows has been trained or used for fighting as described in subdivisions (a)

- to (d). This subdivision does not prohibit owning, breeding, buying, selling, offering to buy or sell, exchanging, importing, or exporting an animal for agricultural or agricultural exposition purposes.
- (h) Own, possess, use, buy, sell, offer to buy or sell, transport, or deliver any device or equipment intended for use in the fighting, baiting, or shooting of an animal as described in subdivisions (a) to (d).
 - (3) A person who violates subsection (2)(a) to (e) is guilty of a felony punishable by 1 or more of the following:
 - (a) Imprisonment for not more than 4 years.
 - (b) A fine of not less than \$5,000.00 or more than \$50,000.00.
 - (c) Not less than 500 or more than 1,000 hours of community service.
 - (4) A person who violates subsection (2)(f) to (h) is guilty of a felony punishable by 1 or more of the following:
 - (a) Imprisonment for not more than 4 years.
 - (b) A fine of not less than \$1,000.00 or more than \$5,000.00.
 - (c) Not less than 250 or more than 500 hours of community service.
 - (5) The court may order a person convicted of violating this section to pay the costs of prosecution.
- (6) The court may order a person convicted of violating this section to pay the costs for housing and caring for the animal, including, but not limited to, providing veterinary medical treatment.
- (7) As part of the sentence for a violation of subsection (2), the court shall order the person convicted not to own or possess an animal of the same species involved in the violation of this section for 5 years after the date of sentencing. Failure to comply with the order of the court pursuant to this subsection is punishable as contempt of court.
- (8) If a person incites an animal trained or used for fighting or an animal that is the first or second generation offspring of an animal trained or used for fighting to attack a person and thereby causes the death of that person, the owner is guilty of a felony and shall be punished by imprisonment for life or by imprisonment for a maximum term of any term of years greater than 15 years.
- (9) If a person incites an animal trained or used for fighting or an animal that is the first or second generation offspring of an animal trained or used for fighting to attack a person, but the attack does not result in the death of the person, the owner is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 4 years or a fine of not more than \$2,000.00, or both.
- (10) If an animal trained or used for fighting or an animal that is the first or second generation offspring of an animal trained or used for fighting attacks a person without provocation and causes the death of that person, the owner of the animal is guilty of a felony and shall be punished by imprisonment for a maximum term of not more than 15 years.
- (11) If an animal trained or used for fighting or an animal that is the first or second generation offspring of an animal trained or used for fighting attacks a person without provocation, but the attack does not cause the death of the person, the owner is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 1 year or a fine of not more than \$1,000.00, or both.
- (12) Subsections (8) to (11) do not apply if the person attacked was committing or attempting to commit an unlawful act on the property of the owner of the animal.
- (13) If an animal trained or used for fighting or an animal that is the first or second generation offspring of a dog trained or used for fighting goes beyond the property limits of its owner without being securely restrained, the owner is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 90 days or a fine of not less than \$50.00 nor more than \$500.00, or both.
- (14) If an animal trained or used for fighting or an animal that is the first or second generation offspring of a dog trained or used for fighting is not securely enclosed or restrained on the owner's property, the owner is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 90 days or a fine of not more than \$500.00, or both.
 - (15) Subsections (8) to (14) do not apply to any of the following:
- (a) A dog trained or used for fighting, or the first or second generation offspring of a dog trained or used for fighting, that is used by a law enforcement agency of the state or a county, city, village, or township.
 - (b) A certified leader dog recognized and trained by a national guide dog association for the blind or handicapped.
- (c) A corporation licensed under the private security guard act of 1968, Act No. 330 of the Public Acts of 1968, being sections 338.1051 to 338.1085 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, when a dog trained or used for fighting, or the first or second generation offspring of a dog trained or used for fighting, is used under the provisions of Act No. 330 of the Public Acts of 1968.
- (16) An animal that has been used to fight in violation of this section or that is involved in a violation of subsections (8) to (14) shall be confiscated as contraband by a law enforcement officer and shall not be returned to the owner, trainer, or possessor of the animal. The animal shall be taken to a local humane society or other animal welfare agency. If an animal owner, trainer, or possessor is convicted under subsection (2) or subsections (8) to (14), the court shall award the animal involved in the violation to the local humane society or other animal welfare agency.

- (17) Upon receiving an animal confiscated under this section, or at any time thereafter, an appointed veterinarian, the humane society, or other animal welfare agency may humanely euthanize the animal if, in the opinion of that veterinarian, humane society, or other animal welfare agency, the animal is injured or diseased past recovery or the animal's continued existence is inhumane so that euthanasia is necessary to relieve pain and suffering.
- (18) A humane society or other animal welfare agency that receives an animal pursuant to this section shall apply to the district court or municipal court for a hearing to determine whether the animal shall be humanely euthanized because of its lack of any useful purpose and the public safety threat it poses. The court shall hold a hearing not more than 30 days after the filing of the application and shall give notice of the hearing to the owner of the animal. Upon a finding by the court that the animal lacks any useful purpose and poses a threat to public safety, the humane society or other animal welfare agency shall humanely euthanize the animal. Expenses incurred in connection with the housing, care, upkeep, or euthanasia of the animal by a humane society or other animal welfare agency, or by a person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other entity, shall be assessed against the owner of the animal.
- (19) Subject to subsections (16) to (18), all animals being used or to be used in fighting, equipment, devices and money involved in a violation of subsection (2) shall be forfeited to the state. All other instrumentalities, proceeds, and substituted proceeds of a violation of subsection (2) are subject to forfeiture under chapter 47 of the revised judicature act of 1961, Act No. 236 of the Public Acts of 1961, being sections 600.4701 to 600.4709 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
 - (20) This section does not apply to conduct that is permitted by and is in compliance with any of the following:
- (a) Part 401 (wildlife conservation) of the natural resources and environmental protection act, Act No. 451 of the Public Acts of 1994, being sections 324.40101 to 324.40119 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- (b) Part 435 (hunting and fishing licensing) of Act No. 451 of the Public Acts of 1994, being sections 324.43501 to 324.43561 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- (c) Part 427 (breeders and dealers) of Act No. 451 of the Public Acts of 1994, being sections 324.42701 to 324.42714 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- (d) Part 417 (private shooting preserves) of Act No. 451 of the Public Acts of 1994, being sections 324.41701 to 324.41712 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- (21) This section does not prohibit a person from being charged with, convicted of, or punished for any other violation of law that is committed by that person while violating this section.
- Section 2. This amendatory act shall not take effect unless House Bill No. 4656 of the 88th Legislature is enacted into law.

Section 3. This amendatory act shall take effect January 1, 1996.

This act is ordered to take immediate effect.

	Clerk of the House of Representatives.
	Secretary of the Senate.
Approved	
Governor.	



