

SENATE BILL No. 56

January 17, 1995, Introduced by Senator A. SMITH and referred to the Committee on Education.

A bill to amend sections 1561 and 1596 of Act No. 451 of the Public Acts of 1976, entitled as amended
"The school code of 1976,"
being sections 380.1561 and 380.1596 of the Michigan Compiled

Laws; and to add section 1591.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- Section 1. Sections 1561 and 1596 of Act No. 451 of the
- 2 Public Acts of 1976, being sections 380.1561 and 380.1596 of the
- 3 Michigan Compiled Laws, are amended and section 1591 is added to
- 4 read as follows:
- 5 Sec. 1561. (1) Except as OTHERWISE provided in subsections
- 6 (2) and (3) THIS SECTION, every parent, guardian, or other
- 7 person in this state having control and charge of a child from
- 8 the age of 6 to the child's -sixteenth EIGHTEENTH birthday --
- 9 shall send that child to the A public schools SCHOOL during

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- 1 the entire school year. The child's attendance shall be
- 2 continuous and consecutive for the school year fixed by the
- 3 school district in which the child is enrolled. In a school dis-
- 4 trict -which THAT maintains school during the entire calendar
- 5 year and in which the school year is divided into quarters, a
- 6 child -shall IS not -be compelled REQUIRED to attend the public
- 7 school more than 3 quarters in 1 calendar year, but a child shall
- 8 not be absent for 2 OR MORE consecutive quarters.
- 9 (2) A child becoming 6 years of age before December 1 shall
- 10 be enrolled on the first school day of the school year in which
- 11 the child's sixth birthday occurs. A child becoming 6 years of
- 12 age on or after December 1 shall be enrolled on the first school
- 13 day of the school year following the school year in which the
- 14 child's sixth birthday occurs.
- 15 (3) A child shall IS not be required to attend the A
- 16 public -schools SCHOOL in ANY OF the following cases:
- 17 (a) A child who THE CHILD is attending regularly and is
- 18 being taught in a state approved nonpublic school, which teaches
- 19 subjects comparable to those taught in the public schools to
- 20 children of corresponding age and grade, as determined by the
- 21 course of study for the public schools of the district within
- 22 which the nonpublic school is located.
- 23 (b) A child who THE CHILD is regularly employed as a page
- 24 or messenger in either house of the legislature during the period
- 25 of the employment.
- 26 (c) A child under THE CHILD IS LESS THAN 9 years of age
- 27 -who AND does not reside within 2-1/2 miles by the nearest

- 1 traveled road of a public school. If transportation is furnished
 2 for pupils in the school district of the child's residence, this
 3 -exemption SUBDIVISION does not apply.
- (d) A THE child from the age of 12 to the child's four
 5 teenth birthday while IS AGE 13 OR 14 AND IS in attendance at

 6 confirmation classes conducted for a period of not to exceed 5

 7 months in either of those years OR LESS.
- (e) A child who THE CHILD is regularly enrolled in the A public schools SCHOOL while in attendance at religious instruction classes for not more than 2 class hours per week, off public school property during public school hours, upon written request of the parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis under rules promulgated by the state board.
- (4) IF THE PROGRAM IS OFFERED IN THE SCHOOL DISTRICT IN

 15 WHICH THE PUPIL RESIDES, A CHILD AGE 16 OR 17 MAY SATISFY THE

 16 SCHOOL ATTENDANCE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION BY ATTENDING A

 17 PROGRAM UNDER SECTION 1591 ACCORDING TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THAT

 18 SECTION.
- 19 (5) IF A CHILD AGE 16 OR 17 PROVIDES TO THE SCHOOL DISTRICT
 20 PROOF THAT HE OR SHE IS ENGAGED IN REGULAR EMPLOYMENT AVERAGING
 21 25 OR MORE HOURS PER WEEK AND THAT THE EMPLOYMENT IS NECESSITATED
 22 BY ECONOMIC HARDSHIP OR FAMILY NEED, THE CHILD MAY SATISFY THE
 23 SCHOOL ATTENDANCE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION BY ATTENDING A
 24 PUBLIC SCHOOL AT LEAST 15 HOURS PER WEEK.
- 25 SEC. 1591. (1) A SCHOOL BOARD MAY OFFER ANY OF THE FOLLOW-26 ING, AND A PUPIL AGE 16, 17, OR 18 MAY COMPLETE SOME OR ALL OF

- 1 THE REQUIREMENTS FOR A HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA BY SUCCESSFULLY
- 2 COMPLETING 1 OR A COMBINATION OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 3 (A) AN ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION PROGRAM APPROVED BY THE
- 4 DEPARTMENT.
- 5 (B) A PROGRAM OF VOCATIONAL EDUCATION THAT INCLUDES APPREN
- 6 TICESHIP OR WORK STUDY AND THAT REQUIRES THE PUPIL TO ATTEND
- 7 SCHOOL AT LEAST 10 HOURS PER WEEK FOR THE ENTIRE SCHOOL YEAR.
- 8 (C) A PROGRAM OF INDEPENDENT STUDY THAT IS APPROVED BY THE
- 9 SCHOOL DISTRICT AND MEETS STATE BOARD GUIDELINES FOR INDEPENDENT
- 10 STUDY.
- 11 (D) ACADEMIC COURSEWORK AT A COMMUNITY COLLEGE.
- 12 (2) A COMMUNITY COLLEGE OR, UPON REQUEST BY THE BOARD OF A
- 13 CONSTITUENT SCHOOL DISTRICT, AN INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL BOARD, EITHER
- 14 SOLELY OR AS PART OF A CONSORTIUM OF INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL DIS-
- 15 TRICTS, MAY PROVIDE SERVICES OR CONDUCT COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL
- 16 PROGRAMS RELATED TO A PROGRAM DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1). AN
- 17 INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL BOARD MAY CHARGE A CONSTITUENT SCHOOL DIS-
- 18 TRICT FOR THE COSTS OF SERVICES PROVIDED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION.
- 19 Sec. 1596. (1) The board of a school district other than a
- 20 primary school district may establish 1 or more ungraded schools
- 21 for the instruction of certain pupils classified in subsection
- 22 (2). The board may require the pupils to attend an ungraded
- 23 school or a department of the school as the board directs.
- 24 (2) The following cases of persons, aged A CHILD AGE 7 to
- 25 the sixteenth HIS OR HER EIGHTEENTH birthday residing WHO
- 26 RESIDES in the school district -shall be deemed AND WHO MEETS 1
- 27 OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING IS CONSIDERED A juvenile disorderly

- persons PERSON and in the judgment of the proper school authorities may be assigned to the ungraded school or department:
- (a) Class 1, habitual truants A HABITUAL TRUANT from the 5 school in which they are HE OR SHE IS enrolled as pupils A 6 PUPIL.
- (b) Class 2, children A CHILD who, while attending school, are IS incorrigibly turbulent, disobedient, and insubordinate, or who are IS immoral in conduct.
- (c) Class 3, children A CHILD who are IS not attending school and who habitually frequent FREQUENTS streets and other public places, having no lawful business, employment, or occupation.