Act No. 60 Public Acts of 1999 Approved by the Governor June 17, 1999

Filed with the Secretary of State June 17, 1999

EFFECTIVE DATE: September 1, 1999

STATE OF MICHIGAN 90TH LEGISLATURE REGULAR SESSION OF 1999

Introduced by Reps. Richner and Law

Reps. Allen, Baird, Basham, Birkholz, Bisbee, Bradstreet, Cameron Brown, Callahan, Caul, Clarke, Daniels, DeHart, DeVuyst, Green, Hardman, Jansen, Jelinek, Rick Johnson, Kowall, Kuipers, LaSata, Lemmons, Mead, Middaugh, Pappageorge, Pumford, Raczkowski, Rocca, Sanborn, Scranton, Shulman, Thomas, Toy, Van Woerkom, Vander Roest, Vaughn, Voorhees, Wojno and Woronchak named co-sponsors

ENROLLED HOUSE BILL No. 4025

AN ACT to amend 1978 PA 368, entitled "An act to protect and promote the public health; to codify, revise, consolidate, classify, and add to the laws relating to public health; to provide for the prevention and control of diseases and disabilities; to provide for the classification, administration, regulation, financing, and maintenance of personal, environmental, and other health services and activities; to create or continue, and prescribe the powers and duties of, departments, boards, commissions, councils, committees, task forces, and other agencies; to prescribe the powers and duties of governmental entities and officials; to regulate occupations, facilities, and agencies affecting the public health; to regulate health maintenance organizations and certain third party administrators and insurers; to provide for the imposition of a regulatory fee; to promote the efficient and economical delivery of health care services, to provide for the appropriate utilization of health care facilities and services, and to provide for the closure of hospitals or consolidation of hospitals or services; to provide for the collection and use of data and information; to provide for the transfer of property; to provide certain immunity from liability; to regulate and prohibit the sale and offering for sale of drug paraphernalia under certain circumstances; to provide for the implementation of federal law; to provide for penalties and remedies; to provide for sanctions for violations of this act and local ordinances; to repeal certain acts and parts of acts; to repeal certain parts of this act; and to repeal certain parts of this act on specific dates," by amending sections 10204 and 16215 (MCL 333.10204 and 333.16215), section 10204 as amended by 1988 PA 63 and section 16215 as amended by 1990 PA 279.

The People of the State of Michigan enact:

Sec. 10204. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), a person shall not knowingly acquire, receive, or otherwise transfer a human organ or part of a human organ for valuable consideration for any purpose, including but not limited to transplantation, implantation, infusion, injection, or other medical or scientific purpose. A person who violates this subsection is guilty of a felony.

- (2) Subsection (1) does not prohibit 1 or more of the following practices:
- (a) The removal and use of a human cornea pursuant to section 10202, or the removal and use of a human pituitary gland pursuant to section 2855.
- (b) An anatomical gift pursuant to part 101, or the acquisition or distribution of bodies or parts by the director pursuant to sections 2651 to 2663.
 - (c) Financial assistance payments provided under a plan of insurance or other health care coverage.

- (3) Only an individual who is 1 of the following may surgically remove a human organ for transplantation, implantation, infusion, injection, or any other medical or scientific purpose:
 - (a) A physician licensed under article 15.
- (b) An individual acting under the delegatory authority and supervision of a physician pursuant to section 16215(2), but not including an individual whose license has been suspended under article 15. This subdivision includes, but is not limited to, an individual described in section 16215(3).
- (c) For the purposes of surgically removing a human organ that is an eye or a physical part of an eye only, an individual certified by a state medical school as described in section 10105.
- (d) An individual residing in another state and authorized to practice allopathic medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery in that state who is called into this state by a physician licensed under article 15 and is authorized by a hospital licensed under article 17 to surgically remove 1 or more of the following organs for transport back to the other state:
 - (i) A heart.
 - (ii) A liver.
 - (iii) A lung.
 - (iv) A pancreas.
 - (v) A kidney.
 - (vi) All or part of an intestine.
 - (vii) Any other human organ specified by rule promulgated by the department under subsection (6).
 - (4) An individual who violates subsection (3) is guilty of a felony.
 - (5) As used in this section:
- (a) "Human organ" means the human kidney, liver, heart, lung, pancreas, intestine, bone marrow, cornea, eye, bone, skin, cartilage, dura mater, ligaments, tendons, fascia, pituitary gland, and middle ear structures and any other human organ specified by rule promulgated by the department under subsection (6). Human organ does not include whole blood, blood plasma, blood products, blood derivatives, other self-replicating body fluids, or human hair.
- (b) "Valuable consideration" does not include the reasonable payments associated with the removal, transportation, implantation, processing, preservation, quality control, and storage of a human organ or the medical expenses and expenses of travel, housing, and lost wages incurred by the donor of a human organ in connection with the donation of the human organ.
- (6) The department may promulgate rules to specify human organs in addition to the human organs listed in subsection (3)(d)(i) to (vi) or (5)(a).
- Sec. 16215. (1) Subject to subsections (2) to (5), a licensee who holds a license other than a health profession subfield license may delegate to a licensed or unlicensed individual who is otherwise qualified by education, training, or experience the performance of selected acts, tasks, or functions where the acts, tasks, or functions fall within the scope of practice of the licensee's profession and will be performed under the licensee's supervision. A licensee shall not delegate an act, task, or function under this section if the act, task, or function, under standards of acceptable and prevailing practice, requires the level of education, skill, and judgment required of the licensee under this article.
- (2) Subject to subsection (1) and except as otherwise provided in this subsection and subsection (3), a licensee who is an allopathic physician or osteopathic physician and surgeon shall delegate an act, task, or function that involves the performance of a procedure that requires the use of surgical instrumentation only to an individual who is licensed under this article. A licensee who is an allopathic physician or osteopathic physician and surgeon may delegate an act, task, or function described in this subsection to an individual who is not licensed under this article if the unlicensed individual is 1 or more of the following and if the procedure is directly supervised by a licensed allopathic physician or osteopathic physician and surgeon who is physically present during the performance of the procedure:
- (a) A student enrolled in a school of medicine or osteopathic medicine approved by the Michigan board of medicine or the Michigan board of osteopathic medicine and surgery.
- (b) A student enrolled in a physician's assistant training program approved by the joint physician's assistant task force created under part 170.
- (3) Subject to subsection (1), a licensee who is an allopathic physician or osteopathic physician and surgeon may delegate an act, task, or function described in subsection (2) to an individual who is not licensed under this article and who is 1 of the following:
 - (a) Performing acupuncture.
- (b) Surgically removing only bone, skin, blood vessels, cartilage, dura mater, ligaments, tendons, pericardial tissue, or heart valves only from a deceased individual for transplantation, implantation, infusion, injection, or other medical or scientific purpose.

- (4) A board may promulgate rules to further prohibit or otherwise restrict delegation of specific acts, tasks, or functions to a licensed or unlicensed individual if the board determines that the delegation constitutes or may constitute a danger to the health, safety, or welfare of the patient or public.
- (5) To promote safe and competent practice, a board may promulgate rules to specify conditions under which, and categories and types of licensed and unlicensed individuals for whom, closer supervision may be required for acts, tasks, and functions delegated under this section.
- (6) An individual who performs acts, tasks, or functions delegated pursuant to this section does not violate the part that regulates the scope of practice of that health profession.

Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect September 1, 1999.

Enacting section 2. This amendatory act does not take effect unless Senate Bill No. 381 of the 90th Legislature is e

enacted into law.	J
This act is ordered to take immediate effect.	Sany Exampall
	Clerk of the House of Representatives.
	Carol Morey Viventi
	Secretary of the Senate.
Approved	
Governor	