

HOUSE BILL No. 4509

March 2, 1995, Introduced by Reps. Bush and Ryan and referred to the Committee on Judiciary and Civil Rights.

A bill to amend sections 16, 44, and 76 of Act No. 87 of the Public Acts of 1985, entitled as amended "Crime victim's rights act," as amended by Act No. 341 of the Public Acts of 1993, being sections 780.766, 780.794, and 780.826 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- Section 1. Sections 16, 44, and 76 of Act No. 87 of the
- 2 Public Acts of 1985, as amended by Act No. 341 of the Public Acts
- 3 of 1993, being sections 780.766, 780.794, and 780.826 of the
- 4 Michigan Compiled Laws, are amended to read as follows:
- Sec. 16. (1) For purposes of this section only, "victim"
- 6 means an individual who suffers direct or threatened physical,
- 7 financial, or emotional harm as a result of the commission of a
- 8 crime. For purposes of subsections (2), (3), (4), (7), (9),

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- 1 (10), (11), and (16), victim includes a sole proprietorship,
- 2 partnership, corporation, association, governmental entity, or
- 3 any other legal entity that suffers direct physical or financial
- 4 harm as a result of a crime.
- 5 (2) Except as provided in this section and section 17, the
- 6 court, when sentencing a defendant convicted of a crime, shall
- 7 order, in addition to or in lieu of any other penalty authorized
- 8 by law or in addition to any other penalty required by law, that
- 9 the defendant make full or partial restitution to any victim of
- 10 the defendant's course of conduct that gives rise to the convic-
- 11 tion, or to the victim's estate.
- 12 (3) If the court does not order restitution, or orders only
- 13 partial restitution under this section, the court shall state on
- 14 the record the reasons for that action.
- 15 (4) If a crime results in damage to or loss or destruction
- 16 of property of a victim of the -offense- CRIME, or results in the
- 17 seizure or impoundment of property of a victim of the -offense-
- 18 CRIME, the order of restitution may require that the defendant do
- 19 1 or more of the following:
- 20 (a) Return the property to the owner of the property or to a
- 21 person designated by the owner.
- (b) If return of the property under subdivision (a) is
- 23 impossible, impractical, or inadequate, pay an amount equal to
- 24 the greater of subparagraph (i) or (ii), less the value, deter-
- 25 mined as of the date the property is returned, of that property
- 26 or any part of the property that is returned:

- (i) The value of the property on the date of the damage,
 loss, or destruction.
- (ii) The value of the property on the date of sentencing.
- 4 (c) Pay the costs of the seizure or impoundment, or both.
- 5 (5) If a crime results in physical or psychological injury
- 6 to a victim, the order of restitution may require that the
- 7 defendant do 1 or more of the following, as applicable:
- 8 (a) Pay an amount equal to the cost of actual medical and
- 9 related professional services and devices relating to physical
- 10 and psychological care.
- (b) Pay an amount equal to the cost of actual physical and
- 12 occupational therapy and rehabilitation.
- (c) Reimburse the victim or the victim's estate for
- 14 after-tax income loss suffered by the victim as a result of the
- 15 -offense CRIME.
- (d) Pay an amount equal to the cost of psychological and
- 17 medical treatment for members of the victim's family that has
- 18 been incurred as a result of the -offense CRIME.
- (e) Pay an amount equal to the costs of actual homemaking
- 20 and child care expenses incurred as a result of the -offense-
- 21 CRIME.
- 22 (6) If a crime resulting in bodily injury also results in
- 23 the death of a victim, the order of restitution may require that
- 24 the defendant pay an amount equal to the cost of actual funeral
- 25 and related services.
- 26 (7) Instead of restitution under subsections (4) to (6), if
- 27 the victim or victim's estate consents, the order of restitution

- 1 may require that the defendant make restitution in services in
- 2 lieu of money, or make restitution to a person designated by the
- 3 victim or victim's estate if that person provided services to the
- 4 victim as a result of the crime. AS USED IN THIS SUBSECTION,
- 5 "PERSON" INCLUDES, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO, A SHELTER PROGRAM FOR
- 6 VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AND THEIR DEPENDENT CHILDREN ESTAB-
- 7 LISHED UNDER ACT NO. 389 OF THE PUBLIC ACTS OF 1978, BEING
- 8 SECTIONS 400.1501 TO 400.1510 OF THE MICHIGAN COMPILED LAWS, OR A
- 9 SIMILAR COMMUNITY SERVICE PROGRAM.
- 10 (8) If the court orders restitution under this section, the
- 11 court shall, if the victim is deceased, order that the restitu-
- 12 tion be made to the victim's estate.
- 13 (9) Any order of restitution shall be as fair as possible to
- 14 the victim or victim's estate without unduly complicating or pro-
- 15 longing the sentencing process.
- 16 (10) Except as otherwise provided in this section and
- 17 section 17, the court shall order restitution to the crime vic-
- 18 tims compensation board or to any individuals, partnerships, cor-
- 19 porations, associations, governmental entities, or -any- other
- 20 legal entities that have compensated the victim or THE victim's
- 21 estate for a loss incurred by the victim to the extent of the
- 22 compensation paid for that loss. However, an order of restitu-
- 23 tion shall require that all restitution to a victim or victim's
- 24 estate under the order be made before any restitution to any
- 25 other person under that order is made. The court shall not order
- 26 restitution to be paid to a victim or victim's estate if the

- 1 victim or victim's estate has received or is to receive
 2 compensation for that loss.
- 3 (11) Any amount paid to a victim or victim's estate under an
- 4 order of restitution shall be set off against any amount later
- 5 recovered as compensatory damages by the victim or the victim's
- 6 estate in any federal or state civil proceeding and shall reduce
- 7 the amount payable to a victim or a victim's estate by an award
- 8 from the crime victims compensation board made after an order of
- 9 restitution under this section.
- 10 (12) If not otherwise provided by the court under this sub-
- 11 section, restitution shall be made immediately. However, the
- 12 court may require that the defendant make restitution under this
- 13 section within a specified period or in specified installments.
- 14 The end of the period or the last installment shall not be later
- 15 than the following:
- 16 (a) The end of the period of probation, if probation is
- 17 ordered.
- (b) Two years after the end of imprisonment or discharge
- 19 from parole, whichever occurs later, if the court does not order
- 20 probation but imposes a term of imprisonment.
- 21 (c) Three years after the date of sentencing in any other
- 22 case.
- 23 (13) In determining the amount of restitution, the court
- 24 shall consider the defendant's earning ability, financial
- 25 resources, and any other special circumstances that may have a
- 26 bearing on the defendant's ability to pay.

1 (14) If the defendant is placed on probation or paroled, any 2 restitution ordered under this section shall be a condition of 3 that probation or parole. The court may revoke probation and the 4 parole board may revoke parole if the defendant fails to comply 5 with the order and if the defendant has not made a good faith 6 effort to comply with the order. In determining whether to 7 revoke probation or parole, the court or parole board shall con-8 sider the defendant's employment status, earning ability, finan-9 cial resources, the willfulness of the defendant's failure to

10 pay, and any other special circumstances that may have a bearing

11 on the defendant's ability to pay.

- 12 (15) A defendant who is required to pay restitution and who 13 is not in willful default of the payment of the restitution may 14 at any time petition the sentencing judge or his or her successor 15 for a cancellation of any unpaid portion of restitution. 16 appears to the satisfaction of the court that payment of the 17 amount due will impose a manifest hardship on the defendant or 18 his or her immediate family, the court may cancel all or part of 19 the amount due in restitution or modify the method of payment.
- (16) An order of restitution to a victim or victim's 21 estate may be enforced by the prosecuting attorney, or a 22 victim, or A victim's estate, OR ANY OTHER PERSON named in the 23 order to receive the restitution in the same manner as a judgment 24 in a civil action. AS USED IN THIS SUBSECTION, "PERSON" 25 INCLUDES, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO, A SHELTER PROGRAM FOR VICTIMS OF

26 DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AND THEIR DEPENDENT CHILDREN ESTABLISHED UNDER

20

- 1 ACT NO. 389 OF THE PUBLIC ACTS OF 1978, OR A SIMILAR COMMUNITY 2 SERVICE PROGRAM.
- 3 (17) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a
- 4 defendant shall not be imprisoned, jailed, or incarcerated for a
- 5 violation of probation or parole, or otherwise, for failure to
- 6 pay restitution as ordered under this section unless the court or
- 7 parole board determines that the defendant has the resources to
- 8 pay the ordered restitution and has not made a good faith effort
- 9 to do so.
- (18) In each case in which payment of restitution is ordered 10 11 as a condition of probation, the probation officer assigned to 12 the case shall review the case not less than twice yearly to 13 ensure that restitution is being paid as ordered. The final 14 review shall be conducted not less than 60 days before the expi-15 ration of the probationary period. If the probation officer 16 determines that restitution is not being paid as ordered, the 17 probation officer shall file a written report of the violation 18 with the court on a form prescribed by the state court adminis-19 trative office. The report shall include a statement of the 20 amount of the arrearage, and any reasons for the arrearage that 21 are known by the probation officer. The probation officer shall 22 immediately provide a copy of the report to the prosecuting 23 attorney. If a motion is filed or other proceedings are initi-24 ated to enforce payment of restitution and the court determines 25 that restitution is not being paid or has not been paid as 26 ordered by the court, the court shall promptly take action 27 necessary to compel compliance.

- 1 Sec. 44. (1) For purposes of this section only:
- 2 (a) "Offense" means a violation of a penal law of this state
- 3 or a violation of an ordinance of a local unit of government of
- 4 this state punishable by imprisonment or by a fine that is not a
- 5 civil fine.
- 6 (b) "Victim" means an individual who suffers direct or
- 7 threatened physical, financial, or emotional harm as a result of
- 8 the commission of an offense. For purposes of subsections (2),
- 9 (3), (4), (7), (9), (10), (11), and (15), victim includes a sole
- 10 proprietorship, partnership, corporation, association, governmen-
- 11 tal entity, or ANY other legal entity that suffers direct physi-
- 12 cal or financial harm as a result of the commission of an
- 13 offense.
- 14 (2) Except as provided in this section and section 45, the
- 15 court, at the dispositional hearing for -a juvenile AN offense,
- 16 shall order, in addition to or in lieu of any other disposition
- 17 authorized by law, that the juvenile make full or partial resti-
- 18 tution to any victim of the juvenile's course of conduct that
- 19 gives rise to the disposition, or to the victim's estate.
- 20 (3) If the court does not order restitution, or orders only
- 21 partial restitution under this section, the court shall state on
- 22 the record the reasons for that action.
- 23 (4) If a juvenile AN offense results in damage to or loss
- 24 or destruction of property of a victim of the offense, or results
- 25 in the seizure or impoundment of property of a victim of the
- 26 offense, the order of restitution may require that the juvenile
- 27 do 1 or more of the following:

- 1 (a) Return the property to the owner of the property or to a 2 person designated by the owner.
- 3 (b) If return of the property under subdivision (a) is
- 4 impossible, impractical, or inadequate, pay an amount equal to
- 5 the greater of subparagraph (i) or (ii), less the value, deter-
- 6 mined as of the date the property is returned, of that property
- 7 or any part of the property that is returned:
- 8 (i) The value of the property on the date of the damage,
- 9 loss, or destruction.
- 10 (ii) The value of the property on the date of disposition.
- (c) Pay the costs of the seizure or impoundment, or both.
- 12 (5) If a juvenile AN offense results in physical or psy-
- 13 chological injury to a victim, the order of restitution may
- 14 require that the juvenile do 1 or more of the following, as
- 15 applicable:
- (a) Pay an amount equal to the cost of actual medical and
- 17 related professional services and devices relating to physical
- 18 and psychological care.
- (b) Pay an amount equal to the cost of actual physical and
- 20 occupational therapy and rehabilitation.
- 21 (c) Reimburse the victim or the victim's estate for
- 22 after-tax income loss suffered by the victim as a result of the
- 23 offense.
- 24 (d) Pay an amount equal to the cost of psychological and
- 25 medical treatment for members of the victim's family that has
- 26 been incurred as a result of the offense.

- (e) Pay an amount equal the costs of actual homemaking andchild care expenses incurred as a result of the offense.
- 3 (6) If a juvenile AN offense resulting in bodily injury
- 4 also results in the death of a victim, the order of restitution
- 5 may require that the juvenile pay an amount equal to the cost of
- 6 actual funeral and related services.
- 7 (7) Instead of restitution under subsections (4) to (6), if
- 8 the victim or victim's estate consents, the order of restitution
- 9 may require that the juvenile make restitution in services in
- 10 lieu of money, or make restitution to a person designated by the
- 11 victim or victim's estate if that person provided services to the
- 12 victim as a result of the offense. AS USED IN THIS SUBSECTION,
- 13 "PERSON" INCLUDES A SHELTER PROGRAM FOR VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIO-
- 14 LENCE AND THEIR DEPENDENT CHILDREN ESTABLISHED UNDER ACT NO. 389
- 15 OF THE PUBLIC ACTS OF 1978, BEING SECTIONS 400.1501 TO 400.1510
- 16 OF THE MICHIGAN COMPILED LAWS, OR A SIMILAR COMMUNITY SERVICE
- 17 PROGRAM.
- 18 (8) If the court orders restitution under this section, the
- 19 court shall, if the victim is deceased, order that the restitu-
- 20 tion be made to the victim's estate.
- 21 (9) Any order of restitution shall be as fair as possible to
- 22 the victim or victim's estate without unduly complicating or pro-
- 23 longing the disposition process.
- 24 (10) Except as otherwise provided in this section and
- 25 section 45, the court shall order restitution to the crime vic-
- 26 tims compensation board or to any individuals, partnerships,
- 27 corporations, associations, governmental entities, or any other

- 1 legal entities that have compensated the victim or THE victim's
- 2 estate for a loss incurred by the victim to the extent of the
- 3 compensation paid for that loss. However, an order of restitu-
- 4 tion shall require that all restitution to a victim or victim's
- 5 estate under the order be made before any restitution to any
- 6 other person under that order is made. The court shall not order
- 7 restitution to be paid to a victim or victim's estate if the
- 8 victim or victim's estate has received or is to receive compensa-
- 9 tion for that loss.
- (11) Any amount paid to a victim or victim's estate under an
- 11 order of restitution shall be set off against any amount later
- 12 recovered as compensatory damages by the victim or the victim's
- 13 estate in any federal or state civil proceeding and shall reduce
- 14 the amount payable to a victim or a victim's estate by an award
- 15 from the crime victims compensation board made after an order of
- 16 restitution under this section.
- 17 (12) If not otherwise provided by the court under this sub-
- 18 section, restitution shall be made immediately. However, the
- 19 court may require that the juvenile make restitution under this
- 20 section within a specified period or in specified installments.
- 21 The end of the period or the last installment shall not be later
- 22 than the following:
- 23 (a) The end of the period of probation, if probation is
- 24 ordered.
- 25 (b) If the juvenile is made a state ward, when the depart-
- 26 ment of social services' jurisdiction over the juvenile expires.

- 1 (c) If the juvenile is made a ward of the court, when the 2 court's jurisdiction over the juvenile expires.
- 3 (d) Three years after the date of disposition or when the 4 court's jurisdiction over the juvenile expires, whichever is 5 later.
- 6 (13) If the juvenile is placed on probation, any restitution
 7 ordered under this section shall be a condition of that
 8 probation. The court may revoke probation if the juvenile fails
 9 to comply with the order and if the juvenile has not made a good
 10 faith effort to comply with the order. In determining whether to
 11 revoke probation, the court shall consider the juvenile's employ12 ment status, earning ability, financial resources, the willful13 ness of the juvenile's failure to pay, and any other special cir14 cumstances that may have a bearing on the juvenile's ability to
 15 pay.
- (14) A juvenile who is required to pay restitution and who 17 is not in willful default of the payment of the restitution may 18 at any time petition the court for a cancellation of any unpaid 19 portion of restitution. If it appears to the satisfaction of the 20 court that payment of the amount due will impose a manifest hard-21 ship on the juvenile or his or her immediate family, the court 22 may cancel all or part of the amount due in restitution or modify 23 the method of payment.
- (15) An order of restitution may be enforced by the prose
 25 cuting attorney, or a victim, or A victim's estate, OR ANY

 26 OTHER PERSON named in the order to receive the restitution in the

 27 same manner as a judgment in a civil action. AS USED IN THIS

- 1 SUBSECTION, "PERSON" INCLUDES, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO, A SHELTER
- 2 PROGRAM FOR VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AND THEIR DEPENDENT
- 3 CHILDREN ESTABLISHED UNDER ACT NO. 389 OF THE PUBLIC ACTS OF
- 4 1978, OR A SIMILAR COMMUNITY SERVICE PROGRAM.
- 5 (16) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a
- 6 juvenile shall not be detained for a violation of probation, or
- 7 otherwise, for failure to pay restitution as ordered under this
- 8 section unless the court determines that the juvenile has the
- 9 resources to pay the ordered restitution and has not made a good
- 10 faith effort to do so.
- (17) If the court determines that the juvenile is or will be
- 12 unable to pay all of the restitution ordered, after notice to the
- 13 juvenile's parent OR PARENTS and an opportunity for the parent OR
- 14 PARENTS to be heard, the court may order the parent or parents
- 15 having supervisory responsibility for the juvenile at the time of
- 16 the acts upon which an order of restitution is based to pay not
- 17 more than \$5,000.00 of the restitution ordered. As used in this
- 18 subsection, "parent" does not include a foster parent.
- 19 (18) If the court orders a parent to pay restitution under
- 20 subsection (17), the court shall take into account the financial
- 21 resources of the parent and the burden that the payment of resti-
- 22 tution will impose, with due regard to any other moral or legal
- 23 financial obligations that the parent may have. If a parent is
- 24 required to pay restitution under subsection (17), the court
- 25 shall provide for payment to be made in specified installments
- 26 and within a specified period of time.

- 1 (19) A parent who has been ordered to pay restitution under 2 subsection (17) may petition the court for a modification of the 3 amount of restitution owed or for a cancellation of any unpaid 4 portion of the restitution. The court shall cancel all or part 5 of the amount of restitution due, if it appears to the satisfac-6 tion of the court that payment of the amount due will impose a 7 manifest hardship on the parent.
- (20) In each case in which payment of restitution is ordered 8 9 as a condition of probation, the juvenile caseworker or probation 10 officer assigned to the case shall review the case not less than 11 twice yearly to ensure that restitution is being paid as The final review shall be conducted not less than 60 13 days before the expiration of the probationary period. 14 juvenile caseworker or probation officer determines the restitu-15 tion is not being paid as ordered, the juvenile caseworker or 16 probation officer shall file a written report of the violation 17 with the court on a form prescribed by the state court adminis-18 trative office. The report shall include a statement of the 19 amount of the arrearage, and any reasons for the arrearage that 20 are known by the juvenile caseworker or probation officer. 21 juvenile caseworker or probation officer shall immediately pro-22 vide a copy of the report to the prosecuting attorney. If a 23 motion is filed or other proceedings are initiated to enforce 24 payment of restitution and the court determines that restitution 25 is not being paid or has not been paid as ordered by the court, 26 the court shall promptly take action necessary to compel 27 compliance.

- 1 (21) A court shall not order a juvenile to pay restitution 2 under this section in an amount that exceeds 30% of the 3 juvenile's net income per pay period from the juvenile's paid 4 employment.
- 5 Sec. 76. (1) As used in this section:
- 6 (a) "Victim" means an individual who suffers direct or
 7 threatened physical, financial, or emotional harm as a result of
 8 the commission of a misdemeanor. For purposes of subsections
 9 (2), (3), (4), (7), (9), (10), (11), and (15), victim includes a
 10 sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, association, gov11 ernmental entity, or any other legal entity that suffers direct
 12 physical or financial harm as a result of a misdemeanor.
- (b) "Misdemeanor" means a violation of a law of this state,

 14 or of a local ordinance, that is punishable by imprisonment for

 15 not more than 1 year or by a fine that is not a civil fine, but

 16 is not a felony.
- (3) If the court does not order restitution, or orders only 25 partial restitution under this section, the court shall state on 26 the record the reasons for that action.

- 1 (4) If a misdemeanor results in damage to or loss or
- 2 destruction of property of a victim of the offense MISDEMEANOR,
- 3 or results in the seizure or impoundment of property of a victim
- 4 of the -offense- MISDEMEANOR, the order of restitution may
- 5 require that the defendant do 1 or more of the following:
- 6 (a) Return the property to the owner of the property or to a
- 7 person designated by the owner.
- 8 (b) If return of the property under subdivision (a) is
- 9 impossible, impractical, or inadequate, pay an amount equal to
- 10 the greater of subparagraph (i) or (ii), less the value, deter-
- 11 mined as of the date the property is returned, of that property
- 12 or any part of the property that is returned:
- 13 (i) The value of the property on the date of the damage,
- 14 loss, or destruction.
- 15 (ii) The value of the property on the date of sentencing.
- (c) Pay the costs of the seizure or impoundment, or both.
- 17 (5) If a misdemeanor results in physical or psychological
- 18 injury to a victim, the order of restitution may require that the
- 19 defendant do 1 or more of the following, as applicable:
- 20 (a) Pay an amount equal to the cost of the victim's actual
- 21 medical and related professional services and devices relating to
- 22 physical -or AND psychological care.
- 23 (b) Pay an amount equal to the cost of the victim's actual
- 24 physical and occupational therapy and rehabilitation.
- 25 (c) Reimburse the victim or the victim's estate for
- 26 after-tax income loss suffered by the victim as a result of the
- 27 -offense MISDEMEANOR.

- 1 (d) Pay an amount equal to the cost of psychological and 2 medical treatment for members of the victim's family that has 3 been incurred as a result of the offense MISDEMEANOR.
- 4 (e) Pay an amount equal to the costs of actual homemaking 5 and child care expenses incurred as a result of the offense 6 MISDEMEANOR.
- 7 (6) If a misdemeanor resulting in bodily injury also results 8 in the death of a victim, the order of restitution may require 9 that the defendant pay an amount equal to the cost of actual 10 funeral and related services.
- (7) Instead of restitution under subsections (4) to (6), if
 the victim or victim's estate consents, the order of restitution
 may require that the defendant make restitution in services in
 lieu of money, or make restitution to a person designated by the
 victim or victim's estate if that person provided services to the
 victim as a result of the misdemeanor. AS USED IN THIS SUBSECTION, "PERSON" INCLUDES A SHELTER PROGRAM FOR VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC
 VIOLENCE AND THEIR DEPENDENT CHILDREN ESTABLISHED UNDER ACT
 NO. 389 OF THE PUBLIC ACTS OF 1978, BEING SECTIONS 400.1501 TO
 400.1510 OF THE MICHIGAN COMPILED LAWS, OR A SIMILAR COMMUNITY
- 22 (8) If the court orders restitution under this section, the 23 court shall, if the victim is deceased, order that the restitu-24 tion be made to the victim's estate.
- 25 (9) Any order of restitution shall be as fair as possible to 26 the victim or victim's estate without unduly complicating or 27 prolonging the sentencing process.

- 1 (10) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the court
- 2 shall order restitution to the crime victims compensation board
- 3 or to any individuals, partnerships, corporations, associations,
- 4 governmental entities, or -any- other legal entities that have
- 5 compensated the victim or THE victim's estate for a loss incurred
- 6 by the victim to the extent of the compensation paid for that
- 7 loss. However, an order of restitution shall require that all
- 8 restitution to a victim or victim's estate under the order be
- 9 made before any restitution to any other person under that order
- 10 is made. The court shall not order restitution to be paid to a
- 11 victim or victim's estate if the victim or victim's estate has
- 12 received or is to receive compensation for that loss.
- (11) Any amount paid to a victim or victim's estate under an
- 14 order of restitution shall be set off against any amount later
- 15 recovered as compensatory damages by the victim or the victim's
- 16 estate in any federal or state civil proceeding and shall reduce
- 17 the amount payable to a victim or a victim's estate by an award
- 18 from the crime victims compensation board made after an order of
- 19 restitution under this section.
- 20 (12) If not otherwise provided by the court under this sub-
- 21 section, restitution shall be made immediately. However, the
- 22 court may require that the defendant make restitution under this
- 23 section within a specified period or in specified installments.
- 24 The end of the period or the last installment shall not be later
- 25 than the following:
- (a) The end of the period of probation, if probation is
- 27 ordered.

- 1 (b) Two years after the end of imprisonment, if the court 2 does not order probation but imposes a term of imprisonment.
- 3 (c) Three years after the date of sentencing in any other
 4 case.
- (13) If the defendant is placed on probation, any restitu6 tion ordered under this section shall be a condition of that
 7 probation. The court may revoke probation if the defendant fails
 8 to comply with the order and if the defendant has not made a good
 9 faith effort to comply with the order. In determining whether to
 10 revoke probation, the court shall consider the defendant's
 11 employment status, earning ability, financial resources, the
 12 willfulness of the defendant's failure to pay, and any other spe13 cial circumstances that may have a bearing on the defendant's
 14 ability to pay.
- (14) A defendant who is required to pay restitution and who
 16 is not in willful default of the payment of the restitution may
 17 at any time petition the sentencing judge or his or her successor
 18 for a cancellation of any unpaid portion of restitution. If it
 19 appears to the satisfaction of the court that payment of the
 20 amount due will impose a manifest hardship on the defendant or
 21 his or her immediate family, the court may cancel all or part of
 22 the amount due in restitution or modify the method of payment.
- (15) An order of restitution may be enforced by the prose24 cuting attorney, —or— a victim, —or— A victim's estate, OR ANY
 25 OTHER PERSON named in the order to receive restitution in the
 26 same manner as a judgment in a civil action. AS USED IN THIS
 27 SUBSECTION, "PERSON" INCLUDES, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO, A SHELTER

- 1 PROGRAM FOR VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AND THEIR DEPENDENT
- 2 CHILDREN ESTABLISHED UNDER ACT NO. 389 OF THE PUBLIC ACTS OF
- 3 1978, OR A SIMILAR COMMUNITY SERVICE PROGRAM.
- 4 (16) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a
- 5 defendant shall not be imprisoned, jailed, or incarcerated for a
- 6 violation of probation, or otherwise, for failure to pay restitu-
- 7 tion as ordered under this section unless the court determines
- 8 that the defendant has the resources to pay the ordered restitu-
- 9 tion and has not made a good faith effort to do so.
- 10 (17) In each case in which payment of restitution is ordered
- 11 as a condition of probation, the probation officer assigned to
- 12 the case shall review the case not less than twice yearly to
- 13 ensure that restitution is being paid as ordered. The final
- 14 review shall be conducted not less than 60 days before the expi-
- 15 ration of the probationary period. If the probation officer
- 16 determines that restitution is not being paid as ordered, the
- 17 probation officer shall file a written report of the violation
- 18 with the court on a form prescribed by the state court adminis-
- 19 trative office. The report shall include a statement of the
- 20 amount of the arrearage, and any reasons for the arrearage that
- 21 are known by the probation officer. The probation officer shall
- 22 immediately provide a copy of the report to the prosecuting
- 23 attorney. If a motion is filed or other proceedings are initi-
- 24 ated to enforce payment of restitution and the court determines
- 25 that restitution is not being paid or has not been paid as
- 26 ordered by the court, the court shall promptly take action
- 27 necessary to compel compliance.

1 (18) In determining the amount of restitution, the court 2 shall consider the defendant's earning ability, financial 3 resources, and any other special circumstances that may have a

4 bearing on the defendant's ability to pay.

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