

SENATE BILL No. 699

September 27, 1995, Introduced by Senators POSTHUMUS, ROGERS, GOUGEON, STILLE, BENNETT, STEIL, DE GROW, SCHUETTE and MC MANUS and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A bill to amend sections 1, 1b, and 28 of chapter IX and sections 1, 2, 3, 3a, 4, 5, and 7 of chapter XI of Act No. 175 of the Public Acts of 1927, entitled as amended
"The code of criminal procedure,"

section 1 of chapter IX as amended by Act No. 85 of the Public Acts of 1993, section 1b of chapter IX as added and section 28 of chapter IX and sections 3a, 4, and 5 of chapter XI as amended by Act No. 78 of the Public Acts of 1988, section 1 of chapter XI as amended by Act No. 185 of the Public Acts of 1993, section 2 of chapter XI as amended by Act No. 286 of the Public Acts of 1994, section 3 of chapter XI as amended by Act No. 445 of the Public Acts of 1994, and section 7 of chapter XI as amended by Act No. 343 of the Public Acts of 1993, being sections 769.1, 769.1b, 769.28, 771.1, 771.2, 771.3, 771.3a, 771.4, 771.5, and 771.7 of

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the Michigan Compiled Laws; to add section 1f to chapter IX; and to repeal acts and parts of acts.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Section 1. Sections 1, 1b, and 28 of chapter IX and sec2 tions 1, 2, 3, 3a, 4, 5, and 7 of chapter XI of Act No. 175 of
 3 the Public Acts of 1927, section 1 of chapter IX as amended by
 4 Act No. 85 of the Public Acts of 1993, section 1b of chapter IX
 5 as added and section 28 of chapter IX and sections 3a, 4, and 5
 6 of chapter XI as amended by Act No. 78 of the Public Acts of
 7 1988, section 1 of chapter XI as amended by Act No. 185 of the
 8 Public Acts of 1993, section 2 of chapter XI as amended by Act
 9 No. 286 of the Public Acts of 1994, section 3 of chapter XI as
 10 amended by Act No. 445 of the Public Acts of 1994, and section 7
 11 of chapter XI as amended by Act No. 343 of the Public Acts of
 12 1993, being sections 769.1, 769.1b, 769.28, 771.1, 771.2, 771.3,
 13 771.3a, 771.4, 771.5, and 771.7 of the Michigan Compiled Laws,
 14 are amended and section 1f is added to chapter IX to read as
 15 follows:
- 16 CHAPTER IX
- Sec. 1. (1) A judge of a court having jurisdiction —is

 18 authorized and empowered to— MAY pronounce judgment against and

 19 pass sentence upon a person convicted of an offense in that

 20 court. The sentence shall not —be in excess of— EXCEED the sen
 21 tence prescribed by law. THE COURT SHALL SENTENCE AN INDIVIDUAL

 22 LESS THAN 17 YEARS OF AGE WHO IS UNDER THE COURT'S JURISDICTION

 23 PURSUANT TO SECTION 1F OF CHAPTER IV OF THIS ACT OR SECTION 4 OF

 24 CHAPTER XIIA OF ACT NO. 288 OF THE PUBLIC ACTS OF 1939, BEING

- 1 SECTION 712A.4 OF THE MICHIGAN COMPILED LAWS, IN THE SAME MANNER 2 AS AN ADULT.
- 3 (2) The sentencing of a A person convicted of a felony or
- 4 OF a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for more than 92 days
- 5 shall not -occur BE SENTENCED until the court has examined the
- 6 court file and has determined that the fingerprints of the person
- 7 have been taken.
- 8 (3) A judge of a court having jurisdiction over a juvenile
- 9 shall conduct a hearing at the juvenile's sentencing to determine
- 10 if the best interests of the juvenile and the public would be
- 11 served by placing the juvenile on probation and committing the
- 12 juvenile to a state institution or agency described in the youth
- 13 rehabilitation services act, Act No. 150 of the Public Acts of
- 14 +974, being sections 803.301 to 803.309 of the Michigan Compiled
- 15 baws, or by imposing any other sentence provided by law for an
- 16 adult offender. The rules of evidence do not apply to a hearing
- 17 under this subsection. In making this determination, the judge
- 18 shall consider the following criteria giving each weight as
- 19 appropriate to the circumstances:
- 20 (a) The prior record and character of the juvenile, his or
- 21-her physical and mental maturity, and his or her pattern of
- 22 living.
- 23 (b) The seriousness and the circumstances of the offense.
- 24 (c) Whether the offense is part of a repetitive pattern of
- 25 offenses which would lead to 1 of the following determinations:
- 26 (i) The juvenile is not amenable to treatment.

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(11) That despite the juvenile's potential for treatment,
2 the nature of the juvenile's delinquent behavior is likely to
3 disrupt the rehabilitation of other juveniles in the treatment
4 program.
       (d) Whether, despite the juvenile's potential for treatment,
5
6 the nature of the juvenile's delinquent behavior is likely to
7 render the juvenile dangerous to the public if released at the
8 age of 21.
       (e) Whether the juvenile is more likely to be rehabilitated
10 by the services and facilities available in adult programs and
11 procedures than in juvenile programs and procedures.
12
       (f) What is in the best interests of the public welfare and
13 the protection of the public security.
14
       (4) With the consent of the prosecutor and the defendant,
15 the court may waive the hearing required under subsection (3).
16 If the court waives the hearing required under subsection (3),
17 the court may place the juvenile on probation and commit the
18 juvenile to a state institution or agency described in Act
19 No. +50 of the Public Acts of 1974, but shall not impose any
20 other sentence provided by law for an adult offender.
21
       (5) The court shall state on the record the court's findings
22 of fact and conclusions of law for the probation and commitment
23 decision or sentencing decision made under subsection (3). If a
24 juvenile is committed under subsection (3) to a state institution
25 or agency described in Act No. 150 of the Public Acts of 1974, a
26 transcript of the court's findings shall be sent to the
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27 department of social services.

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(6) If a juvenile is committed under subsection (3) or (4)
2 <del>to a state institution or agency described in Act No. 150 of the</del>
3 Public Acts of 1974, the written order of commitment shall con
4 tain a provision for the reimbursement to the court by the juve
5 mile or those responsible for the juvenile's support, or both,
6 for the cost of care or service. The amount of reimbursement
7 ordered shall be reasonable, taking into account both the income
8 and resources of the juvenile and those responsible for the
9 juvenile's support. The amount may be based upon the guidelines
10 and model schedule prepared under section 18(6) of chapter XIIA
11 of Act No. 288 of the Public Acts of 1939, being section 712A.18
12 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. The reimbursement provision shall
13 apply during the entire period the juvenile remains in care out
14 side the juvenile's own home and under court supervision. The
15 court shall provide for the collection of all amounts ordered to
16 be reimbursed, and the money collected shall be accounted for and
17 reported to the county board of commissioners. Collections to
18 cover delinquent accounts or to pay the balance due on reimburse
19 ment orders may be made after a juvenile is released or dis-
20 <del>charged from care outside the juvenile's own home and under court</del>
21 supervision. Twenty five percent of all amounts collected pursu
22 ant to an order entered under this subsection shall be credited
23 to the appropriate fund of the county to offset the administra-
24 tive cost of collections. The balance of all amounts collected
25 <del>pursuant to an order entered under this subsection shall be</del>
26 <del>divided in the same ratio in which the county, state, and federal</del>
27 government participate in the cost of care outside the juvenile's
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- 1 own home and under state or court supervision. The court may
- 2 also collect benefits paid by the government of the United States
- 3 for the cost of care of the juvenile. Money collected for juve
- 4 niles placed with or committed to the state department of social
- 5 services shall be accounted for and reported on an individual
- 6 basis. In cases of delinquent accounts, the court may also enter
- 7 an order to intercept state tax refunds or the federal income tax
- 8 refund of a child, parent, guardian, or custodian and initiate
- 9 the necessary offset proceedings in order to recover the cost of
- 10 care or service. The court shall send to the person who is the
- 11 subject of the intercept order advance written notice of the pro-
- 12 posed offset. The notice shall include notice of the opportunity
- 13 to contest the offset on the grounds that the intercept is not
- 14 proper because of a mistake of fact concerning the amount of the
- 15 delinquency or the identity of the person subject to the order.
- 16 The court shall provide for the prompt reimbursement of an amount
- 17 withheld in error or an amount found to exceed the delinquent
- 18 amount.
- 19 (7) If the court appoints an attorney to represent a juve
- 20 nile, an order entered under this section may require the juve-
- 21 nile or person responsible for the juvenile's support, or both,
- 22 to reimburse the court for attorney fees.
- 23 (8) An order directed to a person responsible for the
- 24 juvenile's support under this section shall not be effectual and
- 25 binding on the person unless an opportunity for a hearing has
- 26 been given and until a copy of the order is served on the person,

- personally or by first class mail to the person's last known

 address.

 (9) If a juvenile is placed on probation and committed under

 subsection (3) or (4) to a state institution or agency described

 in Act No. 150 of the Public Acts of 1974, the court shall retain

 jurisdiction over the juvenile while the juvenile is on probation

 and committed to that state institution or agency.
- (10) If the court has retained jurisdiction over a juvenile

 under subsection (9), the court shall conduct an annual review of
 the services being provided to the juvenile, the juvenile's

 placement, and the juvenile's progress in that placement. In
 conducting this review, the court shall examine the juvenile's
 annual report prepared pursuant to section 3 of the juvenile
 facilities act, Act No. 73 of the Public Acts of 1988, being
 section 803.223 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. The court may
 order changes in the juvenile's placement or treatment plan based
 on the review.
- (+++) At the time of WHEN sentencing a person convicted of a 19 misdemeanor involving the illegal delivery, possession, or use of 20 alcohol or a controlled substance or a felony, the court shall 21 examine the presentence investigation report and determine if the 22 person being sentenced is licensed or registered under article 15 23 of the public health code, Act No. 368 of the Public Acts of 24 1978, being sections 333.16101 to 333.18838 of the Michigan 25 Compiled Laws. The court shall also examine the court file and 26 determine if a report of the conviction upon which the person is 27 being sentenced has been forwarded to the department of commerce

- I as provided in section 16a. If the report has not been forwarded
- 2 to the department of commerce, the court shall order the clerk of
- 3 the court to immediately prepare and forward the report as pro-
- 4 vided in section 16a.
- 5 Sec. 1b. (1) If a juvenile -is WAS placed on probation and
- 6 committed under section +(3) or (4) FORMER SUBSECTION (3) OR
- 7 (4) OF SECTION 1 of this chapter to a state institution or agency
- 8 described in the youth rehabilitation services act, Act No. 150
- 9 of the Public Acts of 1974, being sections 803.301 to 803.309 of
- 10 the Michigan Compiled Laws, the court shall conduct a review
- II hearing to determine whether the juvenile has been rehabilitated
- 12 and whether the juvenile presents a serious risk to public
- 13 safety. If the court determines that the juvenile has not been
- 14 rehabilitated or that the juvenile presents a serious risk to
- 15 public safety, jurisdiction over the juvenile shall be
- 16 continued. In making this determination, the court shall con-
- 17 sider the following:
- (a) The extent and nature of the juvenile's participation in
- 19 education, counseling, or work programs.
- 20 (b) The juvenile's willingness to accept responsibility for
- 21 prior behavior.
- (c) The juvenile's behavior in his or her current
- 23 placement.
- 24 (d) The prior record and character of the juvenile and his
- 25 or her physical and mental maturity.
- (e) The juvenile's potential for violent conduct as
- 27 demonstrated by prior behavior.

- (f) The recommendations of the state institution or agency
 charged with the juvenile's care for the juvenile's release or
 continued custody.
- 4 (g) Other information the prosecuting attorney or juvenile 5 may submit.
- 6 (2) A review hearing shall be scheduled and held unless
 7 adjourned for good cause as near as possible to, but before, the
 8 juvenile's nineteenth birthday. If the state institution or
 9 agency to which the juvenile was committed believes that the
 10 juvenile has been rehabilitated and that the juvenile does not
 11 present a serious risk to public safety, the state institution or
 12 agency may petition the court to conduct a review hearing at any
 13 time before the juvenile becomes 19 years of age or, if the court
 14 has continued jurisdiction under subsection (1), at any time

15 before the juvenile becomes 21 years of age,

(3) Not less than 14 days before a review hearing is to be
17 conducted, the prosecuting attorney, juvenile, and, if addresses
18 are known, the juvenile's parent or guardian shall be notified.
19 The notice shall state that the court may extend jurisdiction
20 over the juvenile and shall advise the juvenile and the
21 juvenile's parent or guardian of the right to legal counsel. If
22 legal counsel has not been retained or appointed to represent the
23 juvenile, the court shall appoint legal counsel and may assess
24 the cost of providing counsel as costs against the juvenile or
25 those responsible for the juvenile's support, or both, if the
26 persons to be assessed are financially able to comply.

- 1 (4) The state institution or agency charged with the care of
- 2 the juvenile shall prepare commitment reports as provided in
- 3 section 5 of the juvenile facilities act, ACT NO. 73 OF THE
- 4 PUBLIC ACTS OF 1988, BEING SECTION 803.225 OF THE MICHIGAN
- 5 COMPILED LAWS, for use by the court at a review hearing held
- 6 under this section.
- 7 SEC. 1F. (1) IF A JUVENILE WAS PLACED ON PROBATION AND COM-
- 8 MITTED UNDER FORMER SUBSECTION (3) OR (4) OF SECTION | OF THIS
- 9 CHAPTER TO A STATE INSTITUTION OR AGENCY DESCRIBED IN THE YOUTH
- 10 REHABILITATION SERVICES ACT, ACT NO. 150 OF THE PUBLIC ACTS OF
- 11 1974, BEING SECTIONS 803.301 TO 803.309 OF THE MICHIGAN COMPILED
- 12 LAWS, THE COURT SHALL RETAIN JURISDICTION OVER THE JUVENILE WHILE
- 13 THE JUVENILE IS ON PROBATION AND COMMITTED TO THAT STATE INSTITU-
- 14 TION OR AGENCY.
- 15 (2) IF THE COURT HAS RETAINED JURISDICTION OVER A JUVENILE
- 16 UNDER SUBSECTION (1), THE COURT SHALL CONDUCT AN ANNUAL REVIEW OF
- 17 THE SERVICES BEING PROVIDED TO THE JUVENILE, THE JUVENILE'S
- 18 PLACEMENT, AND THE JUVENILE'S PROGRESS IN THAT PLACEMENT. IN
- 19 CONDUCTING THIS REVIEW, THE COURT SHALL EXAMINE THE JUVENILE'S
- 20 ANNUAL REPORT PREPARED PURSUANT TO SECTION 3 OF THE JUVENILE
- 21 FACILITIES ACT, ACT NO. 73 OF THE PUBLIC ACTS OF 1988, BEING
- 22 SECTION 803.223 OF THE MICHIGAN COMPILED LAWS. THE COURT MAY
- 23 ORDER CHANGES IN THE JUVENILE'S PLACEMENT OR TREATMENT PLAN BASED
- 24 ON THE REVIEW.
- 25 Sec. 28. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the con-
- 26 trary, in case of the commitment or sentence of a person
- 27 convicted of a crime or contempt of court AND COMMITTED OR

- 1 SENTENCED to imprisonment for a maximum of 1 year or less —, the
 2 commitment or sentence— shall be —made— COMMITTED OR SENTENCED to
 3 the county jail of the county in which the person was convicted,
 4 and not to a state penal institution. This section —shall— DOES
 5 not apply to a juvenile placed on probation and committed to a
 6 state institution or agency described in the youth rehabilitation
 7 services act, Act No. 150 of the Public Acts of 1974, being sec8 trons 803.301 to 803.309 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, under
 9 —section +(3) or (4)—FORMER SUBSECTION (3) OR (4) OF SECTION 1
 10 of this chapter.
- CHAPTER XI
- Sec. 1. (1) In all prosecutions for felonies or misdemean13 ors, except murder, treason, criminal sexual conduct in the first
 14 or third degree, robbery while armed, and major controlled sub15 stance offenses not described in subsection (4), if the defendant
 16 has been found guilty upon verdict or plea, and if it appears to
 17 the satisfaction of the court DETERMINES that the defendant is
 18 not likely again to engage in an offensive or criminal course of
 19 conduct and that the public good does not require that the
 20 defendant suffer the penalty imposed by law, the court may place
 21 the defendant on probation under the charge and supervision of a
 22 probation officer.
- (2) Except as provided in subsection (4), in an action in

 24 which the court may place the defendant on probation, the court

 25 may delay the imposing of sentence of the defendant for a period

 26 of not to exceed I year for the purpose of giving the defendant

 27 an opportunity to prove to the court his or her eligibility for

- I probation or other leniency compatible with the ends of justice
- 2 and the rehabilitation of the defendant. When the sentencing is
- 3 delayed, the court shall make an order stating the reason for the
- 4 delay, which -order shall be entered upon the records of the
- 5 court. The delay in passing sentence -shall DOES not deprive
- 6 the court of jurisdiction to sentence the defendant at any time
- 7 during the period of delay.
- 8 (3) If a defendant is before the circuit court and is made
- 9 subject to a delay in imposing sentence under subsection (2), the
- 10 court shall include in the delayed sentence order that the
- II department of corrections shall collect a supervision fee of not
- 12 more than \$30.00 multiplied by the number of months of delay
- 13 ordered, but not more than 12 months. The fee is payable when
- 14 the delayed sentence order is entered, but the fee may be paid in
- 15 monthly installments if the court approves installment payments
- 16 for that defendant. In determining the amount of the fee, the
- 17 court shall consider the defendant's projected income and finan-
- 18 cial resources. The court shall use the following table of
- 19 projected monthly income in determining the amount of the fee to
- 20 be ordered:

21	Projected Monthly Income		Amount of Fee
22	\$	0-249.99	\$ 0.00
23	\$ 2	50.00-499.99	\$10.00

\$ 500.00-749.99

1

\$20.00

2 \$ 750.00 or more \$30.00

3 The court may order a higher amount than indicated by the table,

4 up to the maximum of \$30.00 multiplied by the number of months of

5 delay ordered but not more than 12 months, if the court deter-

6 mines that the defendant has sufficient assets or other financial

7 resources to warrant the higher amount. If the court orders a

8 higher amount, the amount and the reasons for ordering that

9 amount shall be stated in the court order. The fee shall be col-

10 lected as provided in section 25a of Act No. 232 of the Public

11 Acts of 1953, being section 791.225a of the Michigan Compiled

12 Laws. A person shall not be subject to more than I supervision

13 ree at the same time. If a supervision fee is ordered for a

14 person for any month or months during which that person already

15 is subject to a supervision fee, the court shall waive the fee

16 having the shorter remaining duration.

- 17 (4) The sentencing judge may place a defendant on life pro-
- 18 bation pursuant to subsection (1) if the defendant is convicted
- 19 for a violation of section 7401(2)(a)(iv) or 7403(2)(a)(iv) of
- 20 the public health code, Act No. 368 of the Public Acts of 1978,
- 21 being sections 333.7401 or AND 333.7403 of the Michigan
- 22 Compiled Laws, or conspiracy to commit either of those $\frac{2}{3}$
- 23 offenses. Subsection (2) does not apply to this subsection.
- 24 (5) Beginning June 1, 1988, this THIS section does not
- 25 apply to a juvenile placed on probation and committed under
- 26 -section 1(3) or (4) FORMER SUBSECTION (3) OR (4) OF SECTION 1

- I of chapter IX to a state institution or agency described in the
- 2 youth rehabilitation services act, Act No. 150 of the Public Acts
- 3 of 1974, being sections 803.301 to 803.309 of the Michigan
- 4 Compiled Laws.
- 5 Sec. 2. (1) Except as provided in section 2a of this chap-
- 6 ter, if the defendant is convicted for an offense that is not a
- 7 felony, the period of probation shall not exceed 2 years. Except
- 8 as provided in section 2a of this chapter, if the defendant is
- 9 Convicted of a felony that is not a major controlled substance
- 10 offense, the period of probation shall not exceed 5 years.
- (2) The court shall FIX AND DETERMINE THE PERIOD AND CONDI-
- 12 TIONS OF PROBATION by order, to be filed or entered in the cause
- 13 as the court may direct by general rule or in each case. This
- 14 and determine the period and conditions of probation. The order,
- 15 whether it is filed or entered, is part of the record in the
- 16 cause. The court may amend the order, in form or in substance,
- 17 at any time.
- 18 (3) A defendant who is placed on probation pursuant to sec-
- 19 tion 1(4) of this chapter shall be placed on probation for life.
- 20 That sentence shall be made subject to conditions of probation
- 21 specified in section 3 of this chapter, including the payment of
- 22 a probation supervision fee as prescribed in section 3c of this
- 23 chapter, and to revocation for violation of those conditions, but
- 24 the period of probation shall not be reduced other than by a
- 25 revocation that results in imprisonment.
- 26 (4) If an individual is placed on probation for a listed
- 27 offense enumerated in section 2 of the sex offenders registration

- 1 act, ACT NO. 295 OF THE PUBLIC ACTS OF 1994, BEING SECTION 28.722
- 2 OF THE MICHIGAN COMPILED LAWS, the individual's probation officer
- 3 shall register the individual or accept the individual's regis-
- 4 tration pursuant to that act.
- 5 (5) Subsections (1) and (3) do not apply to a juvenile
- 6 placed on probation and committed under -section 1(3) or (4)
- 7 FORMER SUBSECTION (3) OR (4) OF SECTION 1 of chapter IX to a
- 8 state institution or agency described in the youth rehabilitation
- 9 services act, Act No. 150 of the Public Acts of 1974, being
- 10 sections 803.301 to 803.309 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- Sec. 3. (1) The sentence of probation shall include all of
- 12 the following conditions:
- 13 (a) The probationer shall not, during the term of his or her
- 14 probation, violate any criminal law of this state, the United
- 15 States, or another state or any ordinance of any municipality in
- 16 this state or another state.
- (b) The probationer shall not, during the term of his or her
- 18 probation, leave the state without the consent of the court
- 19 granting his or her application for probation.
- 20 (c) The probationer shall report to the probation officer,
- 21 either in person or in writing, monthly or as often as the proba-
- 22 tion officer requires. This subdivision does not apply to a
- 23 juvenile placed on probation and committed under -section +(3) or
- 24 (+) FORMER SUBSECTION (3) OR (4) OF SECTION 1 of chapter IX to a
- 25 state institution or agency described in the youth rehabilitation
- 26 services act, Act No. 150 of the Public Acts of 1974, being
- 27 sections 803.301 to 803.309 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

- (d) The probationer, if convicted of a felony, shall pay a
 probation supervision fee as prescribed in section 3c of this
 chapter.
- (e) The probationer shall pay restitution to the victim of the defendant's course of conduct giving rise to the conviction or to the victim's estate as provided in chapter IX. An order for payment of restitution may be modified and shall be enforced as provided in chapter IX.
- 9 (f) The probationer shall pay an assessment ordered under 10 section 5 of Act No. 196 of the Public Acts of 1989, being sec-11 tion 780.905 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- (g) Beginning October 1, 1995, if the probationer is
 required to be registered pursuant to the sex offenders registration act, Act No. 295 of the Public Acts of 1994, being
 sections 28.721 to 28.732 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, the proto bationer shall comply with that act.
- 17 (2) As a condition of probation, the court may require the 18 probationer to do 1 or more of the following:
- (a) Be imprisoned in the county jail for not more than 12 months, at the time or intervals, which may be consecutive or 21 nonconsecutive, within the probation as the court determines.

 However, the period of confinement shall not exceed the maximum period of imprisonment provided for the offense charged if the maximum period is less than 12 months. The court may permit day parole as authorized under Act, No. 60 of the Public Acts of 1961—1962, being sections 801.251 to 801.258 of the Michigan

27 Compiled Laws. The court may permit a work or school release

- I from jail. This subdivision does not apply to a juvenile placed
- 2 on probation and committed under section +(3) or (4) FORMER
- 3 SUBSECTION (3) OR (4) OF SECTION 1 of chapter IX to a state
- 4 institution or agency described in Act No. 150 of the Public Acts
- 5 of 1974.
- 6 (b) Pay immediately or within the period of his or her pro-
- 7 bation a fine imposed when placed on probation.
- 8 (c) Pay costs pursuant to subsection (4).
- 9 (d) Pay any assessment ordered by the court other than an
- 10 assessment described in subsection (1)(f).
- (e) Engage in community service.
- (f) Agree to pay any restitution, assessment, fine, or cost
- 13 imposed by the court by wage assignment.
- (g) Participate in inpatient or outpatient drug treatment.
- (h) Participate in mental health treatment.
- (i) Participate in mental health or substance abuse
- 17 counseling.
- (j) Participate in a community corrections program.
- (k) Be under house arrest.
- 20 (1) Be subject to electronic monitoring.
- 21 (m) Participate in a residential probation program.
- 22 (n) Satisfactorily complete a program of incarceration in a
- 23 special alternative incarceration unit as provided in section 3b
- 24 of this chapter.
- 25 (3) Subsection (2) may be applied to a person who is placed
- 26 on probation for life pursuant to sections 1(4) and 2(3) of this
- 27 chapter for the first 5 years of that probation.

- 1 (4) The court may impose other lawful conditions of
- 2 probation as the circumstances of the case require or warrant, or
- 3 as in its judgment are proper. If the court requires the proba-
- 4 tioner to pay costs, the costs shall be limited to expenses spe-
- 5 cifically incurred in prosecuting the defendant or providing
- 6 legal assistance to the defendant and supervision of the
- 7 probationer.
- 8 (5) If the court imposes costs as part of a sentence of pro-
- 9 bation, all of the following apply:
- 10 (a) The court shall not require a probationer to pay costs
- II unless the probationer is or will be able to pay them during the
- 12 term of probation. In determining the amount and method of pay-
- 13 ment of costs, the court shall take into account the financial
- 14 resources of the probationer and the nature of the burden that
- 15 payment of costs will impose, with due regard to his or her other
- 16 obligations.
- (b) A probationer who is required to pay costs and who is
- 18 not in willful default of the payment of the costs, at any time,
- 19 may petition the sentencing judge or his or her successor for a
- 20 remission of the payment of any unpaid portion of those costs.
- 21 If the court determines that payment of the amount due will
- 22 impose a manifest hardship on the probationer or his or her imme-
- 23 diate family, the court may remit all or part of the amount due
- 24 in costs or modify the method of payment.
- 25 (6) If a probationer is required to pay costs as part of a
- 26 sentence of probation, the court may require payment to be made

- 1 immediately or the court may provide for payment to be made 2 within a specified period of time or in specified installments.
- (7) If a probationer is ordered to pay costs as part of a 4 sentence of probation, compliance with that order shall be a con-
- 5 dition of probation. The court may revoke probation if the pro-
- 6 bationer fails to comply with the order and if the probationer
- 7 has not made a good faith effort to comply with the order. In
- 8 determining whether to revoke probation, the court shall consider
- 9 the probationer's employment status, earning ability, and finan-
- 10 cial resources, the willfulness of the probationer's failure to
- Il pay, and any other special circumstances that may have a bearing
- 12 on the probationer's ability to pay. The proceedings provided
- 13 for in this subsection are in addition to those provided in sec-
- 14 tion 4 of this chapter.
- 15 Sec. 3a. (1) A person under 22 years of age who is con-
- 16 victed of the commission of a crime in this state for which a
- 17 sentence in a state prison may be imposed may be required under a
- 18 probation order of the court to spend a part of the probation
- 19 period not exceeding 1 year, as the court directs, in a proba-
- 20 tion camp made available to the court by the department of
- 21 corrections. Admission to a probation camp under this section
- 22 shall be made only with the prior consent of the department of
- 23 corrections. The department shall have custody of the person of
- 24 the probationer for the period directed by the court. A proba-
- 25 tioner fleeing the custody of the department may be pursued and
- 26 recaptured as if the probationer had been regularly committed to
- 27 a penal institution and had escaped from the institution. A

- I violation by the probationer of the department's rules shall
- 2 constitute sufficient grounds for the court to revoke its proba-
- 3 tion order and to sentence the probationer for the offense for
- 4 which the probationer was originally convicted and placed on
- 5 probation. This section -shall DOES not restrict or limit the
- 6 jurisdiction of the court to place a person on probation in
- 7 another facility suitable and available to the court. The
- 8 expense of transporting a probationer to and from the probation
- 9 camp shall be borne by the county from which the probationer was
- 10 committed to the department of corrections.
- (2) This section does not apply to a person placed on proba-
- 12 tion pursuant to sections 1(3) and 2(3) of this chapter -nor OR
- 13 to a juvenile placed on probation and committed under -section
- 14 +(3) or (4) FORMER SUBSECTION (3) OR (4) OF SECTION 1 of chapter
- 15 IX to a state institution or agency described in the youth reha-
- 16 bilitation services act, Act No. 150 of the Public Acts of 1974,
- 17 being sections 803.301 to 803.309 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- 18 Sec. 4. It is the intent of the legislature that the grant-
- 19 ing of probation -shall be- IS a matter of grace conferring no
- 20 vested right to its continuance. If during the period of proba-
- 21 tion -it appears to the sentencing -court's satisfaction COURT
- 22 DETERMINES that the probationer is likely again to engage in an
- 23 offensive or criminal course of conduct or that the public good
- 24 requires revocation of probation, the court may revoke
- 25 probation. All probation orders -shall be ARE revocable in any
- 26 manner which the court which THAT imposed probation shall
- 27 consider CONSIDERS applicable either for a violation or

I attempted violation of a condition of probation or for any other 2 type of antisocial conduct or action on the part of the proba-3 tioner which shall satisfy THAT SATISFIES the court that revo-4 cation is proper in the public interest. Hearings on the revoca-5 tion shall be summary and informal and not subject to the rules 6 of evidence or of pleadings applicable in criminal trials. 7 court may, in IN its probation order or by general rule, THE 8 COURT MAY provide for the apprehension, detention, and confine-9 ment of a probationer accused of a violation of a probation con-10 dition or of conduct inconsistent with the public good. 11 method of hearing and presentation of charges accorded -shall 12 lie ARE within the court's discretion, -which granted probation 13 except that the probationer -shall be- IS entitled to a written 14 copy of the charges against him or her -which- THAT constitute 15 the claim that he or she violated probation, and -shall be IS 16 entitled to a probation revocation hearing. The court may inves-17 tigate and enter a disposition of probationer as the court deter-18 mines best serves the public interest. If a probation order is 19 revoked, the court may proceed to sentence the probationer in 20 the same manner and to the same penalty as the court might have 21 done if the probation order had never been made. This section 22 does not apply to a juvenile placed on probation and committed 23 under -section +(3) or -(4) FORMER SUBSECTION (3) OR (4) OF 24 SECTION 1 of chapter IX to a state institution or agency 25 described in the youth rehabilitation services act, Act No. 150 26 of the Public Acts of 1974, being sections 803.301 to 803.309 of 27 the Michigan Compiled Laws.

- Sec. 5. (1) Upon the termination of the probation period.
- 2 the probation officer shall report the fact to the court and
- 3 shall report the conduct of the probationer during the period of
- 4 probation. Upon receipt of the report, the court may discharge
- 5 the probationer from further supervision and enter a judgment of
- 6 suspended sentence or extend the probation period as the circum-
- 7 stances require so long as the maximum period of probation is not
- 8 exceeded.
- 9 (2) This section does not apply to a juvenile placed on pro-
- 10 bation and committed under -section 1(3) or (4) FORMER SUBSEC-
- 11 TION (3) OR (4) OF SECTION 1 of chapter IX to a state institution
- 12 or agency described in the youth rehabilitation services act, Act
- 13 No. 150 of the Public Acts of 1974, being sections 803.301 to
- 14 803.309 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- Sec. 7. (1) If a juvenile placed on probation and committed
- 16 under section 1(3) or (4) FORMER SUBSECTION (3) OR (4) OF SEC-
- 17 TION 1 of chapter IX to a state institution or agency described
- 18 in the youth rehabilitation services act, Act No. 150 of the
- 19 Public Acts of 1974, being sections 803.301 to 803.309 of the
- 20 Michigan Compiled Laws, is found by the court to have violated
- 21 probation by being convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor punish-
- 22 able by IMPRISONMENT FOR more than 1 year, -imprisonment, the
- 23 court shall revoke probation and order the juvenile committed to
- 24 the department of corrections for a term of years that shall not
- 25 exceed the penalty that could have been imposed for the offense
- 26 for which the juvenile was originally convicted and placed on

- probation with credit granted against the sentence for the period of time the juvenile served on probation.
- (2) If a juvenile placed on probation and committed under
- 4 -section 1(3) or (4) FORMER SUBSECTION (3) OR (4) OF SECTION 1
- 5 of chapter IX to a state institution or agency described in Act
- 6. No. 150 of the Public Acts of 1974 is found by the court to have
- 7 violated probation other than as provided in subsection (1), the
- 8 court shall not order the juvenile committed to the department of
- 9 corrections, but the court shall continue probation and order the
- 10 juvenile to pay restitution as provided by law. The court may
- II order any of the following for the juvenile:
- (a) A change of placement.
- (b) Community service.
- (c) Substance abuse counseling.
- (d) Mental health counseling.
- (e) Participation in a vocational-technical education
- 17 program.
- (f) Incarceration in a county jail for not more than 30
- 19 days. If a juvenile is under 17 years of age, the juvenile shall
- 20 be placed in a room or ward out of sight and sound from adult
- 21 prisoners.
- 22 (g) Other participation or performance as the court consid-
- 23 ers necessary.
- 24 Section 2. Section 14a of chapter XI of Act No. 175 of the
- 25 Public Acts of 1927, being section 771.14a of the Michigan
- 26 Compiled Laws, is repealed.