HOUSE BILL No. 5930

May 20, 2004, Introduced by Reps. Robertson, Milosch, Voorhees, Shaffer, Wenke, Julian and Hune and referred to the Committee on Insurance.

A bill to amend 1956 PA 218, entitled "The insurance code of 1956," (MCL 500.100 to 500.8302) by adding section 8115a.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 8115a. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
- act, including any other provision of this act permitting the
- modification of contracts, or other law of the state, a person
- shall not be stayed or prohibited from exercising any of the
- 5 following:
- (a) A contractual right to terminate, liquidate, or close out
- any netting agreement or qualified financial contract with an
- insurer because of the commencement of a formal delinquency
- proceeding under this chapter or the insolvency, financial
- **9** 10 condition, or default of the insurer at any time, provided that
 - 11 the right is enforceable under applicable law other than this

- 1 act.
- 2 (b) Any right under a pledge, security, collateral, or
- 3 guarantee agreement or any other similar security arrangement or
- 4 credit support document relating to a netting agreement or
- 5 qualified financial contract.
- 6 (c) Subject to section 8130(2), any right to set off or net
- 7 out any termination value, payment amount, or other transfer
- 8 obligation arising under or in connection with a netting
- 9 agreement or qualified financial contract where the counterparty
- 10 or its guarantor is organized under the laws of the United States
- 11 or a state or foreign jurisdiction approved by the securities
- 12 valuation office of the national association of insurance
- 13 commissioners and approved by the commissioner as eligible for
- 14 netting.
- 15 (2) Upon termination of a netting agreement, the net or
- 16 settlement amount, if any, owed by a nondefaulting party to an
- 17 insurer against which an application or petition has been filed
- 18 under this chapter shall be transferred to or on the order of the
- 19 receiver for the insurer, even if the insurer is the defaulting
- 20 party, notwithstanding any provision in the netting agreement
- 21 that may provide that the nondefaulting party is not required to
- 22 pay any net or settlement amount due to the defaulting party upon
- 23 termination. Any limited 2-way payment provision in a netting
- 24 agreement with an insurer that has defaulted shall be considered
- 25 to be a full 2-way payment provision as against the defaulting
- 26 insurer. Any such property or amount shall, except to the extent
- 27 it is subject to 1 or more secondary liens or encumbrances, be a

- 1 general asset of the insurer.
- 2 (3) In making any transfer of a netting agreement or
- 3 qualified financial contract of an insurer subject to a
- 4 proceeding under this chapter, the receiver shall do either of
- 5 the following:
- 6 (a) Transfer to 1 party, other than an insurer subject to a
- 7 proceeding under this chapter, all netting agreements and
- 8 qualified financial contracts between a counterparty or any
- 9 affiliate of the counterparty and the insurer that is the subject
- 10 of the proceeding, including all rights and obligations of each
- 11 party under each such netting agreement and qualified financial
- 12 contract and all property, including any guarantees or credit
- 13 support documents, securing any claims of each party under each
- 14 such netting agreement and qualified financial contract.
- (b) Transfer none of the netting agreements, qualified
- 16 financial contracts, rights, obligations, or property referred to
- 17 in subdivision (a) with respect to the counterparty and any
- 18 affiliate of the counterparty.
- 19 (4) If a receiver for an insurer makes a transfer of 1 or
- 20 more netting agreements or qualified financial contracts, then
- 21 the receiver shall use its best efforts to notify any person who
- 22 is party to the netting agreements or qualified financial
- 23 contracts of the transfer by 12 noon of the receiver's local time
- 24 on the business day following the transfer. For purposes of this
- 25 subsection, "business day" means a day other than a Saturday,
- 26 Sunday, or any day on which either the New York stock exchange or
- 27 the federal reserve bank of New York is closed.

- 1 (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, a
- 2 receiver may not avoid a transfer of money or other property
- 3 arising under or in connection with a netting agreement or
- 4 qualified financial contract or any pledge, security, collateral,
- 5 or guarantee agreement or any other similar security arrangement
- 6 or credit support document relating to a netting agreement or
- 7 qualified financial contract that is made before the commencement
- 8 of a formal delinquency proceeding under this chapter. However,
- 9 a transfer may be avoided under section 8126 if the transfer was
- 10 made with actual intent to hinder, delay, or defraud the insurer,
- 11 a receiver appointed for the insurer, or existing or future
- 12 creditors.
- 13 (6) In exercising any of its powers under this chapter to
- 14 disaffirm or repudiate a netting agreement or qualified financial
- 15 contract, the receiver shall take action with respect to each
- 16 netting agreement or qualified financial contract and all
- 17 transactions entered into in connection with the netting
- 18 agreement or qualified financial contract in its entirety.
- 19 Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, any claim of
- 20 a counterparty against the estate arising from the receiver's
- 21 disaffirmance or repudiation of a netting agreement or qualified
- 22 financial contract that has not been previously affirmed in the
- 23 liquidation or immediately preceding rehabilitation case shall be
- 24 determined and shall be allowed or disallowed as if the claim had
- 25 arisen before the date of the filing of the petition for
- 26 liquidation or, if a rehabilitation proceeding is converted to a
- 27 liquidation proceeding, as if the claim had arisen before the

- 1 date of the filing of the petition for rehabilitation. The
- 2 amount of the claim shall be the actual direct compensatory
- 3 damages determined as of the date of the disaffirmance or
- 4 repudiation of the netting agreement or qualified financial
- 5 contract.
- 6 (7) This section does not apply to persons who are affiliates
- 7 of the insurer that is the subject of the proceeding.
- 8 (8) All rights of counterparties under this act apply to
- 9 netting agreements and qualified financial contracts entered into
- 10 on behalf of the general account or separate accounts if the
- 11 assets of each separate account are available only to
- 12 counterparties to netting agreements and qualified financial
- 13 contracts entered into on behalf of that separate account.
- 14 (9) As used in this section:
- 15 (a) "Actual direct compensatory damages" includes normal and
- 16 reasonable costs of cover or other reasonable measures of damages
- 17 utilized in the derivatives market for the contract and agreement
- 18 claims, but does not include punitive and exemplary damages,
- 19 damages for lost profit or lost opportunity, or damages for pain
- 20 and suffering.
- 21 (b) "Commodity contract" means any of the following:
- 22 (i) A contract for the purchase or sale of a commodity for
- 23 future delivery on, or subject to the rules of, a board of trade
- 24 designated as a contract market by the commodity futures trading
- 25 commission under the commodity exchange act, 7 USC 1 to 27f, or
- 26 board of trade outside the United States.
- (ii) An agreement that is subject to regulation under section

- 1 23 of the commodity exchange act, 7 USC 23, and that is commonly
- 2 known to the commodities trade as a margin account, margin
- 3 contract, leverage account, or leverage contract.
- 4 (iii) An agreement or transaction that is subject to
- 5 regulation under section 6c of the commodity exchange act, 7 USC
- 6 6c, and that is commonly known to the commodities trade as a
- 7 commodity option.
- 8 (c) "Contractual right" includes any right, whether or not
- 9 evidenced in writing, arising under statutory or common law, a
- 10 rule or bylaw of a national securities exchange, national
- 11 securities clearing organization, or securities clearing agency,
- 12 a rule or bylaw, or a resolution of the governing body, of a
- 13 contract market or its clearing organization, or under law
- 14 merchant.
- (d) "Forward contract" means a contract for the purchase,
- 16 sale, or transfer of a commodity, as defined in section 1a of the
- 17 commodity exchange act, 7 USC la, or any similar good, article,
- 18 service, right, or interest that is presently or in the future
- 19 becomes the subject of dealing in the forward contract trade, or
- 20 product or by-product thereof, with a maturity date more than 2
- 21 days after the date the contract is entered into, including, but
- 22 not limited to, a repurchase transaction, reverse repurchase
- 23 transaction, consignment, lease, swap, hedge transaction,
- 24 deposit, loan, option, allocated transaction, unallocated
- 25 transaction, or a combination of these or option on any of them.
- 26 Forward contract does not include a commodity contract.
- (e) "Netting agreement" means a contract or agreement,

- 1 including terms and conditions incorporated by reference in the
- 2 contract or agreement, that documents 1 or more transactions
- 3 between the parties to the agreement for or involving 1 or more
- 4 qualified financial contracts and that provides for the netting
- 5 or liquidation of qualified financial contracts or present or
- 6 future payment obligations or payment entitlements thereunder,
- 7 including liquidation or close-out values relating to those
- 8 obligations or entitlements, among the parties to the netting
- 9 agreement. Netting agreement includes a master agreement that
- 10 otherwise meets this definition. A master agreement includes all
- 11 schedules, confirmations, definitions, and addenda to it and
- 12 transactions under it, which shall be treated as 1 netting
- 13 agreement.
- 14 (f) "Qualified financial contract" means a commodity
- 15 contract, forward contract, repurchase agreement, securities
- 16 contract, swap agreement, and any similar agreement that the
- 17 commissioner determines by regulation, resolution, or order to be
- 18 a qualified financial contract for the purposes of this chapter.
- 19 (g) "Repurchase agreement", including a reverse repurchase
- 20 agreement, means an agreement, including related terms, that
- 21 provides for the transfer of certificates of deposit, eligible
- 22 bankers' acceptances, or securities that are direct obligations
- 23 of, or that are fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by,
- 24 the United States or an agency of the United States against the
- 25 transfer of funds by the transferee of the certificates of
- 26 deposit, eligible bankers' acceptances, or securities with a
- 27 simultaneous agreement by the transferee to transfer to the

- 1 transferor certificates of deposit, eligible bankers'
- 2 acceptances, or securities as described above, at a date certain
- 3 not later than 1 year after the transfers or on demand, against
- 4 the transfer of funds. For the purposes of this definition, the
- 5 items that may be subject to an agreement include
- 6 mortgage-related securities, a mortgage loan, and an interest in
- 7 a mortgage loan, and shall not include any participation in a
- 8 commercial mortgage loan, unless the commissioner determines by
- 9 regulation, resolution, or order to include the participation
- 10 within the meaning of the term.
- 11 (h) "Securities contract" means a contract for the purchase,
- 12 sale, or loan of a security, including an option for the
- 13 repurchase or sale of a security, certificate of deposit, or
- 14 group or index of securities, including an interest therein or
- 15 based on the value thereof, or an option entered into on a
- 16 national securities exchange relating to foreign currencies, or
- 17 the guarantee of a settlement of cash or securities by or to a
- 18 securities clearing agency. As used in this definition,
- 19 "security" includes a mortgage loan, mortgage-related securities,
- 20 and an interest in any mortgage loan or mortgage-related
- 21 security.
- (i) "Swap agreement" means an agreement, including the terms
- 23 and conditions incorporated by reference in an agreement, that is
- 24 a rate swap agreement, basis swap, commodity swap, forward rate
- 25 agreement, interest rate future, interest rate option, forward
- 26 foreign exchange agreement, spot foreign exchange agreement, rate
- 27 cap agreement, rate floor agreement, rate collar agreement,

- 1 currency swap agreement, cross-currency rate swap agreement,
- 2 currency future, or currency option or any other similar
- 3 agreement, and includes any combination of agreements and an
- 4 option to enter into an agreement.

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