## SENATE BILL No. 1234

April 17, 2002, Introduced by Senators GOUGEON, VAN REGENMORTER and BULLARD and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A bill to amend 1927 PA 175, entitled "The code of criminal procedure," by amending section 1a of chapter IX (MCL 769.1a), as amended by

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 CHAPTER IX
- 2 Sec. la. (1) As used in this section, "victim" means an
- 3 individual who suffers direct or threatened physical, financial,
- 4 or emotional harm as a result of the commission of a felony, mis-
- 5 demeanor, or ordinance violation. For purposes of
- 6 subsections (2), (3), (6), (8), (9), and (13), victim includes a
- 7 sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, association, gov-
- 8 ernmental entity, or any other legal entity that suffers direct
- 9 physical or financial harm as a result of a felony, misdemeanor,
- 10 or ordinance violation.

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- 1 (2) Except as provided in subsection (8), when sentencing a
- 2 defendant convicted of a felony, misdemeanor, or ordinance viola-
- 3 tion, the court shall order, in addition to or in lieu of any
- 4 other penalty authorized by law or in addition to any other pen-
- 5 alty required by law, that the defendant make full restitution to
- 6 any victim of the defendant's course of conduct that gives rise
- 7 to the conviction or to the victim's estate.
- **8** (3) If a felony, misdemeanor, or ordinance violation results
- 9 in damage to or loss or destruction of property of a victim of
- 10 the felony, misdemeanor, or ordinance violation or results in the
- 11 seizure or impoundment of property of a victim of the felony,
- 12 misdemeanor, or ordinance violation, the order of restitution may
- 13 require that the defendant do 1 or more of the following, as
- 14 applicable:
- 15 (a) Return the property to the owner of the property or to a
- 16 person designated by the owner.
- 17 (b) If return of the property under subdivision (a) is
- 18 impossible, impractical, or inadequate, pay an amount equal to
- **19** the greater of subparagraph (i) or (ii), less the value, deter-
- 20 mined as of the date the property is returned, of that property
- 21 or any part of the property that is returned:
- 22 (i) The value of the property on the date of the damage,
- 23 loss, or destruction.
- (ii) The value of the property on the date of sentencing.
- (c) Pay the cost of the seizure or impoundment, or both.
- 26 (4) If a felony, misdemeanor, or ordinance violation results
- 27 in physical or psychological injury to a victim, the order of

- 1 restitution may require that the defendant do 1 or more of the
- 2 following, as applicable:
- 3 (a) Pay an amount equal to the REASONABLY DETERMINED cost of
- 4 -actual medical and related professional services and devices
- 5 ACTUALLY INCURRED AND REASONABLY EXPECTED TO BE INCURRED relating
- 6 to physical and psychological care.
- **7** (b) Pay an amount equal to the REASONABLY DETERMINED cost of
- 8 actual physical and occupational therapy and rehabilitation
- 9 ACTUALLY INCURRED AND REASONABLY EXPECTED TO BE INCURRED.
- 10 (c) Reimburse the victim or the victim's estate for
- 11 after-tax income loss suffered by the victim as a result of the
- 12 felony, misdemeanor, or ordinance violation.
- 13 (d) Pay an amount equal to the REASONABLY DETERMINED cost of
- 14 psychological and medical treatment for members of the victim's
- 15 family that has been ACTUALLY incurred AND REASONABLY EXPECTED
- 16 TO BE INCURRED as a result of the felony, misdemeanor, or ordi-
- 17 nance violation.
- 18 (e) Pay an amount equal to the REASONABLY DETERMINED cost of
- 19 -actual homemaking and child care expenses ACTUALLY incurred AND
- 20 REASONABLY EXPECTED TO BE INCURRED as a result of the felony,
- 21 misdemeanor, or ordinance violation OR, IF HOMEMAKING OR CHILD
- 22 CARE IS PROVIDED WITHOUT COMPENSATION BY A RELATIVE, FRIEND, OR
- 23 ANY OTHER PERSON, AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE COSTS THAT WOULD REASON-
- 24 ABLY BE INCURRED AS A RESULT OF THE FELONY, MISDEMEANOR, OR ORDI-
- 25 NANCE VIOLATION FOR THAT HOMEMAKING AND CHILD CARE, BASED ON THE
- 26 RATES IN THE AREA FOR COMPARABLE SERVICES.

- 1 (5) If a felony, misdemeanor, or ordinance violation
- 2 resulting in bodily injury also results in the death of a victim,
- 3 the order of restitution may require that the defendant pay
- 4 (F) PAY an amount equal to the cost of actual funeral and
- 5 related services.
- 6 (G) IF THE DECEASED VICTIM COULD BE CLAIMED AS A DEPENDENT
- 7 BY HIS OR HER PARENT OR GUARDIAN ON THE PARENT'S OR GUARDIAN'S
- 8 FEDERAL, STATE, OR LOCAL INCOME TAX RETURNS, PAY AN AMOUNT EQUAL
- 9 TO THE LOSS OF THE TAX DEDUCTION OR TAX CREDIT. THE AMOUNT OF
- 10 REIMBURSEMENT SHALL BE ESTIMATED FOR EACH YEAR THE VICTIM COULD
- 11 REASONABLY BE CLAIMED AS A DEPENDENT.
- 12 (5) IF A CRIME RESULTING IN BODILY INJURY ALSO RESULTS IN
- 13 THE DEATH OF A VICTIM OR SERIOUS IMPAIRMENT OF A BODY FUNCTION OF
- 14 A VICTIM, THE COURT MAY ORDER UP TO 3 TIMES THE AMOUNT OF RESTI-
- 15 TUTION OTHERWISE ALLOWED UNDER THIS SECTION. AS USED IN THIS
- 16 SUBSECTION, "SERIOUS IMPAIRMENT OF A BODY FUNCTION OF A VICTIM"
- 17 INCLUDES, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO, 1 OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 18 (A) LOSS OF A LIMB OR USE OF A LIMB.
- 19 (B) LOSS OF A HAND OR FOOT OR USE OF A HAND OR FOOT.
- (C) LOSS OF AN EYE OR USE OF AN EYE OR EAR.
- 21 (D) LOSS OR SUBSTANTIAL IMPAIRMENT OF A BODILY FUNCTION.
- 22 (E) SERIOUS VISIBLE DISFIGUREMENT.
- 23 (F) A COMATOSE STATE THAT LASTS FOR MORE THAN 3 DAYS.
- 24 (G) MEASURABLE BRAIN DAMAGE OR MENTAL IMPAIRMENT.
- 25 (H) A SKULL FRACTURE OR OTHER SERIOUS BONE FRACTURE.
- 26 (I) SUBDURAL HEMORRHAGE OR SUBDURAL HEMATOMA.

- 1 (J) LOSS OF A BODY ORGAN.
- 2 (6) If the victim or the victim's estate consents, the order
- 3 of restitution may require that the defendant make restitution in
- 4 services in lieu of money.
- 5 (7) If the victim is deceased, the court shall order that
- 6 the restitution be made to the victim's estate.
- 7 (8) The court shall order restitution to the crime victim
- 8 services commission or to any individuals, partnerships, corpora-
- 9 tions, associations, governmental entities, or other legal enti-
- 10 ties that have compensated the victim or the victim's estate for
- 11 a loss incurred by the victim to the extent of the compensation
- 12 paid for that loss. The court shall also order restitution for
- 13 the costs of services provided to persons or entities that have
- 14 provided services to the victim as a result of the felony, misde-
- 15 meanor, or ordinance violation. Services that are subject to
- 16 restitution under this subsection include, but are not limited
- 17 to, shelter, food, clothing, and transportation. However, an
- 18 order of restitution shall require that all restitution to a
- 19 victim or a victim's estate under the order be made before any
- 20 restitution to any other person or entity under that order is
- 21 made. The court shall not order restitution to be paid to a
- 22 victim or victim's estate if the victim or victim's estate has
- 23 received or is to receive compensation for that loss, and the
- 24 court shall state on the record with specificity the reasons for
- 25 its action. If an entity entitled to restitution under this
- 26 subsection for compensating the victim or the victim's estate
- 27 cannot or refuses to be reimbursed for that compensation, the

- 1 restitution paid for that entity shall be deposited by the state
- 2 treasurer in the crime victim's rights fund created under
- 3 section 4 of 1989 PA 196, MCL 780.904, or its successor fund.
- 4 (9) Any amount paid to a victim or a victim's estate under
- 5 an order of restitution shall be set off against any amount later
- 6 recovered as compensatory damages by the victim or the victim's
- 7 estate in any federal or state civil proceeding and shall reduce
- 8 the amount payable to a victim or a victim's estate by an award
- 9 from the crime victim services commission made after an order of
- 10 restitution under this section.
- 11 (10) If not otherwise provided by the court under this sub-
- 12 section, restitution shall be made immediately. However, the
- 13 court may require that the defendant make restitution under this
- 14 section within a specified period or in specified installments.
- 15 (11) If the defendant is placed on probation or paroled or
- 16 the court imposes a conditional sentence under section 3 of this
- 17 chapter, any restitution ordered under this section shall be a
- 18 condition of that probation, parole, or sentence. The court may
- 19 revoke probation or impose imprisonment under the conditional
- 20 sentence and the parole board may revoke parole if the defendant
- 21 fails to comply with the order and if the defendant has not made
- 22 a good faith effort to comply with the order. In determining
- 23 whether to revoke probation or parole or impose imprisonment, the
- 24 court or parole board shall consider the defendant's employment
- 25 status, earning ability, and financial resources, the willfulness
- 26 of the defendant's failure to pay, and any other special

- 1 circumstances that may have a bearing on the defendant's ability
  2 to pay.
- 3 (12) A defendant who is required to pay restitution and who
- 4 is not in willful default of the payment of the restitution may
- 5 at any time petition the sentencing judge or his or her successor
- 6 to modify the method of payment. If the court determines that
- 7 payment under the order will impose a manifest hardship on the
- 8 defendant or his or her immediate family, AND IF THE COURT ALSO
- 9 DETERMINES THAT MODIFYING THE METHOD OF PAYMENT WILL NOT IMPOSE A
- 10 MANIFEST HARDSHIP ON THE VICTIM, the court may modify the method
- 11 of payment.
- 12 (13) An order of restitution entered under this section
- 13 remains effective until it is satisfied in full. An order of
- 14 restitution is a judgment and lien against all property of the
- 15 defendant for the amount specified in the order of restitution.
- 16 The lien may be recorded as provided by law. An order of resti-
- 17 tution may be enforced by the prosecuting attorney, a victim, a
- 18 victim's estate, or any other person or entity named in the order
- 19 to receive the restitution in the same manner as a judgment in a
- 20 civil action or a lien.
- 21 (14) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a
- 22 defendant shall not be imprisoned, jailed, or incarcerated for a
- 23 violation of probation or parole or otherwise for failure to pay
- 24 restitution as ordered under this section unless the court or
- 25 parole board determines that the defendant has the resources to
- 26 pay the ordered restitution and has not made a good faith effort
- 27 to do so.

- 1 (15) IF THE COURT DETERMINES THAT A JUVENILE IS OR WILL BE
- 2 UNABLE TO PAY ALL OF THE RESTITUTION ORDERED, AFTER NOTICE TO THE
- 3 JUVENILE'S PARENT OR PARENTS AND AN OPPORTUNITY FOR THE PARENT OR
- 4 PARENTS TO BE HEARD THE COURT MAY ORDER THE PARENT OR PARENTS
- 5 HAVING SUPERVISORY RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE JUVENILE AT THE TIME OF
- 6 THE ACTS UPON WHICH AN ORDER OF RESTITUTION IS BASED TO PAY ANY
- 7 PORTION OF THE RESTITUTION ORDERED THAT IS OUTSTANDING. AN ORDER
- 8 UNDER THIS SUBSECTION DOES NOT RELIEVE THE JUVENILE OF HIS OR HER
- 9 OBLIGATION TO PAY RESTITUTION AS ORDERED, BUT THE AMOUNT OWED BY
- 10 THE JUVENILE SHALL BE OFFSET BY ANY AMOUNT PAID BY HIS OR HER
- 11 PARENT. AS USED IN THIS SUBSECTION:
- 12 (A) "JUVENILE" INCLUDES A PERSON WITHIN THE COURT'S JURIS-
- 13 DICTION UNDER SECTION 2D OR 4 OF CHAPTER XIIA OF 1939 PA 288, MCL
- 14 712A.2D AND 712A.4.
- 15 (B) "PARENT" DOES NOT INCLUDE A FOSTER PARENT.
- 16 (16) IF THE COURT ORDERS A PARENT TO PAY RESTITUTION UNDER
- 17 SUBSECTION (15), THE COURT SHALL TAKE INTO ACCOUNT THE PARENT'S
- 18 FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND THE BURDEN THAT THE PAYMENT OF RESTITU-
- 19 TION WILL IMPOSE, WITH DUE REGARD TO ANY OTHER MORAL OR LEGAL
- 20 FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS THE PARENT MAY HAVE. IF A PARENT IS
- 21 REQUIRED TO PAY RESTITUTION UNDER SUBSECTION (15), THE COURT
- 22 SHALL PROVIDE FOR PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN SPECIFIED INSTALLMENTS
- 23 AND WITHIN A SPECIFIED PERIOD OF TIME.
- 24 (17) A PARENT WHO HAS BEEN ORDERED TO PAY RESTITUTION UNDER
- 25 SUBSECTION (15) MAY PETITION THE COURT FOR A MODIFICATION OF THE
- 26 AMOUNT OF RESTITUTION OWED BY THE PARENT OR FOR A CANCELLATION OF
- 27 ANY UNPAID PORTION OF THE PARENT'S OBLIGATION. THE COURT SHALL

- 1 CANCEL ALL OR PART OF THE PARENT'S OBLIGATION DUE IF THE COURT
- 2 DETERMINES THAT PAYMENT OF THE AMOUNT DUE WILL IMPOSE A MANIFEST

- 3 HARDSHIP ON THE PARENT AND IF THE COURT ALSO DETERMINES THAT MOD-
- 4 IFYING THE METHOD OF PAYMENT WILL NOT IMPOSE A MANIFEST HARDSHIP
- 5 ON THE VICTIM.
- $(18) \frac{(15)}{(15)}$  In each case in which payment of restitution is
- 7 ordered as a condition of probation, the COURT MAY ORDER ANY
- 8 EMPLOYED DEFENDANT TO EXECUTE A WAGE ASSIGNMENT TO PAY THE
- 9 RESTITUTION. THE probation officer assigned to the case shall
- 10 review the case not less than twice yearly to ensure that resti-
- 11 tution is being paid as ordered. IF THE RESTITUTION WAS ORDERED
- 12 TO BE MADE WITHIN A SPECIFIC PERIOD OF TIME, THE PROBATION OFFI-
- 13 CER ASSIGNED TO THE CASE SHALL REVIEW THE CASE AT THE END OF THE
- 14 SPECIFIC PERIOD OF TIME TO DETERMINE IF THE RESTITUTION HAS BEEN
- 15 PAID IN FULL. The final review shall be conducted not less than
- 16 60 days before the probationary period expires. If the probation
- 17 officer determines AT ANY REVIEW that restitution is not being
- 18 paid as ordered, the probation officer shall file a written
- 19 report of the violation with the court on a form prescribed by
- 20 the state court administrative office OR SHALL PETITION THE COURT
- 21 FOR A PROBATION VIOLATION. The report OR PETITION shall include
- 22 a statement of the amount of the arrearage and any reasons for
- 23 the arrearage known by the probation officer. The probation
- 24 officer shall immediately provide a copy of the report OR
- 25 PETITION to the prosecuting attorney. If a PETITION OR motion is
- 26 filed or other proceedings are initiated to enforce payment of
- 27 restitution and the court determines that restitution is not

- 1 being paid or has not been paid as ordered by the court, the
- 2 court shall promptly take action necessary to compel compliance.
- 3 (19)  $\frac{(16)}{(16)}$  If a defendant who is ordered to pay restitution
- 4 under this section is remanded to the jurisdiction of the depart-
- 5 ment of corrections, the court shall provide a copy of the order
- 6 of restitution to the department of corrections when the
- 7 defendant is ordered remanded to the department's jurisdiction.
- 8 (20) THE COURT SHALL NOT IMPOSE A FEE ON A VICTIM, VICTIM'S
- 9 ESTATE, OR PROSECUTING ATTORNEY FOR ENFORCING AN ORDER OF
- 10 RESTITUTION.
- 11 (21) IF A PERSON OR ENTITY ENTITLED TO RESTITUTION CANNOT BE
- 12 LOCATED OR REFUSES TO CLAIM THAT RESTITUTION WITHIN 2 YEARS AFTER
- 13 THE DATE ON WHICH HE OR SHE COULD HAVE CLAIMED THE RESTITUTION,
- 14 THE RESTITUTION PAID TO THAT PERSON OR ENTITY SHALL BE DEPOSITED
- 15 IN THE CRIME VICTIM'S RIGHTS FUND CREATED UNDER SECTION 4 OF 1989
- 16 PA 196, MCL 780.904, OR ITS SUCCESSOR FUND. HOWEVER, A PERSON OR
- 17 ENTITY ENTITLED TO THAT RESTITUTION MAY CLAIM THAT RESTITUTION AT
- 18 ANY TIME BY APPLYING TO THE COURT THAT ORIGINALLY ORDERED AND
- 19 COLLECTED IT. THE COURT SHALL NOTIFY THE CRIME VICTIM SERVICES
- 20 COMMISSION OF THE APPLICATION AND THE COMMISSION SHALL APPROVE A
- 21 REDUCTION IN THE COURT'S REVENUE TRANSMITTAL TO THE CRIME VICTIM
- 22 RIGHTS FUND EQUAL TO THE RESTITUTION OWED TO THE PERSON OR
- 23 ENTITY. THE COURT SHALL USE THE REDUCTION TO REIMBURSE THAT RES-
- 24 TITUTION TO THE PERSON OR ENTITY.