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SENATE BILL No. 732

October 17, 2001, Introduced by Senators SCOTT, JOHNSON, BULLARD, MC COTTER, HAMMERSTROM and GOSCHKA and referred to the Committee on Families, Mental Health and Human Services.

A bill to adopt the uniform child-custody jurisdiction and enforcement act prescribing the powers and duties of the court in a child-custody proceeding involving this state and a proceeding or party outside of this state; and to repeal acts and parts of acts.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

ARTICLE 1

2	GENERAL PROVISIONS
3	Sec. 101. This act shall be known and may be cited as the
4	"uniform child-custody jurisdiction and enforcement act".
5	Sec. 102. As used in this act:
6	(a) "Abandoned" means left without provision for reasonable
7	and necessary care or supervision.
8	(b) "Child" means an individual who is younger than 18 years

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- 1 (c) "Child-custody determination" means a judgment, decree,
- 2 or other court order providing for legal custody, physical custo-
- 3 dy, or parenting time with respect to a child. Child-custody
- 4 determination includes a permanent, temporary, initial, and modi-
- 5 fication order. Child-custody determination does not include an
- 6 order relating to child support or other monetary obligation of
- 7 an individual.
- **8** (d) "Child-custody proceeding" means a proceeding in which
- 9 legal custody, physical custody, or parenting time with respect
- 10 to a child is an issue. Child-custody proceeding includes a pro-
- 11 ceeding for divorce, separate maintenance, separation, neglect,
- 12 abuse, dependency, guardianship, paternity, termination of paren-
- 13 tal rights, and protection from domestic violence, in which the
- 14 issue may appear. Child-custody proceeding does not include a
- 15 proceeding involving juvenile delinquency, contractual emancipa-
- 16 tion, or enforcement under article 3.
- 17 (e) "Commencement" means the filing of the first pleading in
- 18 a proceeding.
- 19 (f) "Court" means an entity authorized under the law of a
- 20 state to establish, enforce, or modify a child-custody
- 21 determination.
- 22 (g) "Home state" means the state in which a child lived with
- 23 a parent or a person acting as a parent for at least 6 consecu-
- 24 tive months immediately before the commencement of a
- 25 child-custody proceeding. In the case of a child less than 6
- 26 months of age, the term means the state in which the child lived
- 27 from birth with a parent or person acting as a parent. A period

- 1 of temporary absence of a parent or person acting as a parent is
- 2 included as part of the period.
- 3 (h) "Initial determination" means the first child-custody
- 4 determination concerning a particular child.
- 5 (i) "Issuing court" means the court that makes a
- 6 child-custody determination for which enforcement is sought under
- 7 this act.
- 8 (j) "Issuing state" means the state in which a child-custody
- 9 determination is made.
- 10 (k) "Modification" means a child-custody determination that
- 11 changes, replaces, supersedes, or is otherwise made after a pre-
- 12 vious child-custody determination concerning the same child,
- 13 whether or not it is made by the court that made the previous
- 14 child-custody determination.
- 15 (l) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business
- 16 trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company,
- 17 association, joint venture, or government; governmental subdivi-
- 18 sion, agency, or instrumentality; public corporation; or any
- 19 other legal or commercial entity.
- 20 (m) "Person acting as a parent" means a person, other than a
- 21 parent, who meets both of the following criteria:
- 22 (i) Has physical custody of the child or has had physical
- 23 custody for a period of 6 consecutive months, including a tempo-
- 24 rary absence, within 1 year immediately before the commencement
- 25 of a child-custody proceeding.
- (ii) Has been awarded legal custody by a court or claims a
- 27 right to legal custody under the law of this state.

- 1 (n) "Physical custody" means the physical care and
- 2 supervision of a child.
- 3 (o) "Register" means to comply with the procedures of sec-
- 4 tion 304 to make a child-custody determination enforceable in
- 5 this state.
- 6 (p) "State" means a state of the United States, the District
- 7 of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or a
- 8 territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of
- 9 the United States.
- 10 (q) "Tribe" means an Indian tribe or band, or Alaskan native
- 11 village, that is recognized by federal law or formally acknowl-
- 12 edged by a state.
- 13 (r) "Warrant" means a court order authorizing a law enforce-
- 14 ment officer to take physical custody of a child.
- 15 Sec. 103. This act does not govern an adoption proceeding
- 16 or a proceeding pertaining to the authorization of emergency med-
- 17 ical care for a child.
- 18 Sec. 104. (1) A child-custody proceeding that pertains to
- 19 an Indian child as defined in the Indian child welfare act of
- 20 1978, Public Law 95-608, 25 U.S.C. 1901 to 1903, 1911 to 1923,
- 21 1931 to 1934, 1951 to 1952, and 1961 to 1963, is not subject to
- 22 this act to the extent that the proceeding is governed by the
- 23 Indian child welfare act of 1978, Public Law 95-608, 25
- 24 U.S.C. 1901 to 1903, 1911 to 1923, 1931 to 1934, 1951 to 1952,
- 25 and 1961 to 1963.
- 26 (2) A court of this state shall treat a tribe as a state of
- 27 the United States for the purposes of articles 1 and 2.

- 1 (3) A child-custody determination made by a tribe under
- 2 factual circumstances in substantial conformity with the juris-
- 3 dictional standards of this act must be recognized and enforced
- 4 under article 3.
- 5 Sec. 105. (1) A court of this state shall treat a foreign
- 6 country as a state of the United States for the purposes of
- 7 applying articles 1 and 2.
- **8** (2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3), a
- 9 child-custody determination made in a foreign country under fac-
- 10 tual circumstances in substantial conformity with the jurisdic-
- 11 tional standards of this act must be recognized and enforced
- 12 under article 3.
- 13 (3) A court of this state need not apply this act if the
- 14 child-custody law of a foreign country violates fundamental prin-
- 15 ciples of human rights.
- 16 Sec. 106. A child-custody determination made by a court of
- 17 this state that had jurisdiction under this act binds all persons
- 18 who have been served in accordance with the laws of this state or
- 19 notified in accordance with section 108 or who have submitted to
- 20 the jurisdiction of the court, and who have been given an oppor-
- 21 tunity to be heard. As to those persons, the child-custody
- 22 determination is conclusive as to all decided issues of law and
- 23 fact except to the extent the child-custody determination is
- 24 modified.
- 25 Sec. 107. If a question of existence or exercise of juris-
- 26 diction under this act is raised in a child-custody proceeding,

- 1 upon request of a party, the question must be given priority on
- 2 the court calendar and handled expeditiously.
- 3 Sec. 108. (1) Notice required for the exercise of jurisdic-
- 4 tion when a person is outside this state may be given in a manner
- 5 prescribed by the law of this state for service of process or by
- 6 the law of the state in which the service is made. Notice must
- 7 be given in a manner reasonably calculated to give actual notice,
- 8 but may be by publication if other means are not effective.
- 9 (2) Proof of service may be made in the manner prescribed by
- 10 the law of this state or by the law of the state in which the
- 11 service is made.
- 12 (3) Notice is not required for the exercise of jurisdiction
- 13 with respect to a person who submits to the jurisdiction of the
- 14 court.
- 15 Sec. 109. (1) A party to a child-custody proceeding who is
- 16 not subject to personal jurisdiction in this state and is a
- 17 responding party under article 2, a party in a proceeding to
- 18 modify a child-custody determination under article 2, or a peti-
- 19 tioner in a proceeding to enforce or register a child-custody
- 20 determination under article 3 may appear and participate in the
- 21 proceeding without submitting to personal jurisdiction over the
- 22 party for another proceeding or purpose.
- 23 (2) A party is not subject to personal jurisdiction in this
- 24 state solely by being physically present for the purpose of par-
- 25 ticipating in a proceeding under this act. If a party is subject
- 26 to personal jurisdiction in this state on a basis other than
- 27 physical presence, the party may be served with process in this

- 1 state. If a party present in this state is subject to the
- 2 jurisdiction of another state, service of process allowable under
- 3 the law of that state may be accomplished in this state.
- 4 (3) The immunity granted by subsection (1) does not extend
- 5 to civil litigation based on acts unrelated to the participation
- 6 in a proceeding under this act committed by an individual while
- 7 present in this state.
- 8 Sec. 110. (1) A court of this state may communicate with a
- 9 court in another state concerning a proceeding arising under this
- **10** act.
- 11 (2) The court may allow the parties to participate in the
- 12 communication. If the parties are not able to participate in the
- 13 communication, the parties shall be given the opportunity to
- 14 present facts and legal arguments before a decision on jurisdic-
- 15 tion is made.
- 16 (3) A communication between courts on schedules, calendars,
- 17 court records, and similar matters may occur without informing
- 18 the parties. A record need not be made of that communication.
- 19 (4) Except as provided in subsection (3), a record must be
- 20 made of a communication under this section. The parties must be
- 21 informed promptly of the communication and granted access to the
- 22 record.
- 23 (5) For the purposes of this section, "record" means infor-
- 24 mation that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored
- 25 in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceiv-
- 26 able form. Record includes each of the following:

- 1 (a) Notes or transcripts of a court reporter who listened to
- 2 a conference call between the courts.
- 3 (b) An electronic recording of a telephone call.
- 4 (c) A memorandum or electronic record of a communication
- 5 between the courts.
- 6 (d) A memorandum or electronic record of a communication
- 7 between the courts that a court makes after the communication.
- 8 Sec. 111. (1) In addition to other procedures available to
- 9 a party, a party to a child-custody proceeding may offer testi-
- 10 mony of witnesses who are located in another state, including
- 11 testimony of the parties and the child, by deposition or other
- 12 means allowable in this state for testimony taken in another
- 13 state. The court on its own motion may order that the testimony
- 14 of a person be taken in another state and may prescribe the
- 15 manner in which and the terms upon which the testimony is taken.
- 16 (2) A court of this state may permit an individual residing
- 17 in another state to be deposed or to testify by telephone, audio-
- 18 visual means, or other electronic means before a designated court
- 19 or at another location in that state. A court of this state
- 20 shall cooperate with courts of other states in designating an
- 21 appropriate location for a deposition or testimony.
- 22 (3) Documentary evidence transmitted from another state to a
- 23 court of this state by technological means that do not produce an
- 24 original writing may not be excluded from evidence on an objec-
- 25 tion based on the means of transmission.
- 26 Sec. 112. (1) A court of this state may request the
- 27 appropriate court of another state to do any of the following:

- 1 (a) Hold an evidentiary hearing.
- 2 (b) Order a person to produce or give evidence under proce-
- 3 dures of that state.
- 4 (c) Order that an evaluation be made with respect to the
- 5 custody of a child involved in a pending proceeding.
- 6 (d) Forward to the court of this state a certified copy of
- 7 the transcript of the record of the hearing, the evidence other-
- 8 wise presented, and an evaluation prepared in compliance with the
- 9 request.
- (e) Order a party to a child-custody proceeding or a person
- 11 having physical custody of the child to appear in the proceeding
- 12 with or without the child.
- 13 (2) Upon request of a court of another state, a court of
- 14 this state may hold a hearing or enter an order described in sub-
- **15** section (1).
- 16 (3) Travel and other necessary and reasonable expenses
- 17 incurred under subsection (1) or (2) may be assessed against the
- 18 parties according to the law of this state.
- 19 (4) A court of this state shall preserve the pleadings,
- 20 orders, decrees, records of hearings, evaluations, and other per-
- 21 tinent records with respect to a child-custody proceeding until
- 22 the child attains 18 years of age. Upon appropriate request by a
- 23 court or law enforcement official of another state, the court
- 24 shall forward a certified copy of these records.
- 25 ARTICLE 2
- 26 JURISDICTION

- 1 Sec. 201. (1) Except as otherwise provided in section 204,
- 2 a court of this state has jurisdiction to make an initial
- 3 child-custody determination only in the following situations:
- 4 (a) This state is the home state of the child on the date of
- 5 the commencement of the proceeding, or was the home state of the
- 6 child within 6 months before the commencement of the proceeding
- 7 and the child is absent from this state but a parent or person
- 8 acting as a parent continues to live in this state.
- 9 (b) A court of another state does not have jurisdiction
- 10 under subdivision (a), or a court of the home state of the child
- 11 has declined to exercise jurisdiction on the ground that this
- 12 state is the more appropriate forum under section 207 or 208, and
- 13 the court finds both of the following:
- 14 (i) The child and the child's parents, or the child and at
- 15 least 1 parent or a person acting as a parent, have a significant
- 16 connection with this state other than mere physical presence.
- 17 (ii) Substantial evidence is available in this state con-
- 18 cerning the child's care, protection, training, and personal
- 19 relationships.
- 20 (c) All courts having jurisdiction under subdivision (a) or
- 21 (b) have declined to exercise jurisdiction on the grounds that a
- 22 court of this state is the more appropriate forum to determine
- 23 the custody of the child under section 207 or 208.
- 24 (d) No court of another state would have jurisdiction under
- **25** subdivision (a), (b), or (c).
- 26 (2) Subsection (1) is the exclusive jurisdictional basis for
- 27 making a child-custody determination by a court of this state.

- 1 (3) Physical presence of, or personal jurisdiction over, a
- 2 party or a child is neither necessary nor sufficient to make a
- 3 child-custody determination.
- 4 Sec. 202. (1) Except as otherwise provided in section 204,
- 5 a court of this state that has made a child-custody determination
- 6 consistent with section 201 or 203 has exclusive, continuing
- 7 jurisdiction over the child-custody determination until either of
- 8 the following occurs:
- 9 (a) A court of this state determines that neither the child,
- 10 nor the child and 1 parent, nor the child and a person acting as
- 11 a parent have a significant connection with this state and that
- 12 substantial evidence is no longer available in this state con-
- 13 cerning the child's care, protection, training, and personal
- 14 relationships.
- 15 (b) A court of this state or a court of another state deter-
- 16 mines that neither the child, nor a parent of the child, nor a
- 17 person acting as the child's parent presently resides in this
- 18 state.
- 19 (2) A court of this state that has exclusive, continuing
- 20 jurisdiction under this section may decline to exercise its
- 21 jurisdiction if the court determines that it is an inconvenient
- 22 forum under section 207.
- 23 (3) A court of this state that has made a child-custody
- 24 determination and that does not have exclusive, continuing juris-
- 25 diction under this section may modify that child-custody determi-
- 26 nation only if it has jurisdiction to make an initial
- 27 child-custody determination under section 201.

- 1 Sec. 203. Except as otherwise provided in section 204, a
- 2 court of this state shall not modify a child-custody determina-
- 3 tion made by a court of another state unless a court of this
- 4 state has jurisdiction to make an initial child-custody determi-
- 5 nation under section 201(1)(a) or (b) and either of the following
- 6 applies:
- 7 (a) The court of the other state determines it no longer has
- 8 exclusive, continuing jurisdiction under section 202 or that a
- 9 court of this state would be a more convenient forum under sec-
- **10** tion 207.
- 11 (b) A court of this state or a court of the other state
- 12 determines that neither the child, nor a parent of the child, nor
- 13 a person acting as a parent presently resides in the other
- 14 state.
- 15 Sec. 204. (1) A court of this state has temporary emergency
- 16 jurisdiction if the child is present in this state and the child
- 17 has been abandoned or it is necessary in an emergency to protect
- 18 the child because the child, or a sibling or parent of the child,
- 19 is subjected to or threatened with mistreatment or abuse.
- 20 (2) If there is no previous child-custody determination that
- 21 is entitled to be enforced under this act and if a child-custody
- 22 proceeding has not been commenced in a court of a state having
- 23 jurisdiction under sections 201 to 203, a child-custody determi-
- 24 nation made under this section remains in effect until an order
- 25 is obtained from a court of a state having jurisdiction under
- 26 sections 201 to 203. If a child-custody proceeding has not been
- 27 or is not commenced in a court of a state having jurisdiction

- 1 under sections 201 to 203, a child-custody determination made
- 2 under this section becomes a final child-custody determination,
- 3 if that is what the determination provides and this state becomes
- 4 the home state of the child.
- 5 (3) If there is a previous child-custody determination that
- 6 is entitled to be enforced under this act or if a child-custody
- 7 proceeding has been commenced in a court of a state having juris-
- 8 diction under sections 201 to 203, an order issued by a court of
- 9 this state under this section must specify in the order a period
- 10 of time that the court considers adequate to allow the person
- 11 seeking an order to obtain an order from the state having juris-
- 12 diction under sections 201 to 203. The order issued in this
- 13 state remains in effect until an order is obtained from the other
- 14 state within the period specified or the period expires.
- 15 (4) If a court of this state that has been asked to make a
- 16 child-custody determination under this section is informed that a
- 17 child-custody proceeding has been commenced in, or that a
- 18 child-custody determination has been made by, a court of a state
- 19 having jurisdiction under sections 201 to 203, the court of this
- 20 state shall immediately communicate with the other court. If a
- 21 court of this state that is exercising jurisdiction under sec-
- 22 tions 201 to 203 is informed that a child-custody proceeding has
- 23 been commenced in, or a child-custody determination has been made
- 24 by, a court of another state under a statute similar to this sec-
- 25 tion, the court of this state shall immediately communicate with
- 26 the court of the other state. The purpose of a communication
- 27 under this subsection is to resolve the emergency, protect the

- 1 safety of the parties and the child, and determine a period for
- 2 the duration of the temporary order.
- 3 Sec. 205. (1) Before a child-custody determination is made
- 4 under this act, notice and an opportunity to be heard in accord-
- 5 ance with the standards of section 108 must be given to each
- 6 person entitled to notice under the law of this state as in
- 7 child-custody proceedings between residents of this state, a
- 8 parent whose parental rights have not been previously terminated,
- 9 and a person having physical custody of the child.
- 10 (2) This act does not govern the enforceability of a
- 11 child-custody determination made without notice and an opportu-
- 12 nity to be heard.
- 13 (3) The obligation to join a party and the right to inter-
- 14 vene as a party in a child-custody proceeding under this act are
- 15 governed by the law of this state as in child-custody proceedings
- 16 between residents of this state.
- 17 Sec. 206. (1) Except as otherwise provided in section 204,
- 18 a court of this state may not exercise its jurisdiction under
- 19 this article if, at the time of the commencement of the proceed-
- 20 ing, a child-custody proceeding has been commenced in a court of
- 21 another state having jurisdiction substantially in conformity
- 22 with this act, unless the proceeding has been terminated or is
- 23 stayed by the court of the other state because a court of this
- 24 state is a more convenient forum under section 207.
- 25 (2) Except as otherwise provided in section 204, before
- 26 hearing a child-custody proceeding, a court of this state shall
- 27 examine the court documents and other information supplied by the

- 1 parties as required by section 209. If the court determines
- 2 that, at the time of the commencement of the proceeding, a
- 3 child-custody proceeding has been commenced in a court in another
- 4 state having jurisdiction substantially in accordance with this
- 5 act, the court of this state shall stay its proceeding and commu-
- 6 nicate with the court of the other state. If the court of the
- 7 state having jurisdiction substantially in accordance with this
- 8 act does not determine that the court of this state is a more
- 9 appropriate forum, the court of this state shall dismiss the
- 10 child-custody proceeding.
- 11 (3) In a proceeding to modify a child-custody determination,
- 12 a court of this state shall determine whether a proceeding to
- 13 enforce the child-custody determination has been commenced in
- 14 another state. If a proceeding to enforce a child-custody deter-
- 15 mination has been commenced in another state, the court may do
- 16 any of the following:
- 17 (a) Stay the proceeding for modification pending the entry
- 18 of an order of a court of the other state enforcing, staying,
- 19 denying, or dismissing the proceeding for enforcement.
- 20 (b) Enjoin the parties from continuing with the proceeding
- 21 for enforcement.
- 22 (c) Proceed with the modification under conditions it con-
- 23 siders appropriate.
- Sec. 207. (1) A court of this state that has jurisdiction
- 25 under this act to make a child-custody determination may decline
- 26 to exercise its jurisdiction at any time if it determines that it
- 27 is an inconvenient forum under the circumstances and that a court

- 1 of another state is a more appropriate forum. The issue of
- 2 inconvenient forum may be raised upon the motion of a party, the
- 3 court's own motion, or the request of another court.
- 4 (2) Before determining whether it is an inconvenient forum,
- 5 a court of this state shall consider whether it is appropriate
- 6 for a court of another state to exercise jurisdiction. For this
- 7 purpose, the court shall allow the parties to submit information
- 8 and shall consider all relevant factors, including all of the
- 9 following:
- 10 (a) Whether domestic violence has occurred and is likely to
- 11 continue in the future and which state could best protect the
- 12 parties and the child.
- 13 (b) The length of time the child has resided outside this
- 14 state.
- 15 (c) The distance between the court in this state and the
- 16 court in the state that would assume jurisdiction.
- 17 (d) The parties' relative financial circumstances.
- 18 (e) An agreement by the parties as to which state should
- 19 assume jurisdiction.
- 20 (f) The nature and location of the evidence required to
- 21 resolve the pending litigation, including the child's testimony.
- 22 (g) The ability of the court of each state to decide the
- 23 issue expeditiously and the procedures necessary to present the
- 24 evidence.
- 25 (h) The familiarity of the court of each state with the
- 26 facts and issues of the pending litigation.

- 1 (3) If a court of this state determines that it is an
- 2 inconvenient forum and that a court of another state is a more
- 3 appropriate forum, it shall stay the proceedings upon condition
- 4 that a child-custody proceeding be promptly commenced in another
- 5 designated state and may impose any other condition the court
- 6 considers just and proper.
- 7 (4) A court of this state may decline to exercise jurisdic-
- 8 tion under this act if a child-custody determination is inciden-
- 9 tal to an action for divorce or another proceeding while still
- 10 retaining jurisdiction over the divorce or other proceeding.
- 11 Sec. 208. (1) Except as otherwise provided in section 204
- 12 or by other law of this state, if a court of this state has
- 13 jurisdiction under this act because a person invoking the court's
- 14 jurisdiction has engaged in unjustifiable conduct, the court
- 15 shall decline to exercise its jurisdiction unless the court finds
- 16 1 or more of the following:
- 17 (a) The parents and all persons acting as parents have
- 18 acquiesced in the exercise of jurisdiction.
- 19 (b) A court of the state otherwise having jurisdiction under
- 20 sections 201 to 203 determines that this state is a more appro-
- 21 priate forum under section 207.
- (c) No court of another state would have jurisdiction under
- 23 sections 201 to 203.
- 24 (2) If a court of this state declines to exercise its juris-
- 25 diction under subsection (1), the court may fashion an appropri-
- 26 ate remedy to ensure the safety of the child and prevent a
- 27 repetition of the unjustifiable conduct, including staying the

- 1 proceeding until a child-custody proceeding is commenced in a
- 2 court having jurisdiction under sections 201 to 203.
- **3** (3) If a court dismisses a petition or stays a proceeding
- 4 because it declines to exercise jurisdiction under subsection
- 5 (1), it shall charge the party invoking the jurisdiction of the
- 6 court with necessary and reasonable expenses including costs,
- 7 communication expenses, attorney fees, investigative fees, wit-
- 8 ness expenses, travel expenses, and child care expenses during
- 9 the course of the proceedings, unless the party from whom
- 10 expenses and fees are sought establishes that the award would be
- 11 clearly inappropriate. The court may not assess fees, costs, or
- 12 expenses against this state unless authorized by law other than
- 13 this act.
- 14 Sec. 209. (1) Subject to the law of this state providing
- 15 for confidentiality of procedures, addresses, and other identify-
- 16 ing information, in a child-custody proceeding, each party, in
- 17 its first pleading or in an attached sworn statement, shall give
- 18 information, if reasonably ascertainable, under oath as to the
- 19 child's present address, the places where the child has lived
- 20 during the last 5 years, and the names and present addresses of
- 21 the persons with whom the child has lived during that period.
- 22 The pleading or sworn statement must state all of the following:
- (a) Whether the party has participated, as a party or wit-
- 24 ness or in another capacity, in another child-custody proceeding
- 25 with the child and, if so, identify the court, the case number of
- 26 the child-custody proceeding, and the date of the child-custody
- 27 determination, if any.

- 1 (b) Whether the party knows of a proceeding that could
- 2 affect the current child-custody proceeding, including a proceed-
- 3 ing for enforcement or a proceeding relating to domestic vio-
- 4 lence, a protective order, termination of parental rights, or
- 5 adoption, and, if so, identify the court, the case number, and
- 6 the nature of the proceeding.
- 7 (c) The name and address of each person that the party knows
- 8 who is not a party to the child-custody proceeding and who has
- 9 physical custody of the child or claims rights of legal custody
- 10 or physical custody of, or parenting time with, the child.
- 11 (2) If the information required by subsection (1) is not
- 12 furnished, upon motion of a party or its own motion, the court
- 13 may stay the proceeding until the information is furnished.
- 14 (3) If the declaration as to an item described in subsection
- 15 (1) is in the affirmative, the declarant shall give additional
- 16 information under oath as required by the court. The court may
- 17 examine the parties under oath as to details of the information
- 18 furnished and other matters pertinent to the court's jurisdiction
- 19 and the disposition of the case.
- 20 (4) Each party has a continuing duty to inform the court of
- 21 a proceeding in this or another state that could affect the cur-
- 22 rent child-custody proceeding.
- 23 (5) If a party alleges in a sworn statement or a pleading
- 24 under oath that a party's or child's health, safety, or liberty
- 25 would be put at risk by the disclosure of identifying informa-
- 26 tion, the court shall seal and not disclose that information to
- 27 the other party or the public unless the court orders the

- 1 disclosure after a hearing in which the court considers the
- 2 party's or child's health, safety, and liberty and determines
- 3 that the disclosure is in the interest of justice.
- 4 Sec. 210. (1) A court of this state may order a party to a
- 5 child-custody proceeding who is in this state to appear before
- 6 the court personally with or without the child. The court may
- 7 order a person who is in this state and who has physical custody
- 8 or control of the child to appear physically with the child.
- 9 (2) If a party to a child-custody proceeding whose presence
- 10 is desired by the court is outside this state, the court may
- 11 order that a notice given in accordance with section 108 include
- 12 a statement directing the party to appear personally with or
- 13 without the child and declaring that failure to appear may result
- 14 in a decision adverse to the party.
- 15 (3) The court may enter any orders necessary to ensure the
- 16 safety of the child or of a person ordered to appear under this
- 17 section.
- 18 (4) If a party to a child-custody proceeding who is outside
- 19 this state is directed to appear under subsection (2) or desires
- 20 to appear personally before the court with or without the child,
- 21 the court may require another party to pay reasonable and neces-
- 22 sary travel and other expenses of the party directed or desiring
- 23 to appear and of the child.
- 24 ARTICLE 3
- 25 ENFORCEMENT
- 26 Sec. 301. As used in this article:

- 1 (a) "Petitioner" means a person who seeks enforcement of a
- 2 child-custody determination or enforcement of an order for return
- 3 of a child under the Hague convention on the civil aspects of
- 4 international child abduction.
- **5** (b) "Respondent" means a person against whom a proceeding
- 6 has been commenced for enforcement of a child-custody determina-
- 7 tion or enforcement of an order for the return of a child under
- 8 the Hague convention on the civil aspects of international child
- 9 abduction.
- 10 Sec. 302. (1) This article may be invoked to enforce 1 or
- 11 both of the following:
- 12 (a) A child-custody determination.
- 13 (b) An order for the return of a child made under the Hague
- 14 convention on the civil aspects of international child
- 15 abduction.
- 16 (2) A court of this state that does not have jurisdiction to
- 17 modify a child-custody determination may issue a temporary order
- 18 enforcing either of the following:
- 19 (a) A parenting time schedule made by a court of another
- 20 state.
- 21 (b) The parenting time provisions of a child-custody deter-
- 22 mination of another state that does not provide for a specific
- 23 parenting time schedule.
- 24 (3) If a court of this state makes an order under subsection
- 25 (2)(b), it shall specify in the order a period that it considers
- 26 adequate to allow the petitioner to obtain an order from a court
- 27 having jurisdiction under the criteria specified in article 2.

- 1 The order remains in effect until an order is obtained from the
- 2 other court or the period expires.
- **3** Sec. 303. (1) A court of this state shall recognize and
- 4 enforce a child-custody determination of a court of another state
- 5 if the latter court exercised jurisdiction that was in substan-
- 6 tial conformity with this act or the child-custody determination
- 7 was made under factual circumstances meeting the jurisdictional
- 8 standards of this act and the child-custody determination has not
- 9 been modified in accordance with this act.
- 10 (2) A court of this state may utilize a remedy available
- 11 under another law of this state to enforce a child-custody deter-
- 12 mination made by a court of another state. The procedure pro-
- 13 vided by this article does not affect the availability of other
- 14 remedies to enforce a child-custody determination.
- 15 Sec. 304. (1) A child-custody determination issued by a
- 16 court of another state may be registered in this state, with or
- 17 without a simultaneous request for enforcement, by sending all of
- 18 the following to the circuit court in this state:
- 19 (a) A letter or other document requesting registration.
- 20 (b) Two copies, including 1 certified copy, of the
- 21 child-custody determination sought to be registered, and a state-
- 22 ment under penalty of perjury that, to the best of the knowledge
- 23 and belief of the person seeking registration, the child-custody
- 24 determination has not been modified.
- 25 (c) Except as otherwise provided in section 209, the name
- 26 and address of the person seeking registration and of each parent
- 27 or person acting as a parent who has been awarded custody or

- 1 parenting time in the child-custody determination sought to be
- 2 registered.
- 3 (2) On receipt of the documents required by subsection (1),
- 4 the registering court shall do both of the following:
- 5 (a) Cause the child-custody determination to be filed as a
- 6 foreign judgment, together with 1 copy of any accompanying docu-
- 7 ments and information, regardless of form.
- 8 (b) Serve notice upon the persons named under subsection
- 9 (1)(c) and provide them with an opportunity to contest the regis-
- 10 tration in accordance with this section.
- 11 (3) The notice required by subsection (2)(b) must state all
- 12 of the following:
- 13 (a) A registered child-custody determination is enforceable
- 14 as of the date of the registration in the same manner as a
- 15 child-custody determination issued by a court of this state.
- (b) A hearing to contest the validity of the registered
- 17 child-custody determination must be requested within 21 days
- 18 after service of notice.
- 19 (c) Failure to contest the registration will result in con-
- 20 firmation of the child-custody determination and preclude further
- 21 contest of that child-custody determination with respect to a
- 22 matter that could have been asserted.
- 23 (4) A person seeking to contest the validity of a registered
- 24 child-custody determination must request a hearing within 21 days
- 25 after service of the notice under subsection (2). At that hear-
- 26 ing, the court shall confirm the registered child-custody

- 1 determination unless the person contesting registration
- 2 establishes 1 of the following:
- 3 (a) The issuing court did not have jurisdiction under
- 4 article 2.
- 5 (b) The child-custody determination sought to be registered
- 6 has been vacated, stayed, or modified by a court of a state
- 7 having jurisdiction to do so under article 2.
- **8** (c) The person contesting registration was entitled to
- 9 notice in the proceedings before the court that issued the
- 10 child-custody determination for which registration is sought, but
- 11 notice of those proceedings was not given in accordance with the
- 12 standards of section 108.
- 13 (5) If a timely request for a hearing to contest the valid-
- 14 ity of the registration is not made, the registration is con-
- 15 firmed as a matter of law, and the person requesting registration
- 16 and each person served must be notified of the confirmation.
- 17 (6) Confirmation of a registered child-custody determina-
- 18 tion, whether by operation of law or after notice and hearing,
- 19 precludes further contest of the child-custody determination with
- 20 respect to a matter that could have been asserted at the time of
- 21 registration.
- Sec. 305. (1) A court of this state may grant any relief
- 23 normally available under the law of this state to enforce a reg-
- 24 istered child-custody determination made by a court of another
- 25 state.

- 1 (2) A court of this state shall recognize and enforce, but
- 2 shall not modify except in accordance with article 2, a
- 3 registered child-custody determination of another state.
- 4 Sec. 306. If a proceeding for enforcement under this arti-
- 5 cle is commenced in this state and a court of this state deter-
- 6 mines that a proceeding to modify the child-custody determination
- 7 has been commenced in another state having jurisdiction to modify
- 8 the child-custody determination under article 2, the enforcing
- 9 court shall immediately communicate with the modifying court.
- 10 The proceeding for enforcement continues unless the enforcing
- 11 court, after consultation with the modifying court, stays or dis-
- 12 misses the proceeding.
- 13 Sec. 307. (1) A petition under this article must be
- 14 verified. A certified copy of a child-custody determination
- 15 sought to be enforced and of the order confirming registration,
- 16 if any, must be attached to the petition. A copy of a certified
- 17 copy of an order may be attached instead of the original.
- 18 (2) A petition for enforcement of a child-custody determina-
- 19 tion must state all of the following:
- 20 (a) Whether the court that issued the child-custody determi-
- 21 nation identified the jurisdictional basis it relied upon in
- 22 exercising jurisdiction and, if so, what the basis was.
- 23 (b) Whether the child-custody determination for which
- 24 enforcement is sought has been vacated, stayed, or modified by a
- 25 court whose decision must be enforced under this act or federal
- 26 law and, if so, identify the court, the case number of the
- 27 proceeding, and the action taken.

- 1 (c) Whether a proceeding has been commenced that could
- 2 affect the current proceeding, including a proceeding relating to
- 3 domestic violence, a protective order, termination of parental
- 4 rights, or adoption and, if so, identify the court and the case
- 5 number and nature of the proceeding.
- 6 (d) The present physical address of the child and the
- 7 respondent, if known.
- 8 (e) Whether relief in addition to the immediate physical
- 9 custody of the child and attorney fees is sought, including a
- 10 request for assistance from law enforcement officials and, if so,
- 11 the relief sought.
- 12 (f) If the child-custody determination has been registered
- 13 and confirmed under section 304, the date and place of
- 14 registration.
- 15 (3) Upon the filing of a petition under this article, the
- 16 court shall issue an order directing the respondent to appear
- 17 with or without the child at a hearing and may enter any order
- 18 necessary to ensure the safety of the parties and the child. The
- 19 court shall hold the hearing on the next judicial day after serv-
- 20 ice of the order unless that date is impossible. In that event,
- 21 the court shall hold the hearing on the first judicial day
- 22 possible. The court may extend the date of hearing at the
- 23 request of the petitioner.
- 24 (4) An order issued under subsection (3) must state the time
- 25 and place of the hearing and must advise the respondent that at
- 26 the hearing the court will order the delivery of the child and
- 27 the payment of fees, costs, and expenses under section 311, and

- 1 may schedule an additional hearing to determine whether further
- 2 relief is appropriate, unless the respondent appears and estab-
- 3 lishes either of the following:
- 4 (a) The child-custody determination has not been registered
- 5 and confirmed under section 304 and 1 or more of the following:
- 6 (i) The issuing court did not have jurisdiction under
- 7 article 2.
- 8 (ii) The child-custody determination for which enforcement
- 9 is sought has been vacated, stayed, or modified by a court of a
- 10 state having jurisdiction to do so under article 2 or federal
- **11** law.
- 12 (iii) The respondent was entitled to notice, but notice was
- 13 not given in accordance with the standards of section 108 in the
- 14 proceedings before the court that issued the order for which
- 15 enforcement is sought.
- 16 (b) The child-custody determination for which enforcement is
- 17 sought was registered and confirmed under section 304, but has
- 18 been vacated, stayed, or modified by a court of a state having
- 19 jurisdiction to do so under article 2 or federal law.
- 20 Sec. 308. Except as otherwise provided in section 310, the
- 21 petition and order must be served, by a method authorized by the
- 22 law of this state, upon respondent and any person who has physi-
- 23 cal custody of the child.
- Sec. 309. (1) Unless the court issues a temporary emergency
- 25 order as provided in section 204, upon a finding that a peti-
- 26 tioner is immediately entitled to the physical custody of the
- 27 child, the court shall order the child delivered to the

- 1 petitioner unless the respondent establishes either of the
- 2 following:
- 3 (a) The child-custody determination has not been registered
- 4 and confirmed under section 304 and 1 or more of the following:
- 5 (i) The issuing court did not have jurisdiction under
- 6 article 2.
- 7 (ii) The child-custody determination for which enforcement
- 8 is sought has been vacated, stayed, or modified by a court of a
- 9 state having jurisdiction to do so under article 2 or federal
- 10 law.
- 11 (iii) The respondent was entitled to notice, but notice was
- 12 not given in accordance with the standards of section 108 in the
- 13 proceedings before the court that issued the order for which
- 14 enforcement is sought.
- 15 (b) The child-custody determination for which enforcement is
- 16 sought was registered and confirmed under section 304, but has
- 17 been vacated, stayed, or modified by a court of a state having
- 18 jurisdiction to do so under article 2 or federal law.
- 19 (2) The court shall award the fees, costs, and expenses
- 20 authorized under section 311 and may grant additional relief,
- 21 including a request for the assistance of law enforcement offi-
- 22 cials, and schedule a further hearing to determine whether addi-
- 23 tional relief is appropriate.
- 24 (3) If a party called to testify refuses to answer on the
- 25 grounds that the testimony may be self-incriminating, the court
- 26 may draw an adverse inference from the refusal.

- 1 (4) A privilege against disclosure of communications between
- 2 spouses and a defense of immunity based on the relationship of
- 3 husband and wife or parent and child cannot be invoked in a pro-
- 4 ceeding under this article.
- 5 Sec. 310. (1) Upon the filing of a petition seeking
- 6 enforcement of a child-custody determination, the petitioner may
- 7 file a verified application for the issuance of a warrant to take
- 8 physical custody of the child if the child is likely to suffer
- 9 serious imminent physical harm or be removed from this state.
- 10 (2) If the court, upon the testimony of the petitioner or
- 11 other witness, finds that the child is likely to suffer serious
- 12 imminent physical harm or be imminently removed from this state,
- 13 the court may issue a warrant to take physical custody of the
- 14 child. The court shall hold a hearing on the petition on the
- 15 next judicial day after the warrant is executed. A warrant
- 16 issued under this section must include the statements required in
- 17 an enforcement petition by section 307.
- 18 (3) A warrant to take physical custody of a child must
- 19 include at least the following:
- 20 (a) A recitation of the facts upon which a conclusion of
- 21 serious imminent physical harm or imminent removal from the
- 22 jurisdiction is based.
- 23 (b) An order directing law enforcement officers to take
- 24 physical custody of the child immediately.
- (c) Provisions for the placement of the child pending final
- 26 relief.

- 1 (4) The respondent must be served with the petition,
- 2 warrant, and order immediately after the child is taken into
- 3 physical custody.
- 4 (5) A warrant to take physical custody of a child is
- 5 enforceable throughout this state. If the court finds on the
- 6 basis of the testimony of the petitioner or another witness that
- 7 a less intrusive remedy is not effective, the court may authorize
- 8 law enforcement officers to enter private property to take physi-
- 9 cal custody of the child. If required by exigent circumstances,
- 10 the court may authorize law enforcement officers to make a forc-
- 11 ible entry at any hour.
- 12 (6) The court may impose conditions upon placement of a
- 13 child to ensure the appearance of the child and the child's
- 14 custodian.
- 15 Sec. 311. (1) The court shall award the prevailing party,
- 16 including a state, necessary and reasonable expenses incurred by
- 17 or on behalf of the party, including costs, communication
- 18 expenses, attorney fees, investigative fees, witness expenses,
- 19 travel expenses, and child care expenses during the course of the
- 20 proceedings, unless the party from whom fees or expenses are
- 21 sought establishes that the award would be clearly
- 22 inappropriate.
- 23 (2) The court shall not assess fees, costs, or expenses
- 24 against a state except as otherwise provided by law other than
- 25 this act.
- 26 Sec. 312. A court of this state shall accord full faith and
- 27 credit to an order issued by another state and consistent with

- 1 this act that enforces a child-custody determination by a court
- 2 of another state unless the order has been vacated, stayed, or
- 3 modified by a court having jurisdiction to do so under
- 4 article 2.
- 5 Sec. 313. An appeal may be taken from a final order in a
- 6 proceeding under this article in accordance with expedited appel-
- 7 late procedures in other civil cases. Unless the court enters a
- 8 temporary emergency order under section 204, the enforcing court
- 9 may not stay an order enforcing a child-custody determination
- 10 pending appeal.
- 11 Sec. 314. (1) In a case arising under this act or involving
- 12 the Hague convention on the civil aspects of international child
- 13 abduction, a prosecutor or the attorney general may take any
- 14 lawful action, including resort to a proceeding under this arti-
- 15 cle or another available civil proceeding, to locate a child,
- 16 obtain the return of a child, or enforce a child-custody determi-
- 17 nation if there is 1 or more of the following:
- 18 (a) An existing child-custody determination.
- 19 (b) A request from a court in a pending child-custody
- 20 proceeding.
- 21 (c) A reasonable belief that a criminal statute has been
- 22 violated.
- 23 (d) A reasonable belief that the child has been wrongfully
- 24 removed or retained in violation of the Hague convention on the
- 25 civil aspects of international child abduction.

- 1 (2) A prosecutor or the attorney general acting under this
- 2 section acts on behalf of the court and shall not represent a
- 3 party to a child-custody determination.
- 4 Sec. 315. At the request of a prosecutor or the attorney
- 5 general acting under section 314, a law enforcement officer may
- 6 take any lawful action reasonably necessary to locate a child or
- 7 a party and to assist the prosecutor or attorney general with
- 8 responsibilities under section 314.
- 9 Sec. 316. If the respondent is not the prevailing party,
- 10 the court may assess against the respondent all direct expenses
- 11 and costs incurred by the prosecutor or attorney general and law
- 12 enforcement officers under section 314 or 315.
- 13 ARTICLE 4
- 14 MISCELLANEOUS
- 15 Sec. 401. In applying and construing this uniform act, the
- 16 court shall give consideration to the need to promote uniformity
- 17 of the law with respect to its subject matter among states that
- 18 enact it.
- 19 Sec. 405. A motion or other request for relief made in a
- 20 child-custody or enforcement proceeding that was commenced before
- 21 the effective date of this act is governed by the law in effect
- 22 at the time the motion or other request was made.
- 23 Sec. 406. (1) Chapter 6a of the revised judicature act of
- 24 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.651 to 600.673, is repealed.
- 25 (2) This act takes effect January 1, 2002.