

## **SENATE BILL No. 929**

March 13, 1996, Introduced by Senators CHERRY, VAN REGENMORTER, BYRUM, DINGELL, BOUCHARD, NORTH, YOUNG, DE BEAUSSAERT, A. SMITH, PETERS, O'BRIEN and V. SMITH and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A bill to amend section 1a of chapter IX of Act No. 175 of the Public Acts of 1927, entitled as amended
"The code of criminal procedure,"
as amended by Act No. 343 of the Public Acts of 1993, being section 769.1a of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- Section 1. Section 1a of chapter IX of Act No. 175 of the
- 2 Public Acts of 1927, as amended by Act No. 343 of the Public Acts
- 3 of 1993, being section 769.1a of the Michigan Compiled Laws, is
- 4 amended to read as follows:
- 5 CHAPTER IX
- 6 Sec. 1a. (1) As used in this section, "victim" means an
- 7 individual who suffers direct or threatened physical, financial,
- 8 or emotional harm as a result of the commission of a felony,
- 9 misdemeanor, or ordinance violation. For purposes of

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- 1 subsections (2), (3), (4), (7), (9), (10), (11), and (16), victim
- 2 includes a sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, associ-
- 3 ation, governmental entity, or any other legal entity that suf-
- 4 fers direct physical or financial harm as a result of a felony,
- 5 misdemeanor, or ordinance violation.
- 6 (2) Except as provided in this section, the court, when sen-
- 7 tencing a defendant convicted of a felony, misdemeanor, or ordi-
- 8 nance violation shall order, in addition to or in lieu of any
- 9 other penalty authorized by law or in addition to any other pen-
- 10 alty required by law, that the defendant make full or partial
- 11 restitution to the victim of the defendant's course of conduct
- 12 that gives rise to the conviction, or to the victim's estate.
- 13 (3) If the court does not order restitution, or orders only
- 14 partial restitution under this section, the court shall state on
- 15 the record the reasons for that action.
- 16 (4) If a felony, misdemeanor, or ordinance violation results
- 17 in damage to or loss or destruction of property of a victim of
- 18 the felony, misdemeanor, or ordinance violation or results in the
- 19 seizure or impoundment of property of a victim of the felony,
- 20 misdemeanor, or ordinance violation, the order of restitution may
- 21 require that the defendant do 1 or more of the following:
- 22 (a) Return the property to the owner of the property or to a
- 23 person designated by the owner.
- 24 (b) If return of the property under subdivision (a) is
- 25 impossible, impractical, or inadequate, pay an amount equal to
- 26 the greater of subparagraph (i) or (ii), less the value,

- 1 determined as of the date the property is returned, of that
- 2 property or any part of the property that is returned:
- 3 (i) The value of the property on the date of the damage,
- 4 loss, or destruction.
- 5 (ii) The value of the property on the date of sentencing.
- 6 (c) Pay the cost of the seizure or impoundment, or both.
- 7 (5) If a felony, misdemeanor, or ordinance violation results
- 8 in physical or psychological injury to a victim, the order of
- 9 restitution may require that the defendant do all of the follow-
- 10 ing, as applicable:
- (a) Pay an amount equal to the cost of actual medical and
- 12 related professional services and devices relating to physical
- 13 and psychological care.
- (b) Pay an amount equal to the cost of actual physical and
- 15 occupational therapy and rehabilitation.
- (c) Reimburse the victim or the victim's estate for
- 17 after-tax income loss suffered by the victim as a result of the
- 18 felony, misdemeanor, or ordinance violation.
- (d) Pay an amount equal to the cost of psychological and
- 20 medical treatment for members of the victim's family which has
- 21 been incurred as a result of the felony, misdemeanor, or ordi-
- 22 nance violation.
- (e) Pay an amount equal to the cost of actual homemaking and
- 24 child care expenses incurred as a result of the felony, misde-
- 25 meanor, or ordinance violation.
- 26 (6) If a felony, <del>misdmeanor</del> MISDEMEANOR, or ordinance
- 27 violation resulting in bodily injury also results in the death of

- 1 a victim, the order of restitution may require that the defendant
  2 pay an amount equal to the cost of actual funeral and related
- 3 services.
- 4 (7) Instead of restitution under subsections (4) to (6), if
- 5 the victim or the victim's estate consents, the order of restitu-
- 6 tion may require that the defendant make restitution in services
- 7 in lieu of money, or make restitution to a person designated by
- 8 the victim or the victim's estate, if that person provided serv-
- 9 ices to the victim as a result of the felony, misdemeanor, or
- 10 ordinance violation.
- (8) If the court orders restitution under this section, the
- 12 court shall, if the victim is deceased, order that the restitu-
- 13 tion be made to the victim's estate.
- 14 (9) Any order of restitution shall be as fair as possible to
- 15 the victim or the victim's estate without unduly complicating or
- 16 prolonging the sentencing process.
- 17 (10) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the court
- 18 shall order restitution to the crime victims compensation board
- 19 or to individuals, partnerships, corporations, associations, gov-
- 20 ernmental entities, or any other legal entities that have compen-
- 21 sated the victim or the victim's estate for a loss incurred by
- 22 the victim to the extent of the compensation paid for that loss.
- 23 However, an order of restitution shall require that all restitu-
- 24 tion to a victim or a victim's estate under the order be made
- 25 before any restitution to any other person under that order is
- 26 made. The court shall not order restitution to be paid to a

- 1 victim or victim's estate if the victim or victim's estate has
- 2 received or is to receive compensation for that loss.
- 3 (11) Any amount paid to a victim or a victim's estate under
- 4 an order of restitution shall be set off against any amount later
- 5 recovered as compensatory damages by the victim or the victim's
- 6 estate in any federal or state civil proceeding and shall reduce
- 7 the amount payable to a victim or a victim's estate by an award
- 8 from the crime victims compensation board made after an order of
- 9 restitution under this section.
- 10 (12) If not otherwise provided by the court under this sub-
- 11 section, restitution shall be made immediately. However, the
- 12 court may require that the defendant make restitution under this
- 13 section within a specified period or in specified installments.
- 14 The end of the period or the last installment shall not be later
- 15 than the following:
- 16 (a) The end of the period of probation, if probation is
- 17 ordered.
- (b) Two years after the end of imprisonment or discharge
- 19 from parole, whichever occurs later, if the court does not order
- 20 probation but imposes a term of imprisonment.
- 21 (c) Three years after the date of sentencing in any other
- 22 case.
- 23 (13) In determining the amount of restitution, the court
- 24 shall consider the defendant's earning ability, financial
- 25 resources, and any other special circumstances that may have a
- 26 bearing on the defendant's ability to pay.

- restitution ordered under this section shall be a condition of
  that probation or parole. The court may revoke probation and the
  parole board may revoke parole if the defendant fails to comply
  with the order and if the defendant has not made a good faith
  effort to comply with the order. In determining whether to
  revoke probation or parole, the court or parole board shall consider the defendant's employment status, earning ability, financial resources, the willfulness of the defendant's failure to
  pay, and any other special circumstances that may have a bearing
- (15) A defendant who is required to pay restitution and who

  13 is not in willful default of the payment of the restitution may

  14 at any time petition the sentencing judge or his or her successor

  15 for a cancellation of any unpaid portion of restitution. If it

  16 appears to the satisfaction of the court that payment of the

  17 amount due will impose a manifest hardship on the defendant or

  18 his or her immediate family, the court may cancel all or part of

  19 the amount due in restitution or modify the method of payment.

11 on the defendant's ability to pay.

- 20 (16) An order of restitution to a victim or a victim's
  21 estate may be enforced by the prosecuting attorney or a victim or
  22 a victim's estate named in the order to receive the restitution
  23 in the same manner as a judgment in a civil action.
- 24 (17) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a 25 defendant shall not be imprisoned, jailed, or incarcerated for a 26 violation of probation or parole, or otherwise, for failure to 27 pay restitution as ordered under this section unless the court or

- 1 parole board determines that the defendant has the resources to
  2 pay the ordered restitution and has not made a good faith effort
  3 to do so.
- (18) In each case in which payment of restitution is ordered 5 as a condition of probation, the probation officer assigned to 6 the case shall review the case not less than twice yearly to 7 ensure that restitution is being paid as ordered. The final 8 review shall be conducted not less than 60 days before the expi-9 ration of the probationary period. If the probation officer 10 determines that restitution is not being paid as ordered, the 11 probation officer shall file a written report of the violation 12 with the court on a form prescribed by the state court adminis-13 trative office. The report shall include a statement of the 14 amount of the arrearage, and any reasons for the arrearage that 15 are known by the probation officer. The probation officer shall 16 immediately provide a copy of the report to the prosecuting 17 attorney. If a motion is filed or other proceedings are initi-18 ated to enforce payment of restitution and the court determines 19 that restitution is not being paid or has not been paid as 20 ordered by the court, the court shall promptly take action neces-21 sary to compel compliance.
- (19) AN ORDER OF RESTITUTION IS A JUDGMENT AND LIEN AGAINST

  23 ALL PROPERTY OF THE DEFENDANT FOR THE AMOUNT SPECIFIED IN THE

  24 ORDER OF RESTITUTION. THE LIEN MAY BE RECORDED AS PROVIDED BY

  25 LAW.
- 26 (20) IF A DEFENDANT WHO IS ORDERED TO PAY RESTITUTION IS 27 REMANDED TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS.

- 1 THE COURT SHALL PROVIDE A COPY OF THE RESTITUTION ORDER TO THE
- 2 DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS WHEN THE DEFENDANT IS ORDERED REMANDED
- 3 TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS.
- 4 Section 2. This amendatory act shall not take effect unless
- 5 all of the following bills of the 88th Legislature are enacted
- 6 into law:
- 7 (a) Senate Bill No. 925

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9 (b) Senate Bill No. 930

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11 (c) Senate Bill No. 926

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