SENATE BILL No. 1350

September 20, 2000, Introduced by Senator DUNASKISS and referred to the Committee on Human Resources, Labor, Senior Citizens and Veterans Affairs.

A bill to amend 1964 PA 154, entitled "Minimum wage law of 1964,"

by amending section 4a (MCL 408.384a), as amended by 1997 PA 2.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 4a. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section,
- 2 an employee shall receive compensation at not less than 1-1/2
- 3 times the regular rate at which the employee is employed for
- 4 employment in a workweek in excess of 40 hours.
- 5 (2) The state or a political subdivision, agency, or instru-
- 6 mentality of the state does not violate subsection (1) with
- 7 respect to the employment of an employee in fire protection
- 8 activities or an employee in law enforcement activities, includ-
- 9 ing security personnel in correctional institutions, if any of
- 10 the following applies APPLY:

06845'00 FDD

- 1 (a) In a work period of 28 consecutive days, the employee
- 2 receives for tours of duty, which in the aggregate exceed 216
- 3 hours, compensation for those hours in excess of 216 at a rate
- 4 not less than 1-1/2 times the regular rate at which the employee
- 5 is employed. The employee's regular rate shall be not less than
- 6 the statutory minimum hourly rate.
- **7** (b) For an employee to whom a work period of at least 7 but
- 8 less than 28 days applies, in the employee's work period the
- 9 employee receives for tours of duty, which in the aggregate
- 10 exceed a number of hours which bears the same ratio to the number
- 11 of consecutive days in the employee's work period as 216 bears to
- 12 28 days, compensation for those excess hours at a rate not less
- 13 than 1-1/2 times the regular rate at which the employee is
- 14 employed. The employee's regular rate shall be not less than the
- 15 statutory minimum hourly rate.
- 16 (c) If an employee engaged in fire protection activities
- 17 would receive overtime payments under this act solely as a result
- 18 of that employee's trading of time with another employee pursuant
- 19 to a voluntary trading time arrangement, overtime, if any, shall
- 20 be paid to employees who participate in the trading of time as if
- 21 the time trade had not occurred. As used in this subdivision,
- 22 "trading time arrangement" means a practice under which employees
- 23 of a fire department voluntarily substitute for one another to
- 24 allow an employee to attend to personal matters, which practice
- 25 is neither for the convenience of the employer nor because of the
- 26 employer's operations.

- 1 (3) The state or a political subdivision, agency, or
- 2 instrumentality of the state engaged in the operation of a
- 3 hospital or an establishment that is an institution primarily
- 4 engaged in the care of the sick, the aged, or the mentally ill or
- 5 defective who reside on the premises does not violate subsection
- 6 (1) if both of the following conditions are met:
- 7 (a) Pursuant to a written agreement or written employment
- 8 policy arrived at between the employer and the employee before
- 9 performance of the work, a work period of 14 consecutive days is
- 10 accepted instead of the workweek of 7 consecutive days for pur-
- 11 poses of overtime computation.
- 12 (b) For the employee's employment in excess of 8 hours in a
- 13 workday and in excess of 80 hours in the 14-day period, the
- 14 employee receives compensation at a rate of 1-1/2 times the regu-
- 15 lar rate, which rate shall be not less than the statutory minimum
- 16 hourly rate at which the employee is employed.
- 17 (4) Subsections (1), (2), and (3) do not apply to any of the
- 18 following:
- 19 (a) An employee employed in a bona fide executive, adminis-
- 20 trative, or professional capacity, including an employee employed
- 21 in the capacity of academic administrative personnel or teacher
- 22 in an elementary or secondary school. However, an employee of a
- 23 retail or service establishment is not excluded from the defini-
- 24 tion of employee employed in a bona fide executive or administra-
- 25 tive capacity because of the number of hours in the employee's
- 26 workweek which the employee devotes to activities not directly or
- 27 closely related to the performance of executive or administrative

- 1 activities, if less than 40% of the employee's hours in the
- 2 workweek are devoted to those activities.
- 3 (b) An individual who holds a public elective office.
- 4 (c) A political appointee of a person holding public elec-
- 5 tive office or a political appointee of a public body, if the
- 6 political appointee described in this subdivision is not covered
- 7 by a civil service system.
- 8 (d) An employee employed by an establishment which is an
- 9 amusement or recreational establishment, if the establishment
- 10 does not operate for more than 7 months in a calendar year.
- 11 (e) An employee employed in agriculture, including farming
- 12 in all its branches, which among other things includes: the cul-
- 13 tivation and tillage of the soil; dairying; the production, cul-
- 14 tivation, growing, and harvesting of agricultural or horticul-
- 15 tural commodities; the raising of livestock, bees, fur-bearing
- 16 animals, or poultry; and a practice, including forestry or lum-
- 17 bering operations, performed by a farmer or on a farm as an inci-
- 18 dent to or in conjunction with farming operations, including
- 19 preparation for market, delivery to storage, or delivery to
- 20 market or to a carrier for transportation to market or the pro-
- 21 cessing or preserving of perishable farm products.
- 22 (f) An employee who is not subject to the minimum hourly
- 23 wage provisions of this act.
- 24 (5) The director of the department of consumer and industry
- 25 services shall promulgate rules pursuant to the administrative
- 26 procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328, to
- 27 define the terms used in subsection (4).

- 1 (6) For purposes of administration and enforcement, an
- 2 amount owing to an employee that is withheld in violation of this
- 3 section is unpaid minimum wages under this act.
- 4 (7) The legislature shall annually appropriate from the gen-
- 5 eral fund to each political subdivision affected by subsection
- 6 (2) an amount equal to the difference in direct labor costs
- 7 before and after January 4, 1979 which arises from any change in
- 8 existing law resulting from the enactment of subsection (2) and
- 9 incurred by each such political subdivision.
- 10 (8) In lieu of monetary overtime compensation, an employee
- 11 subject to this act may receive compensatory time off at a rate
- 12 of not less than 1-1/2 hours for each hour of employment for
- 13 which overtime compensation is required under this act, subject
- 14 to all of the following:
- 15 (a) The employer allows employees a total of at least 10
- 16 days of leave per year without loss of pay and provides the com-
- 17 pensatory time to the employee only pursuant to either of the
- 18 following:
- 19 (i) Applicable provisions of a collective bargaining agree-
- 20 ment, memorandum of understanding, or any other written agreement
- 21 between the employer and representative of the employee.
- 22 (ii) If employees are not represented by a collective bar-
- 23 gaining agent or other representative designated by the employee,
- 24 a plan adopted by the employer and provided in writing to its
- 25 employees that provides employees with a voluntary option to
- 26 receive compensatory time off for overtime work when there is an
- **27** AN express, voluntary written request to the employer by an

- 1 individual employee for AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE INDIVIDUAL
- 2 EMPLOYEE AND THE EMPLOYER TO PROVIDE compensatory time off in
- 3 lieu of overtime pay. before the performance of any overtime
- 4 assignment.
- 5 (b) The employee has not earned compensatory time in excess
- 6 of the applicable limit prescribed by subdivision (d).
- 7 (c) The employee is not required as a condition of employ-
- 8 ment to accept or request compensatory time OR TO EXECUTE ANY
- 9 AGREEMENT PERTAINING TO COMPENSATORY TIME. An employer shall not
- 10 directly or indirectly intimidate, threaten, or coerce or attempt
- 11 to intimidate, threaten, or coerce an employee for the purpose of
- 12 interfering with the employee's rights under this section to
- 13 request or not request compensatory time off in lieu of payment
- 14 of overtime compensation for overtime hours, or requiring an
- 15 employee to use compensatory time. In assigning overtime hours,
- 16 an employer shall not discriminate among employees based upon an
- 17 employee's choice to request or not request compensatory time off
- 18 in lieu of overtime compensation. An employer who violates this
- 19 subsection is subject to a civil fine of not more than
- 20 \$1,000.00.
- 21 (d) An employee may not accrue more than a total of 240
- 22 hours of compensatory time. An employer shall do both of the
- 23 following:
- 24 (i) Maintain in an employee's pay record a statement of com-
- 25 pensatory time earned by that employee in the pay period that the
- 26 pay record identifies.

- $\mathbf{1}$ (ii) Provide an employee with a record of compensatory time
- 2 earned by or paid to the employee in a statement of earnings for
- 3 the period in which the compensatory time is earned or paid.
- 4 (e) Upon the request of an employee who has earned compensa-
- 5 tory time, the employer shall, within 30 days following the
- 6 request, provide monetary compensation for that ALL ACCRUED
- 7 compensatory time at a rate not less than the regular rate
- 8 earned by the employee THE EMPLOYEE'S RATE OF PAY at the time
- 9 the employee performed the UNCOMPENSATED overtime work.
- (f) An employee who has earned compensatory time authorized
- 11 under this subsection shall, upon the voluntary or involuntary
- 12 termination of employment or upon expiration of this subsection,
- 13 be paid unused compensatory time at -a THE EMPLOYEE'S rate of
- 14 compensation not less than the regular rate earned by the
- 15 employee at the time the employee performed the UNCOMPENSATED
- 16 overtime work. A terminated employee's receipt of or eligibility
- 17 to receive monetary compensation for earned compensatory time
- 18 shall not be used by either of the following:
- 19 (i) The employer to oppose an employee's application for
- 20 unemployment compensation under the Michigan employment security
- 21 act, 1936 (Ex Sess) PA 1, MCL 421.1 to 421.75.
- 22 (ii) The state to deny unemployment compensation or diminish
- 23 an employee's entitlement to unemployment compensation benefits
- 24 under the Michigan employment security act, 1936 (Ex Sess) PA 1,
- 25 MCL 421.1 to 421.75.
- **26** (g) An employee shall be permitted to use any compensatory
- 27 time accrued under this subsection for any reason -unless IF use

- 1 of the compensatory time for the period requested will DOES NOT
- 2 unduly disrupt the operations of the employer. IF USE OF COMPEN-
- 3 SATORY TIME DOES UNDULY DISRUPT THE OPERATIONS OF THE EMPLOYER
- 4 AND IS DENIED, THE EMPLOYEE IS ENTITLED TO RECEIVE MONETARY COM-
- 5 PENSATION IN LIEU OF COMPENSATORY TIME OFF.
- **6** (h) Unless prohibited by a collective bargaining agreement,
- 7 an employer may terminate a compensatory time plan upon not less
- 8 than 60 days' WRITTEN notice to employees.
- 9 (i) As used in this subsection:
- (i) "Overtime compensation" means the compensation required
- 11 under THIS section. 4a.
- 12 (ii) "Compensatory time" and "compensatory time off" mean
- 13 hours during which an employee is not working and for which the
- 14 employee is compensated in accordance with this subsection in
- 15 lieu of monetary overtime compensation.
- 16 (iii) "Overtime assignment" means an assignment of hours for
- 17 which overtime compensation is required under this act.