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# PERMIT SCHOOL CELL PHONE POLICIES

House Bill 4991 as introduced First Analysis (12-4-01)

Sponsor: Rep. Wayne Kuipers

**Committee: Education** 

#### THE APPARENT PROBLEM:

Michigan law prohibits students from carrying personal communication devices in school. The law was first adopted in 1988, because, according to an analysis prepared by the House Legislative Analysis at that time, "the practice is associated with drug trafficking, and the state should make life as difficult as possible for those engaged in the illegal drug trade." The policy was expanded in 1995.

More specifically, Public Act 215 of 1988 (Senate Bill 822) prohibited school board members from adopting policies to allow students to carry either pocket pagers or electronic communication devices while in school, unless there were health or other exceptional reasons to do so. In 1995, the proscription was broadened when the legislature added "other personal communication devices" to the then seven-year old ban. The more comprehensive prohibition was adopted when Public Act 289 (more commonly called the Revised School Code) was enacted. The law also allows school officials to set penalties when the prohibition is violated by students.

Since the state adopted the comprehensive ban in 1995, the number and users of cell phones and other electronic communication devices have proliferated so as to be nearly ubiquitous. Further, users of the electronic devices include students of all ages, nearly all of whom use the equipment for legitimate and fully legal purposes. For these and other reasons, legislation has been introduced.

## THE CONTENT OF THE BILL:

House Bill 4991 would amend the Revised School Code to specify that a board of a school district could adopt its own local policy concerning whether or not a pupil could carry a pocket pager, electronic communication device, or other personal communication device in school.

Currently under the law, the board of a school district cannot permit any student to carry a pocket pager,

electronic communication device, or other personal communication device in school, except for health or other unusual reasons approved by the board. Further, the law allows the board to develop penalties that it considers appropriate for students who violate this prohibition. House Bill 4991 would eliminate the prohibition, as well as delete the language concerning exceptions and penalties.

MCL 380.1303

#### FISCAL IMPLICATIONS:

The House Fiscal Agency notes that House Bill 4991 has no fiscal impact. (11-28-01)

### **ARGUMENTS:**

#### For:

Given the change in social and cultural norms, the inschool ban against the use of cell phones and other electronic devices in an effort to deter the sale and use of illicit drugs seems antiquated and excessive. The statewide ban should be lifted, and school officials granted the discretion to adopt local policies that meet local needs. Certainly school environments should allow students an opportunity to focus their attention of learning without casual or unproductive interruptions. Although this legislation would allow a school district to lift its ban, it also would enable school officials to impose rules and regulations that more carefully govern the use of cell phones and electronic devices on school campuses.

## Against:

Opponents of the legislation argue that the bill should be amended to *require* school districts (rather than merely to *allow* school districts) to adopt cell phone use policies, if the statewide ban is lifted. They point out that the reason the ban was adopted remains; illegal transactions continue to be conducted by young drug traffickers in and near schools. Opponents of the bill say that the state's vital interest

in the health, safety, and productive intellectual environment within school buildings dictates a continuation of the policy that bans their use in school.

## **POSITIONS:**

The Department of Education supports the bill. (12-3-01)

The Michigan Association of School Boards supports the bill. (11-29-01)

The Michigan Federation of Teachers and School-Related Personnel support the bill. (11-29-01)

The Michigan Association of Secondary School Principals opposes the bill without amendment. (11-30-01)

Analyst: J. Hunault

<sup>■</sup>This analysis was prepared by nonpartisan House staff for use by House members in their deliberations, and does not constitute an official statement of legislative intent.