## SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 4480

A bill to amend 1996 PA 381, entitled "Brownfield redevelopment financing act," by amending the title and sections 2 and 13 (MCL 125.2652 and 125.2663), section 2 as amended by 2002 PA 254 and section 13 as amended by 2002 PA 727.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 TITLE
- 2 An act to authorize municipalities to create a brownfield
- 3 redevelopment authority to facilitate the implementation of
- 4 brownfield plans; -relating to the designation and treatment of
- 5 to create brownfield redevelopment zones; to promote the
- 6 revitalization, of environmentally distressed areas
- 7 redevelopment, and reuse of certain property, including, but not
- 8 limited to, tax reverted, blighted, or functionally obsolete
- 9 property; to prescribe the powers and duties of brownfield

- 1 redevelopment authorities; to permit the issuance of bonds and
- 2 other evidences of indebtedness by an authority; to authorize the
- 3 acquisition and disposal of certain property; to authorize
- 4 certain funds; to prescribe certain powers and duties of certain
- 5 state officers and agencies; and to authorize and permit the use
- 6 of certain tax increment financing.
- 7 Sec. 2. As used in this act:
- 8 (a) "Additional response activities" means response
- 9 activities identified as part of a brownfield plan that are in
- 10 addition to baseline environmental assessment activities and due
- 11 care activities for an eligible property.
- 12 (b) "Authority" means a brownfield redevelopment authority
- 13 created under this act.
- 14 (c) "Baseline environmental assessment" means that term as
- 15 defined in section 20101 of the natural resources and
- 16 environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.20101.
- 17 (d) "Baseline environmental assessment activities" means
- 18 those response activities identified as part of a brownfield plan
- 19 that are necessary to complete a baseline environmental
- 20 assessment for an eligible property in the brownfield plan.
- (e) "Blighted" means property that meets any of the following
- 22 criteria:
- 23 (i) Has been declared a public nuisance in accordance with a
- 24 local housing, building, plumbing, fire, or other related code or
- 25 ordinance.
- **26** (ii) Is an attractive nuisance to children because of
- 27 physical condition, use, or occupancy.

- 1 (iii) Is a fire hazard or is otherwise dangerous to the
- 2 safety of persons or property.
- (iv) Has had the utilities, plumbing, heating, or sewerage
- 4 permanently disconnected, destroyed, removed, or rendered
- 5 ineffective so that the property is unfit for its intended use.
- **6** (v) Is tax reverted property owned by a qualified local
- 7 governmental unit, by a county, or by this state. The sale,
- 8 lease, or transfer of tax reverted property by a qualified local
- 9 governmental unit, county, or this state after the property's
- 10 inclusion in a brownfield plan shall not result in the loss to
- 11 the property of the status as blighted property for purposes of
- 12 this act.
- 13 (vi) Is property owned or under the control of a land bank
- 14 fast track authority under the land bank fast track act, whether
- 15 or not located within a qualified local governmental unit.
- 16 Property included within a brownfield plan prior to the date it
- 17 meets the requirements of this subdivision to be eligible
- 18 property shall be considered to become eligible property as of
- 19 the date the property is determined to have been or becomes
- 20 qualified as, or is combined with, other eligible property. The
- 21 sale, lease, or transfer of the property by a land bank fast
- 22 track authority after the property's inclusion in a brownfield
- 23 plan shall not result in the loss to the property of the status
- 24 as blighted property for purposes of this act.
- (f) "Board" means the governing body of an authority.
- (g) "Brownfield plan" means a plan that meets the
- 27 requirements of section 13 and is adopted under section 14.

- 1 (h) "Captured taxable value" means the amount in 1 year by
- 2 which the current taxable value of an eligible property subject
- 3 to a brownfield plan, including the taxable value or assessed
- 4 value, as appropriate, of the property for which specific taxes
- 5 are paid in lieu of property taxes, exceeds the initial taxable
- 6 value of that eligible property. The state tax commission shall
- 7 prescribe the method for calculating captured taxable value.
- 8 (i) "Chief executive officer" means the mayor of a city, the
- 9 village manager of a village, the township supervisor of a
- 10 township, or the county executive of a county or, if the county
- 11 does not have an elected county executive, the chairperson of the
- 12 county board of commissioners.
- 13 (j) "Department" means the department of environmental
- 14 quality.
- 15 (k) "Due care activities" means those response activities
- 16 identified as part of a brownfield plan that are necessary to
- 17 allow the owner or operator of an eligible property in the plan
- 18 to comply with the requirements of section 20107a of the natural
- 19 resources and environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451,
- 20 MCL 324.20107a.
- 21 (l) "Eligible activities" or "eligible activity" does not
- 22 include activities related to multisource commercial hazardous
- 23 waste disposal wells as that term is defined in section 62506a of
- 24 the natural resources and environmental protection act, 1994
- 25 PA 451, MCL 324.62506a, but means 1 or more of the following:
- 26 (i) Baseline environmental assessment activities.
- 27 (ii) Due care activities.

- 1 (iii) Additional response activities.
- (iv) For eligible activities on eligible property that was
- 3 used or is currently used for commercial, industrial, or
- 4 residential purposes that is in a qualified local governmental
- 5 unit, or that is owned or under the control of a land bank fast
- 6 track authority, and is a facility, functionally obsolete, or
- 7 blighted, and except for purposes of section 38d of the single
- 8 business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.38d, the following
- 9 additional activities:
- 10 (A) Infrastructure improvements that directly benefit
- 11 eligible property.
- 12 (B) Demolition of structures that is not response activity
- 13 under section  $\frac{201}{20101}$  of the natural resources and
- 14 environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.20101.
- 15 (C) Lead or asbestos abatement.
- 16 (D) Site preparation that is not response activity under
- 17 section -201 20101 of the natural resources and environmental
- 18 protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.20101.
- 19 (E) Assistance to a land bank fast track authority in
- 20 clearing or quieting title to, or selling or otherwise conveying,
- 21 property owned or under the control of a land bank fast track
- 22 authority.
- (v) Relocation of public buildings or operations for economic
- 24 development purposes with prior approval of the Michigan economic
- 25 development authority.
- 26 (m) "Eligible property" means property for which eligible
- 27 activities are identified under a brownfield plan that was used

- 1 or is currently used for commercial, industrial, or residential
- 2 purposes that is either in a qualified local governmental unit
- 3 and is a facility, functionally obsolete, or blighted or is not
- 4 in a qualified local governmental unit and is a facility, and
- 5 includes parcels that are adjacent or contiguous to that property
- 6 if the development of the adjacent and contiguous parcels is
- 7 estimated to increase the captured taxable value of that property
- 8 or tax reverted property owned or under the control of a land
- 9 bank fast track authority. Eligible property includes, to the
- 10 extent included in the brownfield plan, personal property located
- 11 on the property. Eligible property does not include qualified
- 12 agricultural property exempt under section 7ee of the general
- 13 property tax act, 1893 PA 206, MCL 211.7ee, from the tax levied
- 14 by a local school district for school operating purposes to the
- 15 extent provided under section 1211 of the revised school code,
- 16 1976 PA 451, MCL 380.1211.
- 17 (n) "Facility" means that term as defined in section 20101 of
- 18 the natural resources and environmental protection act, 1994
- **19** PA 451, MCL 324.20101.
- (o) "Fiscal year" means the fiscal year of the authority.
- (p) "Functionally obsolete" means that the property is unable
- 22 to be used to adequately perform the function for which it was
- 23 intended due to a substantial loss in value resulting from
- 24 factors such as overcapacity, changes in technology, deficiencies
- 25 or superadequacies in design, or other similar factors that
- 26 affect the property itself or the property's relationship with
- 27 other surrounding property.

- 1 (q) "Governing body" means the elected body having
- 2 legislative powers of a municipality creating an authority under
- 3 this act.
- 4 (r) "Infrastructure improvements" means a street, road,
- 5 sidewalk, parking facility, pedestrian mall, alley, bridge,
- 6 sewer, sewage treatment plant, property designed to reduce,
- 7 eliminate, or prevent the spread of identified soil or
- 8 groundwater contamination, drainage system, waterway, waterline,
- 9 water storage facility, rail line, utility line or pipeline, or
- 10 other similar or related structure or improvement, together with
- 11 necessary easements for the structure or improvement, owned or
- 12 used by a public agency or functionally connected to similar or
- 13 supporting property owned or used by a public agency, or designed
- 14 and dedicated to use by, for the benefit of, or for the
- 15 protection of the health, welfare, or safety of the public
- 16 generally, whether or not used by a single business entity,
- 17 provided that any road, street, or bridge shall be continuously
- 18 open to public access and that other property shall be located in
- 19 public easements or rights-of-way and sized to accommodate
- 20 reasonably foreseeable development of eligible property in
- 21 adjoining areas.
- 22 (s) "Initial taxable value" means the taxable value of an
- 23 eligible property identified in and subject to a brownfield plan
- 24 at the time the resolution adding that eligible property in the
- 25 brownfield plan is adopted, as shown by the most recent
- 26 assessment roll for which equalization has been completed at the
- 27 time the resolution is adopted. Property exempt from taxation at

- 1 the time the initial taxable value is determined shall be
- **2** included with the initial taxable value of zero. Property for
- 3 which a specific tax is paid in lieu of property tax shall not be
- 4 considered exempt from taxation. The state tax commission shall
- 5 prescribe the method for calculating the initial taxable value of
- 6 property for which a specific tax was paid in lieu of property
- 7 tax.
- 8 (t) "Land bank fast track authority" means an authority
- 9 created under the land bank fast track act.
- 10 (u) —(t) "Local taxes" means all taxes levied other than
- 11 taxes levied for school operating purposes.
- 12 (v) -(u) "Municipality" means all of the following:
- 13 (i) A city.
- 14 (ii) A village.
- 15 (iii) A township in those areas of the township that are
- 16 outside of a village.
- 17 (iv) A township in those areas of the township that are in a
- 18 village upon the concurrence by resolution of the village in
- 19 which the zone would be located.
- 20 (v) A county.
- 21 (w) "Owned or under the control of" means that a land bank
- 22 fast track authority has 1 or more of the following:
- 23 (i) An ownership interest in the property.
- 24 (ii) A tax lien on the property.
- 25 (iii) A tax deed to the property.
- 26 (iv) A contract with this state or a political subdivision of
- 27 this state to enforce a lien on the property.

- 1 (v) A right to collect delinquent taxes, penalties, or
- 2 interest on the property.
- 3 (vi) The ability to exercise its authority over the property.
- 4 (x) (v) "Qualified local governmental unit" means that term
- 5 as defined in the obsolete property rehabilitation act, 2000
- 6 PA 146, MCL 125.2781 to 125.2797.
- 7 (y)  $\frac{(w)}{(w)}$  "Qualified taxpayer" means that term as defined in
- 8 sections 38d and 38g of the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228,
- **9** MCL 208.38d and 208.38g.
- 10 (z) -(x) "Remedial action plan" means a plan that meets both
- 11 of the following requirements:
- 12 (i) Is a remedial action plan as that term is defined in
- 13 section 20101 of the natural resources and environmental
- 14 protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.20101.
- 15 (ii) Describes each individual activity to be conducted to
- 16 complete eligible activities and the associated costs of each
- 17 individual activity.
- 18 (aa)  $\frac{(y)}{(y)}$  "Response activity" means that term as defined in
- 19 section 20101 of the natural resources and environmental
- 20 protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.20101.
- (bb)  $\frac{(z)}{(z)}$  "Specific taxes" means a tax levied under 1974
- 22 PA 198, MCL 207.551 to 207.572; the commercial redevelopment act,
- 23 1978 PA 255, MCL 207.651 to 207.668; the enterprise zone act,
- 24 1985 PA 224, MCL 125.2101 to 125.2123; 1953 PA 189, MCL 211.181
- 25 to 211.182; the technology park development act, 1984 PA 385,
- 26 MCL 207.701 to 207.718; the obsolete property rehabilitation act,
- 27 2000 PA 146, MCL 125.2781 to 125.2797; —or— the neighborhood

- **1** enterprise zone act, 1992 PA 147, MCL 207.771 to  $\frac{207.787}{1}$
- 2 207.786; or that portion of the tax levied under the tax reverted
- 3 property clean title act that is not required to be distributed
- 4 to a land bank fast track authority.
- 5 (cc) -(aa) "Tax increment revenues" means the amount of ad
- 6 valorem property taxes and specific taxes attributable to the
- 7 application of the levy of all taxing jurisdictions upon the
- 8 captured taxable value of each parcel of eligible property
- 9 subject to a brownfield plan and personal property located on
- 10 that property. Tax increment revenues exclude ad valorem
- 11 property taxes specifically levied for the payment of principal
- 12 of and interest on either obligations approved by the electors or
- 13 obligations pledging the unlimited taxing power of the local
- 14 governmental unit, and specific taxes attributable to those ad
- 15 valorem property taxes. Tax increment revenues attributable to
- 16 eligible property also exclude the amount of ad valorem property
- 17 taxes or specific taxes captured by a downtown development
- 18 authority, tax increment finance authority, or local development
- 19 finance authority if those taxes were captured by these other
- 20 authorities on the date that eligible property became subject to
- 21 a brownfield plan under this act.
- 22 (dd) -(bb) "Taxable value" means the value determined under
- 23 section 27a of the general property tax act, 1893 PA 206,
- 24 MCL 211.27a.
- 25 (ee) -(cc) "Taxes levied for school operating purposes"
- 26 means all of the following:
- 27 (i) The taxes levied by a local school district for operating

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- 1 purposes.
- (ii) The taxes levied under the state education tax act, 1993
- 3 PA 331, MCL 211.901 to 211.906.
- 4 (iii) That portion of specific taxes attributable to taxes
- **5** described under subparagraphs (i) and (ii).
- 6 (ff) -(dd) "Work plan" means a plan that describes each
- 7 individual activity to be conducted to complete eligible
- 8 activities and the associated costs of each individual activity.
- 9 (gg) -(ee) "Zone" means, for an authority established before
- 10 the effective date of the amendatory act that added
- 11 subdivision (r) June 6, 2000, a brownfield redevelopment zone
- 12 designated under this act.
- Sec. 13. (1) Subject to section 15, the board may implement
- 14 a brownfield plan. The brownfield plan may apply to 1 or more
- 15 parcels of eligible property whether or not those parcels of
- 16 eligible property are contiguous and may be amended to apply to
- 17 additional parcels of eligible property. —If— Except as
- 18 otherwise authorized by this act, if more than 1 parcel of
- 19 eligible property is included within the plan, the tax increment
- 20 revenues under the plan shall be determined individually for each
- 21 parcel of eligible property. Each plan or an amendment to a plan
- 22 shall be approved by the governing body of the municipality and
- 23 shall contain all of the following:
- 24 (a) A description of the costs of the plan intended to be
- 25 paid for with the tax increment revenues or, for a plan for
- 26 eligible properties qualified on the basis that the property is
- 27 owned or under the control of a land bank fast track authority, a

- 1 listing of all eligible activities that may be conducted for 1 or
- 2 more of the eligible properties subject to the plan.
- 3 (b) A brief summary of the eligible activities that are
- 4 proposed for each eligible property or, for a plan for eligible
- 5 properties qualified on the basis that the property is owned or
- 6 under the control of a land bank fast track authority, a brief
- 7 summary of eligible activities conducted for 1 or more of the
- 8 eligible properties subject to the plan.
- 9 (c) An estimate of the captured taxable value and tax
- 10 increment revenues for each year of the plan from each parcel of
- 11 eligible property, or from all eligible properties qualified on
- 12 the basis that the property is owned or under the control of a
- 13 land bank fast track authority, and in the aggregate. The plan
- 14 may provide for the use of part or all of the captured taxable
- 15 value, including deposits in the local site remediation revolving
- 16 fund, but the portion intended to be used shall be clearly stated
- 17 in the plan. The plan shall not provide either for an exclusion
- 18 from captured taxable value of a portion of the captured taxable
- 19 value or for an exclusion of the tax levy of 1 or more taxing
- 20 jurisdictions unless the tax levy is excluded from tax increment
- 21 revenues in section  $\frac{2(aa)}{2(cc)}$ , or unless the tax levy is
- 22 excluded from capture under section 15.
- (d) The method by which the costs of the plan will be
- 24 financed, including a description of any advances made or
- 25 anticipated to be made for the costs of the plan from the
- 26 municipality.
- 27 (e) The maximum amount of note or bonded indebtedness to be

- 1 incurred, if any.
- 2 (f) The duration of the brownfield plan, which shall not
- 3 exceed the lesser of the period authorized under subsections (4)
- 4 and (5) or 30 years.
- 5 (g) An estimate of the impact of tax increment financing on
- 6 the revenues of all taxing jurisdictions in which the eligible
- 7 property is located.
- 8 (h) A legal description of each parcel of eligible property
- **9** to which the plan applies, a map showing the location and
- 10 dimensions of each eligible property, a statement of the
- 11 characteristics that qualify the property as eligible property,
- 12 and a statement of whether personal property is included as part
- 13 of the eligible property. If the project is on property that is
- 14 functionally obsolete, the taxpayer shall include, with the
- 15 application, an affidavit signed by a level 3 or level 4
- 16 assessor, that states that it is the assessor's expert opinion
- 17 that the property is functionally obsolete and the underlying
- 18 basis for that opinion.
- 19 (i) Estimates of the number of persons residing on each
- 20 eligible property to which the plan applies and the number of
- 21 families and individuals to be displaced. If occupied residences
- 22 are designated for acquisition and clearance by the authority,
- 23 the plan shall include a demographic survey of the persons to be
- 24 displaced, a statistical description of the housing supply in the
- 25 community, including the number of private and public units in
- 26 existence or under construction, the condition of those in
- 27 existence, the number of owner-occupied and renter-occupied

- 1 units, the annual rate of turnover of the various types of
- 2 housing and the range of rents and sale prices, an estimate of
- 3 the total demand for housing in the community, and the estimated
- 4 capacity of private and public housing available to displaced
- 5 families and individuals.
- **6** (j) A plan for establishing priority for the relocation of
- 7 persons displaced by implementation of the plan.
- 8 (k) Provision for the costs of relocating persons displaced
- 9 by implementation of the plan, and financial assistance and
- 10 reimbursement of expenses, including litigation expenses and
- 11 expenses incident to the transfer of title, in accordance with
- 12 the standards and provisions of the uniform relocation assistance
- 13 and real property acquisition policies act of 1970, Public Law
- 14 91-646, 84 Stat. 1894.
- 15 (l) A strategy for compliance with 1972 PA 227, MCL 213.321
- **16** to 213.332.
- 17 (m) A description of proposed use of the local site
- 18 remediation revolving fund.
- (n) Other material that the authority or governing body
- 20 considers pertinent.
- 21 (2) The percentage of all taxes levied on a parcel of
- 22 eligible property for school operating expenses that is captured
- 23 and used under a brownfield plan and all tax increment finance
- 24 plans under 1975 PA 197, MCL 125.1651 to 125.1681, the tax
- 25 increment finance authority act, 1980 PA 450, MCL 125.1801 to
- 26 125.1830, or the local development financing act, 1986 PA 281,
- 27 MCL 125.2151 to 125.2174, shall not be greater than the

- 1 combination of the plans' percentage capture and use of all local
- 2 taxes levied for purposes other than for the payment of principal
- 3 of and interest on either obligations approved by the electors or
- 4 obligations pledging the unlimited taxing power of the local unit
- 5 of government. This subsection shall apply only when taxes
- 6 levied for school operating purposes are subject to capture under
- 7 section 15.
- 8 (3) Except as provided in this subsection and
- 9 subsections (5), (15), and (16), tax increment revenues related
- 10 to a brownfield plan shall be used only for costs of eligible
- 11 activities attributable to the eligible property, the captured
- 12 taxable value of which produces the tax increment revenues,
- 13 including the cost of principal of and interest on any obligation
- 14 issued by the authority to pay the costs of eligible activities
- 15 attributable to the eligible property, and the reasonable costs
- 16 of preparing a work plan or remedial action plan for the eligible
- 17 property, including the actual cost of the review of the work
- 18 plan or remedial action plan under section 15. For property
- 19 owned or under the control of a land bank fast track authority,
- 20 tax increment revenues related to a brownfield plan may be used
- 21 for eligible activities attributable to any eligible property
- 22 owned or under the control of the land bank fast track authority,
- 23 the cost of principal of and interest on any obligation issued by
- 24 the authority to pay the costs of eligible activities, the
- 25 reasonable costs of preparing a work plan or remedial action
- 26 plan, and the actual cost of the review of the work plan or
- 27 remedial action plan under section 15. Tax increment revenues

- 1 captured from taxes levied by this state under the state
- 2 education tax act, 1993 PA 331, MCL 211.901 to 211.906, or taxes
- 3 levied by a local school district shall not be used for eligible
- 4 activities described in section 2(l)(iv)(E).
- 5 (4) Except as provided in subsection (5), a brownfield plan
- 6 shall not authorize the capture of tax increment revenue from
- 7 eligible property after the year in which the total amount of tax
- 8 increment revenues captured is equal to the sum of the costs -of
- 9 eligible activities attributable to the eligible property
- 10 including the cost of principal of and interest on any obligation
- 11 issued by the authority to pay the costs of eligible activities
- 12 on the eligible property, and the reasonable cost of preparing a
- 13 work plan or remedial action plan for eligible property, and the
- 14 actual cost of the department's review of the work plan or
- 15 remedial action plan permitted to be funded with tax increment
- 16 revenues under this act.
- 17 (5) A brownfield plan may authorize the capture of additional
- 18 tax increment revenue from an eligible property in excess of the
- 19 amount authorized under subsection (4) during the time of capture
- 20 for the purpose of paying the costs of eligible activities
- 21 permitted under subsection (3), or for not more than 5 years
- 22 after the time that capture is required for the purpose of paying
- 23 the costs <del>of eligible activities</del> permitted under
- 24 subsection (3), or both. Excess revenues captured under this
- 25 subsection shall be deposited in the local site remediation
- 26 revolving fund created under section 8 and used for the purposes
- 27 authorized in section 8. If tax increment revenues attributable

- 1 to taxes levied for school operating purposes from eligible
- 2 property are captured by the authority for purposes authorized
- 3 under subsection (3), the tax increment revenues captured for
- 4 deposit in the local site remediation revolving fund also may
- 5 include tax increment revenues attributable to taxes levied for
- 6 school operating purposes in an amount not greater than the tax
- 7 increment revenues levied for school operating purposes captured
- 8 from the eligible property by the authority for the purposes
- 9 authorized under subsection (3). Excess tax increment revenues
- 10 from taxes levied for school operating purposes for eligible
- 11 activities authorized under subsection (15) by the Michigan
- 12 economic growth authority shall not be captured for deposit in
- 13 the local site remediation revolving fund.
- 14 (6) An authority shall not expend tax increment revenues to
- 15 acquire or prepare eligible property, unless the acquisition or
- 16 preparation is an eligible activity.
- 17 (7) Costs of eligible activities attributable to eligible
- 18 property include all costs that are necessary or related to a
- 19 release from the eligible property, including eligible activities
- 20 on properties affected by a release from the eligible property.
- 21 For purposes of this subsection, "release" means that term as
- 22 defined in section 20101 of the natural resources and
- 23 environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.20101.
- 24 (8) Costs of a response activity paid with tax increment
- 25 revenues that are captured pursuant to subsection (3) may be
- 26 recovered from a person who is liable for the costs of eligible
- 27 activities at an eligible property. This state or an authority

- 1 may undertake cost recovery for tax increment revenue captured.
- 2 Before an authority or this state may institute a cost recovery
- 3 action, it must provide the other with 120 days' notice. This
- 4 state or an authority that recovers costs under this subsection
- 5 shall apply those recovered costs to the following, in the
- 6 following order of priority:
- 7 (a) The reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred by this
- 8 state or an authority in obtaining the cost recovery.
- **9** (b) One of the following:
- 10 (i) If an authority undertakes the cost recovery action, the
- 11 authority shall deposit the remaining recovered funds into the
- 12 local site remediation fund created pursuant to section 8, if
- 13 such a fund has been established by the authority. If a local
- 14 site remediation fund has not been established, the authority
- 15 shall disburse the remaining recovered funds to the local taxing
- 16 jurisdictions in the proportion that the local taxing
- 17 jurisdictions' taxes were captured.
- 18 (ii) If this state undertakes a cost recovery action, this
- 19 state shall deposit the remaining recovered funds into the
- 20 revitalization revolving loan fund established under
- 21 section 20108a of the natural resources and environmental
- 22 protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.20108a.
- 23 (iii) If this state and an authority each undertake a cost
- 24 recovery action, undertake a cost recovery action jointly, or 1
- 25 on behalf of the other, the amount of any remaining recovered
- **26** funds shall be deposited pursuant to subparagraphs (i) and (ii)
- 27 in the proportion that the tax increment revenues being recovered

- 1 represent local taxes and taxes levied for school operating
- 2 purposes, respectively.
- 3 (9) Approval of the brownfield plan or an amendment to a
- 4 brownfield plan shall be in accordance with the notice and
- 5 approval provisions of this section and section 14.
- 6 (10) Before approving a brownfield plan for an eligible
- 7 property, the governing body shall hold a public hearing on the
- 8 brownfield plan. Notice of the time and place of the hearing
- 9 shall be given by publication twice in a newspaper of general
- 10 circulation designated by the municipality, the first of which
- 11 shall be not less than 20 or more than 40 days before the date
- 12 set for the hearing.
- 13 (11) Notice of the time and place of the hearing on a
- 14 brownfield plan shall contain all of the following:
- 15 (a) A description of the property to which the plan applies
- 16 in relation to existing or proposed highways, streets, streams,
- 17 or otherwise.
- 18 (b) A statement that maps, plats, and a description of the
- 19 brownfield plan are available for public inspection at a place
- 20 designated in the notice and that all aspects of the brownfield
- 21 plan are open for discussion at the public hearing required by
- 22 this <del>subsection</del> section.
- (c) Any other information that the governing body considers
- 24 appropriate.
- 25 (12) At the time set for the hearing on the brownfield plan
- 26 required under subsection (10), the governing body shall provide
- 27 an opportunity for interested persons to be heard and shall

- 1 receive and consider communications in writing with reference to
- 2 the brownfield plan. The governing body shall make and preserve
- 3 a record of the public hearing, including all data presented at
- 4 the hearing.
- 5 (13) Not less than 20 days before the hearing on the
- 6 brownfield plan, the governing body shall provide notice of the
- 7 hearing to the taxing jurisdictions that levy taxes subject to
- 8 capture under this act. The authority shall fully inform the
- 9 taxing jurisdictions about the fiscal and economic implications
- 10 of the proposed brownfield plan. At that hearing, an official
- 11 from a taxing jurisdiction with millage that would be subject to
- 12 capture under this act has the right to be heard in regard to the
- 13 adoption of the brownfield plan.
- 14 (14) The authority shall not enter into agreements with the
- 15 taxing jurisdictions and the governing body of the municipality
- 16 to share a portion of the captured taxable value of an eligible
- 17 property. Upon adoption of the plan, the collection and
- 18 transmission of the amount of tax increment revenues as specified
- 19 in this act shall be binding on all taxing units levying ad
- 20 valorem property taxes or specific taxes against property located
- 21 in the zone.
- 22 (15) —If— Except as provided by subsection (18), if a
- 23 brownfield plan includes the capture of taxes levied for school
- 24 operating purposes or the use of tax increment revenues related
- 25 to a brownfield plan for the cost of eligible activities
- 26 attributable to more than 1 eligible property that is adjacent
- 27 and contiguous to all other eligible properties covered by the

- 1 development agreement, whether or not the captured taxes are
- 2 levied for school operating purposes, approval of a work plan by
- 3 the Michigan economic growth authority before January 1, 2008 to
- 4 use school operating taxes and a development agreement between
- 5 the municipality and an owner or developer of eligible property
- 6 are required if the revenues will be used for infrastructure
- 7 improvements that directly benefit eligible property, demolition
- 8 of structures that is not response activity under part 201 of the
- 9 natural resources and environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451,
- 10 MCL 324.20101 to 324.20142, lead or asbestos abatement, or site
- **11** preparation that is not response activity under section -201
- 12 20101 of the natural resources and environmental protection act,
- 13 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.20101. The eligible activities to be
- 14 conducted described in this subsection shall be consistent with
- 15 the work plan submitted by the authority to the Michigan economic
- 16 growth authority. The department's approval is not required for
- 17 the capture of taxes levied for school operating purposes for
- 18 eligible activities described in this subsection.
- 19 (16) A brownfield authority may reimburse reasonable and
- 20 actual administrative and operating expenses that include, but
- 21 are not limited to, baseline environmental assessments, due care
- 22 activities, and additional response activities, related directly
- 23 to work conducted by the authority on prospective eligible
- 24 properties prior to approval of the brownfield plan and on
- 25 eligible properties and for eligible activities after the
- 26 approval of the brownfield plan, only from captured local taxes
- 27 not to exceed \$75,000.00 for each authority in each fiscal year.

- 1 Reasonable and actual administrative and operating expenses do
- 2 not include reasonable costs of preparing a work plan or remedial
- 3 action plan or the cost of the review of a work plan for which
- 4 taxes may be used under section 13(3). The limitations of
- 5 section 15(1) upon use of tax increment revenues by an authority
- 6 shall not apply to the following costs and expenses:
- 7 (a) In each fiscal year of the authority, \$75,000.00 for the
- 8 following purposes for tax increment revenues attributable to
- 9 local taxes:
- 10 (i) Reasonable and actual administrative and operating
- 11 expenses of the authority.
- 12 (ii) Baseline environmental assessments, due care activities,
- 13 and additional response activities related directly to work
- 14 conducted on prospective eligible properties prior to approval of
- 15 the brownfield plan.
- (b) Reasonable costs of preparing a work plan or remedial
- 17 action plan or the cost of the review of a work plan for which
- 18 tax increment revenues may be used under section 13(3).
- 19 (17) A brownfield authority may reimburse advances made by a
- 20 municipality under section 7(3), a land bank fast track
- 21 authority, or any other person or entity for costs of eligible
- 22 activities with any source of revenue available for use of the
- 23 brownfield authority under this act and may enter into agreements
- 24 related to those reimbursements. A reimbursement agreement for
- 25 these purposes and the obligations under that reimbursement
- 26 agreement shall not be subject to section 12 or the revised
- 27 municipal finance act, 2001 PA 34, MCL 141.2101 to 141.2821.

- 1 (18) If a brownfield plan includes the capture of taxes
- 2 levied for school operating purposes, approval of a work plan by
- 3 the Michigan economic growth authority in the manner required
- 4 under section 15(14) to (16) is required in order to use tax
- 5 increment revenues attributable to taxes levied for school
- 6 operating purposes for purposes of eligible activities described
- 7 in section 2(l)(iv)(E) for 1 or more parcels of eligible
- 8 property. The work plan to be submitted to the Michigan economic
- 9 growth authority under this subsection shall be in a form
- 10 prescribed by the Michigan economic growth authority. The
- 11 eligible activities to be conducted and described in this
- 12 subsection shall be consistent with the work plan submitted by
- 13 the authority to the Michigan economic growth authority. The
- 14 department's approval is not required for the capture of taxes
- 15 levied for school operating purposes for eligible activities
- 16 described in this section.
- 17 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act does not take
- 18 effect unless all of the following bills of the 92nd Legislature
- 19 are enacted into law:
- 20 (a) House Bill No. 4481.
- 21 (b) House Bill No. 4482.
- 22 (c) House Bill No. 4483.
- 23 (d) House Bill No. 4484.
- 24 (e) House Bill No. 4488.