SENATE BILL No. 1339

September 19, 2000, Introduced by Senators MC MANUS, NORTH and GOUGEON and referred to the Committee on Farming, Agribusiness and Food Systems.

A bill to amend 1988 PA 466, entitled
"Animal industry act of 1987,"
by amending sections 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 12, 14, 15, 16, 19, 20, 23, 26, 28, 29, 29a, 30, 30a, 30b, 30c, 31, 33, 35, 39, 40, 41, 42, 44, and 45 (MCL 287.701, 287.703, 287.704, 287.705, 287.706, 287.708, 287.709, 287.712, 287.714, 287.715, 287.716, 287.719, 287.720, 287.723, 287.726, 287.728, 287.729, 287.729a, 287.730, 287.730a, 287.730b, 287.730c, 287.731, 287.733, 287.735, 287.739, 287.740, 287.741, 287.742, 287.744, and 287.745), sections 3, 8, 9, 14, 30a, and 30b as amended and section 30c added by 1998 PA 552, sections 4, 5, 6, 12, 16, 19, 20, 23, 28, 29, 30, 33, 39, 40, 41, 42, and 44 as amended and section 29a as added by 1996 PA 369, section 15 as amended by 1990 PA 40, and sections 26, 31, and 35 as amended by 1994 PA 41, and by adding sections 11a, 11b, 13a, 26a, and 30d; and to repeal acts and parts of acts.

06411'00 LBO

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 1. (1) This act shall be known and may be cited as the
- 2 "animal industry act". of 1987".
- 3 (2) THIS ACT IS INTENDED TO PROTECT THE HEALTH, SAFETY, AND
- 4 WELFARE OF HUMANS AND ANIMALS, TO BE CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE
- 5 FEDERAL AND STATE LAWS, AND SHALL BE SO CONSTRUED.
- 6 Sec. 3. (1) "Accredited veterinarian" means a veterinarian
- 7 approved by the United States department of agriculture to per-
- 8 form specific functions required by cooperative state-federal
- 9 disease control and eradication programs DEPUTY ADMINISTRATOR OF
- 10 THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, ANIMAL AND PLANT
- 11 HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE, VETERINARY SERVICES IN ACCORDANCE WITH
- 12 PROVISIONS OF 9 C.F.R. PART 161. AN ACCREDITED VETERINARIAN IS
- 13 CONSIDERED PREAPPROVED TO PERFORM CERTAIN FUNCTIONS OF FEDERAL
- 14 AND COOPERATIVE STATE/FEDERAL PROGRAMS.
- 15 (2) "Animal" means mollusks, crustaceans, and vertebrates
- 16 other than human beings INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, LIVESTOCK,
- 17 WILD ANIMALS, EXOTIC ANIMALS, AQUACULTURE, AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS.
- 18 (3) "ANIMAL MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE" MEANS A PRINTED FORM
- 19 ADOPTED BY THE DEPARTMENT AND COMPLETED AND ISSUED BY THE DIREC-
- 20 TOR THAT CONTAINS, AT A MINIMUM, THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION
- 21 REGARDING ANIMALS OR AN ANIMAL:
- 22 (A) THE POINT OF ORIGIN OR POINT OF DESTINATION.
- 23 (B) OFFICIAL IDENTIFICATION.
- 24 (C) ANTICIPATED MOVEMENT DATE.
- 25 (D) ANY REQUIRED OFFICIAL TEST RESULTS FOR BOVINE
- 26 TUBERCULOSIS.

- 1 (4) "Aquaculture" means the commercial husbandry of
- 2 aquaculture species on the approved list of aquaculture species
- 3 under the Michigan aquaculture development act, 1996 PA 199,
- 4 MCL 286.871 TO 286.884, including, but not limited to, the cul-
- 5 turing, producing, growing, using, propagating, harvesting,
- 6 transporting, importing, exporting, or marketing of any products,
- 7 coproducts, or by-products of fish, crustaceans, mollusks, rep-
- 8 tiles, and amphibians, reared or cultured under controlled condi-
- 9 tions in an aquaculture facility.
- 10 (5) (4) "Aquaculture facility" means a farm or farm oper-
- 11 ation engaged in any aspect of aquaculture in privately con-
- 12 trolled waters capable of holding all life stages of aquacultural
- 13 species with a barrier or enclosure designed to prevent their
- 14 escape into waters of the state. An aquaculture facility does
- 15 not include any facility not regulated THAT TERM AS DEFINED
- 16 under the Michigan aquaculture development act, 1996 PA 1999,
- 17 MCL 286.871 TO 286.884.
- 18 (6) (5) "Approved vaccine" means a veterinary biological
- 19 administered to livestock or other animals to induce immunity in
- 20 the recipient. The use of the approved vaccine in this state
- 21 shall be approved by the state veterinarian.
- 22 (6) "Captive cervidae" means members of the cervidae family
- 23 including, but not limited to, deer, elk, moose, and caribou
- 24 living under the husbandry of humans.
- 25 (7) "Captive cervidae ranch" means any premises that con-
- 26 tains 1 or more captive white-tailed deer or captive elk and has

- 1 captive white-tailed deer or captive elk removed by the hunting
- 2 method.
- 3 (8) "Captive elk farm" means any premises that contains 1 or
- 4 more captive elk and does not have any captive elk removed by the
- 5 hunting method.
- 6 (9) "Captive white-tailed deer farm" means any premises that
- 7 contains 1 or more captive white-tailed deer and does not have
- 8 any captive white-tailed deer removed by the hunting method.
- 9 (7) $\overline{(10)}$ "Carcasses" means the dead bodies of animals,
- 10 poultry, or fish AQUACULTURE. Carcasses do not include
- 11 rendered products.
- 12 (8) (11) "Cattle" means all bovine (genus bos) animals,
- 13 bovinelike animals (genus bison) also commonly referred to as
- 14 American buffalo or bison and any cross of these species unless
- 15 otherwise specifically provided.
- 16 (9) (12) "Cattle importation lot" means a premises regis-
- 17 tered with the department and used only to feed cattle in prepa-
- 18 ration for slaughter.
- 19 (10) (13) "Commingling" means concurrently or subsequently
- 20 sharing or subsequent use by -native livestock OR OTHER DOMESTIC
- 21 ANIMALS of the same pen or same section in a facility or same
- 22 section in a transportation unit where there is physical contact
- 23 or contact with bodily excrements or fluids from other livestock
- 24 OR DOMESTIC ANIMALS.
- 25 (11) (14) "Consignee" means the person within the state
- 26 of Michigan receiving the animals at the point of destination
- 27 named on the official interstate OR INTRASTATE health

- 1 certificate, official interstate certificate of veterinary
- 2 inspection, ENTRY AUTHORIZATION FORM, owner-shipper statement, or
- 3 sales invoice.
- 4 (12) $\overline{\ (15)}$ "Contagious disease" means an illness due to a
- 5 specific infectious agent or suspected infectious agent or its
- 6 toxic products which arises through transmission of that agent or
- 7 its products from an infected animal, or inanimate reservoir to a
- 8 susceptible host, either directly or indirectly through an inter-
- 9 mediate plant or animal host, vector, or the inanimate environ-
- 10 ment, or via an airborne mechanism.
- 11 (13) "DEALER" MEANS ANY PERSON ENGAGED IN THE BUSINESS OF
- 12 BUYING, RECEIVING, SELLING, EXCHANGING, TRANSPORTING, NEGOTIAT-
- 13 ING, OR SOLICITING THE SALE, RESALE, EXCHANGE, TRANSPORTATION, OR
- 14 TRANSFER OF LIVESTOCK. THIS ACT DOES NOT EXEMPT A PERSON FROM
- 15 LICENSURE IF OTHERWISE REQUIRED TO BE LICENSED UNDER 1937 PA 284,
- 16 MCL 287.121 TO 287.131.
- 17 (14) $\overline{(16)}$ "Department" means the department of
- **18** agriculture.
- 19 (15) $\overline{(17)}$ "Direct movement" means transfer of animals to a
- 20 destination without unloading the animals en route and without
- 21 exposure to any other animals or bodily excrements or fluids from
- 22 other animals.
- 23 (16) $\overline{)}$ "Director" means the director of the department
- 24 of agriculture or his or her authorized representative.
- 25 (17) $\frac{(19)}{(19)}$ "Disease" means any animal health issue with
- 26 economic impacts in terms of restricted movement or markets,

- 1 whether due to residues, metabolic problems, public health
- 2 concerns, multiple causes, or food safety issues.
- (18) (20) "Distribute" means to deliver other than by
- 4 administering or dispensing a veterinary biological.
- 5 (19) $\frac{(21)}{(21)}$ "Domestic animal" means those species of animals
- 6 indigenous to North America which have lived THAT LIVE under
- 7 the husbandry of humans.
- 8 (20) (22) "Emergency fish diseases" means certain infec-
- 9 tious diseases of fish that are transmissible directly or indi-
- 10 rectly from 1 fish to another and are not known to exist within
- 11 the waters of the state. Emergency fish diseases include, but
- 12 are not limited to, viral hemorrhagic septicemia, infectious
- 13 hematopoietic necrosis, ceratomyxosis, and proliferative kidney
- 14 disease.
- 15 (21) $\overline{(23)}$ "Equine" means all animals of the equine family
- 16 which includes horses, asses, jacks, jennies, hinnies, mules,
- 17 donkeys, burros, ponies, and zebras.
- 18 (22) $\overline{(24)}$ "Exhibition or exposition" means a congregation,
- 19 gathering, or collection of livestock that are presented or
- 20 exposed to public view for show, display, swap, exchange, enter-
- 21 tainment, educational event, instruction, advertising, or
- 22 competition. Exhibition or exposition does not include livestock
- 23 for sale at public stockyards, auctions, saleyards, and livestock
- 24 yards licensed under the provisions of 1937 PA 284, MCL 287.121
- 25 to 287.131.
- 26 (23) $\overline{(25)}$ "Exhibition facility" means any facility used or
- 27 intended to be used for public view, show, display, swap,

- 1 exchange, entertainment, advertisement, educational event, or
- 2 competition involving livestock. Exhibition facility does not
- 3 include a public stockyard, an auction saleyard, and a livestock
- 4 yard where livestock are accepted on consignment and the auction
- 5 method is used in the marketing of the livestock.
- 6 (24) (26) "Exhibitor" means any person who presents live-
- 7 stock for public display, exhibition, or competition or enters
- 8 livestock in a fair, show, exhibition, or exposition.
- 9 (25) $\frac{(27)}{(27)}$ "Exotic animal" means those animals that are not
- 10 domestic or any cross of those animals not domestic to North
- 11 America.
- 12 (26) (28) "Fair" means a competition and educational exhi-
- 13 bition of agricultural commodities and manufactured products for
- 14 which premiums may be paid and which is conducted by an associa-
- 15 tion or governmental entity.
- 16 (27) $\overline{(29)}$ "Feral swine" means swine which have lived their
- 17 life or any part of their life as free roaming or not under the
- 18 husbandry of humans.
- 19 Sec. 4. (1) "Fish disease inspection report" means a docu-
- 20 ment available from the great lakes fishery commission completed
- 21 by a fish health official giving evidence of inspections and
- 22 diagnostic work performed.
- 23 (2) "Fish health official" means a fish health specialist
- 24 identified by member agencies of the great lakes fish disease
- 25 control committee to the chair of the great lakes fish disease
- 26 control committee responsible for conducting fish-hatchery
- 27 inspections and the issuance of inspection reports.

- 1 (3) "Flock" means all of the poultry on 1 premises or, upon
- 2 the discretion of the department, a group of poultry that is seg-
- 3 regated from all other poultry for at least 21 days.
- 4 (4) "Garbage" means any animal origin products, including
- 5 those of poultry and fish origin, or other animal material
- 6 resulting from the handling, processing, preparation, cooking,
- 7 and consumption of foods. Garbage includes, but is not limited
- 8 to, any refuse of any type that has been associated with any such
- 9 material at any time during the handling, preparation, cooking,
- 10 or consumption of food. Garbage does not include rendered pro-
- 11 ducts or manure.
- 12 (5) "Grade status" means an animal for which no proof of
- 13 registration with an appropriate breed registry is provided.
- 14 (6) "Hatchery" means incubators, hatchers, and auxiliary
- 15 equipment on 1 premises operated and controlled for the purpose
- 16 of hatching poultry.
- 17 (7) "Hatching poultry eggs" means eggs for use in a hatchery
- 18 to produce young poultry or to produce embryonated eggs.
- 19 (8) "Herd or flock of origin" means any herd or flock in
- 20 which animals are born and remain until movement or any herd or
- 21 flock which animals remain for at least 30 days immediately fol-
- 22 lowing direct movement into the herd or flock from another herd
- 23 or flock. HERD OR FLOCK OF ORIGIN INCLUDES THE PLACE OF ORIGIN,
- 24 PREMISES OF ORIGIN, AND FARM OF ORIGIN.
- 25 (9) "Infectious disease" means an infection or disease due
- 26 to the invasion of the body by pathogenic organisms.

- 1 (10) "Isolated" means the physical separation of animals by
- 2 a physical barrier in such a manner that other animals do not
- 3 have access to the isolated animals' body, excrement, or dis-
- 4 charges, not allowing the isolated animals to share a building
- 5 with a common ventilation system with other animals, and not
- 6 allowing the isolated animals to be within 10 feet of other ani-
- 7 mals if not sharing a building with a common ventilation system.
- 8 Isolated animals have a noncommon feed and water system separate
- 9 from other animals.
- 10 Sec. 5. (1) "Law enforcement agent AGENCY" means an
- 11 officer of the department of state police, THE DEPARTMENT OF
- 12 NATURAL RESOURCES, or of a law enforcement agency of a county,
- 13 township, city, or village who THAT is responsible for the pre-
- 14 vention and detection of crime and enforcement of the criminal
- 15 laws of this state.
- 16 (2) "Livestock" means those species of animals used for
- 17 human food and fiber or those species of animals used for service
- 18 to humans. Livestock includes, but is not limited to, cattle,
- 19 sheep, new world camelids, goats, bison, captive cervidae
- 20 PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS, ratites, swine, equine, poultry, aqua-
- 21 culture, and rabbits. Livestock does not include dogs and cats.
- 22 (3) "Livestock auction market" means a livestock market
- 23 where livestock is accepted on consignment and the auction method
- 24 is used in the marketing of consigned livestock as defined in
- 25 Act No. 284 of the Public Acts of 1937, being sections 287.121
- 26 to 287.131 of the Michigan Compiled Laws 1937 PA 284,
- 27 MCL 287.121 TO 287.131.

- 1 (4) "National poultry improvement plan" means a plan for the
- 2 control or eradication of certain poultry diseases which is pub-
- 3 lished in parts 145 and 147 of subchapter G of chapter 1,
- 4 title 9 of the code of federal regulations 9 C.F.R. PARTS 145
- 5 AND 147.
- **6** (5) "Native" means born and raised in this state, or legally
- 7 imported into the state and having complied with entry require-
- 8 ments prescribed by the director, and having been maintained in
- 9 the state for at least 45 days.
- 10 (6) "Neutered" means sterilization by 1 of the following
- 11 methods only:
- 12 (a) Chemical.
- (b) Castration.
- 14 (c) Clamping.
- 15 (d) Banding.
- 16 (e) Spaying.
- 17 (7) "New world camelids" means animals belonging to the
- 18 genus llama and vicuna of the family camelidae of the order
- 19 artiodactyla including, but not limited to, the llama, alpaca,
- 20 vicuna, and guanaco.
- 21 (8) "Offal" means the waste parts resulting from the pro-
- 22 cessing of animals, poultry, and fish. Offal does not include
- 23 rendered products.
- Sec. 6. (1) "Official calfhood vaccinate" means female
- 25 cattle that are vaccinated by an accredited veterinarian with a
- 26 United States department of agriculture approved brucella abortus

- 1 vaccine in accordance with procedures and at an age approved by
- 2 the director.
- 3 (2) "Official identification" means an identification ear
- 4 tag, or ear tattoo, ELECTRONIC IDENTIFICATION, or other identi-
- 5 fication approved by the United States department of agriculture
- 6 or the department.
- 7 (3) "Official interstate health certificate" or "official
- 8 interstate certificate of veterinary inspection" means a printed
- 9 form adopted by any state that documents the information required
- 10 under section 20 and that is issued for animals being imported to
- 11 or exported from this state within 30 days before the importation
- 12 or exportation of the animals it describes. A photocopy of an
- 13 official interstate health certificate or an official interstate
- 14 certificate of veterinary inspection is an official copy if cer-
- 15 tified as a true copy by the issuing veterinarian or a livestock
- 16 health official of the state of origin.
- 17 (4) "Official test" means a sample of specific material col-
- 18 lected from an animal by an accredited veterinarian or other
- 19 person authorized by the director, and analyzed by a laboratory
- 20 certified by the United States department of agriculture or the
- 21 department to conduct the test, or a diagnostic injection admin-
- 22 istered and analyzed by an accredited veterinarian. An official
- 23 test shall be conducted only by an accredited veterinarian except
- 24 under special permission by the director.
- 25 (5) "Official vaccination" means a vaccination that the
- 26 director has designated as reportable. An official vaccination

- 1 shall be administered by an accredited veterinarian and
- 2 documented on a form supplied by the department.
- 3 (6) "Originate" refers to direct movement of animals from a
- 4 herd or flock of origin.
- 5 (7) "Over 19 months of age" means cattle that have the first
- 6 pair of permanent incisor teeth visibly present unless the owner
- 7 can document the exact age. Parturient or postparturient heif-
- $oldsymbol{8}$ ers, regardless of their age, are considered over 19 months of
- **9** age.
- 10 (8) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation,
- 11 cooperative, association, joint venture, or other legal entity
- 12 including, but not limited to, contractual relationships.
- 13 (9) "Poultry" means but is not limited to chickens, guinea
- 14 fowl, turkeys, waterfowl, pigeons, doves, peafowl, and game birds
- 15 that are propagated and maintained under the husbandry of
- 16 humans.
- 17 (10) "Prior entry permit" means a code that is obtained from
- 18 the department for specific species of livestock imported into
- 19 the state that is recorded on the official interstate health cer-
- 20 tificate or official interstate certificate of veterinary
- 21 inspection.
- 22 (11) "PRIVATELY OWNED CERVID" MEANS ALL SPECIES OF THE
- 23 CERVID FAMILY INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, DEER, ELK, MOOSE,
- 24 AND ALL OTHER MEMBERS OF THE FAMILY CERVIDAE RAISED OR MAINTAINED
- 25 IN CAPTIVITY FOR THE PRODUCTION OF MEAT AND OTHER AGRICULTURAL
- 26 PRODUCTS, SPORT, EXHIBITION, OR ANY OTHER PURPOSE. A PRIVATELY

- 1 OWNED CERVID AT LARGE WILL CONTINUE TO BE CONSIDERED A PRIVATELY
- 2 OWNED CERVID AS LONG AS IT BEARS OFFICIAL IDENTIFICATION.
- 3 (12) "PRIVATELY OWNED CERVID FARM" MEANS ANY PRIVATE OR
- 4 PUBLIC PREMISES THAT CONTAINS 1 OR MORE PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS
- 5 AND DOES NOT HAVE ANY PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS REMOVED BY THE
- 6 HUNTING METHOD.
- 7 (13) "PRIVATELY OWNED CERVID RANCH" MEANS ANY PRIVATE OR
- 8 PUBLIC PREMISES THAT CONTAINS 1 OR MORE PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS
- 9 AND HAS PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS REMOVED BY THE HUNTING METHOD.
- 10 (14) "PRIVATELY OWNED WHITE-TAILED DEER OR ELK RANCH" MEANS
- 11 ANY PRIVATE OR PUBLIC PREMISES THAT CONTAIN 1 OR MORE PRIVATELY
- 12 OWNED WHITE-TAILED DEER OR PRIVATELY OWNED ELK AND HAS PRIVATELY
- 13 OWNED WHITE-TAILED DEER OR PRIVATELY OWNED ELK REMOVED BY THE
- 14 HUNTING METHOD.
- 15 (15) (11) "Pullorum-typhoid" means a disease of poultry
- 16 caused by both salmonella pullorum and salmonella gallinarum.
- 17 (16) -(12) "Pullorum-typhoid clean flock" means a flock
- 18 that receives and maintains this status by fulfilling the
- 19 requirements prescribed in the national poultry improvement
- 20 plan.
- 21 (17) (13) "Quarantine" means enforced restriction of a
- 22 premises or isolation and restriction of free movement imposed on
- 23 an animal ISOLATION OF ANY ANIMAL OR GROUP OF ANIMALS OR
- 24 RESTRICTION OF MOVEMENT OF AN ANIMAL OR GROUP OF ANIMALS TO OR
- 25 FROM ANY STRUCTURE, PREMISES, OR AREA OF THIS STATE INCLUDING THE
- 26 ENTIRETY OF THIS STATE. A QUARANTINE MAY ALSO BE ISSUED TO
- 27 RESTRICT ANY MOVEMENT OF ANY ANIMAL OR GROUP OF ANIMALS TO OR

- 1 FROM A STRUCTURE, PREMISES, OR AREA OF THIS STATE, INCLUDING THE
- 2 ENTIRETY OF THE STATE.
- (18) (14) "Ratite" means flightless birds having a flat
- 4 breastbone without the keellike prominence characteristic of most
- 5 flying birds. Ratites include, but are not limited to, casso-
- 6 waries, kiwis, ostriches, emus, and rheas.
- 7 (19) -(15) "Reasonable assistance" means safely controlling
- 8 an animal by corralling, stabling, kenneling, holding, tying,
- 9 chemically restraining, or confining by halter or leash or crowd-
- 10 ing the animal in a safe and sensible manner so an examination or
- 11 testing procedure considered necessary by the director can be
- 12 performed.
- 13 (20) (16) "Rendered products" means waste material derived
- 14 in whole or in part from meat of any animal or other animal mate-
- 15 rial and other refuse of any character whatsoever that has been
- 16 associated with any such material at any time during the han-
- 17 dling, preparation, cooking, or consumption of food that has been
- 18 ground and heat-treated to a minimum temperature of 230 degrees
- 19 Fahrenheit to make products including, but not limited to, animal
- 20 protein meal, poultry protein meal, fish protein meal, grease, or
- 21 tallow. Rendered products also include bakery wastes, eggs,
- 22 candy wastes, and domestic dairy products including, but not
- 23 limited to, milk.
- 24 (21) (17) "Reportable disease" means an animal disease on
- 25 the current reportable animal disease list maintained by the
- 26 state veterinarian that poses a serious threat to the livestock
- 27 industry, public health, or human food chain.

- 1 (22) (18) "Slaughter facility premises" means all
- 2 facilities, buildings, structures, including all immediate
- 3 grounds where slaughtering occurs under federal or state inspec-
- 4 tion, or otherwise authorized by the director.
- 5 (23) $\overline{(19)}$ "Sow" means any female swine that has farrowed
- 6 or given birth to or aborted 1 litter or more.
- 7 (24) $\frac{(20)}{(20)}$ "State veterinarian" means the chief animal
- 8 health official of the state as appointed by the director under
- 9 section 7, or his or her authorized representative.
- 10 (25) $\frac{(21)}{(21)}$ "Swine" means any of the ungulate mammals of the
- 11 family suidae.
- 12 (26) "TERMINAL OPERATION" MEANS A FACILITY FOR CATTLE AND
- 13 GOATS TO ALLOW FOR CONTINUED GROWTH AND FINISHING UNTIL SUCH TIME
- 14 AS THE CATTLE AND GOATS ARE SHIPPED DIRECTLY TO SLAUGHTER.
- 15 (27) $\overline{(22)}$ "Toxic substance" means a natural or synthetic
- 16 chemical in concentrations which alone or in combination with
- 17 other natural or synthetic chemicals presents a threat to the
- 18 health, safety, or welfare to human or animal life or which has
- 19 the capacity to produce injury or illness through ingestion,
- 20 inhalation, or absorption through the body surface.
- 21 (28) (28) "Toxicological disease" means any condition
- 22 caused by or related to a toxic substance.
- 23 (29) (24) "U.S. registered shield" means a tattoo autho-
- 24 rized and approved by the United States department of agriculture
- 25 for use by an accredited veterinarian to designate cattle that
- 26 have been vaccinated against brucellosis using an approved
- 27 brucella abortus vaccine.

- 1 (30) $\frac{(25)}{(25)}$ "Veterinarian" means a person licensed to
- 2 practice veterinary medicine under article 15 of the public
- 3 health code, Act No. 368 of the Public Acts of 1978, being sec-
- 4 tions 333.16101 to 333.18838 of the Michigan Compiled Laws 1978
- **5** PA 368, MCL 333.16101 TO 333.18838, or under a state or federal
- 6 law applicable to that person.
- **7** (31) (26) "Veterinary biological" means all viruses,
- 8 serums, toxins, and analogous products of natural or synthetic
- 9 origin, or products prepared from any type of genetic engineer-
- 10 ing, such as diagnostics, antitoxins, vaccines, live microorgan-
- 11 isms, killed microorganisms, and the antigenic or immunizing com-
- 12 ponents of microorganisms intended for use in the diagnosis,
- 13 treatment, or prevention of diseases in animals.
- 14 (32) (27) "Waters of the state" means groundwaters, lakes,
- 15 rivers, and streams and all other watercourses and waters within
- 16 the jurisdiction of the state and also the Great Lakes bordering
- 17 the state.
- 18 (33) (28) "Wild animal" means any nondomesticated animal
- 19 or any cross of a nondomesticated animal.
- 20 Sec. 8. (1) Under the direction of the director, the state
- 21 veterinarian shall do all of the following:
- 22 (a) Develop and enforce policy and supervise activities to
- 23 carry out this act and other state and federal laws, rules, and
- 24 regulations that pertain to the health and welfare of animals in
- 25 this state ON PUBLIC OR PRIVATE PREMISES.
- 26 (b) Promulgate rules under the administrative procedures act
- 27 of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328, for the use of

- 1 veterinary biologicals including diagnostic biological agents.
- 2 The state veterinarian may require that the importation and use
- 3 of veterinary biologicals or biological agents be reported to the
- 4 department.
- 5 (c) Maintain a list of reportable animal diseases. The
- 6 state veterinarian shall review and update the list annually and
- 7 more often if necessary.
- 8 (d) Maintain a list of veterinary biologicals whose sale,
- 9 distribution, use, or administration by any person is reported to
- 10 the director when requested by the director within 10 working
- 11 days of the sale, distribution, use, or administration. The
- 12 state veterinarian shall review and update the list annually and
- 13 more often if necessary.
- 14 (e) Develop and implement scientifically based surveillance
- 15 AND MONITORING programs for reportable diseases when the director
- 16 determines, with advice and consultation from the livestock
- 17 industry and veterinary profession, that surveillance THESE
- 18 PROGRAMS would aid in the control or eradication of a reportable
- 19 disease or assist in the economic viability of the industry.
- 20 (f) The department shall consider and regularly review the
- 21 need to require a negative official test for bovine tuberculosis
- 22 for all cattle and goats within 60 days prior to movement from 1
- 23 premises to another within this state or require that cattle and
- 24 goats originate directly from a herd that is accredited
- 25 tuberculosis-free as defined in title 9 of the code of federal
- 26 regulations and the bovine tuberculosis eradication: uniform
- 27 methods and rules, effective February 3, 1989, approved by

- 1 veterinary services of the animal and plant health inspection
- 2 service of the United States department of agriculture, and all
- 3 amendments to those publications thereafter adopted pursuant to
- 4 rules that the director may promulgate. The director may require
- 5 that other species have a negative official test for bovine
- 6 tuberculosis prior to movement from 1 premises to another within
- 7 this state. This subsection shall be in effect until January 1,
- **8** 2001.
- 9 (g) The department shall coordinate and conduct, and the
- 10 department of natural resources shall actively support and assist
- 11 as directed by the department, a scientifically based surveil-
- 12 lance program for bovine tuberculosis of free-ranging deer, based
- 13 upon risk and conducted at a minimum 95% confidence of a 2%
- 14 infection rate based upon an official determination by the United
- 15 States department of agriculture, in at least each of the follow-
- 16 ing counties: Cheboygan, Presque Isle, Otsego, Montmorency,
- 17 Alpena, Crawford, Oscoda, Alcona, Roscommon, Ogemaw, Iosco, and
- 18 any other county and counties adjacent to that county where 1 or
- 19 more free-ranging deer are found to be positive for bovine tuber-
- 20 culosis, based upon an official determination by the United
- 21 States department of agriculture. For purposes of enforcing this
- 22 section, the department may enter upon private or public premises
- 23 to acquire samples. The Michigan department of natural resources
- 24 and the Michigan department of community health shall cooperate
- 25 with the state veterinarian to fulfill the requirements of this
- 26 section. The department shall report the results of the study to
- 27 the legislature and the governor by September 1, 1999.

- 1 (2) THE STATE VETERINARIAN MAY REQUIRE THAT THE IMPORTATION
- 2 AND USE OF VETERINARY BIOLOGICALS OR BIOLOGICAL AGENTS BE
- 3 REPORTED TO THE DEPARTMENT AND MAY RESTRICT THE USE OF CERTAIN
- 4 VETERINARY BIOLOGICALS TO VETERINARIANS WHEN THE DISEASE OR VET-
- 5 ERINARY BIOLOGICAL INVOLVED HAS A SUBSTANTIAL IMPACT ON PUBLIC
- 6 HEALTH, ANIMAL HEALTH, OR ANIMAL INDUSTRY.
- 7 (3) $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$ Unless otherwise prohibited by law, the state vet-
- 8 erinarian may enter upon any PUBLIC OR PRIVATE premises to
- 9 enforce this act.
- 10 Sec. 9. (1) A person who discovers, suspects, or has reason
- 11 to believe that an animal is either affected by a reportable dis-
- 12 ease or contaminated with a toxic substance shall immediately
- 13 report that fact, suspicion, or belief to the director. The
- 14 director shall take appropriate action to investigate the
- 15 report. A person possessing an animal affected by, or suspected
- 16 of being affected by, a reportable disease or contaminated with a
- 17 toxic substance shall allow the director to examine the animal or
- 18 collect diagnostic specimens. The director may enter premises
- 19 where animals, animal products, or animal feeds are suspected of
- 20 being contaminated with an infectious or contagious disease, or a
- 21 disease caused by a toxic substance and seize or impound the
- 22 animal products or feed located on the premises. The director
- 23 may withhold a certain amount of animal products or feed for the
- 24 purpose of controlled research and testing. A person who know-
- 25 ingly possesses or harbors affected or suspected animals shall
- 26 not expose other animals to the affected or suspected animals or

- 1 otherwise move the affected or suspected animals or animals under
- 2 quarantine except with permission from the director.
- 3 (2) A person owning animals shall provide reasonable assist-
- 4 ance to the director during the examination and necessary testing
- 5 procedures.
- **6** (3) The director may call upon a law enforcement agency to
- 7 assist in carrying out ENFORCING the director's QUARANTINES,
- 8 orders, OR ANY OTHER PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT.
- 9 (4) A person shall not remove or alter the OFFICIAL identi-
- 10 fication of an animal. for the purpose of misrepresentation of
- 11 the A PERSON SHALL NOT MISREPRESENT AN animal's identity or the
- 12 ownership of the AN animal. A person shall not make misrepre-
- 13 sentations concerning MISREPRESENT the animal's health status to
- 14 a potential buyer.
- 15 (5) The director may devise and implement a program to com-
- 16 pensate livestock owners for livestock that die, ARE INJURED, or
- 17 need to be destroyed for humane purposes while the livestock are
- 18 being tested or under a surveillance program for a reportable
- 19 disease.
- 20 (6) ANY MEDICAL OR EPIDEMIOLOGICAL INFORMATION THAT IDENTI-
- 21 FIES THE OWNERS OF ANIMALS AND IS GATHERED IN CONNECTION WITH THE
- 22 REPORTING OF A DISCOVERY, SUSPICION, OR REASON TO BELIEVE THAT AN
- 23 ANIMAL IS EITHER AFFECTED BY A REPORTABLE DISEASE OR CONTAMINATED
- 24 WITH A TOXIC SUBSTANCE, OR INFORMATION GATHERED IN CONNECTION
- 25 WITH AN INVESTIGATION OF THE REPORTING OF A DISCOVERY, SUSPICION,
- 26 OR REASON TO BELIEVE THAT AN ANIMAL IS AFFECTED BY A REPORTABLE
- 27 DISEASE OR CONTAMINATED WITH A TOXIC SUBSTANCE IS CONFIDENTIAL,

- 1 IS EXEMPT FROM DISCLOSURE UNDER THE FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT,
- 2 1976 PA 442, MCL 15.231 TO 15.246, AND IS NOT OPEN TO PUBLIC
- 3 INSPECTION WITHOUT THE INDIVIDUAL'S CONSENT UNLESS PUBLIC INSPEC-
- 4 TION IS NECESSARY TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC OR ANIMAL HEALTH AS
- 5 DETERMINED BY THE DIRECTOR. SUCH MEDICAL OR EPIDEMIOLOGICAL
- 6 INFORMATION THAT IS RELEASED TO A LEGISLATIVE BODY SHALL NOT CON-
- 7 TAIN INFORMATION THAT IDENTIFIES A SPECIFIC OWNER.
- 8 (7) AS USED IN SUBSECTIONS (8) TO (10):
- 9 (A) "DISEASE FREE ZONE" MEANS ANY AREA IN THE STATE WITH
- 10 DEFINED DIMENSIONS DETERMINED BY THE DEPARTMENT IN CONSULTATION
- 11 WITH THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE TO BE FREE OF
- 12 BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS.
- 13 (B) "INFECTED ZONE" MEANS ANY AREA IN THE STATE WITH DEFINED
- 14 DIMENSIONS IN WHICH BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS IS PRESENT AND SEPARATED
- 15 FROM THE DISEASE FREE ZONE BY A SURVEILLANCE ZONE AS DETERMINED
- 16 BY THE DEPARTMENT IN CONSULTATION WITH THE UNITED STATES DEPART-
- 17 MENT OF AGRICULTURE.
- 18 (C) "OFFICIAL INTRASTATE HEALTH CERTIFICATE OR OFFICIAL
- 19 INTRASTATE CERTIFICATE OF VETERINARY INSPECTION" MEANS A PRINTED
- 20 FORM ADOPTED BY THE DEPARTMENT AND COMPLETED AND ISSUED BY AN
- 21 ACCREDITED VETERINARIAN THAT DOCUMENTS AN ANIMAL'S POINT OF
- 22 ORIGIN, POINT OF DESTINATION, OFFICIAL IDENTIFICATION, AND ANY
- 23 REQUIRED OFFICIAL TEST RESULTS.
- 24 (D) "PRIOR MOVEMENT PERMIT" MEANS PRIOR DOCUMENTED PERMIS-
- 25 SION GIVEN BY THE DIRECTOR BEFORE MOVEMENT OF LIVESTOCK.
- 26 (E) "SURVEILLANCE ZONE" MEANS ANY AREA IN THE STATE WITH
- 27 DEFINED DIMENSIONS WHICH IS BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS DISEASE FREE AND

- 1 LOCATED ADJACENT AND CONTIGUOUS TO AN INFECTED ZONE AS DETERMINED
- 2 BY THE DEPARTMENT IN CONSULTATION WITH THE UNITED STATES DEPART-
- 3 MENT OF AGRICULTURE.
- 4 (8) THE DIRECTOR MAY DEVELOP, IMPLEMENT, AND ENFORCE SCIEN-
- 5 TIFICALLY BASED MOVEMENT RESTRICTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS INCLUDING
- 6 OFFICIAL BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS TEST REQUIREMENTS, PRIOR MOVEMENT
- 7 PERMITS, OFFICIAL INTRASTATE HEALTH CERTIFICATES OR ANIMAL MOVE-
- 8 MENT CERTIFICATES TO ACCOMPANY MOVEMENT OF ANIMALS, AND OFFICIAL
- 9 IDENTIFICATION OF ANIMALS FOR MOVEMENT BETWEEN OR WITHIN A DIS-
- 10 EASE FREE ZONE, SURVEILLANCE ZONE, AND AN INFECTED ZONE, OR ANY
- 11 COMBINATION OF THOSE ZONES.
- 12 (9) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL COMPLY WITH THE FOLLOWING PROCE-
- 13 DURES BEFORE ISSUING MOVEMENT RESTRICTIONS AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS
- 14 DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (8) THAT ASSURE PUBLIC NOTICE AND OPPOR-
- 15 TUNITY FOR PUBLIC COMMENT:
- 16 (A) DEVELOP SCIENTIFICALLY BASED MOVEMENT RESTRICTIONS AND
- 17 OTHER REQUIREMENTS WITH ADVICE AND CONSULTATION FROM THE LIVE-
- 18 STOCK INDUSTRY AND VETERINARY PROFESSION.
- 19 (B) PLACE THE PROPOSED MOVEMENT RESTRICTIONS AND OTHER
- 20 REQUIREMENTS ON THE COMMISSION OF AGRICULTURE AGENDA FOR AT LEAST
- 21 1 MONTH BEFORE IMPLEMENTATION AND ALLOW PUBLIC COMMENT BEFORE
- 22 COMMISSION REVIEW.
- 23 (C) PLACE THE PROPOSED MOVEMENT RESTRICTIONS AND OTHER
- 24 REQUIREMENTS AT LEAST 1 MONTH BEFORE IMPLEMENTATION IN AT LEAST
- 25 3 MAJOR NEWSPAPERS, 1 OF WHICH IS LOCATED IN THE UPPER
- 26 PENINSULA.

- 1 (10) THE DEPARTMENT MAY REVISE OR RESCIND MOVEMENT
- 2 RESTRICTIONS AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (8),
- 3 PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, AND ANY REVISION OR REVOCATION OF SUCH
- 4 MOVEMENT RESTRICTIONS OR OTHER REQUIREMENTS SHALL COMPLY WITH THE
- 5 PROCEDURE SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (9).
- 6 (11) AS USED IN SUBSECTIONS (12) TO (32):
- 7 (A) "HIGH-RISK AREA" MEANS AN AREA WHERE BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS
- 8 HAS BEEN DIAGNOSED IN LIVESTOCK. HIGH-RISK AREA DOES NOT INCLUDE
- 9 AN AREA WHERE TESTS CONDUCTED UNDER SUBSECTION (14) INDICATE A
- 10 LACK OF BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS DIAGNOSIS AT LEAST 36 MONTHS AFTER
- 11 THE DATE THE AREA WAS DESIGNATED A HIGH-RISK AREA.
- 12 (B) "INTRASTATE" MEANS FROM 1 PREMISES TO ANOTHER WITHIN
- 13 THIS STATE. INTRASTATE IN REFERENCE TO MOVEMENT DOES NOT INCLUDE
- 14 THE MOVEMENT OF LIVESTOCK FROM 1 PREMISES WITHIN THE STATE
- 15 DIRECTLY TO ANOTHER PREMISES WITHIN THE STATE WHEN BOTH PREMISES
- 16 ARE A PART OF THE SAME LIVESTOCK OPERATION UNDER COMMON OWNERSHIP
- 17 AND BOTH PREMISES ARE DIRECTLY INTERRELATED AS PART OF THE SAME
- 18 LIVESTOCK OPERATION.
- **19** (C) "POTENTIAL HIGH-RISK AREA" MEANS AN AREA WHERE BOVINE
- 20 TUBERCULOSIS HAS BEEN DIAGNOSED IN WILD ANIMALS ONLY. POTENTIAL
- 21 HIGH-RISK AREA DOES NOT INCLUDE AN AREA WHERE CATTLE AND GOAT
- 22 HERDS ARE WHOLE HERD TESTED IN THE MANNER PROVIDED FOR UNDER
- 23 SUBSECTION (16) RESULTING IN THE LACK OF ANY ADDITIONAL BOVINE
- 24 TUBERCULOSIS INFECTED ANIMALS BEING FOUND IN WILD ANIMALS, DOMES-
- 25 TIC ANIMALS, OR LIVESTOCK.
- 26 (D) "WHOLE HERD" MEANS ANY ISOLATED GROUP OF CATTLE AND
- 27 GOATS 12 MONTHS OF AGE OR OLDER MAINTAINED ON COMMON GROUND FOR

- 1 ANY PURPOSE, OR 2 OR MORE GROUPS OF CATTLE AND GOATS UNDER COMMON
- 2 OWNERSHIP OR SUPERVISION GEOGRAPHICALLY SEPARATED BUT THAT HAVE
- 3 AN INTERCHANGE OR MOVEMENT OF CATTLE AND GOATS WITHOUT REGARD TO
- 4 HEALTH STATUS AS DETERMINED BY THE DIRECTOR.
- 5 (12) THIS SECTION DOES NOT EXEMPT DAIRY HERDS FROM BEING
- 6 TESTED IN THE MANNER PROVIDED FOR BY GRADE "A" PASTEURIZED MILK
- 7 ORDINANCE, 1999 REVISION OF THE UNITED STATES PUBLIC HEALTH
- 8 SERVICE/FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION, WITH ADMINISTRATIVE PROCE-
- 9 DURES AND APPENDICES, SET FORTH IN THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE/FOOD
- 10 AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION PUBLICATION NO. 229, AND THE PROVISIONS
- 11 OF THE 1995 GRADE "A" CONDENSED AND DRY MILK PRODUCTS AND CON-
- 12 DENSED AND DRY WHEY-SUPPLEMENT I TO THE GRADE "A" PASTEURIZED
- 13 MILK ORDINANCE, 1999 REVISIONS, AND ALL AMENDMENTS TO THOSE PUB-
- 14 LICATIONS THEREAFTER ADOPTED PURSUANT TO THE RULES THAT THE
- 15 DIRECTOR MAY PROMULGATE.
- 16 (13) THE DIRECTOR MAY ESTABLISH HIGH-RISK AREAS AND POTEN-
- 17 TIAL HIGH-RISK AREAS BASED UPON SCIENTIFICALLY BASED
- 18 EPIDEMIOLOGY. NOTIFICATION SHALL BE GIVEN THROUGH THE COMMISSION
- 19 OF AGRICULTURE AND IN A NEWSPAPER WITH GENERAL CIRCULATION IN ANY
- 20 AREA DESIGNATED AS A HIGH-RISK OR POTENTIAL HIGH-RISK AREA.
- 21 (14) CATTLE AND GOAT HERDS LOCATED IN HIGH-RISK AREAS SHALL
- 22 BE WHOLE HERD BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS TESTED AT LEAST ONCE PER YEAR.
- 23 AFTER THE FIRST WHOLE HERD BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS TEST, TESTING
- 24 SHALL OCCUR BETWEEN 10 AND 14 MONTHS FROM THE ANNIVERSARY DATE OF
- 25 THE FIRST TEST. THIS SECTION DOES NOT PREVENT WHOLE HERD TESTING
- 26 AT SHORTER INTERVALS.

- 1 (15) TERMINAL OPERATIONS LOCATED IN HIGH-RISK AREAS IN THIS
- 2 STATE ARE EXEMPT FROM THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION (14) AND MAY
- 3 BE MONITORED BY A WRITTEN SURVEILLANCE PLAN APPROVED BY THE
- 4 DIRECTOR.
- 5 (16) CATTLE AND GOAT HERDS LOCATED IN POTENTIAL HIGH-RISK
- 6 AREAS SHALL BE WHOLE HERD BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS TESTED WITHIN
- 7 6 MONTHS AFTER THE DIRECTOR HAS ESTABLISHED A POTENTIAL HIGH-RISK
- 8 AREA OR HAVE A WRITTEN HERD PLAN WITH A TARGETED WHOLE HERD
- 9 BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS TESTING DATE.
- 10 (17) TERMINAL OPERATIONS LOCATED IN POTENTIAL HIGH-RISK
- 11 AREAS IN THIS STATE ARE EXEMPT FROM THE REQUIREMENTS OF
- 12 SUBSECTION (16) AND MAY BE MONITORED BY A WRITTEN SURVEILLANCE
- 13 PLAN APPROVED BY THE DIRECTOR.
- 14 (18) EACH OWNER OF ANY PRIVATELY OWNED CERVID HERD WITHIN A
- 15 HIGH-RISK AREA SHALL CAUSE AN ANNUAL WHOLE HERD BOVINE TUBERCULO-
- 16 SIS TEST TO BE CONDUCTED ON ALL PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS 12 MONTHS
- 17 OF AGE AND OLDER WITHIN THE HERD AND ALL CATTLE AND GOATS
- 18 6 MONTHS OF AGE AND OLDER IN CONTACT WITH THE CERVIDS. FOLLOWING
- 19 THE INITIAL ANNUAL WHOLE HERD TEST, SUBSEQUENT WHOLE HERD TESTS
- 20 SHALL BE COMPLETED AT 9- TO 15-MONTH INTERVALS.
- 21 (19) EACH OWNER OF ANY PRIVATELY OWNED CERVID RANCH WITHIN A
- 22 HIGH-RISK AREA MAY ELECT TO UNDERGO A TUBERCULOSIS SLAUGHTER SUR-
- 23 VEILLANCE PLAN APPROVED BY THE DIRECTOR IN LIEU OF THE ANNUAL
- 24 WHOLE HERD TESTING. THIS SLAUGHTER SURVEILLANCE PLAN MUST
- 25 INCLUDE EXAMINATION OF ANIMALS REMOVED FROM THE HERD FOR DETEC-
- 26 TION OF TUBERCULOSIS. EXAMINATION MUST BE PERFORMED BY A STATE
- 27 OR FEDERAL VETERINARIAN OR ACCREDITED VETERINARIAN. THE NUMBER

- 1 TO BE EXAMINED AT EACH TESTING INTERVAL SHALL INCLUDE ADULT
- 2 ANIMALS AND MUST BE EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT NECESSARY TO ESTABLISH AN
- 3 OFFICIAL TUBERCULOSIS MONITORED HERD AS DEFINED IN THE BOVINE
- 4 TUBERCULOSIS ERADICATION UNIFORM METHODS AND RULES, EFFECTIVE
- 5 JANUARY 22, 1999, AND ALL AMENDMENTS TO THOSE PUBLICATIONS THERE-
- 6 AFTER ADOPTED PURSUANT TO RULES THAT THE DIRECTOR MAY
- 7 PROMULGATE.
- 8 (20) ALL CATTLE AND GOAT HERDS LOCATED IN ANY AREA OUTSIDE A
- 9 HIGH-RISK AREA OR A POTENTIAL HIGH-RISK AREA IN THIS STATE SHALL
- 10 BE WHOLE HERD BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS TESTED BETWEEN JANUARY 1, 2000
- 11 AND DECEMBER 31, 2003. PRIVATELY OWNED CERVID HERDS LOCATED IN
- 12 THE NON-HIGH-RISK AREAS OR POTENTIAL HIGH-RISK AREAS SHALL BE
- 13 TESTED PER SECTIONS 30C AND 30D.
- 14 (21) TERMINAL OPERATIONS AND PRIVATELY OWNED CERVID PREMISES
- 15 LOCATED IN ANY AREA OUTSIDE A HIGH-RISK AREA OR A POTENTIAL
- 16 HIGH-RISK AREA IN THIS STATE MAY BE EXEMPTED FROM SUBSECTION (18)
- 17 AND MAY BE MONITORED BY A WRITTEN SURVEILLANCE PLAN APPROVED BY
- 18 THE DIRECTOR.
- 19 (22) SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (24), CATTLE AND GOATS ORIGINAT-
- 20 ING IN AN AREA NOT DESIGNATED AS A HIGH-RISK AREA MOVING INTRA-
- 21 STATE SHALL MEET AT LEAST 1 OF THE FOLLOWING UNTIL THE ZONE,
- 22 AREA, OR THE ENTIRETY OF THE STATE FROM WHICH THEY ORIGINATE
- 23 RECEIVES TUBERCULOSIS FREE STATUS FROM THE UNITED STATES DEPART-
- 24 MENT OF AGRICULTURE:
- 25 (A) ORIGINATE DIRECTLY FROM A HERD THAT HAS RECEIVED AN
- 26 OFFICIAL NEGATIVE WHOLE HERD BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS TEST WITHIN THE
- 27 24 MONTHS BEFORE THE INTRASTATE MOVEMENT.

- 1 (B) HAS RECEIVED AN INDIVIDUAL OFFICIAL NEGATIVE BOVINE
- 2 TUBERCULOSIS TEST WITHIN 60 DAYS BEFORE THE INTRASTATE
- 3 MOVEMENTS.
- 4 (C) HAS ORIGINATED DIRECTLY FROM AN ACCREDITED BOVINE
- 5 TUBERCULOSIS-FREE HERD AS DEFINED IN TITLE 9 OF THE CODE OF FED-
- 6 ERAL REGULATIONS AND THE BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS ERADICATION: UNI-
- 7 FORM METHODS AND RULES, EFFECTIVE JANUARY 22, 1999, APPROVED BY
- 8 VETERINARY SERVICES OF THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICUL-
- 9 TURE, AND ALL AMENDMENTS TO THOSE PUBLICATIONS THEREAFTER ADOPTED
- 10 PURSUANT TO RULES THAT THE DIRECTOR MAY PROMULGATE.
- 11 (23) SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (24), CATTLE AND GOATS ORIGINAT-
- 12 ING IN A HIGH-RISK AREA THAT MOVE INTRASTATE SHALL MEET AT LEAST
- 13 1 OF THE FOLLOWING UNTIL THE ZONE, AREA, OR THE ENTIRETY OF THE
- 14 STATE FROM WHICH THEY ORIGINATE IS NO LONGER DESIGNATED AS A
- 15 HIGH-RISK AREA BY THE DIRECTOR:
- 16 (A) ORIGINATE DIRECTLY FROM A HERD THAT HAS RECEIVED AN
- 17 OFFICIAL NEGATIVE WHOLE HERD BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS TEST WITHIN THE
- 18 12 MONTHS BEFORE THE INTRASTATE MOVEMENT.
- 19 (B) HAS RECEIVED AN INDIVIDUAL OFFICIAL NEGATIVE BOVINE
- 20 TUBERCULOSIS TEST WITHIN 60 DAYS BEFORE THE INTRASTATE
- **21** MOVEMENTS.
- 22 (C) HAS ORIGINATED DIRECTLY FROM AN ACCREDITED BOVINE
- 23 TUBERCULOSIS-FREE HERD AS DEFINED IN TITLE 9 OF THE CODE OF FED-
- 24 ERAL REGULATIONS AND THE BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS ERADICATION: UNI-
- 25 FORM METHODS AND RULES EFFECTIVE JANUARY 22, 1999, APPROVED BY
- 26 VETERINARY SERVICES OF THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF

- 1 AGRICULTURE, AND ALL AMENDMENTS TO THOSE PUBLICATIONS THEREAFTER
- 2 ADOPTED PURSUANT TO RULES THAT THE DIRECTOR MAY PROMULGATE.
- 3 (24) CATTLE AND GOATS NOT MEETING SUBSECTION (22) OR (23)
- 4 MAY BE SOLD THROUGH A LIVESTOCK AUCTION MARKET FOR SLAUGHTER
- 5 ONLY. VERIFICATION THAT THE ANIMALS WERE SOLD ONLY FOR SLAUGHTER
- 6 AND THAT THE SLAUGHTER OCCURRED WITHIN 5 DAYS AFTER SALE SHALL BE
- 7 PRESENTED UPON REQUEST OF THE DIRECTOR.
- 8 (25) PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS MOVING INTRASTATE SHALL MEET
- 9 REQUIREMENTS UNDER SECTION 30B.
- 10 (26) BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS TESTING REQUIRED UNDER THIS SECTION
- 11 SHALL BE CONDUCTED BY ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 12 (A) VETERINARIANS EMPLOYED BY THE DEPARTMENT.
- 13 (B) VETERINARIANS EMPLOYED BY THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT
- 14 OF AGRICULTURE.
- 15 (C) ACCREDITED VETERINARIANS UNDER CONTRACT AND PAID BY THE
- 16 DEPARTMENT OR THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.
- 17 VETERINARIANS APPROVED TO BE UNDER CONTRACT AND PAID BY THE
- 18 DEPARTMENT OR THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE FOR
- 19 BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS TESTING REQUIRED BY THIS SECTION MUST ATTEND
- 20 A BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS EDUCATIONAL SEMINAR APPROVED BY THE
- 21 DIRECTOR. TO BE ELIGIBLE FOR CONTINUED CONTRACT AND PAYMENT BY
- 22 THE DEPARTMENT OR UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
- 23 ACCREDITED VETERINARIANS MUST ATTEND YEARLY BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS
- 24 EDUCATIONAL SEMINARS APPROVED BY THE DIRECTOR.
- 25 (D) ANY OTHER ACCREDITED VETERINARIANS PAID BY THE OWNER.
- 26 (27) INDIVIDUAL, WHOLE HERD, OR ACCREDITED FREE HERD ANIMAL
- 27 BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS TESTING REQUIRED OR PERMITTED BY THIS SECTION

- 1 SHALL BE CONDUCTED BY THE DEPARTMENT, UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF
- 2 AGRICULTURE, OR PRIVATE VETERINARIANS. BEGINNING JANUARY 1,
- 3 2000, PRIVATE VETERINARIANS APPROVED IN SUBSECTION (26) MAY BE
- 4 PAID BY THE DEPARTMENT FOR TESTING SERVICES. ANY OTHER BOVINE
- 5 TUBERCULOSIS TESTING CONDUCTED IN ADDITION TO, OR LESS THAN,
- 6 REQUIREMENTS OR ALLOWANCES IN THIS SECTION ARE THE RESPONSIBILITY
- 7 OF THE OWNER.
- 8 (28) INDIVIDUAL LIVESTOCK THAT HAVE BEEN INJECTED AND ARE
- 9 UNDERGOING BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS TESTING SHALL NOT BE REMOVED FROM
- 10 THE PREMISES WHERE THE TEST IS ADMINISTERED UNTIL THE TEST IS
- 11 READ EXCEPT WITH PERMISSION GRANTED BY THE DIRECTOR.
- 12 (29) BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 2000, WITH ADVICE AND CONSULTATION
- 13 FROM THE LIVESTOCK INDUSTRY AND VETERINARY PROFESSION, THE DIREC-
- 14 TOR MAY PAY TO A PRODUCER FOR ASSISTANCE APPROVED BY THE MICHIGAN
- 15 COMMISSION OF AGRICULTURE FOR WHOLE HERD BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS
- 16 TESTING REQUIRED IN SUBSECTIONS (14), (16), (18), AND (20) OR
- 17 REQUIRED BY GRADE "A" PASTEURIZED MILK ORDINANCE, 1999 REVISION
- 18 OF THE UNITED STATES PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE/FOOD AND DRUG ADMINIS-
- 19 TRATION, WITH ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES AND APPENDIXES, SET FORTH
- 20 IN THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE/FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION PUBLI-
- 21 CATION NO. 229, AND THE PROVISIONS OF THE 1995 GRADE "A" CON-
- 22 DENSED AND DRY MILK PRODUCTS AND CONDENSED AND DRY
- 23 WHEY-SUPPLEMENT I TO THE GRADE "A" PASTEURIZED MILK ORDINANCE,
- 24 1999 REVISIONS, AND ALL AMENDMENTS TO THOSE PUBLICATIONS THEREAF-
- 25 TER ADOPTED PURSUANT TO RULES THAT THE DIRECTOR MAY PROMULGATE.
- 26 (30) BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 2000, WITH ADVICE AND CONSULTATION
- 27 FROM THE LIVESTOCK INDUSTRY AND VETERINARY PROFESSION, THE

- 1 DIRECTOR MAY PAY TO A VETERINARIAN, WHO HAS FULFILLED THE
- 2 REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION (26), FOR CHUTES AND GATES ON A 50/50
- 3 COST SHARE BASIS AS APPROVED BY THE AGRICULTURE COMMISSION.
- 4 (31) BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 2000, WITH ADVICE AND CONSULTATION
- 5 FROM THE LIVESTOCK INDUSTRY AND VETERINARY PROFESSION, THE DIREC-
- 6 TOR MAY PAY TO AN OPERATOR OR OWNER OF A LIVESTOCK AUCTION MARKET
- 7 FOR CHUTES, GATES, AND REMODELING TO EXPEDITE IDENTIFICATION OF
- 8 LIVESTOCK FOR BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS SURVEILLANCE AND ERADICATION ON
- 9 A 50/50 COST SHARE BASIS AS APPROVED BY THE AGRICULTURE
- 10 COMMISSION.
- 11 (32) SUBSECTIONS (11) THROUGH (26) AND SUBSECTION (28) TAKE
- 12 EFFECT JANUARY 1, 2001.
- 13 SEC. 11A. (1) BEGINNING NOVEMBER 1, 2001, ALL PREMISES
- 14 WITHIN THIS STATE HAVING CATTLE, BISON, GOATS, SWINE, PRIVATELY
- 15 OWNED CERVIDS, AQUACULTURE, EQUINE, OR SHEEP, OR ANY COMBINATION
- 16 THEREOF, SHALL REGISTER WITH THE DEPARTMENT ON NOVEMBER 1 OF THAT
- 17 YEAR. REGISTRATION SHALL BE ON FORMS SUPPLIED BY THE DEPARTMENT
- 18 AND SHALL INCLUDE ONLY THE OWNER'S NAME, OWNER'S CURRENT ADDRESS,
- 19 LOCATION OF LIVESTOCK, AND SPECIES OF LIVESTOCK AT THE PREMISES
- 20 AS OF OCTOBER 1 OF THAT CALENDAR YEAR. IF CATTLE, BISON, GOATS,
- 21 SWINE, PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS, AQUACULTURE, EQUINE, OR SHEEP, OR
- 22 ANY COMBINATION THEREOF, ARE PRESENT AT THE PREMISES AS OF
- 23 OCTOBER 1 OF ANY SUBSEQUENT YEAR, THE PERSON SHALL REGISTER OR
- 24 REREGISTER EACH YEAR AFTER THE YEAR OF THE INITIAL REGISTRATION,
- 25 OR EACH YEAR THE SPECIFIED SPECIES ARE PRESENT AT THE PREMISES AS
- 26 OF OCTOBER 1, NOT LATER THAN NOVEMBER 1.

- 1 (2) INFORMATION KEPT BY THE DIRECTOR AS REQUIRED IN
- 2 SUBSECTION (1) IS CONFIDENTIAL, IS EXEMPT FROM DISCLOSURE UNDER
- 3 THE FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT, 1976 PA 442, MCL 15.231 TO
- 4 15.246, AND IS NOT OPEN TO PUBLIC INSPECTION OR TO ANY LOCAL,
- 5 STATE, OR FEDERAL GOVERNMENTAL DEPARTMENT, UNIT, AGENCY, OR LEG-
- 6 ISLATIVE BODY, EXCEPT THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICUL-
- 7 TURE, WITHOUT THE OWNER'S CONSENT UNLESS PUBLIC INSPECTION IS
- 8 NECESSARY TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC OR ANIMAL HEALTH AS DETERMINED BY
- 9 THE DIRECTOR.
- 10 (3) A PERSON OR PREMISES REGISTERED UNDER ANOTHER REGISTRA-
- 11 TION PROGRAM ADMINISTERED BY THE DEPARTMENT THAT THE DIRECTOR
- 12 DETERMINES MEETS THE CRITERIA OF THIS SECTION IS EXEMPT FROM THE
- 13 REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION.
- 14 SEC. 11B. ALL CATTLE, GOATS, AND PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS
- 15 SHALL BEAR OFFICIAL IDENTIFICATION BEFORE THEY LEAVE A PREMISES.
- 16 COMPLIANCE WITH THIS SECTION REGARDING OFFICIAL IDENTIFICATION IS
- 17 THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE OWNER. OFFICIAL IDENTIFICATION SHALL
- 18 BE SUPPLIED BY THE DEPARTMENT.
- 19 Sec. 12. (1) The director may issue a quarantine on animals
- 20 or premises in this state STRUCTURES, PREMISES, OR ANY AREA IN
- 21 THE STATE, INCLUDING THE ENTIRE STATE IF NECESSARY, for the pur-
- 22 pose of controlling or preventing the spread of a known or sus-
- 23 pected infectious, contagious, or toxicological disease.
- 24 (2) A person shall not move animals that are under quaran-
- 25 tine without permission from the director.

- 1 (3) A person shall not allow animals under quarantine to
- 2 mingle or have contact with other animals not under quarantine
- 3 without permission by the director.
- 4 (4) A person shall not import into this state an animal from
- 5 another state or jurisdiction if that animal is under quarantine
- 6 by the other state or jurisdiction unless that person obtains
- 7 prior permission from the director.
- 8 (5) A person shall not import into this state an animal spe-
- 9 cies from an area under quarantine for that species for any
- 10 infectious, contagious, or toxicological disease unless permis-
- 11 sion is granted from the director.
- 12 (6) The director may prescribe procedures for the identifi-
- 13 cation, inventory, separation, mode of handling, TESTING, treat-
- 14 ment, feeding, and caring for the BOTH quarantined animals AND
- 15 ANIMALS WITHIN A QUARANTINED AREA to prevent the quarantined
- 16 animals from infecting or exposing INFECTION OR EXPOSURE OF non-
- 17 quarantined OR QUARANTINED animals to infectious, contagious, or
- 18 toxicological diseases.
- 19 (7) The director may prescribe procedures required before
- 20 an ANY animal, and STRUCTURE, premises, OR AREA OR ZONE IN
- 21 THIS STATE, INCLUDING THE ENTIRETY OF THE STATE IF NECESSARY, are
- 22 released from quarantine.
- 23 (8) An animal found running at large in violation of a quar-
- 24 antine may be killed by a law enforcement agent AGENCY. The
- 25 director may enlist the cooperation of a law enforcement agency
- 26 to enforce the provisions of this quarantine. A law enforcement

- 1 agent AGENCY killing an animal due to a quarantine under this
- 2 section is not subject to liability for the animal.
- 3 SEC. 13A. (1) A TERMINAL OPERATION MAY BE A LOT, PARCEL,
- 4 PASTURE, PREMISES, FACILITY, OR CONFINED AREA.
- 5 (2) A TERMINAL OPERATION SHALL NOT ALLOW OR PERMIT DRAINAGE
- 6 FROM THE TERMINAL OPERATION TO FLOW INTO AREAS ACCESSIBLE TO
- 7 LIVESTOCK, LIVESTOCK FEED, OR LIVESTOCK FEED STORAGE AREAS OTHER
- 8 THAN THE CATTLE AND GOATS IN THE TERMINAL OPERATION.
- 9 (3) A TERMINAL OPERATION SHALL BE REGISTERED WITH THE
- 10 DEPARTMENT ON AN APPLICATION FORM PROVIDED BY THE DEPARTMENT.
- 11 (4) REGISTRATION SHALL NOT BE ISSUED UNLESS THE TERMINAL
- 12 OPERATION HAS BEEN INSPECTED BY THE DIRECTOR AND FOUND TO MEET
- 13 BOTH OF THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:
- 14 (A) A TERMINAL OPERATION IS CONSTRUCTED AND OPERATED TO
- 15 DETER CATTLE AND GOATS IN THE TERMINAL OPERATION FROM MAKING CON-
- 16 TACT WITH ANIMALS OTHER THAN THOSE IN THE TERMINAL OPERATION.
- 17 (B) IF A VEHICLE TRANSPORTING CATTLE AND GOATS FROM A TERMI-
- 18 NAL OPERATION COMPLETES THE LOAD AT ADDITIONAL FARMS TO LOAD
- 19 CATTLE AND GOATS, ALL OF WHICH ARE EN ROUTE TO A SLAUGHTER FACIL-
- 20 ITY, ALL CATTLE AND GOATS MUST REMAIN ON THE VEHICLE AND NO ANI-
- 21 MALS ARE ALLOWED TO UNLOAD.
- 22 (5) ABORTED FETUSES AND ANIMALS THAT DIE IN A TERMINAL OPER-
- 23 ATION SHALL BE DISPOSED OF IN COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 57 OF THE
- 24 MICHIGAN PENAL CODE, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.57, REGARDING BURIAL OF
- 25 DEAD ANIMALS.
- 26 (6) IF AN ANIMAL GIVES BIRTH WHILE IN THE TERMINAL
- 27 OPERATION, BOTH OF THE FOLLOWING APPLY:

- 1 (A) THE OFFSPRING ARE RESTRICTED TO THE TERMINAL OPERATION
- 2 AND MAY LEAVE ONLY AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (7).
- 3 (B) THE NEWBORN ANIMAL MUST BE OFFICIALLY IDENTIFIED WITHIN
- 4 30 DAYS AFTER BIRTH.
- 5 (7) CATTLE AND GOATS ONLY MAY EXIT A TERMINAL OPERATION BY
- 6 BEING TRANSPORTED DIRECTLY TO A SLAUGHTERING ESTABLISHMENT,
- 7 DIRECTLY TO ANOTHER REGISTERED TERMINAL OPERATION, OR THROUGH A
- 8 LIVESTOCK AUCTION MARKET FOR SLAUGHTER ONLY, OR TO A VETERINARY
- 9 HOSPITAL OR CLINIC WHERE THE ANIMAL IS NOT COMMINGLED WITH OTHER
- 10 ANIMALS UNLESS PERMISSION IS GRANTED BY THE DIRECTOR TO MOVE THE
- 11 CATTLE OR GOATS TO ANOTHER PREMISES. IF CATTLE OR GOATS EXIT A
- 12 TERMINAL OPERATION THROUGH A LIVESTOCK AUCTION MARKET, THE DIREC-
- 13 TOR MAY REQUEST VERIFICATION THAT THE ANIMALS WERE SOLD FOR
- 14 SLAUGHTER AND THAT THE SLAUGHTER OCCURRED 5 DAYS AFTER SALE.
- 15 MOVING DIRECTLY TO A SLAUGHTERING ESTABLISHMENT OR DIRECTLY TO
- 16 ANOTHER REGISTERED TERMINAL OPERATION INCLUDES STOPPING AT A
- 17 PREMISES TO LOAD OTHER ANIMALS BEING TRANSPORTED TO THE SLAUGH-
- 18 TERING ESTABLISHMENT OR TERMINAL OPERATION WITHOUT UNLOADING ANY
- 19 ANIMALS.
- 20 (8) CATTLE AND GOATS IN A TERMINAL OPERATION ARE EXEMPT FROM
- 21 OFFICIAL BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS SURVEILLANCE AS REQUIRED IN
- **22** SECTION 9(14).
- 23 (9) A CONVEYANCE VEHICLE USED TO TRANSPORT CATTLE AND GOATS
- 24 FROM A TERMINAL OPERATION SHALL BE CLEANED AND DISINFECTED AFTER
- 25 USE WITH A DISINFECTANT APPLIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL
- 26 INSTRUCTIONS.

- 1 (10) THE DIRECTOR MAY INSPECT ANY TERMINAL OPERATION AND
- 2 RECORDS OF THE TERMINAL OPERATION AT ANY REASONABLE TIME TO
- 3 DETERMINE WHETHER REQUIREMENTS ESTABLISHED BY THIS ACT ARE BEING
- 4 MET. THE DIRECTOR SHALL MAKE A REASONABLE ATTEMPT TO NOTIFY THE
- 5 OWNER/OPERATOR BEFORE ANY INSPECTION.
- 6 (11) TERMINAL OPERATION RECORDS SHALL INCLUDE ALL OF THE
- 7 FOLLOWING:
- 8 (A) IDENTIFICATION OF ALL CATTLE AND GOATS. AS USED IN THIS
- 9 SUBDIVISION, "IDENTIFICATION" MEANS OFFICIAL IDENTIFICATION,
- 10 INCLUDING ELECTRONIC IDENTIFICATION, OR PERMANENT IDENTIFICATION
- 11 APPROVED AND SUPPLIED BY THE DIRECTOR.
- 12 (B) THE DATE CATTLE OR GOATS, OR BOTH, WERE ADDED TO THE
- 13 TERMINAL OPERATION.
- 14 (C) THE COMPLETE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON OR DEALER
- 15 FROM WHOM THE CATTLE OR GOATS, OR BOTH, WERE OBTAINED.
- 16 (D) THE COMPLETE STREET ADDRESS OF THE PREMISES FROM WHICH
- 17 THE CATTLE OR GOATS, OR BOTH, WERE OBTAINED.
- 18 (E) THE COMPLETE NAME AND STREET ADDRESS OF THE SLAUGHTER-
- 19 HOUSE, VETERINARY HOSPITAL OR CLINIC, LIVESTOCK AUCTION MARKET,
- 20 OR TERMINAL OPERATION WHERE THE CATTLE OR GOATS, OR BOTH, WERE
- **21** SENT.
- 22 (F) THE DATE THE CATTLE OR GOATS, OR BOTH, WERE REMOVED FROM
- 23 THE TERMINAL OPERATION.
- 24 (12) A TERMINAL OPERATION THAT PURCHASES LIVESTOCK FROM A
- 25 DEALER MAY PROVIDE THE DEPARTMENT THE NAME OF THE DEALER IN ORDER
- 26 TO FULFILL THE RECORD REQUIREMENTS IMPOSED UNDER THIS SECTION.

- 1 Sec. 14. (1) If it is determined by the director that the
- 2 control or eradication of a disease or condition of livestock
- 3 warrants the ENTRY ONTO PROPERTY WHERE LIVESTOCK OR DOMESTIC ANI-
- 4 MALS ARE LOCATED, SEIZURE, slaughter, destruction, or other dis-
- 5 position of the livestock OR DOMESTIC ANIMALS, the director shall
- 6 order the ENTRY ONTO PROPERTY WHERE LIVESTOCK OR DOMESTIC ANIMALS
- 7 ARE LOCATED, SEIZURE, slaughter, destruction, or other disposi-
- 8 tion of the INDIVIDUAL livestock OR DOMESTIC ANIMALS WITHIN THE
- 9 HERD, FLOCK, OR SCHOOL OR AN ENTIRE HERD, FLOCK, OR SCHOOL. If
- 10 the director has signed an order for the slaughter, destruction,
- 11 or other disposition of livestock OR DOMESTIC ANIMALS, the direc-
- 12 tor shall notify the attorney general and the house and senate
- 13 appropriations committees and the department of management and
- 14 budget on the issue of indemnity under this section. The direc-
- 15 tor may approve facilities AND PROCEDURES for the orderly dis-
- 16 posal of animals, animal products, and animal feeds for the pur-
- 17 pose of controlling or preventing the spread of an infectious,
- 18 contagious, or toxicological disease. The director may select a
- 19 site or method for the disposal with the advice of the director
- 20 of the department of environmental quality.
- 21 (2) The director may, under rules promulgated by the depart-
- 22 ment, allow indemnification for the slaughter, destruction, or
- 23 other disposition of LIVESTOCK OR DOMESTIC animals due to live-
- 24 stock diseases or toxicological contamination. If the director
- 25 has signed an order for the slaughter, destruction, or other dis-
- 26 position of livestock OR DOMESTIC ANIMALS, the owner may apply
- 27 for indemnification. The director shall appraise and inventory

- 1 the condemned livestock OR DOMESTIC ANIMALS. The appraisals and
- 2 inventories shall be on forms approved by the director. The
- 3 director shall use state agricultural statistical service pric-
- 4 ing information to determine the value of condemned livestock.
- 5 If state agricultural statistical service pricing information is
- 6 not available, the director shall use agricultural pricing
- 7 information from commercial livestock OR DOMESTIC ANIMAL auction
- 8 markets and other livestock OR DOMESTIC ANIMAL market information
- 9 as determined by the director to determine the value of condemned
- 10 livestock OR DOMESTIC ANIMALS.
- 11 (3) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (5), (3) and
- 12 until January 1, 2005, regarding any quarantine on animals or
- 13 premises issued after January 1, 1998, indemnification FOR INDI-
- 14 VIDUAL LIVESTOCK OR DOMESTIC ANIMALS WITHIN A HERD, FLOCK, OR
- 15 SCHOOL shall be based upon 90% of the fair market value of that
- 16 type of livestock OR DOMESTIC ANIMAL on the date of the appraisal
- 17 and marketable for the purpose for which the livestock OR DOMES-
- 18 TIC ANIMAL was intended, not to exceed $\frac{33,000.00}{9}$ \$4,000.00 for
- 19 each LIVESTOCK OR DOMESTIC animal. except that after January 1,
- 20 2005, indemnification shall be based upon 75% of the fair market
- 21 value of that type of livestock on the date of the appraisal as
- 22 if the livestock was grade status and marketable for the purpose
- 23 for which the livestock was intended, not to exceed \$1,250.00 for
- 24 each animal. THE APPRAISAL DETERMINATION SHALL NOT DELAY THE
- 25 SLAUGHTER, DESTRUCTION, OR DISPOSITION OF THE LIVESTOCK OR DOMES-
- 26 TIC ANIMALS. The indemnification amount under this section
- 27 SUBSECTION shall include a deduction for any compensation

- 1 received, or to be received, from any other source including, but
- 2 not limited to, indemnification by the United States department
- 3 of agriculture, insurance, salvage value, or any monetary value
- 4 obtained to encourage disposal of infected or exposed livestock
- 5 OR DOMESTIC ANIMALS in accordance with a disease control or erad-
- 6 ication program. The owner shall furnish to the department all
- 7 records indicating other sources of indemnity. An affidavit
- 8 signed by the owner attesting to the amount of compensation for
- 9 the livestock received or to be received from any other source
- 10 shall accompany the appraisal certificate prior to BEFORE
- 11 indemnification under this section.
- 12 (4) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (5), INDEMNI-
- 13 FICATION FOR ENTIRE HERD, FLOCK, OR SCHOOL DEPOPULATIONS OF LIVE-
- 14 STOCK OR DOMESTIC ANIMALS SHALL BE BASED UPON 90% OF THE FAIR
- 15 MARKET VALUE OF THAT TYPE OF ANIMAL ON THE DATE OF THE APPRAISAL
- 16 AND MARKETABLE FOR THE PURPOSE FOR WHICH THE LIVESTOCK OR DOMES-
- 17 TIC ANIMAL WAS INTENDED, NOT TO EXCEED AN AVERAGE OF \$4,000.00
- 18 PER ANIMAL IN THE FLOCK, HERD, OR SCHOOL. THE APPRAISAL DETERMI-
- 19 NATION SHALL NOT DELAY DEPOPULATION. THE INDEMNIFICATION AMOUNT
- 20 UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL INCLUDE A DEDUCTION FOR ANY COMPENSATION
- 21 RECEIVED, OR TO BE RECEIVED, FROM ANY OTHER SOURCE INCLUDING, BUT
- 22 NOT LIMITED TO, INDEMNIFICATION BY THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT
- 23 OF AGRICULTURE, INSURANCE, SALVAGE VALUE, OR ANY MONETARY VALUE
- 24 OBTAINED TO ENCOURAGE DISPOSAL OF INFECTED OR EXPOSED LIVESTOCK
- 25 OR DOMESTIC ANIMALS IN ACCORDANCE WITH A DISEASE CONTROL OR ERAD-
- 26 ICATION PROGRAM. THE OWNER SHALL FURNISH TO THE DEPARTMENT ALL
- 27 RECORDS INDICATING OTHER SOURCES OF INDEMNITY. AN AFFIDAVIT

- 1 SIGNED BY THE OWNER ATTESTING TO THE AMOUNT OF COMPENSATION FOR
- 2 THE LIVESTOCK OR DOMESTIC ANIMALS RECEIVED, OR TO BE RECEIVED,
- 3 FROM ANY OTHER SOURCE SHALL ACCOMPANY THE APPRAISAL CERTIFICATE
- 4 PRIOR TO INDEMNIFICATION UNDER THIS SECTION.
- (5) (3) The department may provide for indemnity pursuant
- **6** to this section not to exceed $\frac{\$10,000.00}{\$100,000.00}$ \$100,000.00 per order,
- 7 from any line item in the annual budget for the department in the
- 8 applicable fiscal year. Any agreement greater than \$\frac{\$10,000.00}{}
- 9 \$100,000.00 entered into between the department and an owner of
- 10 livestock shall contain a provision indicating that, notwith-
- 11 standing the terms of the agreement, indemnification shall be
- 12 subject to specific appropriations by the legislature and not be
- 13 paid from department funds.
- 14 (4) Acceptance of indemnification under this section does
- 15 not enlarge or diminish the owner's civil remedy against a person
- 16 responsible for the owner's loss except that acceptance of the
- 17 indemnity constitutes a release of the claim of the owner against
- 18 the state.
- 19 (6) ACCEPTANCE OF COMPENSATION UNDER THIS ACT CONSTITUTES A
- 20 FULL AND COMPLETE RELEASE OF ANY CLAIM, OF WHATEVER NATURE, THE
- 21 OWNER HAS AGAINST THE STATE OF MICHIGAN, ITS DEPARTMENTS, AGEN-
- 22 CIES, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, AGENTS, AND CONTRACTORS TO THE EXTENT
- 23 THESE PERSONS WERE ACTING ON BEHALF OF THE STATE, WITHIN THE
- 24 SCOPE OF THEIR EMPLOYMENT WITH THE STATE OR UNDER THE DIRECTION
- 25 OF THE STATE, ITS DEPARTMENTS, AGENCIES, OFFICERS, OR EMPLOYEES,
- 26 ARISING OUT OF TESTING, PURCHASE, REMOVAL, SLAUGHTER,
- 27 DESTRUCTION, AND OTHER DISPOSITION OF THE OWNER'S ANIMALS.

- 1 (7) The right to indemnity from the state for animals
- 2 condemned and ordered slaughtered, destroyed, or otherwise dis-
- 3 posed of by the director applies only to native livestock AND
- 4 NATIVE DOMESTIC ANIMALS. Indemnification shall not apply to
- 5 livestock OR DOMESTIC ANIMALS determined by the department to be
- 6 imported without meeting import requirements such as official
- 7 interstate health certificate or official interstate certificate
- 8 of veterinary inspection, required testing, required vaccination,
- 9 or for livestock OR DOMESTIC ANIMALS determined by the department
- 10 to have been illegally moved within this state. An owner is not
- 11 entitled to indemnity from the state for an animal that comes
- 12 into the possession of the owner with the owner's knowledge that
- 13 the animal is diseased or is suspected of having been exposed to
- 14 an infectious, contagious, or toxicological disease. In addi-
- 15 tion, the director shall not indemnify an owner for animals that
- 16 have been exposed to an animal that comes in to the possession of
- 17 the owner with the owner's knowledge that the animal is diseased
- 18 or is suspected of having been exposed to an infectious, conta-
- 19 gious, or toxicological disease.
- 20 (8) $\overline{(6)}$ A premises that has been depopulated shall be
- 21 cleaned and disinfected as prescribed by the director.
- 22 (9) $\overline{(7)}$ Repopulation of the premises, except as approved
- 23 by the director, shall not confer eligibility for future indem-
- 24 nity under this section.
- 25 (10) $\overline{(8)}$ The department may cooperate and coordinate with
- 26 the secretary of the United States department of agriculture or
- 27 the secretary's authorized representative or other governmental

- 1 departments or agencies regarding indemnification under this
- 2 section.
- 3 Sec. 15. (1) The state shall not indemnify an owner of
- 4 livestock OR DOMESTIC ANIMALS for the loss of the livestock OR
- 5 DOMESTIC ANIMALS due to an infectious, contagious, or toxicologi-
- 6 cal disease until the owner executes and signs a subrogation
- 7 agreement assigning to the state the rights of the owner to a
- 8 cause of action to recover damages for the loss up to the amount
- 9 of indemnification paid to the owner under this act, and presents
- 10 all necessary documents, including registration papers, a state-
- 11 ment of names and addresses of all persons to whom or from whom
- 12 the owner has transferred LIVESTOCK OR DOMESTIC animals within a
- 13 time period determined by the director, and signed permission
- 14 allowing the breed association to disclose information requested
- 15 by the director.
- 16 (2) The attorney general may bring a civil or criminal
- 17 action against a person responsible for unlawfully introducing an
- 18 infectious, contagious, or toxicological disease into animals,
- 19 animal products, or animal feeds in this state.
- 20 Sec. 16. (1) Livestock ordered to be slaughtered,
- 21 destroyed, or otherwise disposed of by the director because of
- 22 tuberculosis shall be branded on the left hip with a letter "T"
- 23 not less than 2 inches high, and a tag designated as a reactor
- 24 tag by the director shall be placed in the left ear.
- 25 Tuberculosis reactor cattle, and bison, AND GOATS AS DEFINED IN
- 26 TITLE 9 OF THE CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS AND THE BOVINE
- 27 TUBERCULOSIS ERADICATION: UNIFORM METHODS AND RULES EFFECTIVE

- 1 JANUARY 22, 1999, APPROVED BY VETERINARY SERVICES OF THE ANIMAL
- 2 AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES DEPART-
- 3 MENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND ALL AMENDMENTS TO THOSE PUBLICATIONS
- 4 THEREAFTER ADOPTED PURSUANT TO RULES THAT THE DIRECTOR MAY
- 5 PROMULGATE shall also be identified by a permanent and legible
- 6 tuberculosis tattoo and spray of yellow paint on the left ear.
- 7 The director may refrain from the branding, TATTOOING, EAR PAINT-
- 8 ING, AND REACTOR TAGGING if slaughter, destruction, or other dis-
- 9 position of the entire herd is under the director's direct con-
- 10 trol OR IF INDIVIDUAL ANIMALS ARE SENT TO A DIAGNOSTIC LABORATORY
- 11 OR TO DISPOSAL UNDER AN OFFICIAL SEAL AND SECURED TRANSPORT
- **12** LIMIT.
- 13 (2) TUBERCULOSIS REACTOR CATTLE, BISON, GOATS, AND PRIVATELY
- 14 OWNED CERVIDS AS DEFINED IN TITLE 9 OF THE CODE OF FEDERAL REGU-
- 15 LATIONS AND THE BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS ERADICATION: UNIFORM METHODS
- 16 AND RULES EFFECTIVE JANUARY 22, 1999, APPROVED BY VETERINARY
- 17 SERVICES OF THE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE OF THE
- 18 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND ALL AMENDMENTS TO
- 19 THOSE PUBLICATIONS THEREAFTER ADOPTED PURSUANT TO RULES THAT THE
- 20 DIRECTOR MAY PROMULGATE SHALL REMAIN ON THE PREMISES WHERE THEY
- 21 WERE LOCATED UNTIL A STATE OR FEDERAL PERMIT FOR MOVEMENT HAS
- 22 BEEN OBTAINED. MOVEMENT FOR DESTRUCTION SHALL BE WITHIN 15 DAYS
- 23 AFTER CLASSIFICATION AS A REACTOR.
- 24 (3) (2) Livestock ordered to be slaughtered, destroyed, or
- 25 otherwise disposed of by the director because of brucellosis
- 26 shall be branded on the left hip with a letter "B" not less than
- 27 2 inches high, and a tag designated as a reactor tag by the

- 1 director shall be placed in the left ear. An exposed animal in a
- 2 brucellosis infected or quarantined herd shall be branded on the
- 3 left hip with a letter "S" not less than 2 inches high before a
- 4 permit shall be issued to slaughter, destroy, or otherwise dis-
- 5 pose of the animal for slaughter. The director may refrain from
- 6 the branding and identification if slaughter, destruction, or
- 7 other disposition of the entire herd is under the director's
- 8 direct control OR IF INDIVIDUAL ANIMALS ARE SENT TO A DIAGNOSTIC
- 9 LABORATORY OR TO DISPOSAL UNDER AN OFFICIAL SEAL AND SECURED
- 10 TRANSPORT LIMIT.
- 11 (4) (3) Livestock ordered slaughtered, destroyed, or oth-
- 12 erwise disposed of for infectious, contagious, or toxicological
- 13 diseases other than tuberculosis or brucellosis shall be identi-
- 14 fied and slaughtered, destroyed, or otherwise disposed of in a
- 15 manner approved by the director.
- 16 Sec. 19. (1) Livestock imported into this state shall MEET
- 17 ANY AND ALL REQUIREMENTS UNDER APPROPRIATE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT
- 18 AND SHALL be accompanied by 1 of the following:
- 19 (a) An official interstate health certificate.
- 20 (b) An official interstate certificate of veterinary
- 21 inspection.
- (c) An owner-shipper statement or sales invoice if consigned
- 23 directly to slaughter, or if nonnative neutered cattle imported
- 24 directly to a cattle importation lot.
- 25 (d) A "report of sales of hatching eggs, chicks, and poults"
- 26 (vs form 9-3) for participants in the national poultry
- 27 improvement plan.

- 1 (e) A "permit for movement of restricted animals" (vs form
- 2 1-27), if prior approval is granted by the director.
- 3 (f) A fish disease inspection report for aquaculture only.
- 4 (F) $\frac{\text{(g)}}{\text{(g)}}$ Permission from the director.
- 5 (2) Brucellosis or tuberculosis officially classified sus-
- 6 pect or reactor cattle shall not be imported into this state.
- 7 (3) A person shall not import or move intrastate livestock
- 8 known to be affected with or exposed to tuberculosis or brucello-
- 9 sis, as determined by an official test, without permission of the
- 10 director.
- 11 (4) The director may require that a prior entry permit be
- 12 obtained for certain classifications of livestock.
- 13 (5) It shall be the responsibility of the consignee or
- 14 dealer licensed pursuant to Act No. 284 of the Public Acts of
- 15 1937, being sections 287.121 to 287.131 of the Michigan Compiled
- 16 Laws, to ensure the requirements for official interstate OR
- 17 INTRASTATE health certificate, official interstate OR INTRASTATE
- 18 certificate of veterinary inspection, ANIMAL MOVEMENT
- 19 CERTIFICATE, owner-shipper statement, sales invoice, "report of
- 20 sales of hatching eggs, chicks, and poults" (vs form 9-3),
- 21 "permit for movement of restricted animals" (vs form 1-27), or
- 22 prior entry permit have been fulfilled and a true copy is pro-
- 23 vided to the director upon request.
- 24 (6) $\overline{(5)}$ Livestock shall not be diverted to premises other
- 25 than the destination site named on the official interstate OR
- 26 INTRASTATE health certificate, official interstate OR INTRASTATE
- 27 certificate of veterinary inspection, owner-shipper statement,

- 1 sale invoice, ENTRY AUTHORIZATION FORM, EXIT AUTHORIZATION FORM,
- 2 PRIOR MOVEMENT FORM, vs form 9-3, or vs form 1-27.
- **3** (7) (6) Out-of-state livestock for exhibition shall meet
- 4 the requirements prescribed by this act for importation of breed-
- 5 ing animals of that species and shall be accompanied by a copy of
- 6 an official interstate health certificate or an official inter-
- 7 state certificate of veterinary inspection issued by an accredi-
- 8 ted veterinarian from the state of origin.
- 9 (8) $\overline{(7)}$ The director may refuse entry into this state of
- 10 livestock that the director has reason to believe may pose a
- 11 threat to the public health or health of livestock. Livestock
- 12 imported into this state shall not originate from a herd under
- 13 quarantine unless accompanied by permission issued by the
- 14 director. The director may waive specific requirements if it is
- 15 determined that livestock imported from a certain area or state
- 16 are not a threat to the public health or health of livestock.
- 17 (9) $\overline{(8)}$ If the director determines that there is a threat
- 18 to public health or a threat to the health of animals in this
- 19 state, the director may require additional testing and vaccina-
- 20 tion requirements for animals imported or to be imported into
- 21 this state.
- Sec. 20. (1) An official interstate OR INTRASTATE health
- 23 certificate or official interstate OR INTRASTATE certificate of
- 24 veterinary inspection shall be prepared and signed by an accredi-
- 25 ted veterinarian in the state of origin for animals requiring
- 26 such a certificate and being imported into this state OR BEING
- 27 MOVED FROM 1 PREMISES TO ANOTHER PREMISES WITHIN THIS STATE. An

- 1 official interstate OR INTRASTATE health certificate or official
- 2 interstate OR INTRASTATE certificate of veterinary inspection for
- 3 animals being imported to or exported from this state OR BEING
- 4 MOVED FROM 1 PREMISES TO ANOTHER PREMISES WITHIN THIS STATE WHEN
- 5 REQUIRED shall include all of the following:
- 6 (a) The complete names and addresses of the consignor and
- 7 consignee and the destination address if different from the con-
- 8 signee address.
- 9 (b) A description of the animals by breed, sex, and age, and
- 10 a signed certification by the consignor that the animals in the
- 11 shipment are those described on the certificate. The director
- 12 may require that certain classifications of animals be individu-
- 13 ally officially identified by ear tag, tattoo, brand, or regis-
- 14 tration number.
- 15 (c) The date of examination of the animals by the accredited
- 16 veterinarian preparing the certificate.
- 17 (d) The intended use of the livestock, including use for
- 18 dairy, breeding, feeding or grazing, or immediate slaughter.
- (e) The health status of the animals by recording the
- 20 results of the required tests, required vaccinations, and any
- 21 other data concerning the health of the animals including herd or
- 22 state disease-free status. The accredited veterinarian preparing
- 23 the certificate shall certify that the animals are free from
- 24 clinical signs of infectious, contagious, or toxicological
- 25 diseases.
- (f) The prior entry permit issued by the director, if a
- 27 prior entry permit is required.

- 1 (2) A copy of the official interstate OR INTRASTATE health
- 2 certificate or official interstate OR INTRASTATE certificate of
- 3 veterinary inspection for livestock being exported from this
- 4 state OR FOR LIVESTOCK BEING MOVED FROM 1 PREMISES TO ANOTHER
- 5 PREMISES WITHIN THIS STATE shall be forwarded by the issuing
- 6 accredited veterinarian to the state veterinarian within 10 work-
- 7 ing days after the date of issuance.
- **8** (3) Livestock delivered directly to a slaughter plant shall
- 9 be slaughtered within 5 days except for swine which shall be
- 10 slaughtered within 48 hours. Livestock for slaughter delivered
- 11 to a livestock auction market as defined in Act No. 284 of the
- 12 Public Acts of 1937, being sections 287.121 to 277.131 of the
- 13 Michigan Compiled Laws 1937 PA 284, MCL 287.121 TO 287.131,
- 14 shall be slaughtered within 10 days.
- 15 Sec. 23. (1) Except as exempted in section 24 OR AS DETER-
- 16 MINED APPROPRIATE BY THE DIRECTOR, cattle entering this state
- 17 shall meet 1 or more of the following requirements:
- 18 (a) Originate directly from an accredited bovine
- 19 tuberculosis-free state OR BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS FREE ZONE as
- 20 defined in title 9 of the code of federal regulations and the
- 21 bovine tuberculosis eradication: uniform methods and rules,
- 22 effective February 3, 1989 JANUARY 22, 1999, approved by veter-
- 23 inary services of the animal and plant health inspection service
- 24 of the United States department of agriculture, and all amend-
- 25 ments to those publications thereafter adopted pursuant to rules
- 26 that the director may promulgate.

- 1 (b) Originate directly from an accredited bovine
- 2 tuberculosis-free herd as defined in title 9 of the code of
- 3 federal regulations and the bovine tuberculosis eradication:
- 4 uniform methods and rules, effective February 3, 1989
- 5 JANUARY 22, 1999, approved by veterinary services of the animal
- 6 and plant health inspection service of the United States depart-
- 7 ment of agriculture, and all amendments to those publications
- 8 thereafter adopted pursuant to rules that the director may
- 9 promulgate.
- 10 (c) Have a negative tuberculosis test within 60 days before
- 11 importation. IN THE CASE OF CATTLE NOT MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS
- 12 OF SUBDIVISION (A) OR (B), ORIGINATE FROM A STATE OR ZONE WHOSE
- 13 BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS STATUS IS LESS THAN ACCREDITED FREE AS
- 14 DEFINED IN TITLE 9 OF THE CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS AND THE
- 15 BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS ERADICATION: UNIFORM METHODS AND RULES
- 16 EFFECTIVE JANUARY 22, 1999, APPROVED BY VETERINARY SERVICES OF
- 17 THE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE OF THE UNITED
- 18 STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND ALL AMENDMENTS TO THOSE
- 19 PUBLICATIONS THEREAFTER ADOPTED PURSUANT TO RULES THAT THE DIREC-
- 20 TOR MAY PROMULGATE. THE CATTLE SHALL ORIGINATE FROM A HERD THAT
- 21 HAS HAD A NEGATIVE OFFICIAL WHOLE HERD TEST AS DEFINED IN
- 22 SECTION 12B WITHIN THE PRECEDING 12 MONTHS AND THE INDIVIDUAL
- 23 CATTLE BEING IMPORTED SHALL HAVE HAD A NEGATIVE OFFICIAL TEST FOR
- 24 BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS WITHIN 60 DAYS BEFORE ENTRY.
- 25 (2) Female cattle over 19 months of age THAT ARE OFFICIALLY
- 26 VACCINATED AGAINST BRUCELLOSIS and bulls AND FEMALE CATTLE NOT
- 27 OFFICIALLY VACCINATED AGAINST BRUCELLOSIS THAT ARE over 6 months

- 1 of age shall test negative to an official brucellosis test within
- 2 30 days before importation or originate directly from a certified
- 3 brucellosis-free herd or originate directly from a state which
- 4 has maintained, for the previous 6 consecutive years prior to
- 5 importation, certified brucellosis class free state status as
- 6 defined in title 9 of the code of federal regulations and the
- 7 brucellosis eradication: uniform methods and rules, effective
- 8 May 6, 1992 FEBRUARY 1, 1998, approved by veterinary services
- 9 of the animal and plant health inspection service of the United
- 10 States department of agriculture, and all amendments to those
- 11 publications thereafter adopted pursuant to rules that the direc-
- 12 tor may promulgate.
- 13 (3) Female cattle over 4 months of age shall be officially
- 14 calfhood vaccinated against brucellosis and the vaccination
- 15 tattoo shall be visibly present unless originating directly from
- 16 a state which has maintained, for the previous 6 consecutive
- 17 years prior to importation, certified brucellosis class free
- 18 state status as defined in title 9 of the code of federal regula-
- 19 tions and the brucellosis eradication: uniform methods and
- 20 rules, effective May 6, 1992, approved by veterinary services of
- 21 the animal and plant health inspection service of the United
- 22 States department of agriculture, and all amendments to those
- 23 publications thereafter adopted pursuant to rules that the direc-
- 24 tor may promulgate. The vaccination status and vaccination
- 25 tattoo shall be recorded on the official interstate health cer-
- 26 tificate or official interstate certificate of veterinary
- 27 inspection. The vaccination tattoo shall be observed by the

- 1 accredited veterinarian preparing the certificate and shall be
- 2 considered legible if the letter "V", surrounded by a
- 3 U.S. registered shield, can be identified.
- 4 (3) (4) All cattle shall have a prior entry permit except
- 5 as specifically exempted in section 24. Female dairy or breeding
- 6 cattle over 19 months of age or bulls over 6 months of age
- 7 imported from states classified brucellosis B and C by the United
- 8 States department of agriculture shall be quarantined at the
- 9 destination. Unless otherwise provided for by the director,
- 10 female cattle over 19 months of age and bulls over 6 months of
- 11 age imported from states classified brucellosis B and C by the
- 12 United States department of agriculture, shall test negative to
- 13 an official brucellosis test not sooner than 45 days nor more
- 14 than 120 days after movement to the destination for release from
- 15 quarantine. The dairy or breeding cattle shall not be sold or
- 16 moved from the premises where they are quarantined, without per-
- 17 mission from the director.
- 18 Sec. 26. (1) Equine shall test negative to an official test
- 19 for equine infectious anemia within 180 days before importation
- 20 and be accompanied by an official interstate health certificate
- 21 or official interstate certificate of veterinary inspection.
- 22 (2) THIS SECTION IS REPEALED EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2001.
- 23 SEC. 26A. (1) AS USED IN THIS SECTION:
- 24 (A) "AGAR GEL IMMUNODIFFUSION TEST (AGID)" MEANS AN OFFICIAL
- 25 LABORATORY TEST FOR DIAGNOSIS OF EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA IN
- 26 WHICH PRECIPITATES ARE FORMED BY COMBINATION OF EQUINE INFECTIOUS

- 1 ANEMIA ANTIGENS AND ANTIBODIES THAT DIFFUSE THROUGH GEL AND IS
- 2 ALSO KNOWN AS THE COGGINS TEST.
- 3 (B) "APPROVED LABORATORY" MEANS A STATE, FEDERAL, OR PRIVATE
- 4 VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC LABORATORY APPROVED BY THE UNITED STATES
- 5 DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION
- 6 SERVICE, VETERINARY SERVICES TO CONDUCT APPROVED OFFICIAL LABORA-
- 7 TORY TESTS FOR EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA.
- 8 (C) "CALENDAR YEAR" MEANS THE CURRENT 12-MONTH PERIOD COM-
- 9 MENCING WITH JANUARY 1 AND ENDING DECEMBER 31.
- 10 (D) "CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP" MEANS A TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP OF
- 11 EQUINES FROM 1 PERSON TO ANOTHER PERSON EITHER THROUGH SELLING,
- 12 BARTERING, TRADING, LEASING, OR DONATING THE EQUINE.
- 13 (E) "EQUINE HERD" MEANS ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 14 (i) ALL ANIMALS OF THE FAMILY EQUIDAE UNDER COMMON OWNERSHIP
- 15 OR SUPERVISION THAT ARE GROUPED ON 1 OR MORE PARTS OF ANY SINGLE
- 16 PREMISES, LOT, FARM, OR RANCH.
- 17 (ii) ALL ANIMALS OF THE FAMILY EQUIDAE UNDER COMMON OWNER-
- 18 SHIP OR SUPERVISION ON 2 OR MORE PREMISES THAT ARE GEOGRAPHICALLY
- 19 SEPARATED BUT IN WHICH THE EQUINES HAVE BEEN INTERCHANGED OR HAD
- 20 CONTACT WITH EQUINES FROM DIFFERENT PREMISES.
- 21 (iii) ALL ANIMALS OF THE FAMILY EQUIDAE ON COMMON PREMISES,
- 22 SUCH AS COMMUNITY PASTURES OR GRAZING ASSOCIATION UNITS, BUT
- 23 OWNED BY DIFFERENT PERSONS.
- 24 (F) "EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA" MEANS AN INFECTIOUS DISEASE
- 25 OF EQUINES CAUSED BY A LENTIVIRUS, EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA
- 26 VIRUS.

- 1 (G) "EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA LABORATORY TEST FORM" MEANS
- 2 THE OFFICIAL FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FORM, VETERINARY SERVICES
- 3 FORM 10-11, REQUIRED TO SUBMIT BLOOD SAMPLES TO AN APPROVED LABO-
- 4 RATORY FOR EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TESTING.
- 5 (H) "EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST POSITIVE EQUINE" MEANS
- 6 ANY ANIMAL OF THE FAMILY EQUIDAE THAT HAS BEEN SUBJECTED TO AN
- 7 OFFICIAL EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST WHOSE RESULT IS POSITIVE
- 8 FOR EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA.
- 9 (I) "EXPOSED EQUINE" MEANS ANIMALS IN THE FAMILY EQUIDAE
- 10 THAT HAVE BEEN EXPOSED TO EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA BY REASON OF
- 11 ASSOCIATING WITH EQUINES KNOWN OR LATER FOUND TO BE AFFECTED WITH
- 12 THIS DISEASE.
- 13 (J) "OFFICIAL EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST" MEANS ANY TEST
- 14 FOR THE LABORATORY DIAGNOSIS OF EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA THAT
- 15 UTILIZES A DIAGNOSTIC PRODUCT THAT IS BOTH OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 16 (i) PRODUCED UNDER LICENSE FROM THE SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE
- 17 OF THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE OR THE SECRETARY'S
- 18 AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE, UNDER CHAPTER 145, 37 STAT. 832,
- 19 21 U.S.C. 151, 154, 154a, 157, AND 159, POPULARLY KNOWN AS THE
- 20 VIRUS-SERUM-TOXIN ACT OF MARCH 4, 1913.
- (ii) CONDUCTED IN AN APPROVED LABORATORY.
- 22 (K) "PERMIT" MEANS AN OFFICIAL DOCUMENT, VS FORM 1-27 OR
- 23 COMPARABLE STATE FORM, THAT IS ISSUED BY A STATE OR FEDERAL REP-
- 24 RESENTATIVE OR BY AN ACCREDITED VETERINARIAN, REQUIRED TO ACCOM-
- 25 PANY ALL EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST POSITIVE EQUINE AND THOSE
- 26 EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA-EXPOSED EQUINES THAT ARE BEING MOVED

- 1 UNDER OFFICIAL SEAL DURING THEIR MOVEMENT TO THE SPECIFIED
- 2 DESTINATION.
- $oldsymbol{3}$ (1) "PUBLIC HIGHWAYS, ROADS, OR STREETS" MEANS STATE HIGH-
- 4 WAY; COUNTY OR TOWNSHIP ROADS; CITY OR VILLAGE STREETS; OR
- 5 MICHIGAN INSTITUTIONAL ROADS AS DEFINED IN 1951 PA 51,
- 6 MCL 247.651 TO 247.675.
- 7 (M) "RESTRICTED EQUINES" MEANS EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST
- 8 POSITIVE EQUINE OR EQUINE EXPOSED TO EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA
- 9 TEST POSITIVE EQUINE.
- 10 (2) ALL EQUINES BEING MOVED INTO MICHIGAN FROM OTHER STATES
- 11 MUST HAVE HAD AN OFFICIAL EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST WITH A
- 12 NEGATIVE RESULT WITHIN THE CALENDAR YEAR OR THE PREVIOUS 30 DAYS
- 13 BEFORE ENTRY AND MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY AN OFFICIAL INTERSTATE
- 14 HEALTH CERTIFICATE OR OFFICIAL INTERSTATE CERTIFICATE OF VETERI-
- 15 NARY INSPECTION DOCUMENTING THE DATE, LABORATORY, ACCESSION
- 16 NUMBER, AND RESULTS OF THE LATEST EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST,
- 17 SIGNED BY AN ACCREDITED VETERINARIAN.
- 18 (3) ALL EQUINES ENTERED IN EXHIBITIONS, EXPOSITIONS, OR
- 19 FAIRS MUST HAVE HAD AN OFFICIAL EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST
- 20 WITH A NEGATIVE RESULT WITHIN THE CALENDAR YEAR OR THE PREVIOUS
- 21 30 DAYS WHICH IS DOCUMENTED ON THE EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA LABO-
- 22 RATORY TEST FORM. A FAIR, EXHIBITION, EXPOSITION, OR SHOW
- 23 AUTHORITY IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSURING THAT ALL PARTICIPATING
- 24 EQUINES ARE TEST-NEGATIVE FOR EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA.
- 25 (4) ALL EQUINES, BEFORE CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP WITHIN THE
- 26 STATE, MUST HAVE HAD AN OFFICIAL EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST
- 27 WITH A NEGATIVE RESULT WITHIN THE CALENDAR YEAR OR PREVIOUS

- 1 30 DAYS. ALL CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP TRANSACTIONS MUST BE
- 2 ACCOMPANIED BY A CERTIFICATE SIGNED BY AN ACCREDITED VETERINARIAN
- 3 DOCUMENTING THE DATE, LABORATORY, ACCESSION NUMBER, AND RESULTS
- 4 OF THE LATEST EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST OR BY AN EQUINE
- 5 INFECTIOUS ANEMIA LABORATORY TEST FORM.
- 6 (5) ALL EQUINES ENTERING HORSE AUCTIONS OR SALES MARKETS
- 7 LICENSED UNDER 1974 PA 93, MCL 287.111 TO 287.119, AND 1937
- 8 PA 284, MCL 287.121 TO 287.131, MUST HAVE AN OFFICIAL EQUINE
- 9 INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST WITH A NEGATIVE RESULT WITHIN THE CALENDAR
- 10 YEAR OR PREVIOUS 30 DAYS BEFORE SALE. IF AN EQUINE INFECTIOUS
- 11 ANEMIA TEST IS NOT POSSIBLE BEFORE EACH SALE, THEN THE EQUINES
- 12 MUST BE HELD ON THE SALE PREMISES UNTIL THE TEST RESULTS ARE
- 13 KNOWN.
- 14 (6) EQUINES TRANSPORTED OR PROVIDING TRANSPORTATION ON
- 15 PUBLIC HIGHWAYS, ROADS, OR STREETS MUST HAVE AN OFFICIAL EQUINE
- 16 INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST WITH A NEGATIVE RESULT WITHIN THE CALENDAR
- 17 YEAR OR PREVIOUS 30 DAYS.
- 18 (7) THE DIRECTOR SHALL QUARANTINE EQUINES THAT TEST POSITIVE
- 19 TO AN OFFICIAL EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST AND THEIR HERD OF
- 20 ORIGIN. EQUINES THAT TEST POSITIVE TO AN OFFICIAL EQUINE INFEC-
- 21 TIOUS ANEMIA TEST MAY, WITH APPROVAL FROM THE DIRECTOR, BE MOVED
- 22 OR QUARANTINED TO A PREMISES THAT CONFINES THEM A MINIMUM OF
- 23 1 QUARTER MILE AWAY FROM ANY OTHER EQUINE. EQUINES THAT TEST
- 24 POSITIVE TO AN OFFICIAL EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST MAY, WITH
- 25 APPROVAL FROM THE DIRECTOR, BE SEGREGATED AND QUARANTINED IN AN
- 26 INSECT-FREE ENCLOSURE AS DETERMINED BY THE DIRECTOR.

- 1 (8) THE OWNER OR AGENT OF AN EQUINE HERD THAT IS THE SOURCE
- 2 OF AN EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST POSITIVE EQUINE SHALL ALLOW
- 3 THE DIRECTOR TO TEST, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE,
- 4 THE COMPLETE SOURCE HERD WITH AN OFFICIAL EQUINE INFECTIOUS
- 5 ANEMIA TEST AFTER THE OFFICIAL EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST POS-
- 6 ITIVE EQUINE HAVE BEEN REMOVED OR SEGREGATED FROM THE HERD IN A
- 7 MANNER APPROVED BY THE DIRECTOR:
- 8 (A) BETWEEN NOVEMBER 1 AND APRIL 30, A SOURCE HERD MAY BE
- 9 TESTED AT ANY TIME AND QUALIFY FOR QUARANTINE RELEASE IF ALL
- 10 TESTED EQUINE ARE NEGATIVE TO AN OFFICIAL EQUINE INFECTIOUS
- 11 ANEMIA TEST.
- 12 (B) BETWEEN MAY 1 AND OCTOBER 31, A SOURCE HERD MAY BE
- 13 TESTED AFTER WAITING A MINIMUM OF 45 DAYS AFTER THE OFFICIAL
- 14 EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST POSITIVE EQUINE HAVE BEEN REMOVED
- 15 OR SEGREGATED FROM THE HERD. IF ALL EQUINE TESTED ARE NEGATIVE
- 16 TO THE OFFICIAL EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST, THE QUARANTINE MAY
- 17 BE RELEASED.
- 18 (9) THE DIRECTOR MAY CONDUCT EPIDEMIOLOGICAL INVESTIGATIONS
- 19 ON ALL EQUINE THAT HAVE POSSIBLE EXPOSURE TO OFFICIAL EQUINE
- 20 INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST POSITIVE EQUINE TO DETERMINE THE NEED FOR
- 21 ADDITIONAL QUARANTINING AND OFFICIAL EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA
- 22 TESTING.
- 23 (10) OFFICIAL EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST POSITIVE EQUINE
- 24 SHALL NOT BE DESTROYED OR REMOVED FROM THE ORIGINAL TEST LOCATION
- 25 OR PREMISES WITHOUT PRIOR PERMISSION FROM THE DIRECTOR.
- 26 (11) IF THE OWNER CHOOSES TO DESTROY THE OFFICIAL EQUINE
- 27 INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST POSITIVE EQUINE, PERMISSION SHALL FIRST BE

- 1 OBTAINED FROM THE DIRECTOR. THE DIRECTOR SHALL ISSUE A
- 2 QUARANTINE RELEASE AND BE PRESENT WHEN THE EQUINE ARE DESTROYED
- 3 OR AN ACCREDITED VETERINARIAN MAY DOCUMENT AND CERTIFY THAT THE
- 4 OFFICIAL EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST POSITIVE EQUINE HAS BEEN
- 5 DESTROYED.
- 6 (12) UNLESS IMMEDIATELY DESTROYED, OFFICIAL EQUINE INFEC-
- 7 TIOUS ANEMIA TEST POSITIVE EQUINE SHALL BE IDENTIFIED BY THE
- 8 DIRECTOR WITH THE FREEZE BRAND 34A, WHICH SHALL BE IN CHARACTERS
- 9 NOT LESS THAN 2 INCHES IN HEIGHT AND PLACED ON THE LEFT CERVICAL
- 10 AREA OF THE NECK OR SHALL BE IDENTIFIED IN ANOTHER MANNER
- 11 APPROVED BY THE DIRECTOR.
- 12 (13) RESTRICTED EQUINES MAY MOVE INTERSTATE ONLY IF ACCOM-
- 13 PANIED BY A PERMIT LISTING THE OWNER'S NAME AND ADDRESS, POINTS
- 14 OF ORIGIN AND DESTINATION, NUMBER OF EQUINES INCLUDED, PURPOSE OF
- 15 THE MOVEMENT, AND AT LEAST EITHER THE INDIVIDUAL EQUINE REGIS-
- 16 TERED BREED ASSOCIATION REGISTRATION TATTOO OR THE INDIVIDUAL
- 17 EQUINE REGISTERED BREED ASSOCIATION REGISTRATION NUMBER, OR OTHER
- 18 UNIQUE OFFICIAL IDENTIFICATION. THE PERMIT SHALL ALSO LIST THE
- 19 ANIMAL'S NAME, AGE, SEX, BREED, COLOR, AND MARKINGS.
- 20 (14) EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST POSITIVE EQUINE MAY ONLY
- 21 MOVE INTERSTATE UNDER PERMIT TO THE FOLLOWING LOCATIONS:
- 22 (A) A FEDERALLY INSPECTED SLAUGHTER FACILITY.
- 23 (B) A FEDERALLY APPROVED DIAGNOSTIC OR RESEARCH FACILITY.
- 24 (C) A HERD OR FARM OF ORIGIN.
- 25 (15) THE INDIVIDUAL ISSUING THE PERMIT MUST CONSULT WITH THE
- 26 STATE ANIMAL HEALTH OFFICIAL IN THE STATE OF DESTINATION FOR
- 27 APPROVAL AND MUST DETERMINE THAT THE EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA

- 1 TEST POSITIVE EQUINE TO BE MOVED INTERSTATE WILL BE MAINTAINED IN
- 2 ISOLATION SUFFICIENT TO PREVENT THE TRANSMISSION OF EQUINE INFEC-
- 3 TIOUS ANEMIA TO OTHER EQUINES. THE REACTOR WILL REMAIN QUARAN-
- 4 TINED UNDER STATE AUTHORITY AT THE LOCATIONS DESCRIBED IN
- 5 SUBSECTION (14) UNTIL NATURAL DEATH, SLAUGHTER, OR EUTHANASIA.
- 6 THE CARCASS SHALL BE DISPOSED OF ACCORDING TO PROVISIONS OF 1982
- 7 PA 239, MCL 287.651 TO 287.683.
- 8 (16) INDIVIDUAL EXPOSED EQUINES MAY BE ALLOWED TO MOVE FROM
- 9 A QUARANTINED AREA FOR SPECIFIC PURPOSES IF THEY HAVE A NEGATIVE
- 10 TEST AT THE TIME OF MOVEMENT. THE EQUINES MUST BE MOVED UNDER
- 11 QUARANTINE AND MAINTAINED UNDER QUARANTINE AT THE NEW PREMISES
- 12 UNTIL TESTED NEGATIVE TO AN OFFICIAL EQUINE INFECTIOUS ANEMIA
- 13 TEST AT LEAST 45 DAYS AFTER THE LAST KNOWN EXPOSURE TO AN EQUINE
- 14 INFECTIOUS ANEMIA TEST POSITIVE EQUINE.
- 15 (17) THIS SECTION TAKES EFFECT JANUARY 1, 2001.
- 16 Sec. 28. (1) Goats, other than goats consigned directly to
- 17 a slaughterhouse or to a livestock auction market for sale as
- 18 slaughter goats and imported into this state shall be accompanied
- 19 by an official interstate health certificate or official inter-
- 20 state certificate of veterinary inspection. and meet all of the
- 21 following:
- 22 (a) In the case of goats more than 6 months old, test nega-
- 23 tive to an official tuberculosis test within 60 day s before
- 24 importation or originate directly from a herd that is accredited
- 25 tuberculosis-free as defined in the bovine tuberculosis
- 26 eradication: uniform methods and rules, effective February 3,
- 27 1989, approved by veterinary services of the animal and plant

- 1 health inspection service of the United States department of
- 2 agriculture, and all amendments to those publications thereafter
- 3 adopted pursuant to rules that the director may promulgate.
- 4 (2) GOATS ENTERING THIS STATE SHALL MEET 1 OR MORE OF THE
- 5 FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS REGARDING BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS:
- 6 (A) ORIGINATE DIRECTLY FROM AN ACCREDITED BOVINE TUBERCULO-
- 7 SIS FREE STATE OR BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS FREE ZONE AS DEFINED IN
- 8 TITLE 9 OF THE CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS AND THE BOVINE TUBER-
- 9 CULOSIS ERADICATION: UNIFORM METHODS AND RULES EFFECTIVE JANUARY
- 10 22, 1999, APPROVED BY THE VETERINARY SERVICES OF THE ANIMAL AND
- 11 PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT
- 12 OF AGRICULTURE, AND ALL AMENDMENTS TO THOSE PUBLICATIONS THEREAF-
- 13 TER ADOPTED PURSUANT TO RULES THAT THE DIRECTOR MAY PROMULGATE.
- 14 (B) ORIGINATE DIRECTLY FROM AN ACCREDITED BOVINE TUBERCULO-
- 15 SIS FREE HERD AS DEFINED IN TITLE 9 OF THE CODE OF FEDERAL REGU-
- 16 LATIONS AND THE BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS ERADICATION: UNIFORM METHODS
- 17 AND RULES EFFECTIVE JANUARY 22, 1999, APPROVED BY THE VETERINARY
- 18 SERVICES OF THE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE OF THE
- 19 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND ALL AMENDMENTS TO
- 20 THOSE PUBLICATIONS THEREAFTER ADOPTED PURSUANT TO RULES THAT THE
- 21 DIRECTOR MAY PROMULGATE.
- 22 (C) REGARDING GOATS NOT MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBDIVI-
- 23 SION (A) OR (B), OR BOTH, ORIGINATE FROM A STATE OR ZONE WHOSE
- 24 BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS STATUS IS LESS THAN ACCREDITED BOVINE TUBER-
- 25 CULOSIS FREE AS DEFINED IN TITLE 9 OF THE CODE OF FEDERAL REGULA-
- 26 TIONS AND THE BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS ERADICATION: UNIFORM METHODS
- 27 AND RULES EFFECTIVE JANUARY 22, 1999, APPROVED BY THE VETERINARY

- 1 SERVICES OF THE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE OF THE
- 2 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND ALL AMENDMENTS TO
- 3 THOSE PUBLICATIONS THEREAFTER ADOPTED PURSUANT TO RULES THAT THE
- 4 DIRECTOR MAY PROMULGATE, SHALL ORIGINATE FROM A HERD THAT HAS HAD
- 5 A NEGATIVE OFFICIAL WHOLE HERD TEST AS DEFINED IN SECTION 9
- 6 WITHIN THE PRECEDING 12 MONTHS AND THE INDIVIDUAL GOATS BEING
- 7 IMPORTED SHALL HAVE HAD A NEGATIVE OFFICIAL TEST FOR BOVINE
- 8 TUBERCULOSIS WITHIN 60 DAYS BEFORE ENTRY.
- 9 (3) (b) In the case of goats GOATS more than 6 months old
- 10 except wethers, test negative to an official test for brucellosis
- 11 within 30 days before importation or originate directly from a
- 12 herd that is certified brucellosis-free by the state of origin.
- 13 Sec. 29. New world camelids shall not be imported into
- 14 this state without a prior entry permit from the director and
- 15 shall be accompanied by an official interstate health certificate
- 16 or official interstate certificate of veterinary inspection and
- 17 meet all of the following requirements:
- (a) Be individually identified by an official
- 19 identification. The official identification shall be listed on
- 20 the official interstate health certificate or official interstate
- 21 certificate of veterinary inspection.
- 22 (b) In the case of new world camelids more than 6 months
- 23 old, test negative to an official test for brucellosis within
- 24 30 days before importation.
- 25 Sec. 29a. (1) A person shall not import aquaculture
- 26 AQUACULTURE IMPORTED into this state without a prior entry
- 27 permit from the director and 1 SHALL BE ACCOMPANIED BY EITHER of

- 1 the following issued by an accredited veterinarian: or a fish
- 2 health official:
- 3 (a) Official interstate health certificate.
- 4 (b) Official interstate certificate of veterinary
- 5 inspection.
- 6 (c) Fish disease inspection report.
- 7 (2) A person shall not import aquaculture from a hatchery or
- 8 other facility with a record of an emergency fish disease within
- 9 the past 2 years.
- 10 (3) A person shall not import aquaculture exhibiting clini-
- 11 cal signs of disease.
- 12 Sec. 30. (1) All poultry and hatching poultry eggs imported
- 13 into this state shall be accompanied by 1 of the following:
- 14 (a) An official interstate health certificate.
- 15 (b) An official interstate certificate of veterinary
- 16 inspection.
- 17 (c) A "report of sales of hatching eggs, chicks, and poults"
- 18 ($\overline{\text{vs}}$ VETERINARY SERVICES form 9-3) for participants in the
- 19 national poultry improvement plan.
- 20 (d) An owner-shipper statement or sales invoice if consigned
- 21 directly to slaughter.
- 22 (e) A "permit for movement of restricted animals" (vs
- 23 VETERINARY SERVICES form 1-27), if prior approval is granted by
- 24 the director.
- 25 (2) All poultry imported into this state, except those con-
- 26 signed directly to a state or federally inspected slaughter

- 1 facility or to a livestock auction market for sale as slaughter
- 2 poultry, shall meet 1 or both of the following requirements:
- 3 (a) Originate directly from a U.S. pullorum-typhoid clean
- 4 flock as defined in title 9 of the code of federal regulations,
- 5 and all amendments to that publication thereafter adopted pursu-
- 6 ant to rules that the director may promulgate.
- 7 (b) Have a negative official test for salmonella
- 8 pullorum-typhoid within 90 days before importation and remain
- 9 segregated from all poultry of unknown or positive salmonella
- 10 pullorum-typhoid test status.
- 11 (3) POULTRY VACCINATED FOR INFECTIOUS LARYNGOTRACHEITIS
- 12 SHALL NOT BE IMPORTED INTO THIS STATE UNLESS PERMISSION FROM THE
- 13 DIRECTOR IS GRANTED. ANY RESTRICTIONS PLACED BY THE DIRECTOR ON
- 14 THE IMPORT OF THE POULTRY SHALL BE FOLLOWED.
- (4) (3) Poultry and hatching poultry eggs, other than
- 16 poultry and hatching poultry eggs moving directly from premises
- 17 of origin to premises of final destination within this state,
- 18 shall meet 1 or both of the following:
- 19 (a) Originate directly from a U.S. pullorum-typhoid clean
- 20 flock as defined in title 9 of the code of federal regulations
- 21 9 C.F.R. PART 147, and all amendments to that publication there-
- 22 after adopted pursuant to rules that the director may
- 23 promulgate.
- 24 (b) Have a negative official test for salmonella
- 25 pullorum-typhoid within 90 days before change of ownership and
- 26 remain segregated from all poultry of unknown or positive
- 27 salmonella pullorum-typhoid test status.

- 1 Sec. 30a. (1) Captive cervidae PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS,
- 2 except those consigned directly to a state or federally inspected
- 3 slaughter facility premises, shall not be imported into this
- 4 state unless accompanied by an official interstate health certif-
- 5 icate or official interstate certificate of veterinary
- 6 inspection.
- **7** (2) Captive cervidae PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS imported into
- 8 this state shall be individually identified by an official
- 9 identification. The official identification shall be listed on
- 10 the official interstate health certificate or official interstate
- 11 certificate of veterinary inspection.
- 12 (3) Captive cervidae PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS 6 months of
- 13 age or older IMPORTED INTO THIS STATE, except those consigned
- 14 directly to a state or federally inspected slaughter facility
- 15 premises, imported into this state SHALL ORIGINATE DIRECTLY
- 16 FROM A CERTIFIED BRUCELLOSIS-FREE CERVID HERD AS DEFINED IN BRU-
- 17 CELLOSIS IN CERVIDAE: UNIFORM METHODS AND RULES, EFFECTIVE
- 18 SEPTEMBER 30, 1998, OR shall test negative to an official test
- 19 for brucellosis within 30 days before importation.
- 20 (4) Captive cervidae 6 months PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS
- 21 1 YEAR of age or older IMPORTED INTO THIS STATE, except those
- 22 consigned directly to a state or federally inspected slaughter
- 23 facility premises, imported into this state shall meet inter-
- 24 state tuberculosis testing requirements as defined in title 9 of
- 25 the code of federal regulations and the uniform methods and rules
- 26 for tuberculosis eradication in cervidae: uniform methods and
- 27 rules, effective May 15, 1994, approved by veterinary services of

- 1 the animal and plant health inspection service of the United
- 2 States department of agriculture, and all amendments to those
- 3 publications thereafter adopted pursuant to rules that the direc-
- 4 tor may promulgate. MUST COMPLY WITH 1 OF THE FOLLOWING BEFORE
- 5 IMPORTATION:
- 6 (A) ORIGINATE DIRECTLY FROM AN OFFICIAL TUBERCULOSIS ACCRED-
- 7 ITED HERD AS OUTLINED IN BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS ERADICATION, UNIFORM
- 8 METHODS AND RULES, EFFECTIVE JANUARY 22, 1999, APPROVED BY VETER-
- 9 INARY SERVICES OF THE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE
- 10 OF THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND ALL AMEND-
- 11 MENTS TO THOSE PUBLICATIONS THEREAFTER ADOPTED PURSUANT TO RULES
- 12 THAT THE DIRECTOR MAY PROMULGATE.
- 13 (B) ORIGINATE DIRECTLY FROM AN OFFICIAL TUBERCULOSIS OUALI-
- 14 FIED OR MONITORED HERD AS OUTLINED IN BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS
- 15 ERADICATION: UNIFORM METHODS AND RULES, EFFECTIVE JANUARY 22,
- 16 1999, APPROVED BY VETERINARY SERVICES OF THE ANIMAL AND PLANT
- 17 HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF
- 18 AGRICULTURE, AND ALL AMENDMENTS TO THOSE PUBLICATIONS THEREAFTER
- 19 ADOPTED PURSUANT TO RULES THAT THE DIRECTOR MAY PROMULGATE, AND
- 20 RECEIVE AN OFFICIAL NEGATIVE TEST FOR TUBERCULOSIS WITHIN 90 DAYS
- 21 BEFORE IMPORTATION.
- 22 (C) BE ISOLATED FROM ALL OTHER ANIMALS UNTIL THEY RECEIVE 2
- 23 OFFICIAL NEGATIVE TUBERCULOSIS TESTS CONDUCTED NO LESS THAN
- 24 90 DAYS APART, WITH THE FIRST TEST CONDUCTED NO MORE THAN
- 25 120 DAYS BEFORE IMPORTATION AND THE SECOND TEST BEING WITHIN
- 26 90 DAYS BEFORE IMPORTATION INTO THIS STATE.

- 1 (5) All captive cervidae PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS less than
- 2 6 months 1 YEAR of age imported into this state, except those
- 3 consigned directly to a state or federally inspected slaughter
- 4 facility premises, must originate directly from an official
- 5 tuberculosis accredited or qualified herd as outlined in the uni-
- 6 form methods and rules for tuberculosis eradication in cervidae
- 7 effective May 15, 1994, approved by veterinary services of the
- 8 animal and plant health inspection service of the United States
- 9 department of agriculture, and all amendments to those publica-
- 10 tions thereafter adopted pursuant to rules that the director may
- 11 promulgate, or shall remain at the destination identified on the
- 12 official interstate health certificate or official certificate of
- 13 veterinary inspection until it receives an official negative test
- 14 for tuberculosis when it is at least 6 months of age, but not
- 15 more than 8 months of age. For the purposes of this section, the
- 16 age of the captive white-tailed deer or captive elk shall be
- 17 determined by the age placed on the official interstate health
- 18 certificate or official certificate of veterinary inspection. A
- 19 copy of the official test for tuberculosis and a copy of the
- 20 official interstate health certificate or official certificate of
- 21 veterinary inspection shall be forwarded to the department within
- 22 10 days following completion of the testing. COMPLY WITH 1 OF
- 23 THE FOLLOWING BEFORE IMPORTATION:
- 24 (A) ORIGINATE DIRECTLY FROM AN OFFICIAL TUBERCULOSIS ACCRED-
- 25 ITED HERD AS OUTLINED IN BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS ERADICATION: UNI-
- 26 FORM METHODS AND RULES, EFFECTIVE JANUARY 22, 1999, APPROVED BY
- 27 VETERINARY SERVICES OF THE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION

- 1 SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND ALL
- 2 AMENDMENTS TO THOSE PUBLICATIONS THEREAFTER ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
- 3 RULES THAT THE DIRECTOR MAY PROMULGATE.
- 4 (B) BE BORN IN AND ORIGINATE DIRECTLY FROM AN OFFICIAL
- 5 TUBERCULOSIS QUALIFIED OR MONITORED HERD AS OUTLINED IN BOVINE
- 6 TUBERCULOSIS ERADICATION, UNIFORM METHODS AND RULES, EFFECTIVE
- 7 JANUARY 22, 1999, APPROVED BY VETERINARY SERVICES OF THE ANIMAL
- 8 AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES DEPART-
- 9 MENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND ALL AMENDMENTS TO THOSE PUBLICATIONS
- 10 THEREAFTER ADOPTED PURSUANT TO RULES THAT THE DIRECTOR MAY
- 11 PROMULGATE.
- 12 (C) BE A PURCHASED ADDITION ORIGINATING DIRECTLY FROM AN
- 13 OFFICIAL TUBERCULOSIS QUALIFIED OR MONITORED HERD AS OUTLINED IN
- 14 BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS ERADICATION, UNIFORM METHODS AND RULES,
- 15 EFFECTIVE JANUARY 22, 1999, APPROVED BY VETERINARY SERVICES OF
- 16 THE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE OF THE UNITED
- 17 STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND ALL AMENDMENTS TO THOSE
- 18 PUBLICATIONS THEREAFTER ADOPTED PURSUANT TO RULES THAT THE DIREC-
- 19 TOR MAY PROMULGATE, AND RECEIVE AN OFFICIAL NEGATIVE TEST FOR
- 20 TUBERCULOSIS WITHIN 90 DAYS BEFORE IMPORTATION.
- 21 (D) BE ISOLATED FROM ALL OTHER ANIMALS UNTIL IT RECEIVES 2
- 22 OFFICIAL NEGATIVE TUBERCULOSIS TESTS CONDUCTED NOT LESS THAN
- 23 90 DAYS APART, WITH THE FIRST TEST CONDUCTED NO MORE THAN
- 24 120 DAYS BEFORE IMPORTATION AND THE SECOND TEST BEING WITHIN
- 25 90 DAYS BEFORE IMPORTATION INTO THIS STATE.
- **26** (6) Captive cervidae PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS with a
- 27 response other than negative to any tuberculosis test or

- 1 brucellosis test are not eligible for interstate movement into
- 2 this state without permission from the director.
- 3 (7) Captive cervidae PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS known to be
- 4 affected with or exposed to tuberculosis or brucellosis are not
- 5 eligible for interstate movement into this state without permis-
- 6 sion from the director.
- 7 Sec. 30b. (1) All live captive cervidae 6 months of age or
- 8 older except captive white-tailed deer and captive elk moving
- 9 from 1 premises to another premises within this state, except
- 10 those consigned directly to a state or federally inspected
- 11 slaughter facility premises, shall be accompanied by a copy of
- 12 the current official test for tuberculosis or written permission
- 13 from the director and shall originate directly from accredited,
- 14 qualified, or monitored herds as defined in title 9 of the code
- 15 of federal regulations and the uniform methods and rules for the
- 16 control and eradication of bovine tuberculosis in cervidae
- 17 approved by veterinary services of the animal and plant health
- 18 inspection service of the U.S. department of agriculture and all
- 19 amendments thereafter to those publications adopted pursuant to
- 20 rules that the director may promulgate or originate from herds
- 21 not known to be affected with or exposed to tuberculosis and
- 22 accompanied by a certificate signed by an accredited veterinarian
- 23 stating that the captive cervidae have been classified negative
- 24 to an official tuberculosis test that was conducted within 90 day
- 25 s before their movement. ALL LIVE PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS MOVING
- 26 FROM 1 PREMISES TO ANOTHER PREMISES WITHIN THIS STATE SHALL BE

- 1 OFFICIALLY IDENTIFIED WITH AN IDENTIFICATION APPROVED BY THE
- 2 DIRECTOR.
- 3 (2) All live captive white-tailed deer and captive elk
- 4 PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS 6 months of age or older moving from 1
- 5 premises to another premises within this state, except those con-
- 6 signed directly to a state or federally inspected slaughter
- 7 facility premises, shall comply with 1 of the following:
- 8 (a) Originate directly from an official tuberculosis
- 9 accredited, or qualified, OR MONITORED herd as outlined in the
- 10 uniform methods and rules for tuberculosis eradication in cervi-
- 11 dae effective May 15, 1994 BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS ERADICATION:
- 12 UNIFORM METHODS AND RULES, EFFECTIVE JANUARY 22, 1999, approved
- 13 by veterinary services of the animal and plant health inspection
- 14 service of the United States department of agriculture, and all
- 15 amendments to those publications thereafter adopted pursuant to
- 16 rules that the director may promulgate, and be accompanied by a
- 17 copy of the current official letter from the Michigan department
- 18 of agriculture verifying herd status.
- 19 (B) ORIGINATE DIRECTLY FROM A HERD THAT HAS RECEIVED AN
- 20 OFFICIAL NEGATIVE TUBERCULOSIS TEST OF ALL PRIVATELY OWNED CER-
- 21 VIDS 12 MONTHS OF AGE OR OLDER AND ALL CATTLE AND GOATS 6 MONTHS
- 22 OF AGE AND OLDER IN CONTACT WITH THE HERD WITHIN 24 MONTHS BEFORE
- 23 MOVEMENT.
- 24 (C) (b) Originate directly from a herd that has received
- 25 an official negative tuberculosis test of all captive cervidae
- 26 PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS 12 months of age or older and all cattle
- 27 and goats 6 months of age or older in contact with the herd MORE

- 1 THAN 24 MONTHS BEFORE MOVEMENT, receive an individual negative
- 2 official test for tuberculosis within 90 days prior to BEFORE
- 3 movement, and be accompanied by a copy of the official tests for
- 4 tuberculosis verifying that testing.
- 5 (D) $\overline{\text{(c)}}$ Be isolated from all other members of the herd and
- 6 receive 2 official negative tests for tuberculosis at 90- to
- 7 120-day intervals before movement and be accompanied by copies of
- 8 the official tests for tuberculosis verifying that testing. THE
- 9 SECOND NEGATIVE TEST SHALL BE WITHIN 90 DAYS BEFORE MOVEMENT.
- 10 (3) All live captive white-tailed deer and captive elk
- 11 PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS less than 6 months of age moving from 1
- 12 premises to another premises within this state, except those con-
- 13 signed directly to a state or federally inspected slaughter
- 14 facility premises, shall MUST comply with 1 of the following:
- **15** (a) Originate directly from an official tuberculosis
- 16 accredited, or qualified, OR MONITORED herd as outlined in the
- 17 uniform methods and rules for tuberculosis eradication in cervi-
- 18 dae effective May 15, 1994 BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS ERADICATION:
- 19 UNIFORM METHODS AND RULES, EFFECTIVE JANUARY 22, 1999, approved
- 20 by veterinary services of the animal and plant health inspection
- 21 service of the United States department of agriculture, and all
- 22 amendments to those publications thereafter adopted pursuant to
- 23 rules that the director may promulgate, be identified by an offi-
- 24 cial identification, and be accompanied by a copy of the current
- 25 official letter from the Michigan department of agriculture veri-
- 26 fying the herd status.

- 1 (B) ORIGINATE DIRECTLY FROM A HERD THAT HAS RECEIVED AN
- 2 OFFICIAL NEGATIVE TUBERCULOSIS TEST OF ALL PRIVATELY OWNED
- 3 CERVIDS 12 MONTHS OF AGE OR OLDER AND ALL CATTLE AND GOATS
- 4 6 MONTHS OF AGE AND OLDER IN CONTACT WITH THE HERD WITHIN
- 5 24 MONTHS BEFORE MOVEMENT.
- **6** (C) (b) Originate directly from a herd that has received
- 7 an official negative tuberculosis test of all captive cervidae
- 8 PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS 12 months of age or older and all cattle
- 9 and goats 6 months of age or older in contact with the herd -, be
- 10 individually identified by an official identification, MORE THAN
- 11 24 MONTHS BEFORE MOVEMENT AND be accompanied by an official
- 12 permit for movement of captive white-tailed deer and captive
- 13 elk PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS less than 6 months of age within
- 14 Michigan OR AN OFFICIAL INTERSTATE HEALTH CERTIFICATE issued by
- 15 an accredited veterinarian, and remain at the destination stated
- 16 on the permit OR OFFICIAL INTERSTATE HEALTH CERTIFICATE until it
- 17 receives an official negative tuberculosis test when it reaches
- 18 6 months of age, but not more than 8 months of age. For purposes
- 19 of this section, the age of the captive white-tailed deer or
- 20 captive elk PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS shall be determined by the
- 21 age placed on the official permit for movement of captive
- 22 white-tailed deer and captive elk PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS less
- 23 than 6 months of age in Michigan OR THE OFFICIAL INTERSTATE
- 24 HEALTH CERTIFICATE ISSUED by the accredited veterinarian. A copy
- 25 of the official test for tuberculosis and a copy of the official
- 26 permit for movement of captive white-tailed deer and captive
- 27 elk PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS less than 6 months of age within

- 1 Michigan OR THE OFFICIAL INTERSTATE HEALTH CERTIFICATE shall be
- 2 forwarded to the department within 10 days following completion
- 3 of the testing.
- 4 (4) Captive cervidae PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS with a
- 5 response other than negative to any tuberculosis test are not
- 6 eligible for intrastate movement without permission from the
- 7 director.
- 8 (5) Captive cervidae PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS known to be
- 9 affected with or exposed to tuberculosis shall not be moved
- 10 intrastate without permission from the director.
- 11 (6) The department shall keep a current database on captive
- 12 cervidae PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS premises in this state. The
- 13 database shall include the owner's name, the owner's current
- 14 address, location of captive cervidae PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS,
- 15 species of captive cervidae PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS at the
- 16 premises, and the approximate number of captive cervidae
- 17 PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS at the premises.
- 18 Sec. 30c. (1) Beginning on the effective date of this sec-
- 19 tion, each EACH owner of any captive PRIVATELY OWNED
- 20 white-tailed deer farm or captive PRIVATELY OWNED elk farm that
- 21 does not possess official tuberculosis accredited or qualified
- 22 herd status as defined in the uniform methods and rules for
- 23 tuberculosis eradication in cervidae effective May 15, 1994
- 24 BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS ERADICATION, UNIFORM METHODS AND RULES,
- 25 EFFECTIVE JANUARY 22, 1999, approved by the veterinary services
- 26 of the animal and plant health inspection service of the United
- 27 States department of agriculture, and all amendments to those

- 1 publications thereafter adopted pursuant to rules that the
- 2 director may promulgate, shall cause an official test for tuber-
- 3 culosis to be conducted on all captive cervidae PRIVATELY OWNED
- 4 CERVIDS 12 months of age or older, and all cattle and goats
- 5 6 months of age and older in contact with the captive cervidae
- 6 PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS. This testing shall be completed within
- 7 18 months following the effective date of this section BY JULY
- 8 27, 2000. The owner of any captive PRIVATELY OWNED
- 9 white-tailed deer farm or captive PRIVATELY OWNED elk farm that
- 10 begins operation after the effective date of this section shall
- 11 complete the testing requirement within 18 months following
- 12 assembly of the herd.
- 13 (2) Beginning on the effective date of this section, each
- 14 EACH owner of any captive cervidae PRIVATELY OWNED WHITE-TAILED
- 15 DEER OR ELK ranch shall cause captive cervidae PRIVATELY OWNED
- 16 CERVIDS removed from the herd to undergo visual inspection by a
- 17 specially trained accredited veterinarian, approved by the direc-
- 18 tor, for evidence of tuberculosis. The number of animals to be
- 19 inspected shall be equal to the number required for establishing
- 20 an official tuberculosis monitored herd as outlined in the uni-
- 21 form methods and rules for tuberculosis eradication in cervidae
- 22 effective May 15, 1994 BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS ERADICATION: UNIFORM
- 23 METHODS AND RULES, EFFECTIVE JANUARY 22, 1999, approved by veter-
- 24 inary services of the animal and plant health inspection service
- 25 of the United States department of agriculture, and all amend-
- 26 ments to those publications thereafter adopted pursuant to rules
- 27 that the director may promulgate. The testing shall be

- 1 conducted over a 3-consecutive-year period and be completed
- 2 within 5 years following the effective date of this section BY
- 3 JANUARY 27, 2004. The owner of any captive cervidae PRIVATELY
- 4 OWNED WHITE-TAILED DEER OR ELK ranch which begins operation after
- 5 the effective date of this section shall complete the required
- 6 testing within 5 years following assembly of the herd.
- 7 SEC. 30D. (1) BEGINNING 90 DAYS AFTER THE ENACTMENT DATE OF
- 8 THIS SECTION, EACH OWNER OF ANY PRIVATELY OWNED CERVID FARM,
- 9 OTHER THAN ANY PRIVATELY OWNED WHITE-TAILED DEER OR ELK FARM,
- 10 THAT DOES NOT POSSESS OFFICIAL TUBERCULOSIS ACCREDITED OR QUALI-
- 11 FIED HERD STATUS AS DEFINED IN BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS ERADICATION:
- 12 UNIFORM METHODS AND RULES, EFFECTIVE JANUARY 22, 1999, APPROVED
- 13 BY THE VETERINARY SERVICES OF THE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPEC-
- 14 TION SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND
- 15 ALL AMENDMENTS TO THOSE PUBLICATIONS THEREAFTER ADOPTED PURSUANT
- 16 TO RULES THAT THE DIRECTOR MAY PROMULGATE, SHALL CAUSE AN OFFI-
- 17 CIAL TEST FOR TUBERCULOSIS TO BE CONDUCTED ON ALL PRIVATELY OWNED
- 18 CERVIDS 12 MONTHS OF AGE OR OLDER, AND ALL CATTLE AND GOATS
- 19 6 MONTHS OF AGE AND OLDER IN CONTACT WITH THE PRIVATELY OWNED
- 20 CERVIDS. THIS TESTING SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN 18 MONTHS FOL-
- 21 LOWING THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION. THE OWNER OF ANY PRI-
- 22 VATELY OWNED CERVID FARM, OTHER THAN PRIVATELY WHITE-TAILED DEER
- 23 OR ELK FARMS, THAT BEGIN OPERATION AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF
- 24 THIS SECTION SHALL COMPLETE THE TESTING REQUIREMENT WITHIN
- 25 18 MONTHS FOLLOWING ASSEMBLY OF THE HERD.
- 26 (2) BEGINNING 90 DAYS AFTER THE ENACTMENT DATE OF THIS
- 27 SECTION, EACH OWNER OF ANY PRIVATELY OWNED CERVID RANCH, OTHER

- 1 THAN PRIVATELY OWNED WHITE-TAILED DEER OR ELK RANCHES, SHALL
- 2 CAUSE PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS REMOVED FROM THE HERD TO UNDERGO
- 3 VISUAL INSPECTION BY A SPECIALLY TRAINED ACCREDITED VETERINARIAN,
- 4 APPROVED BY THE DIRECTOR, FOR EVIDENCE OF TUBERCULOSIS. THE
- 5 NUMBER OF ANIMALS TO BE INSPECTED SHALL BE EQUAL TO THE NUMBER
- 6 REQUIRED FOR ESTABLISHING AN OFFICIAL TUBERCULOSIS MONITORED HERD
- 7 AS OUTLINED IN BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS ERADICATION: UNIFORM METHODS
- 8 AND RULES, EFFECTIVE JANUARY 22, 1999, APPROVED BY VETERINARY
- 9 SERVICES OF THE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE OF THE
- 10 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND ALL AMENDMENTS TO
- 11 THOSE PUBLICATIONS THEREAFTER ADOPTED PURSUANT TO RULES THAT THE
- 12 DIRECTOR MAY PROMULGATE. THE TESTING SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN
- 13 5 YEARS FOLLOWING THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION. THE OWNER
- 14 OF ANY PRIVATELY OWNED CERVID RANCH, OTHER THAN PRIVATELY OWNED
- 15 WHITE-TAILED DEER OR ELK RANCHES, WHICH BEGINS OPERATION AFTER
- 16 THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION SHALL COMPLETE THE REQUIRED
- 17 TESTING WITHIN 5 YEARS FOLLOWING ASSEMBLY OF THE HERD.
- 18 Sec. 31. (1) Any species having the potential to spread
- 19 serious diseases or parasites, to cause serious physical harm, or
- 20 to otherwise endanger native wildlife, human life, livestock,
- 21 domestic animals, or property, as determined by the director,
- 22 shall not be imported into this state.
- 23 (2) A prior entry permit shall be obtained from the direc-
- 24 tor for a wild animal or exotic animal species not regulated by
- 25 the fish and wildlife service of the United States department of
- 26 interior or the department of natural resources of this state.

- 1 (2) $\overline{(3)}$ The director may require compliance with any or
- 2 all of the following prior to BEFORE the importation of a wild
- 3 animal or an exotic animal species not regulated by the fish and
- 4 wildlife service of the United States department of interior or
- 5 the department of natural resources of this state:
- 6 (a) Physical examination by an accredited veterinarian be
- 7 conducted after importation to determine the health status,
- 8 proper housing, husbandry, and confinement of any animal permit-
- 9 ted to enter this state.
- 10 (b) Negative test results to specific official tests
- 11 required by the director within a time frame before importation
- 12 into this state as determined by the director.
- 13 (c) Identification prior to importation in a manner approved
- 14 by the director.
- 15 (3) $\overline{(4)}$ An official interstate health certificate or offi-
- 16 cial interstate certificate of veterinary inspection signed by an
- 17 accredited veterinarian from the state of origin shall accompany
- 18 all wild animal or exotic animal species imported into this
- 19 state. The official interstate health certificate or official
- 20 interstate certificate of veterinary inspection shall comply with
- 21 all the requirements of section 20(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), and
- 22 (f).
- 23 (4) $\overline{(5)}$ A wild animal or exotic animal species permitted
- 24 to enter this state shall receive housing, feeding, restraining,
- 25 and care that is approved by the director.

- 1 (5) $\overline{(6)}$ A person shall not import or release live feral
- 2 swine or any crosses of feral swine in this state for any purpose
- 3 without permission from the director.
- 4 Sec. 33. (1) Livestock sold at a livestock auction market
- 5 shall be handled and housed in facilities and pens in a manner
- 6 approved by the director. The alleys and sale rings used for
- 7 livestock auction shall be appropriately cleaned and disinfected
- 8 before each day's sale. The pens, facilities, and the procedures
- 9 for cleaning and disinfecting shall be approved by the director.
- 10 (2) ALL CATTLE, BISON, GOATS, AND PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS
- 11 PRESENTED AT ANY LIVESTOCK AUCTION MARKET IN MICHIGAN SHALL BE
- 12 IDENTIFIED AS REQUIRED IN THE BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS ERADICATION:
- 13 UNIFORM METHODS AND RULES, EFFECTIVE JANUARY 22, 1999, AND
- 14 APPROVED BY VETERINARY SERVICES OF THE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH
- 15 INSPECTION SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICUL-
- 16 TURE, AND ALL AMENDMENTS TO THOSE PUBLICATIONS THEREAFTER ADOPTED
- 17 PURSUANT TO RULES THAT THE DIRECTOR MAY PROMULGATE.
- 18 (3) CATTLE, BISON, GOATS, AND PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS THAT
- 19 ARE MARKETED FOR IMMEDIATE SLAUGHTER SHALL BE IDENTIFIED BY OFFI-
- 20 CIAL EAR TAG, SALE TAG, OR OFFICIAL BACK TAG IN A MANNER DESIGNED
- 21 TO TRACE THE ANIMALS TO THE PREMISES OF ORIGIN.
- 22 Sec. 35. If livestock undergoes parturition within ENTER
- 23 a slaughter facility premises, the newborn LIVESTOCK AND OFF-
- 24 SPRING BORN IN THE PREMISES shall not leave the slaughter facil-
- 25 ity premises unless permission is granted by the director to move
- 26 the newborn LIVESTOCK to an alternate premises.

- 1 Sec. 39. Unless otherwise approved or waived by the
- 2 director, the following shall apply to exhibition facilities:
- 3 (a) A facility for exhibition of livestock shall be con-
- 4 structed to allow sufficient separation of each exhibitor's live-
- 5 stock AND TO ALLOW FOR SUFFICIENT SEPARATION OF SPECIES. The
- 6 facility shall be constructed of a material that can be ade-
- 7 quately cleaned and disinfected.
- 8 (b) An exhibition building or yarding facility shall be
- 9 cleaned and disinfected with USDA-approved disinfectant used in
- 10 accordance with label instructions before livestock are admitted
- 11 by removing from the premises all manure, litter, hay, straw, and
- 12 forage from pens, runways, and show rings, and thoroughly disin-
- 13 fecting walls, partitions, floors, mangers, yarding facilities,
- 14 and runways BEFORE EACH USE in a manner approved by the
- 15 director.
- 16 Sec. 40. (1) A fair shall have an accredited veterinarian
- 17 on call whenever there are animals on the premises during the
- **18** fair.
- 19 (2) A fair, exhibition, exposition, or show authority shall
- 20 do all of the following:
- 21 (a) Notify exhibitors of health tests and certificates
- 22 required for importation and exhibition in this state.
- 23 (b) Examine and approve required health certificates,
- 24 reports, test charts, certificates, or other required documen-
- 25 tation before displaying, exhibiting, or stabling the animals in
- 26 the exhibition area or before commingling with other animals.

- 1 (c) Provide shipping arrangements for all swine exhibited
- 2 that are to be removed from the fair, exhibition, exposition, or
- 3 show facility for direct movement to slaughter or a livestock
- 4 auction market as defined in Act No. 284 of the Public Acts of
- 5 1937, being sections 287.121 to 287.131 of the Michigan Compiled
- 6 Laws 1937 PA 284, MCL 287.121 TO 287.131.
- 7 (D) NOTIFY EXHIBITORS WHETHER OR NOT POULTRY VACCINATED
- 8 AGAINST INFECTIOUS LARYNGOTRACHEITIS ARE ALLOWED IN THE FAIR,
- 9 EXHIBITION, OR EXPOSITION.
- 10 (3) A fair, exhibition, exposition, or show authority may
- 11 require additional testing or vaccination of animals before entry
- 12 and during the fair, exhibition, exposition, or show.
- 13 (4) Livestock with clinical signs of infectious, contagious,
- 14 or toxicological disease shall be removed from the fair, exhibi-
- 15 tion, or exposition or, by permission of the director, shall be
- 16 isolated on the premises.
- 17 (5) It is the responsibility of the exhibitor to ensure that
- 18 all requirements for testing, identification, and official inter-
- 19 state health certificate or official interstate certificate of
- 20 veterinary inspection are fulfilled prior to BEFORE importation
- 21 and that proof of fulfilling these requirements is provided to
- 22 the director, fair, exhibition, exposition, or show authority
- 23 upon request.
- 24 (6) Swine for exhibition within this state shall be individ-
- 25 ually identified by official identification.
- (7) Swine shall not enter any fair, exhibition, exposition,
- 27 or show facility unless it can be demonstrated that the swine

- 1 presented for exhibition or exposition meet 1 or more of the
- 2 following conditions:
- 3 (a) Originate as a direct movement from a swine premises
- 4 located in a pseudorabies stage III area or region or other
- 5 equivalent low prevalence area as recognized by the director.
- **6** (b) Originate directly from a pseudorabies
- 7 qualified-negative herd as defined in title 9 of the code of
- 8 federal regulations C.F.R. PART 85, which proof may consist of a
- 9 copy of a valid certificate issued by the department stating that
- 10 the herd meets the requirements for a pseudorabies
- 11 qualified-negative herd.
- 12 (c) Unless the swine are piglets nursing a pseudorabies neg-
- 13 ative sow, present an official swine test report that indicates
- 14 the swine have been tested for pseudorabies within 45 days before
- 15 exhibition and have tested negative.
- 16 (8) All swine removed from any exhibition facility shall be
- 17 moved directly to a livestock auction market or slaughter facil-
- 18 ity premises for disposition in accordance with applicable laws
- 19 concerning movement of swine to slaughter unless all swine
- 20 present at the exhibition or exposition at any time for any
- 21 reason have entered the exhibition facility according to the pro-
- 22 visions of subsection (7)(b) or (c).
- 23 (9) Upon request, a person who exhibits livestock shall
- 24 present for inspection all reports, test charts, and appropriate
- 25 health certificates required by this act to accompany the
- 26 livestock.

- 1 (10) Any swine found to be exhibited or removed from
- 2 exhibition in violation of any provision of this section may be
- 3 quarantined or ordered slaughtered, destroyed, or disposed of by
- 4 the director without being eligible for indemnification as
- 5 described in sections 14 and 15.
- 6 Sec. 41. Exhibition of poultry shall meet the following
- 7 requirements:
- 8 (a) All poultry except waterfowl, pigeons, and doves shown
- 9 at public exhibition in this state shall meet 1 or more of the
- 10 following requirements:
- 11 (i) Originate directly from a U.S. pullorum-typhoid clean
- 12 flock as defined in title 9 of the code of federal regulations
- 13 C.F.R. PART 147, and all amendments to that publication thereaf-
- 14 ter adopted pursuant to rules that the director may promulgate.
- (ii) Have a negative official test for salmonella
- 16 pullorum-typhoid within 90 days before the exhibition or exposi-
- 17 tion and remain segregated from all poultry of unknown or posi-
- 18 tive salmonella pullorum-typhoid test status.
- 19 (b) A feed or water container provided for an exhibition
- 20 coop shall be new or properly cleaned.
- 21 (c) A feed or water container from which a bird has eaten or
- 22 drunk shall be refilled to prevent contamination of the common
- 23 supply of feed or water. A feed or water container shall not be
- 24 removed from an exhibition coop except for the purpose of
- 25 cleaning.
- 26 (d) An exhibition coop shall be thoroughly cleaned and
- 27 disinfected before and after each exhibition.

- 1 (e) An exhibition coop shall be constructed and placed to
- 2 provide adequate light for proper inspection of poultry for evi-
- 3 dence of transmissible diseases.
- 4 (f) A shipping crate used in the shipment of birds by common
- 5 carrier shall not be used as an exhibition coop. A shipping
- 6 crate shall be cleaned and disinfected on the day of arrival
- 7 after birds have been removed for exhibition and before being
- 8 used again. Unless otherwise necessary, a shipping crate shall
- 9 not be stored in the exhibition area.
- 10 (g) Litter for an exhibition coop shall be clean and shall
- 11 be replaced daily or as often as needed.
- 12 (h) A bird shall not be handled except by the exhibitor,
- 13 attendant, FAIR VETERINARIAN, DIRECTOR, or judge after the bird
- 14 is placed in an exhibition coop.
- 15 Sec. 42. (1) Whenever an official test is conducted, or an
- 16 official vaccination is administered, livestock AN OFFICIAL VAC-
- 17 CINATION IS ADMINISTERED, OR A UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRI-
- 18 CULTURE ACCREDITED LABORATORY HAS DIAGNOSED A REPORTABLE DISEASE,
- 19 THE ANIMALS shall, unless exempted by the director, be identified
- 20 by an official identification.
- 21 (2) The result of an official test shall be reported on a
- 22 form supplied by the department. If a tissue sample is submitted
- 23 for analysis, a properly completed sample submission form sup-
- 24 plied by the department shall accompany the sample. The official
- 25 test tissue sample shall be obtained and submitted only by an
- 26 accredited veterinarian except under special permission of the
- 27 director. The form used to document the results of an official

- 1 test, sample submission, or official vaccination shall be
- 2 properly prepared and completed.
- 3 (3) An official brucellosis calfhood vaccination shall be
- 4 performed by an accredited veterinarian in compliance with the
- 5 method outlined in title 9 of the code of federal regulations
- 6 C.F.R, PART 78 and the brucellosis eradication: uniform methods
- 7 and rules, effective May 6, 1992 FEBRUARY 1, 1998, approved by
- 8 veterinary services of the animal and plant health inspection
- 9 service of the United States department of agriculture, and all
- 10 amendments to those publications thereafter adopted pursuant to
- 11 rules that the director may promulgate.
- 12 (4) Except upon special permission from the director, offi-
- 13 cial brucellosis calfhood vaccination shall be performed only on
- 14 female cattle between the ages of 4 and 8 months.
- (5) A person shall not tattoo any animal with the official
- 16 brucellosis vaccination tattoo unless the animal is an official
- 17 brucellosis calfhood vaccinate.
- 18 (6) Testing and surveillance for brucellosis and tuberculo-
- 19 sis shall be as follows:
- 20 (a) A brucellosis ring test shall be conducted on each herd
- 21 shipping milk to a dairy plant in this state. The test shall be
- 22 conducted as outlined in title 9 of the code of federal
- 23 regulations C.F.R., PART 78 and the brucellosis eradication:
- 24 uniform methods and rules, effective May 6, 1992 FEBRUARY 1,
- 25 1998, approved by veterinary services of the animal and plant
- 26 health inspection service of the United States department of

- 1 agriculture, and all amendments to those publications thereafter
- 2 adopted pursuant to rules that the director may promulgate.
- 3 (b) Disease surveillance for tuberculosis and brucellosis
- 4 shall be conducted through the market cattle identification pro-
- 5 gram as set forth in title 9 of the code of federal regulations
- 6 C.F.R., PART 78 and the brucellosis eradication: uniform methods
- 7 and rules, effective May 6, 1992 FEBRUARY 1, 1998, approved by
- 8 veterinary services of the animal and plant health inspection
- 9 service of the United States department of agriculture, and all
- 10 amendments to those publications thereafter adopted pursuant to
- 11 rules that the director may promulgate and the bovine tuberculo-
- 12 sis eradication: uniform methods and rules, effective
- 13 February 3, 1989 JANUARY 22, 1999, approved by veterinary serv-
- 14 ices of the animal and plant health inspection service of the
- 15 United States department of agriculture, and all amendments to
- 16 those publications thereafter adopted pursuant to rules that the
- 17 director may promulgate.
- 18 (7) The department may participate in the programs described
- 19 in subsection (6) and programs for other reportable diseases and
- 20 may test for reportable diseases in any sample of livestock blood
- 21 or tissue collected at a United States department or department
- 22 approved slaughter facility, any livestock collection or market
- 23 facility, or any sample of livestock blood or tissue submitted
- 24 for diagnostic purposes to a United States department of agricul-
- 25 ture officially approved laboratory. The slaughter facility,
- 26 livestock collection or market facility, or laboratory shall

- 1 provide adequate room, time, and safe conditions for the
- 2 collection of blood or tissue samples.
- 3 Sec. 44. (1) A person who commits 1 or more of the follow-
- 4 ing is guilty of a felony punishable by a fine of not less than
- **5** \$1,000.00 nor AND NOT more than \$50,000.00, or imprisonment of
- 6 not more than 5 years, or both, and shall not receive any indem-
- 7 nification payments at the discretion of the director:
- 8 (a) Intentionally contaminating or exposing livestock to an
- 9 infectious, contagious, or toxicological disease for the purpose
- 10 of receiving indemnification from the state or causing the state
- 11 to destroy affected livestock.
- 12 (b) Intentionally making a false statement on an application
- 13 for indemnification or reimbursement from the state.
- 14 (c) Intentionally violating a condition of quarantine
- 15 AUTHORIZED UNDER SECTION 12 OR MOVEMENT RESTRICTIONS AND OTHER
- 16 REQUIREMENTS AUTHORIZED UNDER SECTION 9.
- 17 (d) Intentionally importing into this state, without permis-
- 18 sion from the director, diseased livestock or livestock exposed
- 19 to an infectious, contagious, or toxicological disease.
- 20 (e) Intentionally misrepresenting the health, medical
- 21 status, or prior treatment for an infectious, contagious, or tox-
- 22 icological disease of livestock to facilitate movement or trans-
- 23 fer of ownership to another person.
- 24 (2) A EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED UNDER SUBSECTIONS (1)
- 25 AND (2), A person who violates this act, or a rule promulgated
- 26 under this act, other than subsection (1) A QUARANTINE
- 27 AUTHORIZED UNDER SECTION 12, OR MOVEMENT RESTRICTIONS AND OTHER

- 1 REQUIREMENTS AUTHORIZED UNDER SECTION 9 is guilty of a
- 2 misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not less than \$300.00 or
- 3 imprisonment of not less than 30 days, or both.
- 4 (3) The court may allow the department to recover reasonable
- 5 costs and attorney fees incurred in a prosecution resulting in a
- 6 conviction for a violation of subsections (1) and (2). Costs
- 7 assessed and recovered under this subsection shall be paid to the
- 8 state treasury and credited to the department for the enforcement
- 9 of this act.
- 10 (4) The EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (1),
- 11 THE director, upon finding that a person has violated this act,
- 12 or a rule promulgated under this act, A QUARANTINE AUTHORIZED
- 13 UNDER SECTION 12, OR MOVEMENT RESTRICTIONS AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS
- 14 AUTHORIZED UNDER SECTION 9, may do the following:
- 15 (a) Issue a warning.
- 16 (b) Impose an administrative fine of not more than \$1,000.00
- 17 for each violation after notice and an opportunity for a hearing
- 18 pursuant to the administrative procedures act of 1969, Act
- 19 No. 306 of the Public Acts of 1969, being sections 24.201 to
- 20 24.328 of the Michigan Compiled Laws 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 TO
- **21** 24.328.
- 22 (c) Issue an appearance ticket as described and authorized
- 23 by sections 9a to 9g of chapter 4 of the code of criminal proce-
- 24 dure, Act No. 175 of the Public Acts of 1927, being sections
- 25 764.9a to 764.9g of the Michigan Compiled Laws 1927 PA 175,
- 26 MCL 764.9A TO 764.9G, with a fine of not less than \$300.00 or
- 27 imprisonment of not less than 30 days, or both.

- 1 (5) The director shall advise the attorney general of the
- 2 failure of any person to pay an administrative OR CIVIL fine
- 3 imposed under this section. The attorney general shall bring a
- 4 civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction to recover the
- 5 fine and costs and fees INCLUDING ATTORNEY FEES. Civil penalties
- 6 AND ADMINISTRATIVE FINES collected shall be paid to the state
- 7 treasury.
- 8 (6) THE REMEDIES AND SANCTIONS UNDER THIS ACT ARE INDEPEN-
- 9 DENT AND CUMULATIVE. THE USE OF A REMEDY OR SANCTION UNDER THIS
- 10 ACT DOES NOT BAR OTHER LAWFUL REMEDIES AND SANCTIONS AND DOES NOT
- 11 LIMIT CRIMINAL OR CIVIL LIABILITY. Notwithstanding the provisions
- 12 of this act, the department may bring an action to do 1 or more
- 13 of the following:
- 14 (a) Obtain a declaratory judgment that a method, act, or
- 15 practice is a violation of this act.
- 16 (b) Obtain an injunction against a person who is engaging,
- 17 or about to engage, in a method, act, or practice that violates
- 18 this act.
- 19 Sec. 45. The department of agriculture may promulgate
- 20 rules for the implementation and enforcement of this act pursuant
- 21 to the administrative procedures act of 1969, Act No. 306 of the
- 22 Public Acts of 1969, being sections 24.201 to 24.328 of the
- 23 Michigan Compiled Laws 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 TO 24.328.
- 24 Enacting section 1. (1) Sections 46 and 47 of 1988 PA 466,
- 25 MCL 287.746 and 287.747, are repealed.
- 26 (2) R 287.710 of the Michigan administrative code is
- 27 repealed and rescinded effective January 1, 2001.