## **HOUSE BILL No. 5925**

April 16, 2002, Introduced by Rep. Callahan and referred to the Committee on Education.

A bill to provide for compulsory arbitration of labor disputes in the public schools; to provide for the selection of members of arbitration panels; to prescribe the procedures and authority of arbitration panels; and to provide for the enforcement and review of awards of arbitration panels.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 1. As used in this act:
- 2 (a) "Bargaining representative" means a labor organization
- 3 recognized by a public school employer or certified by the com-
- 4 mission as the sole and exclusive bargaining representative of
  - certain employees of the public school employer.
- 6 (b) "Commission" means the employment relations commission
- 7 created in section 3 of 1939 PA 176, MCL 423.3.

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- 1 (c) "Intermediate school district" means that term as
- 2 defined in section 4 of the revised school code, 1976 PA 451, MCL
- **3** 380.4.
- 4 (d) "Public school academy" means a public school academy or
- 5 strict discipline academy organized under the revised school
- 6 code, 1976 PA 451, MCL 380.1 to 380.1852.
- 7 (e) "Public school employee" means a person employed by a
- 8 public school employer.
- 9 (f) "Public school employer" means a public employer that is
- 10 the board of a school district, intermediate school district, or
- 11 public school academy, or is the governing board of a joint
- 12 endeavor or consortium consisting of any combination of school
- 13 districts, intermediate school districts, or public school
- 14 academies.
- 15 (g) "School district" means that term as defined in section
- 16 6 of the revised school code, 1976 PA 451, MCL 380.6, or a local
- 17 act school district as defined in section 5 of the revised school
- 18 code, 1976 PA 451, MCL 380.5.
- 19 Sec. 2. It is the public policy of this state that in the
- 20 public schools, where the right of employees to strike is by law
- 21 prohibited, it is requisite to the high morale of public school
- 22 employees and the efficient operation of the public schools to
- 23 afford an alternate, expeditious, effective, and binding proce-
- 24 dure for the resolution of disputes, and to that end the provi-
- 25 sions of this act, providing for compulsory arbitration, shall be
- 26 liberally construed.

- 1 Sec. 3. (1) If in the course of mediation of a dispute
- 2 between a public school employer and a bargaining representative
- 3 of its employees, except a dispute concerning the interpretation
- 4 or application of an existing collective bargaining agreement,
- 5 the dispute has not been resolved to the agreement of both par-
- 6 ties within 30 days of the submission of the dispute to media-
- 7 tion, or within additional periods to which the parties may
- 8 agree, the bargaining representative or employer may initiate
- 9 binding arbitration proceedings under this section by making a
- 10 written request to the other, and filing a copy with the
- 11 commission.
- 12 (2) Within 10 days after a request under subsection (1) is
- 13 filed with the commission, the public school employer and the
- 14 bargaining representative each shall choose a delegate to an
- 15 arbitration panel as provided in this section. The employer and
- 16 bargaining representative promptly shall advise the other and the
- 17 commission of its selection.
- 18 (3) Within 7 days after receiving a request from 1 or both
- 19 parties, the commission shall select from its panel of arbitra-
- 20 tors, established under section 5 of 1969 PA 312, MCL 423.235, 3
- 21 persons as nominees for impartial arbitrator or chairperson of
- 22 the arbitration panel. Within 5 days after the selection each
- 23 party may peremptorily strike the name of 1 of the nominees.
- 24 Within 7 days after this 5-day period, the commission shall des-
- 25 ignate 1 of the remaining nominees as the impartial arbitrator.
- 26 (4) Upon the appointment of the impartial arbitrator under
- 27 subsection (3), the impartial arbitrator shall act as chairperson

- 1 of the arbitration panel, shall call a hearing to begin within 15
- 2 days, and shall give reasonable notice to the parties of the time
- 3 and place of the hearing. The chairperson shall preside over the
- 4 hearing and shall take testimony. Upon application and for good
- 5 cause shown, and upon such terms and conditions as are considered
- 6 just by the arbitration panel, a person, labor organization, or
- 7 governmental unit having a substantial interest in the hearing
- 8 may be granted leave to intervene by the arbitration panel. Any
- 9 oral or documentary evidence and other data considered relevant
- 10 by the arbitration panel may be received in evidence. The pro-
- 11 ceedings shall be informal. Technical rules of evidence do not
- 12 apply and the competency of the evidence shall not be considered
- 13 impaired because of a violation of technical rules of evidence.
- 14 A verbatim record of the proceedings shall be made and the chair-
- 15 person shall arrange for the necessary recording service.
- 16 Transcripts may be ordered at the expense of the party ordering
- 17 them, but the transcripts are not necessary for a decision by the
- 18 arbitration panel. The expense of the proceedings, including a
- 19 fee to the chairperson, shall be established in advance by the
- 20 commission and shall be borne equally by each of the parties to
- 21 the dispute and the state. A delegate who is a public officer or
- 22 employee shall continue on the payroll of the public employer at
- 23 his or her usual rate of pay. The hearing conducted by the arbi-
- 24 tration panel may be adjourned from time to time, but, unless
- 25 otherwise agreed by the parties, shall be concluded within 30
- 26 days of the time of its commencement. Actions and rulings of the

- 1 majority of the arbitration panel constitute the actions and
- 2 rulings of the arbitration panel.
- 3 (5) The arbitration panel may administer oaths; may require
- 4 the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers,
- 5 contracts, agreements, and documents as may be considered by the
- 6 panel to be material to a just determination of the issues in
- 7 dispute; and may issue subpoenas. If a person refuses to obey a
- 8 subpoena, or refuses to be sworn or to testify, or if any wit-
- 9 ness, party, or attorney is guilty of contempt while in
- 10 attendance at a hearing, the arbitration panel may, or the attor-
- 11 ney general if requested by the arbitration panel shall, request
- 12 the circuit court for the county in which the hearing is being
- 13 held to issue an appropriate order. Upon proper request, the
- 14 circuit court shall issue an appropriate order. Failure to obey
- 15 the order may be punished by the court as contempt.
- 16 (6) At any time before an arbitration panel renders an
- 17 award, the chairperson of the arbitration panel, if he or she is
- 18 of the opinion that it would be useful or beneficial to do so,
- 19 may remand the dispute to the parties for further collective bar-
- 20 gaining for a period not to exceed 3 weeks. If the dispute is
- 21 remanded for further collective bargaining under this subsection,
- 22 the time provisions of this section are extended for a time
- 23 period equal to that of the remand. The chairperson of the arbi-
- 24 tration panel shall notify the commission of the remand.
- 25 (7) At or before the conclusion of the hearing, the arbitra-
- 26 tion panel shall identify the economic issues in dispute and
- 27 shall direct each of the parties to submit, within a time limit

- 1 prescribed by the panel, to the arbitration panel and to each
- 2 other the party's last offer of settlement on each economic
- 3 issue. The determination of the arbitration panel as to the
- 4 issues in dispute and as to which of these issues are economic
- 5 issues is conclusive. The arbitration panel, within 30 days
- 6 after the conclusion of the hearing, or within additional periods
- 7 agreed by the parties, shall make written findings of fact and
- 8 issue a written opinion and order upon the issues presented to
- 9 the panel and upon the record made before the panel, and shall
- 10 mail or otherwise deliver a true copy of the findings, opinion,
- 11 and order to the parties and their representatives and to the
- 12 commission. As to each economic issue, the arbitration panel
- 13 shall adopt the last offer of settlement that, in the opinion of
- 14 the arbitration panel, more nearly complies with the applicable
- 15 factors prescribed in subsection (8). The findings, opinion, and
- 16 order as to all other issues shall be based on the applicable
- 17 factors prescribed in subsection (8).
- 18 (8) If there is no agreement between the parties, or if
- 19 there is an agreement but the parties have begun negotiations or
- 20 discussions toward a new agreement or amendment of the existing
- 21 agreement, and wage rates or other conditions of employment under
- 22 the proposed new or amended agreement are in dispute, the arbi-
- 23 tration panel shall base its findings, opinion, and order upon
- 24 the following factors, as applicable:
- 25 (a) The lawful authority of the public school employer.
- 26 (b) Stipulations of the parties.

- 1 (c) The interests and welfare of the public and the
- 2 financial ability of the public school employer to meet those
- 3 costs.
- 4 (d) Comparison of the wages, hours, and conditions of
- 5 employment of the employees involved in the arbitration proceed-
- 6 ing with the wages, hours and conditions of employment of other
- 7 employees performing similar services for public school employers
- 8 in comparable communities.
- **9** (e) The average consumer prices for goods and services, com-
- 10 monly known as the cost of living.
- 11 (f) The overall compensation presently received by the
- 12 employees, including direct wage compensation, vacations, holi-
- 13 days and other excused time, insurance and pensions, medical and
- 14 hospitalization benefits, the continuity and stability of employ-
- 15 ment, and all other benefits received.
- 16 (g) Changes in any of the circumstances described in subdi-
- 17 visions (a) to (f) during the pendency of the arbitration
- 18 proceedings.
- (h) Other factors, not confined to those listed in
- 20 subdivisions (a) to (g), that are normally or traditionally taken
- 21 into consideration in the determination of wages, hours, and con-
- 22 ditions of employment through voluntary collective bargaining,
- 23 mediation, fact-finding, arbitration, or otherwise between public
- 24 school employers and similar employees.
- 25 Sec. 4. (1) A majority decision of the arbitration panel
- 26 under section 3, if supported by competent, material, and
- 27 substantial evidence on the whole record, is final and binding

- 1 upon the parties and may be enforced at the instance of either
- 2 party or of the arbitration panel in the circuit court for the
- 3 county in which the dispute arose or in which a majority of the
- 4 affected employees reside. The commencement of a new school
- 5 fiscal year after the initiation of arbitration procedures under
- 6 this act, but before the issuance or enforcement of the arbitra-
- 7 tion decision, does not render a dispute moot or otherwise impair
- 8 the jurisdiction or authority of the arbitration panel or its
- 9 decision. Increases in rates of compensation or other benefits
- 10 may be awarded retroactively to the commencement of any period or
- 11 periods in dispute. The parties, by stipulation, may amend or
- 12 modify an arbitration award at any time.
- 13 (2) If the bargaining representative of employees subject to
- 14 this act willfully disobeys a lawful order of enforcement by a
- 15 circuit court pursuant to subsection (1), or willfully encourages
- 16 or offers resistance to the order, whether by a strike or other-
- 17 wise, the punishment for each day that contempt persists may be a
- 18 fine fixed in the discretion of the court in an amount not to
- 19 exceed \$250.00 per day. If a public school employer willfully
- 20 disobeys a lawful order of enforcement by the circuit court or
- 21 willfully encourages or offers resistance to the order, the pun-
- 22 ishment for each day that contempt persists may be a fine fixed
- 23 at the discretion of the court in an amount not to exceed \$250.00
- 24 per day to be assessed against the public school employer.
- Sec. 5. (1) Orders of the arbitration panel under section 3
- 26 are reviewable by the circuit court for the county in which the

- 1 dispute arose or in which a majority of the affected employees
- 2 reside, but only for 1 or more of the following reasons:
- 3 (a) That the arbitration panel was without or exceeded its
- 4 jurisdiction.
- 5 (b) That the order is not supported by competent, material,
- 6 and substantial evidence on the whole record.
- 7 (c) That the order was procured by fraud, collusion, or
- 8 other similar and unlawful means.
- 9 (2) The pendency of a proceeding for review under this sec-
- 10 tion does not automatically stay the order of the arbitration
- 11 panel.
- Sec. 6. During the pendency of proceedings before the arbi-
- 13 tration panel under this act, existing wages, hours, and other
- 14 conditions of employment shall not be changed by action of either
- 15 party without the consent of the other. A party may consent to
- 16 such a change without prejudicing the party's rights or position
- 17 under this act.
- 18 Sec. 7. Any provision of 1947 PA 336, MCL 423.201 to
- 19 423.217, regarding fact-finding procedures is inapplicable to
- 20 disputes subject to arbitration under this act.