HOUSE BILL No. 4247

February 18, 2003, Introduced by Rep. Van Regenmorter and referred to the Committee on Criminal Justice.

A bill to amend 1949 PA 300, entitled "Michigan vehicle code,"

by amending sections 310d, 310e, 319, 624b, 625, 625a, 625c, 625g, 625i, and 625m (MCL 257.310d, 257.310e, 257.319, 257.624b, 257.625, 257.625a, 257.625c, 257.625g, 257.625i, and 257.625m), sections 310d and 625g as amended by 1999 PA 73, section 310e as amended by 2002 PA 554, section 319 as amended by 2002 PA 534, section 624b as amended by 1998 PA 349, sections 625 and 625m as amended by 2000 PA 460, section 625a as amended by 1998 PA 351, section 625c as amended by 1998 PA 350, and section 625i as amended by 1998 PA 354, and by adding section 1d.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Sec. 1d. "Alcoholic liquor" means that term as defined in section 105 of the Michigan liquor control code of 1998, 1998

3 PA 58, MCL 436.1105.

- 1 Sec. 310d. (1) A license issued under this act to a person
- 2 not previously licensed in this or in another state shall be
- 3 designated as probationary for 3 years after the date of
- 4 issuance. During the first 12 months of probation, the license
- 5 may be suspended or probationary terms and conditions may be
- 6 imposed upon failure of the licensee to appear before a
- 7 magistrate, as provided in this chapter, or upon conviction of
- 8 the licensee or determination of the licensee's responsibility
- 9 for a moving violation in this state. The period of suspension
- 10 or the probationary terms and conditions shall not be for more
- 11 than 12 months and shall be determined by the secretary of state
- 12 at an examination of the driver by the secretary of state.
- 13 (2) Upon completion of the first 12 months of probation, the
- 14 secretary of state may require a licensee to be reexamined by the
- 15 secretary of state if the licensee's driving record contains any
- 16 of the following:
- 17 (a) A conviction or civil infraction determination for a
- 18 moving violation that was assessed 4 or more points as provided
- **19** in section 320a.
- 20 (b) Three convictions or 3 civil infraction determinations,
- 21 or a combination of convictions and civil infraction
- 22 determinations that equals 3, for moving violations.
- 23 (c) A total of 6 or more points as provided in section 320a.
- 24 (d) A conviction or civil infraction determination for a
- 25 moving violation and an accident for which the official police
- **26** report indicates the licensee had been drinking —intoxicating
- 27 alcoholic liquor.

- 1 (e) A conviction or civil infraction determination for a
- 2 moving violation and an accident for which the official police
- 3 report indicates a moving violation on the part of the licensee.
- 4 (f) Three accidents for which the official police report
- 5 indicates a moving violation on the part of the licensee.
- 6 (g) A suspension pursuant to section 625f.
- 7 (3) The probationary period shall be extended beyond 3 years
- 8 and the secretary of state may reexamine a licensee as provided
- 9 in subsection (2) if any of the following occur and are recorded
- 10 on the licensee's driving record during the last 10 months of the
- 11 probationary period:
- 12 (a) A moving violation resulting in a conviction or civil
- 13 infraction determination.
- 14 (b) An accident for which the official police report
- 15 indicates a moving violation on the part of the licensee.
- 16 (c) An accident for which the official police report
- 17 indicates the licensee had been drinking <u>intoxicating</u> alcoholic
- 18 liquor.
- 19 (d) A license suspension for a reason other than a mental or
- 20 physical disability.
- 21 (4) The probationary period shall be extended pursuant to
- 22 subsection (3) until the licensee completes 10 consecutive months
- 23 without a moving violation, accident, or suspension enumerated in
- 24 subsection (3).
- 25 (5) Upon completion of a reexamination, the secretary of
- 26 state may suspend or impose probationary terms and conditions on
- 27 the license of a probationary licensee, except that a

- 1 reexamination for subsection (2)(d), (e), or (f) shall not result
- 2 in a license suspension or the imposition of probationary terms
- 3 or conditions.
- 4 (6) For 24 months immediately after a licensee's probationary
- 5 period, the secretary of state may require the licensee to be
- 6 reexamined by the secretary of state if the licensee's driver
- 7 record has a total of 9 or more points, as provided in section
- 8 320a, imposed in a period of 2 years and if the licensee's record
- 9 contains 1 or more of the following:
- 10 (a) A conviction for a violation of section 625(1), (3), (4),
- 11 (5), (6), or (7), section 625m, former section 625(1) or (2), or
- 12 former section 625b, a local ordinance substantially
- 13 corresponding to section 625(1), (3), or (6), section 625m,
- 14 former section 625(1) or (2), or former section 625b, or a law of
- 15 another state substantially corresponding to section 625(1), (3),
- 16 (4), (5), (6), or (7), section 625m, former section 625(1) or
- **17** (2), or former section 625b.
- 18 (b) A conviction for driving while visibly impaired due to
- 19 consumption of <u>intoxicating</u> alcoholic liquor, a controlled
- 20 substance, or a combination of -intoxicating alcoholic liquor
- 21 and a controlled substance.
- 22 (c) A suspension of the licensee's license pursuant to
- 23 section 625f.
- 24 (d) An accident for which the official police report
- 25 indicates a moving violation on the part of the licensee.
- (e) An accident for which the official police report
- 27 indicates the licensee had been drinking -intoxicating alcoholic

- 1 liquor.
- 2 (7) Upon completion of a reexamination under subsection (6),
- 3 the secretary of state may suspend the license of the licensee,
- 4 except that a reexamination for subsection (6)(d) or (e) shall
- 5 not result in a license suspension or restriction.
- **6** (8) If a licensee fails to appear for a reexamination
- 7 scheduled by the secretary of state pursuant to this section, the
- 8 licensee's license may be suspended immediately and remain
- 9 suspended until the licensee appears for a reexamination by the
- 10 secretary of state.
- 11 (9) Notice of a reexamination required under this section
- 12 shall be given by first-class mail to the last known address of
- 13 the licensee.
- 14 (10) For purposes of this section:
- 15 (a) Upon conviction for a moving violation, the date of the
- 16 violation shall be used in determining whether the conviction
- 17 occurred within the probationary period.
- (b) Upon entry of a civil infraction determination for a
- 19 moving violation, the date of the violation shall be used in
- 20 determining whether the civil infraction determination occurred
- 21 within the probationary period.
- 22 (c) Information of a reexamination shall not be placed on a
- 23 driver's record unless the secretary of state suspends a license
- 24 or imposes probationary terms and conditions.
- 25 (d) A suspension shall be considered part of a driving record
- 26 from the date the suspension is imposed until the suspension is
- 27 terminated.

- 1 (e) The date of the official police report shall be used in
- 2 determining whether a licensee was driving a motor vehicle
- 3 involved in an accident for which the official police report
- 4 indicates a moving violation on the part of the licensee or
- 5 indicates the licensee had been drinking <u>intoxicating</u> alcoholic
- 6 liquor.
- 7 Sec. 310e. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this act, an
- 8 operator's or chauffeur's license issued to a person who is 17
- 9 years of age or less shall be in a form as prescribed in section
- 10 310 beginning July 1, 2003, and is valid only upon the issuance
- 11 of a graduated driver license.
- 12 (2) The secretary of state shall designate graduated
- 13 licensing provisions in a manner that clearly indicates that the
- 14 person is subject to the appropriate provisions described in this
- 15 section.
- 16 (3) Except as otherwise provided in section 303, a person who
- 17 is not less than 14 years and 9 months of age may be issued a
- 18 level 1 graduated licensing status to operate a motor vehicle if
- 19 the person has satisfied all of the following conditions:
- (a) Passed a vision test and met health standards as
- 21 prescribed by the secretary of state.
- 22 (b) Successfully completed segment 1 of a driver education
- 23 course approved by the department of education including a
- 24 minimum of 6 hours of on-the-road driving time with the
- 25 instructor.
- (c) Received written approval of a parent or legal guardian.
- 27 (4) A person issued a level 1 graduated licensing status may

- 1 operate a motor vehicle only when accompanied either by a
- 2 licensed parent or legal guardian or, with the permission of the
- 3 parent or legal guardian, a licensed driver 21 years of age or
- 4 older. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a person is
- 5 restricted to operating a motor vehicle with a level 1 graduated
- 6 licensing status for not less than 6 months.
- 7 (5) A person may be issued a level 2 graduated licensing
- 8 status to operate a motor vehicle if the person has satisfied all
- 9 of the following conditions:
- 10 (a) Had a level 1 graduated licensing status for not less
- 11 than 6 months.
- 12 (b) Successfully completed segment 2 of a driver education
- 13 course approved by the department of education.
- 14 (c) Not incurred a moving violation resulting in a conviction
- 15 or civil infraction determination or been involved in an accident
- 16 for which the official police report indicates a moving violation
- 17 on the part of the person during the 90-day period immediately
- 18 preceding application.
- 19 (d) Presented a certification by the parent or guardian that
- 20 he or she, accompanied by his or her licensed parent or legal
- 21 guardian or, with the permission of the parent or legal guardian,
- 22 any licensed driver 21 years of age or older, has accumulated a
- 23 total of not less than 50 hours of behind-the-wheel experience
- 24 including not less than 10 nighttime hours.
- (e) Successfully completed a secretary of state approved
- 26 performance road test. The secretary of state may enter into an
- 27 agreement with another public or private person or agency,

- 1 including a city, village, or township, to conduct this
- 2 performance road test. This subdivision applies to a person 16
- 3 years of age or over only if the person has satisfied
- 4 subdivisions (a), (b), (c), and (d).
- 5 (6) A person issued a level 2 graduated licensing status
- 6 under subsection (5) shall remain at level 2 for not less than 6
- 7 months and shall not operate a motor vehicle within this state
- 8 from 12 midnight to 5 a.m. unless accompanied by a parent or
- 9 legal guardian or a licensed driver over the age of 21 designated
- 10 by the parent or legal guardian, or except when going to or from
- 11 employment.
- 12 (7) The provisions and provisional period described in
- 13 subsection (4) or (6) shall be expanded or extended, or both,
- 14 beyond the periods described in subsection (4) or (6) if any of
- 15 the following occur and are recorded on the licensee's driving
- 16 record during the provisional periods described in subsection (4)
- 17 or (6) or any additional periods imposed under this subsection:
- 18 (a) A moving violation resulting in a conviction, civil
- 19 infraction determination, or probate court disposition.
- 20 (b) An accident for which the official police report
- 21 indicates a moving violation on the part of the licensee.
- (c) A license suspension for a reason other than a mental or
- 23 physical disability.
- 24 (d) A violation of subsection (4) or (6).
- 25 (8) The provisional period described in subsection (4) shall
- 26 be extended under subsection (7) until the licensee completes 90
- 27 consecutive days without a moving violation, an accident in which

- 1 a moving violation resulted, accident, suspension, or provisional
- 2 period violation listed in subsection (7) or until age 18,
- 3 whichever occurs first. The provisional period described in
- 4 subsection (6) shall be extended under subsection (7) until the
- 5 licensee completes 12 consecutive months without a moving
- 6 violation, accident, suspension, or restricted period violation
- 7 listed in subsection (7) or until age 18, whichever occurs
- 8 first.
- 9 (9) A person who is not less than 17 years of age may be
- 10 issued a level 3 graduated licensing status under this subsection
- 11 if the person has completed 12 consecutive months without a
- 12 moving violation, an accident in which a moving violation
- 13 resulted, accident, suspension, or restricted period violation
- 14 listed in subsection (7) while the person was issued a level 2
- 15 graduated licensing status under subsection (5).
- 16 (10) Notice shall be given by first-class mail to the last
- 17 known address of a licensee if the provisions are expanded or
- 18 extended as described in subsection (7).
- 19 (11) A person who violates subsection (4) or (6) is
- 20 responsible for a civil infraction.
- 21 (12) If a person is determined responsible for a violation of
- 22 subsection (4) or (6), the secretary of state shall send written
- 23 notification of any conviction or moving violation to a
- 24 designated parent or guardian of the person.
- 25 (13) For purposes of this section:
- 26 (a) Upon conviction for a moving violation, the date of the
- 27 arrest for the violation shall be used in determining whether the

- 1 conviction occurred within a provisional licensure period under
- 2 this section.
- 3 (b) Upon entry of a civil infraction determination for a
- 4 moving violation, the date of issuance of a citation for a civil
- 5 infraction shall be used in determining whether the civil
- 6 infraction determination occurred within a provisional licensure
- 7 period under this section.
- 8 (c) The date of the official police report shall be used in
- 9 determining whether a licensee was driving a motor vehicle
- 10 involved in an accident for which the official police report
- 11 indicates a moving violation on the part of the licensee or
- 12 indicates the licensee had been drinking -intoxicating alcoholic
- 13 liquor.
- 14 (14) A person shall have his or her graduated licensing
- 15 status in his or her immediate possession at all times when
- 16 operating a motor vehicle, and shall display the card upon demand
- 17 of a police officer. A person who violates this subsection is
- 18 responsible for a civil infraction.
- 19 (15) This section does not apply to a person 15 years of age
- 20 or older who is currently enrolled but has not completed a driver
- 21 education course on April 1, 1997 or who has completed a driver
- 22 education course but has not acquired his or her driver license
- 23 on April 1, 1997.
- 24 Sec. 319. (1) The secretary of state shall immediately
- 25 suspend a person's license as provided in this section upon
- 26 receiving a record of the person's conviction for a crime
- 27 described in this section, whether the conviction is under a law

- 1 of this state, a local ordinance substantially corresponding to a
- 2 law of this state, or a law of another state substantially
- 3 corresponding to a law of this state.
- 4 (2) The secretary of state shall suspend the person's license
- 5 for 1 year for any of the following crimes:
- **6** (a) Fraudulently altering or forging documents pertaining to
- 7 motor vehicles in violation of section 257.
- 8 (b) A violation of section 413 of the Michigan penal code,
- 9 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.413.
- 10 (c) A violation of section 1 of former 1931 PA 214,
- 11 MCL 752.191, or section 626c.
- 12 (d) A felony in which a motor vehicle was used. As used in
- 13 this section, "felony in which a motor vehicle was used" means a
- 14 felony during the commission of which the person convicted
- 15 operated a motor vehicle and while operating the vehicle
- 16 presented real or potential harm to persons or property and 1 or
- 17 more of the following circumstances existed:
- 18 (i) The vehicle was used as an instrument of the felony.
- 19 (ii) The vehicle was used to transport a victim of the
- 20 felony.
- 21 (iii) The vehicle was used to flee the scene of the felony.
- 22 (iv) The vehicle was necessary for the commission of the
- 23 felony.
- 24 (e) A violation of section 602a(2) or (3) of this act or
- 25 section 479a(2) or (3) of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328,
- 26 MCL 750.479a.
- 27 (3) The secretary of state shall suspend the person's license

- 1 for 90 days for any of the following crimes:
- 2 (a) Failing to stop and disclose identity at the scene of an
- 3 accident resulting in injury in violation of section 617a.
- 4 (b) A violation of section 601b(2), section 601c(1), section
- **5** 626, or section 653a(3).
- **6** (c) Malicious destruction resulting from the operation of a
- 7 vehicle under section 382(1)(b), (c), or (d) of the Michigan
- 8 penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.382.
- 9 (d) A violation of section 703(2) of the Michigan liquor
- 10 control code of 1998, 1998 PA 58, MCL 436.1703.
- 11 (4) The secretary of state shall suspend the person's license
- 12 for 30 days for malicious destruction resulting from the
- 13 operation of a vehicle under section 382(1)(a) of the Michigan
- 14 penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.382.
- 15 (5) For perjury or making a false certification to the
- 16 secretary of state under any law requiring the registration of a
- 17 motor vehicle or regulating the operation of a vehicle on a
- 18 highway, or for conduct prohibited under section 324(1) or a
- 19 local ordinance substantially corresponding to section 324(1),
- 20 the secretary shall suspend the person's license as follows:
- 21 (a) If the person has no prior conviction for an offense
- 22 described in this subsection within 7 years, for 90 days.
- 23 (b) If the person has 1 or more prior convictions for an
- 24 offense described in this subsection within 7 years, for 1 year.
- 25 (6) For a violation of section 414 of the Michigan penal
- 26 code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.414, the secretary of state shall
- 27 suspend the person's license as follows:

- 1 (a) If the person has no prior conviction for that offense
- 2 within 7 years, for 90 days.
- 3 (b) If the person has 1 or more prior convictions for that
- 4 offense within 7 years, for 1 year.
- 5 (7) For a violation of section 624a or 624b of this act or
- 6 section 703(1) of the Michigan liquor control code of 1998, 1998
- 7 PA 58, MCL 436.1703, the secretary of state shall suspend the
- 8 person's license as follows:
- 9 (a) If the person has 1 prior conviction for an offense
- 10 described in this subsection or section 33b(1) of former 1933 (Ex
- 11 Sess) PA 8, for 90 days. The secretary of state may issue the
- 12 person a restricted license after the first 30 days of
- 13 suspension.
- 14 (b) If the person has 2 or more prior convictions for an
- 15 offense described in this subsection or section 33b(1) of former
- 16 1933 (Ex Sess) PA 8, for 1 year. The secretary of state may
- 17 issue the person a restricted license after the first 60 days of
- 18 suspension.
- 19 (8) The secretary of state shall suspend the person's license
- 20 for a violation of section 625 or 625m as follows:
- 21 (a) For 180 days for a violation of section 625(1) if the
- 22 person has no prior convictions within 7 years. The secretary of
- 23 state may issue the person a restricted license during -all or a
- 24 specified portion of the suspension, except that the secretary of
- 25 state shall not issue a restricted license during the first -30
- 26 60 days of suspension.
- 27 (b) For -90—120 days for a violation of section 625(3) if

- 1 the person has no prior convictions within 7 years. However, if
- **2** the person is convicted of a violation of section 625(3), for
- 3 operating a vehicle when, due to the consumption of a controlled
- 4 substance or a combination of -intoxicating alcoholic liquor and
- 5 a controlled substance, the person's ability to operate the
- 6 vehicle was visibly impaired, the secretary of state shall
- 7 suspend the person's license under this subdivision for 180
- 8 days. The secretary of state may issue the person a restricted
- 9 license during -all or a specified portion of the suspension,
- 10 except that the secretary of state shall not issue a restricted
- 11 license during the first 30 days of suspension.
- 12 (c) For 30 days for a violation of section 625(6) if the
- 13 person has no prior convictions within 7 years. The secretary of
- 14 state may issue the person a restricted license during all or a
- 15 specified portion of the suspension.
- 16 (d) For 90 days for a violation of section 625(6) if the
- 17 person has 1 or more prior convictions for that offense within 7
- 18 years.
- 19 (e) For 180 days for a violation of section 625(7) if the
- 20 person has no prior convictions within 7 years. The secretary of
- 21 state may issue the person a restricted license after the first
- 22 90 days of suspension.
- 23 (f) For 90 days for a violation of section 625m if the person
- 24 has no prior convictions within 7 years. The secretary of state
- 25 may issue the person a restricted license during all or a
- 26 specified portion of the suspension.
- 27 (9) For a violation of section 367c of the Michigan penal

- 1 code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.367c, the secretary of state shall
- 2 suspend the person's license as follows:
- 3 (a) If the person has no prior conviction for an offense
- 4 described in this subsection within 7 years, for 6 months.
- 5 (b) If the person has 1 or more convictions for an offense
- 6 described in this subsection within 7 years, for 1 year.
- 7 (10) For a violation of section 315(4), the secretary of
- 8 state may suspend the person's license for 6 months.
- 9 (11) For a violation or attempted violation of
- 10 section 411a(2) of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328,
- 11 MCL 750.411a, involving a school, the secretary of state shall
- 12 suspend the license of a person 14 years of age or over but less
- 13 than 21 years of age until 3 years after the date of the
- 14 conviction or juvenile disposition for the violation. The
- 15 secretary of state may issue the person a restricted license
- 16 after the first 365 days of suspension.
- 17 (12) Except as provided in subsection (14), a suspension
- 18 under this section shall be imposed notwithstanding a court order
- 19 unless the court order complies with section 323.
- 20 (13) If the secretary of state receives records of more than
- 21 1 conviction of a person resulting from the same incident, a
- 22 suspension shall be imposed only for the violation to which the
- 23 longest period of suspension applies under this section.
- 24 (14) The secretary of state may waive a restriction,
- 25 suspension, or revocation of a person's license imposed under
- 26 this act if the person submits proof that a court in another
- 27 state revoked, suspended, or restricted his or her license for a

- 1 period equal to or greater than the period of a restriction,
- 2 suspension, or revocation prescribed under this act for the
- 3 violation and that the revocation, suspension, or restriction was
- 4 served for the violation, or may grant a restricted license.
- 5 (15) The secretary of state shall not issue a restricted
- 6 license to a person whose license is suspended under this section
- 7 unless a restricted license is authorized under this section and
- 8 the person is otherwise eligible for a license.
- 9 (16) The secretary of state shall not issue a restricted
- 10 license to a person under subsection (8) that would permit the
- 11 person to operate a commercial motor vehicle that transports
- 12 hazardous material in amounts requiring a placard under the
- 13 hazardous materials regulations, 49 C.F.R. parts 100 to 199.
- 14 (17) A restricted license issued under this section shall
- 15 permit the person to whom it is issued to drive under 1 or more
- 16 of the following circumstances:
- 17 (a) In the course of the person's employment or occupation.
- (b) To and from any combination of the following:
- 19 (i) The person's residence.
- 20 (ii) The person's work location.
- 21 (iii) An alcohol or drug education or treatment program as
- 22 ordered by the court.
- 23 (iv) The court probation department.
- 24 (v) A court-ordered community service program.
- (vi) An educational institution at which the person is
- 26 enrolled as a student.
- 27 (vii) A place of regularly occurring medical treatment for a

- 1 serious condition for the person or a member of the person's
- 2 household or immediate family.
- 3 (18) While driving with a restricted license, the person
- 4 shall carry proof of his or her destination and the hours of any
- 5 employment, class, or other reason for traveling and shall
- 6 display that proof upon a peace officer's request.
- 7 (19) Subject to subsection (21), as used in subsection (8),
- 8 "prior conviction" means a conviction for any of the following,
- 9 whether under a law of this state, a local ordinance
- 10 substantially corresponding to a law of this state, or a law of
- 11 another state substantially corresponding to a law of this
- 12 state:
- 13 (a) Except as provided in subsection (20), a violation or
- **14** attempted violation of section 625(1), (3), (4), (5), (6), or
- 15 (7), section 625m, former section 625(1) or (2), or former
- **16** section 625b.
- 17 (b) Negligent homicide, manslaughter, or murder resulting
- 18 from the operation of a vehicle or an attempt to commit any of
- 19 those crimes.
- 20 (20) Except for purposes of the suspensions described in
- 21 subsection (8)(c) and (d), only 1 violation or attempted
- 22 violation of section 625(6), a local ordinance substantially
- 23 corresponding to section 625(6), or a law of another state
- 24 substantially corresponding to section 625(6) may be used as a
- 25 prior conviction.
- 26 (21) If 2 or more convictions described in subsection (19)
- 27 are convictions for violations arising out of the same

- 1 transaction, only 1 conviction shall be used to determine whether
- 2 the person has a prior conviction.
- 3 Sec. 624b. (1) A person less than 21 years of age shall not
- 4 knowingly transport or possess alcoholic liquor in a motor
- 5 vehicle as an operator or occupant unless the person is employed
- 6 by a licensee under the Michigan liquor control code of 1998,
- 7 1998 PA 58, MCL 436.1101 to 436.2303, a common carrier designated
- 8 by the liquor control commission under the Michigan liquor
- 9 control code of 1998, 1998 PA 58, MCL 436.1101 to 436.2303, the
- 10 liquor control commission, or an agent of the liquor control
- 11 commission and is transporting or having the alcoholic liquor in
- 12 a motor vehicle under the person's control during regular working
- 13 hours and in the course of the person's employment. This section
- 14 does not prevent a person less than 21 years of age from
- 15 knowingly transporting alcoholic liquor in a motor vehicle if a
- 16 person at least 21 years of age is present inside the motor
- 17 vehicle. A person who violates this subsection is guilty of a
- 18 misdemeanor. As part of the sentence, the person may be ordered
- 19 to perform community service and undergo substance abuse
- 20 screening and assessment at his or her own expense as described
- 21 in section 703(1) of the Michigan liquor control code of 1998,
- 22 1998 PA 58, MCL 436.1703.
- 23 (2) Within 30 days after the conviction for a violation of
- 24 subsection (1) by the operator of a motor vehicle, which
- 25 conviction has become final, the arresting law enforcement
- 26 officer or the officer's superior may make a complaint before the
- 27 court from which the warrant was issued. The complaint shall be

- 1 under oath and shall describe the motor vehicle in which
- 2 alcoholic liquor was possessed or transported by the operator,
- **3** who is less than 21 years of age, in committing the violation and
- 4 requesting that the motor vehicle be impounded as provided in
- 5 this section. Upon the filing of the complaint, the court shall
- 6 issue to the owner of the motor vehicle an order to show cause
- 7 why the motor vehicle should not be impounded. The order to show
- 8 cause shall fix a date and time for a hearing, which shall not be
- 9 less than 10 days after the issuance of the order. The order
- 10 shall be served by delivering a true copy to the owner not less
- 11 than 3 full days before the date of hearing or, if the owner
- 12 cannot be located, by sending a true copy by certified mail to
- 13 the last known address of the owner. If the owner is a
- 14 nonresident of the state, service may be made upon the secretary
- 15 of state as provided in section 403.
- 16 (3) If the court determines upon the hearing of the order to
- 17 show cause, from competent and relevant evidence, that at the
- 18 time of the commission of the violation the motor vehicle was
- 19 being driven by the person less than 21 years of age with the
- 20 express or implied consent or knowledge of the owner in violation
- 21 of subsection (1), and that the use of the motor vehicle is not
- 22 needed by the owner in the direct pursuit of the owner's
- 23 employment or the actual operation of the owner's business, the
- 24 court may authorize the impounding of the vehicle for a period of
- 25 not less than 15 days or more than 30 days. The court's order
- 26 authorizing the impounding of the vehicle shall authorize a law
- 27 enforcement officer to take possession without other process of

- 1 the motor vehicle wherever located and to store the vehicle in a
- 2 public or private garage at the expense and risk of the owner of
- 3 the vehicle. The owner of the vehicle may appeal the order to
- 4 the circuit court and the provisions governing the taking of
- 5 appeals from judgments for damages apply to the appeal. This
- 6 section does not prevent a bona fide lienholder from exercising
- 7 rights under a lien.
- 8 (4) A person who knowingly transfers title to a motor vehicle
- 9 for the purpose of avoiding this section is guilty of a
- 10 misdemeanor.
- 11 (5) A law enforcement agency, upon determining that a person
- 12 less than 18 years of age allegedly violated this section, shall
- 13 notify the parent or parents, custodian, or guardian of the
- 14 person as to the nature of the violation if the name of a parent,
- 15 guardian, or custodian is reasonably ascertainable by the law
- 16 enforcement agency. The notice required by this subsection shall
- 17 be made not later than 48 hours after the law enforcement agency
- 18 determines that the person who allegedly violated this section is
- 19 less than 18 years of age and may be made in person, by
- 20 telephone, or by first-class mail.
- 21 (6) As used in this section, "alcoholic liquor" means that
- 22 term as defined in section 105 of the Michigan liquor control
- 23 code of 1998, 1998 PA 58, MCL 436.1105.
- 24 Sec. 625. (1) A person, whether licensed or not, shall not
- 25 operate a vehicle upon a highway or other place open to the
- 26 general public or generally accessible to motor vehicles,
- 27 including an area designated for the parking of vehicles, within

- 1 this state if either of the following applies:
- 2 (a) The person is under the influence of -intoxicating
- 3 alcoholic liquor, a controlled substance, or a combination of
- 4 <u>intoxicating</u> alcoholic liquor and a controlled substance.
- 5 (b) The person has an alcohol content of 0.10 grams or more
- 6 per 100 milliliters of blood, per 210 liters of breath, or per 67
- 7 milliliters of urine.
- 8 (2) The owner of a vehicle or a person in charge or in
- 9 control of a vehicle shall not authorize or knowingly permit the
- 10 vehicle to be operated upon a highway or other place open to the
- 11 general public or generally accessible to motor vehicles,
- 12 including an area designated for the parking of motor vehicles,
- 13 within this state by a person who is under the influence of
- 14 intoxicating- alcoholic liquor, a controlled substance, or a
- 15 combination of <u>intoxicating</u> alcoholic liquor and a controlled
- 16 substance, who has an alcohol content of -0.10 0.08 grams or
- 17 more per 100 milliliters of blood, per 210 liters of breath, or
- 18 per 67 milliliters of urine, or whose ability to operate the
- 19 motor vehicle is visibly impaired due to the consumption of
- 20 <u>intoxicating</u> alcoholic liquor, a controlled substance, or a
- 21 combination of <u>intoxicating</u> alcoholic liquor and a controlled
- 22 substance.
- 23 (3) A person, whether licensed or not, shall not operate a
- 24 vehicle upon a highway or other place open to the general public
- 25 or generally accessible to motor vehicles, including an area
- 26 designated for the parking of vehicles, within this state -when,
- 27 due while intoxicated. Operating while intoxicated means either

- 1 of the following:
- 2 (a) Due to the consumption of <u>intoxicating</u> alcoholic
- 3 liquor, a controlled substance, or a combination of
- 4 intoxicating alcoholic liquor and a controlled substance, the
- 5 person's ability to operate the vehicle is visibly impaired. If
- 6 a person is charged with violating subsection (1), a finding of
- 7 guilty under this subsection may be rendered.
- 8 (b) The person has an alcohol content of 0.08 grams or more
- 9 but less than 0.10 grams per 100 milliliters of blood, per 210
- 10 liters of breath, or per 67 milliliters of urine.
- 11 (4) A person, whether licensed or not, who operates a motor
- 12 vehicle in violation of subsection (1) or (3) and by the
- 13 operation of that motor vehicle causes the death of another
- 14 person is guilty of a crime as follows:
- 15 (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), the person is
- 16 guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than
- 17 15 years or a fine of not less than \$2,500.00 or more than
- 18 \$10,000.00, or both. The judgment of sentence may impose the
- 19 sanction permitted under section 625n. If the vehicle is not
- 20 ordered forfeited under section 625n, the court shall order
- 21 vehicle immobilization under section 904d in the judgment of
- 22 sentence.
- 23 (b) If, at the time of the violation, the person is operating
- 24 a motor vehicle in a manner proscribed under section 653a and
- 25 causes the death of a police officer, firefighter, or other
- 26 emergency response personnel, the person is guilty of a felony
- 27 punishable by imprisonment for not more than 20 years or a fine

- 1 of not less than \$2,500.00 or more than \$10,000.00, or both.
- 2 This subdivision applies regardless of whether the person is
- 3 charged with the violation of section 653a. The judgment of
- 4 sentence may impose the sanction permitted under section 625n.
- 5 If the vehicle is not ordered forfeited under section 625n, the
- 6 court shall order vehicle immobilization under section 904d in
- 7 the judgment of sentence.
- 8 (5) A person, whether licensed or not, who operates a motor
- 9 vehicle in violation of subsection (1) or (3) and by the
- 10 operation of that motor vehicle causes a serious impairment of a
- 11 body function of another person is guilty of a felony punishable
- 12 by imprisonment for not more than 5 years or a fine of not less
- 13 than \$1,000.00 or more than \$5,000.00, or both. The judgment of
- 14 sentence may impose the sanction permitted under section 625n.
- 15 If the vehicle is not ordered forfeited under section 625n, the
- 16 court shall order vehicle immobilization under section 904d in
- 17 the judgment of sentence. As used in this subsection, "serious
- 18 impairment of a body function" includes, but is not limited to, 1
- 19 or more of the following:
- 20 (a) Loss of a limb or use of a limb.
- 21 (b) Loss of a hand, foot, finger, or thumb or use of a hand,
- 22 foot, finger, or thumb.
- 23 (c) Loss of an eye or ear or use of an eye or ear.
- 24 (d) Loss or substantial impairment of a bodily function.
- 25 (e) Serious visible disfigurement.
- 26 (f) A comatose state that lasts for more than 3 days.
- 27 (g) Measurable brain damage or mental impairment.

- 1 (h) A skull fracture or other serious bone fracture.
- 2 (i) Subdural hemorrhage or subdural hematoma.
- 3 (6) A person who is less than 21 years of age, whether
- 4 licensed or not, shall not operate a vehicle upon a highway or
- 5 other place open to the general public or generally accessible to
- 6 motor vehicles, including an area designated for the parking of
- 7 vehicles, within this state if the person has any bodily alcohol
- 8 content. As used in this subsection, "any bodily alcohol
- 9 content" means either of the following:
- 10 (a) An alcohol content of not less than 0.02 grams or more
- 11 but less than -0.07 0.08 grams per 100 milliliters of blood, per
- 12 210 liters of breath, or per 67 milliliters of urine.
- 13 (b) Any presence of alcohol within a person's body resulting
- 14 from the consumption of -intoxicating-alcoholic liquor, other
- 15 than consumption of -intoxicating alcoholic liquor as a part of
- 16 a generally recognized religious service or ceremony.
- 17 (7) A person, whether licensed or not, is subject to the
- 18 following requirements:
- 19 (a) He or she shall not operate a vehicle in violation of
- **20** subsection (1), (3), (4), or (5) while another person who is less
- 21 than 16 years of age is occupying the vehicle. A person who
- 22 violates this subdivision is guilty of a crime punishable as
- 23 follows:
- (i) Except as provided in subparagraph (ii), a person who
- 25 violates this subdivision is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be
- 26 sentenced to pay a fine of not less than \$\\$\\$\\$200.00\$ \$400.00 or
- 27 more than \$1,000.00 and to 1 or more of the following:

- 1 (A) Imprisonment for not less than 5 days or more than 1
- 2 year. Not less than 48 hours of this imprisonment shall be
- 3 served consecutively. This term of imprisonment shall not be
- 4 suspended.
- 5 (B) Community service for not less than 30 days or more than
- 6 90 days.
- 7 (ii) If the violation occurs within 7 years of a prior
- 8 conviction or within 10 years of 2 or more prior convictions, a
- 9 person who violates this subdivision is guilty of a felony and
- 10 shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than \$500.00
- 11 \$800.00 or more than \$5,000.00 and to either of the following:
- 12 (A) Imprisonment under the jurisdiction of the department of
- 13 corrections for not less than 1 year or more than 5 years.
- 14 (B) Probation with imprisonment in the county jail for not
- 15 less than 30 days or more than 1 year and community service for
- 16 not less than 60 days or more than 180 days. Not less than 48
- 17 hours of this imprisonment shall be served consecutively. This
- 18 term of imprisonment shall not be suspended.
- 19 (b) He or she shall not operate a vehicle in violation of
- 20 subsection (6) while another person who is less than 16 years of
- 21 age is occupying the vehicle. A person who violates this
- 22 subdivision is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable as follows:
- (i) Except as provided in subparagraph (ii), a person who
- 24 violates this subdivision may be sentenced to 1 or more of the
- 25 following:
- 26 (A) Community service for not more than 60 days.
- 27 (B) A fine of not more than \$500.00.

- 1 (C) Imprisonment for not more than 93 days.
- 2 (ii) If the violation occurs within 7 years of a prior
- 3 conviction or within 10 years of 2 or more prior convictions, a
- f 4 person who violates this subdivision shall be sentenced to pay a
- 5 fine of not less than $\frac{$200.00}{}$ \$400.00 or more than \$1,000.00
- 6 and to 1 or more of the following:
- 7 (A) Imprisonment for not less than 5 days or more than 1
- 8 year. Not less than 48 hours of this imprisonment shall be
- 9 served consecutively. This term of imprisonment shall not be
- 10 suspended.
- 11 (B) Community service for not less than 30 days or more than
- **12** 90 days.
- (c) In the judgment of sentence under subdivision (a)(i) or
- **14** (b)(i), the court may, unless the vehicle is ordered forfeited
- 15 under section 625n, order vehicle immobilization as provided in
- 16 section 904d. In the judgment of sentence under subdivision
- 17 (a)(ii) or (b)(ii), the court shall, unless the vehicle is
- 18 ordered forfeited under section 625n, order vehicle
- 19 immobilization as provided in section 904d.
- 20 (d) This subsection does not prohibit a person from being
- 21 charged with, convicted of, or punished for a violation of
- 22 subsection (4) or (5) that is committed by the person while
- 23 violating this subsection. However, points shall not be assessed
- **24** under section 320a for both a violation of subsection (4) or (5)
- 25 and a violation of this subsection for conduct arising out of the
- 26 same transaction.
- 27 (8) If a person is convicted of violating subsection (1), all

- 1 of the following apply:
- 2 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subdivisions (b) and (c),
- 3 the person is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by 1 or more of
- 4 the following:
- 5 (i) Community service for not more than -45— 90 days.
- 6 (ii) Imprisonment for not more than 93 days.
- 7 (iii) A fine of not less than $\frac{$100.00}{}$ \$200.00 or more than
- 8 + \$500.00 + \$1,000.00.
- **9** (b) If the violation occurs within 7 years of a prior
- 10 conviction, the person shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not
- 11 less than $\frac{$200.00}{}$ \$400.00 or more than $\frac{$1,000.00}{}$ \$2,000.00
- 12 and 1 or more of the following:
- (i) Imprisonment for not less than 5 days or more than 1
- 14 year. Not less than 48 hours of the term of imprisonment imposed
- 15 under this subparagraph shall be served consecutively.
- (ii) Community service for not less than 30 days or more than
- 17 90 days.
- 18 (c) If the violation occurs within 10 years of 2 or more
- 19 prior convictions, the person is guilty of a felony and shall be
- 20 sentenced to pay a fine of not less than \$500.00 \$800.00 or
- 21 more than \$5,000.00 and to either of the following:
- (i) Imprisonment under the jurisdiction of the department of
- 23 corrections for not less than 1 year or more than 5 years.
- 24 (ii) Probation with imprisonment in the county jail for not
- 25 less than 30 days or more than 1 year and community service for
- 26 not less than 60 days or more than 180 days. Not less than 48
- 27 hours of the imprisonment imposed under this subparagraph shall

- 1 be served consecutively.
- 2 (d) A term of imprisonment imposed under subdivision (b) or
- 3 (c) shall not be suspended.
- 4 (e) In the judgment of sentence under subdivision (a), the
- 5 court may order vehicle immobilization as provided in
- 6 section 904d. In the judgment of sentence under subdivision (b)
- 7 or (c), the court shall, unless the vehicle is ordered forfeited
- 8 under section 625n, order vehicle immobilization as provided in
- 9 section 904d.
- 10 (f) In the judgment of sentence under subdivision (b) or (c),
- 11 the court may impose the sanction permitted under section 625n.
- 12 (9) A person who is convicted of violating subsection (2) is
- 13 guilty of a crime as follows:
- 14 (a) Except as provided in subdivisions (b) and (c), a
- 15 misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 93 days
- 16 or a fine of not less than \$100.00 or more than \$500.00, or
- **17** both.
- 18 (b) If the person operating the motor vehicle violated
- 19 subsection (4), a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more
- 20 than 5 years or a fine of not less than \$1,500.00 or more than
- 21 \$10,000.00, or both.
- 22 (c) If the person operating the motor vehicle violated
- 23 subsection (5), a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more
- 24 than 2 years or a fine of not less than \$1,000.00 or more than
- 25 \$5,000.00, or both.
- 26 (10) If a person is convicted of violating subsection (3),
- 27 all of the following apply:

- 1 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subdivisions (b) and (c),
- 2 the person is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by 1 or more of
- 3 the following:
- 4 (i) Community service for not more than 45 days.
- 5 (ii) Imprisonment for not more than 93 days.
- 6 (iii) A fine of not -more than \$300.00 less than \$100.00 or
- 7 more than \$500.00.
- 8 (b) If the violation occurs within 7 years of 1 prior
- 9 conviction, the person shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not
- 10 less than $\frac{$200.00}{}$ \$400.00 or more than $\frac{$1,000.00}{}$ \$2,000.00,
- 11 and 1 or more of the following:
- 12 (i) Imprisonment for not less than 5 days or more than 1
- 13 year. Not less than 48 hours of the term of imprisonment imposed
- 14 under this subparagraph shall be served consecutively.
- 15 (ii) Community service for not less than 30 days or more than
- **16** 90 days.
- 17 (c) If the violation occurs within 10 years of 2 or more
- 18 prior convictions, the person is guilty of a felony and shall be
- 19 sentenced to pay a fine of not less than \$500.00 \$800.00 or
- 20 more than \$5,000.00 and either of the following:
- 21 (i) Imprisonment under the jurisdiction of the department of
- 22 corrections for not less than 1 year or more than 5 years.
- (ii) Probation with imprisonment in the county jail for not
- 24 less than 30 days or more than 1 year and community service for
- 25 not less than 60 days or more than 180 days. Not less than 48
- 26 hours of the imprisonment imposed under this subparagraph shall
- 27 be served consecutively.

- 1 (d) A term of imprisonment imposed under subdivision (b) or
- 2 (c) shall not be suspended.
- 3 (e) In the judgment of sentence under subdivision (a), the
- 4 court may order vehicle immobilization as provided in
- 5 section 904d. In the judgment of sentence under subdivision (b)
- 6 or (c), the court shall, unless the vehicle is ordered forfeited
- 7 under section 625n, order vehicle immobilization as provided in
- 8 section 904d.
- 9 (f) In the judgment of sentence under subdivision (b) or (c),
- 10 the court may impose the sanction permitted under section 625n.
- 11 (11) If a person is convicted of violating subsection (6),
- 12 all of the following apply:
- 13 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (b), the
- 14 person is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by 1 or both of the
- 15 following:
- 16 (i) Community service for not more than 45 days.
- 17 (ii) A fine of not more than \$250.00.
- 18 (b) If the violation occurs within 7 years of 1 or more prior
- 19 convictions, the person may be sentenced to 1 or more of the
- 20 following:
- 21 (i) Community service for not more than 60 days.
- **22** (*ii*) A fine of not more than \$500.00.
- 23 (iii) Imprisonment for not more than 93 days.
- 24 (12) In addition to imposing the sanctions prescribed under
- 25 this section, the court may order the person to pay the costs of
- 26 the prosecution under the code of criminal procedure, 1927
- **27** PA 175, MCL 760.1 to $\frac{-776.22}{}$ **777.69**.

- 1 (13) A person sentenced to perform community service under
- 2 this section shall not receive compensation and shall reimburse
- 3 the state or appropriate local unit of government for the cost of
- 4 supervision incurred by the state or local unit of government as
- 5 a result of the person's activities in that service.
- 6 (14) If the prosecuting attorney intends to seek an enhanced
- 7 sentence under this section or a sanction under section 625n
- 8 based upon the defendant having 1 or more prior convictions, the
- 9 prosecuting attorney shall include on the complaint and
- 10 information, or an amended complaint and information, filed in
- 11 district court, circuit court, municipal court, or family
- 12 division of circuit court, a statement listing the defendant's
- 13 prior convictions.
- 14 (15) If a person is charged with a violation of subsection
- 15 (1), (3), (4), (5), or (7) or section 625m, the court shall not
- 16 permit the defendant to enter a plea of guilty or nolo contendere
- 17 to a charge of violating subsection (6) in exchange for dismissal
- 18 of the original charge. This subsection does not prohibit the
- 19 court from dismissing the charge upon the prosecuting attorney's
- 20 motion.
- 21 (16) A prior conviction shall be established at sentencing by
- 22 1 or more of the following:
- 23 (a) An abstract of conviction.
- 24 (b) A copy of the defendant's driving record.
- 25 (c) An admission by the defendant.
- 26 (17) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (19), if a
- 27 person is charged with operating a vehicle while under the

- 1 influence of a controlled substance or a combination of
- 2 intoxicating alcoholic liquor and a controlled substance in
- 3 violation of subsection (1) or a local ordinance substantially
- 4 corresponding to subsection (1), the court shall require the jury
- **5** to return a special verdict in the form of a written finding or,
- 6 if the court convicts the person without a jury or accepts a plea
- 7 of guilty or nolo contendere, the court shall make a finding as
- 8 to whether the person was under the influence of a controlled
- 9 substance or a combination of -intoxicating alcoholic liquor and
- 10 a controlled substance at the time of the violation.
- 11 (18) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (19), if a
- 12 person is charged with operating a vehicle while his or her
- 13 ability to operate the vehicle was visibly impaired due to his or
- 14 her consumption of a controlled substance or a combination of
- 15 <u>intoxicating</u> alcoholic liquor and a controlled substance in
- 16 violation of subsection (3) or a local ordinance substantially
- 17 corresponding to subsection (3), the court shall require the jury
- 18 to return a special verdict in the form of a written finding or,
- 19 if the court convicts the person without a jury or accepts a plea
- 20 of guilty or nolo contendere, the court shall make a finding as
- 21 to whether, due to the consumption of a controlled substance or a
- 22 combination of <u>intoxicating</u> alcoholic liquor and a controlled
- 23 substance, the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle was
- 24 visibly impaired at the time of the violation.
- 25 (19) A special verdict described in subsections (17) and (18)
- 26 is not required if a jury is instructed to make a finding solely
- 27 as to either of the following:

- 1 (a) Whether the defendant was under the influence of a
- 2 controlled substance or a combination of -intoxicating- alcoholic
- 3 liquor and a controlled substance at the time of the violation.
- 4 (b) Whether the defendant was visibly impaired due to his or
- 5 her consumption of a controlled substance or a combination of
- 6 -intoxicating alcoholic liquor and a controlled substance at the
- 7 time of the violation.
- 8 (20) If a jury or court finds under subsection (17), (18), or
- 9 (19) that the defendant operated a motor vehicle under the
- 10 influence of or while impaired due to the consumption of a
- 11 controlled substance or a combination of a controlled substance
- 12 and an <u>intoxicating</u> alcoholic liquor, the court shall do both
- 13 of the following:
- (a) Report the finding to the secretary of state.
- (b) On a form or forms prescribed by the state court
- 16 administrator, forward to the department of state police a record
- 17 that specifies the penalties imposed by the court, including any
- 18 term of imprisonment, and any sanction imposed under section 625n
- 19 or 904d.
- 20 (21) Except as otherwise provided by law, a record described
- 21 in subsection (20)(b) is a public record and the department of
- 22 state police shall retain the information contained on that
- 23 record for not less than 7 years.
- 24 (22) In a prosecution for a violation of subsection (6), the
- 25 defendant bears the burden of proving that the consumption of
- 26 intoxicating alcoholic liquor was a part of a generally
- 27 recognized religious service or ceremony by a preponderance of

- 1 the evidence.
- 2 (23) Subject to subsection (25), as used in this section,
- 3 "prior conviction" means a conviction for any of the following,
- 4 whether under a law of this state, a local ordinance
- 5 substantially corresponding to a law of this state, or a law of
- 6 another state substantially corresponding to a law of this
- 7 state:
- 8 (a) Except as provided in subsection (24), a violation or
- 9 attempted violation of subsection (1), (3), (4), (5), (6), or
- 10 (7), section 625m, former section 625(1) or (2), or former
- **11** section 625b.
- 12 (b) Negligent homicide, manslaughter, or murder resulting
- 13 from the operation of a vehicle or an attempt to commit any of
- 14 those crimes.
- 15 (c) A violation of section 653a(4).
- 16 (24) Except for purposes of the enhancement described in
- 17 subsection (11)(b), only 1 violation or attempted violation of
- 18 subsection (6), a local ordinance substantially corresponding to
- 19 subsection (6), or a law of another state substantially
- 20 corresponding to subsection (6) may be used as a prior
- 21 conviction.
- 22 (25) If 2 or more convictions described in subsection (23)
- 23 are convictions for violations arising out of the same
- 24 transaction, only 1 conviction shall be used to determine whether
- 25 the person has a prior conviction.
- 26 Sec. 625a. (1) A peace officer may arrest a person without
- 27 a warrant under either of the following circumstances:

- 1 (a) The peace officer has reasonable cause to believe the
- 2 person was, at the time of an accident in this state, the
- 3 operator of a vehicle involved in the accident and was operating
- 4 the vehicle in violation of section 625 or a local ordinance
- 5 substantially corresponding to section 625.
- **6** (b) The person is found in the driver's seat of a vehicle
- 7 parked or stopped on a highway or street within this state if any
- 8 part of the vehicle intrudes into the roadway and the peace
- 9 officer has reasonable cause to believe the person was operating
- 10 the vehicle in violation of section 625 or a local ordinance
- 11 substantially corresponding to section 625.
- 12 (2) A peace officer who has reasonable cause to believe that
- 13 a person was operating a vehicle upon a public highway or other
- 14 place open to the public or generally accessible to motor
- 15 vehicles, including an area designated for the parking of
- 16 vehicles, within this state and that the person by the
- 17 consumption of -intoxicating- alcoholic liquor may have affected
- 18 his or her ability to operate a vehicle, or reasonable cause to
- 19 believe that a person was operating a commercial motor vehicle
- 20 within the state while the person's blood, breath, or urine
- 21 contained any measurable amount of alcohol or while the person
- 22 had any detectable presence of <u>intoxicating</u> alcoholic liquor,
- 23 or reasonable cause to believe that a person who is less than 21
- 24 years of age was operating a vehicle upon a public highway or
- 25 other place open to the public or generally accessible to motor
- 26 vehicles, including an area designated for the parking of
- 27 vehicles, within this state while the person had any bodily

- 1 alcohol content as that term is defined in section 625(6), may
- 2 require the person to submit to a preliminary chemical breath
- 3 analysis. The following provisions apply with respect to a
- 4 preliminary chemical breath analysis administered under this
- 5 subsection:
- 6 (a) A peace officer may arrest a person based in whole or in
- 7 part upon the results of a preliminary chemical breath analysis.
- 8 (b) The results of a preliminary chemical breath analysis are
- 9 admissible in a criminal prosecution for a crime enumerated in
- 10 section 625c(1) or in an administrative hearing for 1 or more of
- 11 the following purposes:
- 12 (i) To assist the court or hearing officer in determining a
- 13 challenge to the validity of an arrest. This subparagraph does
- 14 not limit the introduction of other competent evidence offered to
- 15 establish the validity of an arrest.
- 16 (ii) As evidence of the defendant's breath alcohol content,
- 17 if offered by the defendant to rebut testimony elicited on
- 18 cross-examination of a defense witness that the defendant's
- 19 breath alcohol content was higher at the time of the charged
- 20 offense than when a chemical test was administered under
- 21 subsection (6).
- 22 (iii) As evidence of the defendant's breath alcohol content,
- 23 if offered by the prosecution to rebut testimony elicited on
- 24 cross-examination of a prosecution witness that the defendant's
- 25 breath alcohol content was lower at the time of the charged
- 26 offense than when a chemical test was administered under
- 27 subsection (6).

- 1 (c) A person who submits to a preliminary chemical breath
- 2 analysis remains subject to the requirements of sections 625c,
- 3 625d, 625e, and 625f for purposes of chemical tests described in
- 4 those sections.
- 5 (d) Except as provided in subsection (5), a person who
- 6 refuses to submit to a preliminary chemical breath analysis upon
- 7 a lawful request by a peace officer is responsible for a civil
- 8 infraction.
- 9 (3) A peace officer shall use the results of a preliminary
- 10 chemical breath analysis conducted pursuant to this section to
- 11 determine whether to order a person out-of-service under
- 12 section 319d. A peace officer shall order out-of-service as
- 13 required under section 319d a person who was operating a
- 14 commercial motor vehicle and who refuses to submit to a
- 15 preliminary chemical breath analysis as provided in this
- 16 section. This section does not limit use of other competent
- 17 evidence by the peace officer to determine whether to order a
- 18 person out-of-service under section 319d.
- 19 (4) A person who was operating a commercial motor vehicle and
- 20 who is requested to submit to a preliminary chemical breath
- 21 analysis under this section shall be advised that refusing a
- 22 peace officer's request to take a test described in this section
- 23 is a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 93
- 24 days or a fine of not more than \$100.00, or both, and will result
- 25 in the issuance of a 24-hour out-of-service order.
- 26 (5) A person who was operating a commercial motor vehicle and
- 27 who refuses to submit to a preliminary chemical breath analysis

- 1 upon a peace officer's lawful request is guilty of a misdemeanor
- 2 punishable by imprisonment for not more than 93 days or a fine of
- 3 not more than \$100.00, or both.
- 4 (6) The following provisions apply with respect to chemical
- 5 tests and analysis of a person's blood, urine, or breath, other
- 6 than preliminary chemical breath analysis:
- 7 (a) The amount of alcohol or presence of a controlled
- 8 substance or both in a driver's blood or urine or the amount of
- 9 alcohol in a person's breath at the time alleged as shown by
- 10 chemical analysis of the person's blood, urine, or breath is
- 11 admissible into evidence in any civil or criminal proceeding.
- 12 (b) A person arrested for a crime described in
- 13 section 625c(1) shall be advised of all of the following:
- 14 (i) If he or she takes a chemical test of his or her blood,
- 15 urine, or breath administered at the request of a peace officer,
- 16 he or she has the right to demand that a person of his or her own
- 17 choosing administer 1 of the chemical tests.
- 18 (ii) The results of the test are admissible in a judicial
- 19 proceeding as provided under this act and will be considered with
- 20 other admissible evidence in determining the defendant's
- 21 innocence or guilt.
- 22 (iii) He or she is responsible for obtaining a chemical
- 23 analysis of a test sample obtained pursuant to his or her own
- 24 request.
- 25 (iv) If he or she refuses the request of a peace officer to
- **26** take a test described in subparagraph (i), a test shall not be
- 27 given without a court order, but the peace officer may seek to

- 1 obtain a court order.
- (v) Refusing a peace officer's request to take a test
- 3 described in subparagraph (i) will result in the suspension of
- 4 his or her operator's or chauffeur's license and vehicle group
- 5 designation or operating privilege and in the addition of 6
- 6 points to his or her driver record.
- 7 (c) A sample or specimen of urine or breath shall be taken
- 8 and collected in a reasonable manner. Only a licensed physician,
- 9 or an individual operating under the delegation of a licensed
- 10 physician under section 16215 of the public health code, 1978
- 11 PA 368, MCL 333.16215, qualified to withdraw blood and acting in
- 12 a medical environment, may withdraw blood at a peace officer's
- 13 request to determine the amount of alcohol or presence of a
- 14 controlled substance or both in the person's blood, as provided
- 15 in this subsection. Liability for a crime or civil damages
- 16 predicated on the act of withdrawing or analyzing blood and
- 17 related procedures does not attach to a licensed physician or
- 18 individual operating under the delegation of a licensed physician
- 19 who withdraws or analyzes blood or assists in the withdrawal or
- 20 analysis in accordance with this act unless the withdrawal or
- 21 analysis is performed in a negligent manner.
- 22 (d) A chemical test described in this subsection shall be
- 23 administered at the request of a peace officer having reasonable
- 24 grounds to believe the person has committed a crime described in
- 25 section 625c(1). A person who takes a chemical test administered
- 26 at a peace officer's request as provided in this section shall be
- 27 given a reasonable opportunity to have a person of his or her own

- 1 choosing administer 1 of the chemical tests described in this
- 2 subsection within a reasonable time after his or her detention.
- 3 The test results are admissible and shall be considered with
- 4 other admissible evidence in determining the defendant's
- 5 innocence or guilt. If the person charged is administered a
- 6 chemical test by a person of his or her own choosing, the person
- 7 charged is responsible for obtaining a chemical analysis of the
- 8 test sample.
- 9 (e) If, after an accident, the driver of a vehicle involved
- 10 in the accident is transported to a medical facility and a sample
- 11 of the driver's blood is withdrawn at that time for medical
- 12 treatment, the results of a chemical analysis of that sample are
- 13 admissible in any civil or criminal proceeding to show the amount
- 14 of alcohol or presence of a controlled substance or both in the
- 15 person's blood at the time alleged, regardless of whether the
- 16 person had been offered or had refused a chemical test. The
- 17 medical facility or person performing the chemical analysis shall
- 18 disclose the results of the analysis to a prosecuting attorney
- 19 who requests the results for use in a criminal prosecution as
- 20 provided in this subdivision. A medical facility or person
- 21 disclosing information in compliance with this subsection is not
- 22 civilly or criminally liable for making the disclosure.
- 23 (f) If, after an accident, the driver of a vehicle involved
- 24 in the accident is deceased, a sample of the decedent's blood
- 25 shall be withdrawn in a manner directed by the medical examiner
- 26 to determine the amount of alcohol or the presence of a
- 27 controlled substance, or both, in the decedent's blood. The

- 1 medical examiner shall give the results of the chemical analysis
- 2 of the sample to the law enforcement agency investigating the
- 3 accident and that agency shall forward the results to the
- 4 department of state police.
- 5 (g) The department of state police shall promulgate uniform
- 6 rules in compliance with the administrative procedures act of
- 7 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328, for the administration
- 8 of chemical tests for the purposes of this section. An
- 9 instrument used for a preliminary chemical breath analysis may be
- 10 used for a chemical test described in this subsection if approved
- 11 under rules promulgated by the department of state police.
- 12 (7) The provisions of subsection (6) relating to chemical
- 13 testing do not limit the introduction of any other admissible
- 14 evidence bearing upon the question of whether a person was
- 15 impaired by, or under the influence of, -intoxicating- alcoholic
- 16 liquor or a controlled substance, or a combination of
- 17 intoxicating alcoholic liquor and a controlled substance, or
- 18 whether the person had an alcohol content of -0.10 0.08 grams or
- 19 more per 100 milliliters of blood, per 210 liters of breath, or
- 20 per 67 milliliters of urine, or if the person is less than 21
- 21 years of age, whether the person had any bodily alcohol content
- 22 within his or her body. As used in this section, "any bodily
- 23 alcohol content" means either of the following:
- 24 (a) An alcohol content of not less than 0.02 grams or more
- 25 but less than -0.07 0.08 grams per 100 milliliters of blood, per
- 26 210 liters of breath, or per 67 milliliters of urine.
- (b) Any presence of alcohol within a person's body resulting

- 1 from the consumption of -intoxicating alcoholic liquor, other
- **2** than consumption of intoxicating **alcoholic** liquor as a part of
- 3 a generally recognized religious service or ceremony.
- 4 (8) If a chemical test described in subsection (6) is
- 5 administered, the test results shall be made available to the
- 6 person charged or the person's attorney upon written request to
- 7 the prosecution, with a copy of the request filed with the
- 8 court. The prosecution shall furnish the results at least 2 days
- 9 before the day of the trial. The prosecution shall offer the
- 10 test results as evidence in that trial. Failure to fully comply
- 11 with the request bars the admission of the results into evidence
- 12 by the prosecution.
- 13 (9) Except in a prosecution relating solely to a violation of
- 14 section 625(1)(b), (3)(b), or (6), the amount of alcohol in the
- 15 driver's blood, breath, or urine at the time alleged as shown by
- 16 chemical analysis of the person's blood, breath, or urine gives
- 17 rise to the following presumptions:
- 18 (a) If there were at the time $\frac{0.07 \text{ grams or}}{1000 \text{ grams or}}$ less than 0.08
- 19 grams of alcohol per 100 milliliters of the defendant's blood,
- 20 per 210 liters of the defendant's breath, or per 67 milliliters
- 21 of the defendant's urine, it is presumed that the defendant's
- 22 ability to operate a motor vehicle was not impaired due to the
- 23 consumption of -intoxicating- alcoholic liquor and that the
- 24 defendant was not under the influence of -intoxicating- alcoholic
- 25 liquor.
- 26 (b) If there were at the time -more than 0.07 grams 0.08
- 27 grams or more but less than 0.10 grams of alcohol per 100

- 1 milliliters of the defendant's blood, per 210 liters of the
- 2 defendant's breath, or per 67 milliliters of the defendant's
- **3** urine, it is presumed that the defendant's ability to operate a
- 4 vehicle was impaired within the provisions of section 625(3) due
- 5 to the consumption of -intoxicating alcoholic liquor.
- 6 (c) If there were at the time 0.10 grams or more of alcohol
- 7 per 100 milliliters of the defendant's blood, per 210 liters of
- 8 the breath, or per 67 milliliters of the defendant's urine, it is
- 9 presumed that the defendant was under the influence of
- 10 <u>intoxicating</u> alcoholic liquor.
- 11 (10) A person's refusal to submit to a chemical test as
- 12 provided in subsection (6) is admissible in a criminal
- 13 prosecution for a crime described in section 625c(1) only to show
- 14 that a test was offered to the defendant, but not as evidence in
- 15 determining the defendant's innocence or guilt. The jury shall
- 16 be instructed accordingly.
- 17 Sec. 625c. (1) A person who operates a vehicle upon a
- 18 public highway or other place open to the general public or
- 19 generally accessible to motor vehicles, including an area
- 20 designated for the parking of vehicles, within this state is
- 21 considered to have given consent to chemical tests of his or her
- 22 blood, breath, or urine for the purpose of determining the amount
- 23 of alcohol or presence of a controlled substance or both in his
- 24 or her blood or urine or the amount of alcohol in his or her
- 25 breath in all of the following circumstances:
- (a) If the person is arrested for a violation of section
- **27** 625(1), (3), (4), (5), (6), or (7), section 625a(5), or section

- 1 625m or a local ordinance substantially corresponding to section
- **2** 625(1), (3), or (6), section 625a(5), or section 625m.
- 3 (b) If the person is arrested for felonious driving,
- 4 negligent homicide, manslaughter, or murder resulting from the
- 5 operation of a motor vehicle, and the peace officer had
- 6 reasonable grounds to believe the person was operating the
- 7 vehicle while impaired by or under the influence of
- 8 intoxicating alcoholic liquor or a controlled substance or a
- 9 combination of <u>intoxicating</u> alcoholic liquor and a controlled
- 10 substance, or while having an alcohol content of -0.10 0.08
- 11 grams or more per 100 milliliters of blood, per 210 liters of
- 12 breath, or per 67 milliliters of urine, or if the person is less
- 13 than 21 years of age while having any bodily alcohol content. As
- 14 used in this subdivision, "any bodily alcohol content" means
- 15 either of the following:
- 16 (i) An alcohol content of not less than 0.02 grams or more
- 17 but less than -0.07 0.08 grams per 100 milliliters of blood, per
- 18 210 liters of breath, or per 67 milliliters of urine.
- 19 (ii) Any presence of alcohol within a person's body resulting
- 20 from the consumption of intoxicating alcoholic liquor, other
- 21 than consumption of -intoxicating alcoholic liquor as part of a
- 22 generally recognized religious service or ceremony.
- 23 (2) A person who is afflicted with hemophilia, diabetes, or a
- 24 condition requiring the use of an anticoagulant under the
- 25 direction of a physician is not considered to have given consent
- 26 to the withdrawal of blood.
- 27 (3) The tests shall be administered as provided in section

- **1** 625a(6).
- 2 Sec. 625g. (1) If a person refuses a chemical test offered
- 3 pursuant to section 625a(6), or submits to the chemical test or
- 4 a chemical test is performed pursuant to a court order and the
- 5 test reveals an unlawful alcohol content, the peace officer who
- 6 requested the person to submit to the test shall do all of the
- 7 following:
- **8** (a) On behalf of the secretary of state, immediately
- 9 confiscate the person's license or permit to operate a motor
- 10 vehicle and, if the person is otherwise eligible for a license or
- 11 permit, issue a temporary license or permit to the person. The
- 12 temporary license or permit shall be on a form provided by the
- 13 secretary of state.
- 14 (b) Except as provided in subsection (2), immediately do all
- 15 of the following:
- 16 (i) Forward a copy of the written report of the person's
- 17 refusal to submit to a chemical test required under section 625d
- 18 to the secretary of state.
- 19 (ii) Notify the secretary of state by means of the law
- 20 enforcement information network that a temporary license or
- 21 permit was issued to the person.
- 22 (iii) Destroy the person's driver's license or permit.
- 23 (2) If a person submits to a chemical test offered pursuant
- 24 to section 625a(6) that requires an analysis of blood or urine
- 25 and a report of the results of that chemical test is not
- 26 immediately available, the peace officer who requested the person
- 27 to submit to the test shall comply with subsection (1)(a) pending

- 1 receipt of the test report. If the report reveals an unlawful
- 2 alcohol content, the peace officer who requested the person to
- 3 submit to the test shall immediately comply with
- 4 subsection (1)(b). If the report does not reveal an unlawful
- 5 alcohol content, the peace officer who requested the person to
- 6 submit to the test shall immediately notify the person of the
- 7 test results and immediately return the person's license or
- 8 permit by first-class mail to the address given at the time of
- 9 arrest.
- 10 (3) A temporary license or permit issued under this section
- 11 is valid for 1 of the following time periods:
- 12 (a) If the case is not prosecuted, for 90 days after issuance
- 13 or until the person's license or permit is suspended pursuant to
- 14 section 625f, whichever occurs earlier. The prosecuting attorney
- 15 shall notify the secretary of state if a case referred to the
- 16 prosecuting attorney is not prosecuted. The arresting law
- 17 enforcement agency shall notify the secretary of state if a case
- 18 is not referred to the prosecuting attorney for prosecution.
- 19 (b) If the case is prosecuted, until the criminal charges
- 20 against the person are dismissed, the person is acquitted of
- 21 those charges, or the person's license or permit is suspended,
- 22 restricted, or revoked.
- 23 (4) As used in this section, "unlawful alcohol content" means
- 24 any of the following, as applicable:
- 25 (a) If the person tested is less than 21 years of age, 0.02
- 26 grams or more of alcohol per 100 milliliters of blood, per 210
- 27 liters of breath, or per 67 milliliters of urine.

- 1 (b) If the person tested was operating a commercial motor
- 2 vehicle within this state, 0.04 grams or more of alcohol per 100
- 3 milliliters of blood, per 210 liters of breath, or per 67
- 4 milliliters of urine.
- 5 (c) If the person tested is not a person described in
- 6 subdivision (a) or (b), -0.10 0.08 grams or more of alcohol per
- 7 100 milliliters of blood, per 210 liters of breath, or per 67
- 8 milliliters of urine.
- 9 Sec. 625i. (1) The department of state police shall prepare
- 10 an annual report -which that shall be designated the Michigan
- 11 annual drunk driving audit. The secretary of state, circuit
- 12 court, district court, family division of circuit court,
- 13 municipal courts, and local units of government in this state
- 14 shall cooperate with the department of state police to provide
- 15 information necessary for the preparation of the report. A copy
- 16 of the report prepared under this subsection shall be submitted
- 17 to the governor, the secretary of the senate, the clerk of the
- 18 house of representatives, and the secretary of state on July 1 of
- 19 each year. The report shall contain for each county in the state
- 20 all of the following information applicable to the immediately
- 21 preceding calendar year:
- 22 (a) The number of alcohol related motor vehicle crashes
- 23 resulting in bodily injury, including a breakdown of the number
- 24 of those injuries occurring per capita of population and per road
- 25 mile in the county.
- 26 (b) The number of alcohol related motor vehicle crashes
- 27 resulting in death, including the breakdown described in

- 1 subdivision (a).
- 2 (c) The number of alcohol related motor vehicle crashes,
- **3** other than those enumerated in subdivisions (a) and (b),
- 4 including the breakdown described in subdivision (a).
- 5 (d) The number of arrests made for violations of section
- $6 \frac{-625(1)(a)}{or} \frac{(b)}{or} 625(1)$ or local ordinances substantially
- 7 corresponding to section $\frac{625(1)(a) \text{ or } (b)}{625(1)}$.
- 8 (e) The number of arrests made for violations of section
- 9 625(3) or local ordinances substantially corresponding to section
- **10** 625(3).
- 11 (f) The number of arrests made for violations of
- 12 section 625(6) or local ordinances substantially corresponding to
- **13** section 625(6).
- 14 (g) The number of arrests made for violations of
- 15 section 625(4) or (5).
- 16 (h) The number of arrests made for violations of section
- **17** 625(7).
- (i) The number of operator's or chauffeur's licenses
- 19 suspended pursuant to section 625f.
- (j) The number of arrests made for violations of section 625m
- 21 or local ordinances substantially corresponding to section 625m.
- 22 (2) The secretary of state shall compile a report of
- 23 dispositions of charges for violations of section 625(1), (3),
- **24** (4), (5), (6), or (7) or section 625m or section 33b(1) or (2) of
- 25 former 1933 (Ex Sess) PA 8, section 703(1) or (2) of the Michigan
- 26 liquor control code of 1998, 1998 PA 58, MCL 436.1703, or local
- 27 ordinances substantially corresponding to section 625(1), (3), or

- ${f 1}$ (6) or section 625m or section 33b(1) or (2) of former 1933 (Ex
- 2 Sess) PA 8, or section 703(1) or (2) of the Michigan liquor
- 3 control code of 1998, 1998 PA 58, MCL 436.1703, by each judge for
- 4 inclusion in the annual report. The report compiled by the
- 5 secretary of state shall include information regarding all of the
- 6 following:
- 7 (a) The number of dismissals granted.
- 8 (b) The number of convictions entered.
- **9** (c) The number of acquittals entered.
- 10 (d) The average length of imprisonment imposed.
- 11 (e) The average length of community service imposed in lieu
- 12 of imprisonment.
- (f) The average fine imposed.
- 14 (g) The number of vehicles ordered immobilized under section
- **15** 904d.
- 16 (h) The number of vehicles ordered forfeited under section
- **17** 625n.
- 18 (3) The secretary of state shall include in the compilation
- 19 under subsection (2) the number of licenses suspended, revoked,
- 20 or restricted for those violations.
- 21 (4) The department of state police shall enter into a
- 22 contract with the university of Michigan transportation research
- 23 institute, -in- under which the university of Michigan
- 24 transportation research institute shall evaluate the effect and
- 25 impact of the 1998 legislation addressing drunk and impaired
- 26 driving in this state and report its findings to the governor and
- 27 the legislature not later than October 1, $\frac{2002}{}$ 2004.

- 1 Sec. 625m. (1) A person, whether licensed or not, who has
- 2 an alcohol content of 0.04 grams or more but -not more-less than
- 3 0.07 0.08 grams per 100 milliliters of blood, per 210 liters of
- 4 breath, or per 67 milliliters of urine shall not operate a
- 5 commercial motor vehicle within this state.
- **6** (2) A peace officer may arrest a person without a warrant
- 7 under either of the following circumstances:
- 8 (a) The peace officer has reasonable cause to believe that
- 9 the person was, at the time of an accident, the driver of a
- 10 commercial motor vehicle involved in the accident and was
- 11 operating the vehicle in violation of this section or a local
- 12 ordinance substantially corresponding to this section.
- 13 (b) The person is found in the driver's seat of a commercial
- 14 motor vehicle parked or stopped on a highway or street within
- 15 this state if any part of the vehicle intrudes into the roadway
- 16 and the peace officer has reasonable cause to believe the person
- 17 was operating the vehicle in violation of this section or a local
- 18 ordinance substantially corresponding to this section.
- 19 (3) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (4) and (5),
- 20 a person who is convicted of a violation of this section or a
- 21 local ordinance substantially corresponding to this section is
- 22 guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more
- 23 than 93 days or a fine of not more than \$300.00, or both,
- 24 together with costs of the prosecution.
- 25 (4) A person who violates this section or a local ordinance
- 26 substantially corresponding to this section within 7 years of 1
- 27 prior conviction may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more

- 1 than 1 year or a fine of not more than \$1,000.00, or both.
- 2 (5) A person who violates this section or a local ordinance
- 3 substantially corresponding to this section within 10 years of 2
- 4 or more prior convictions is guilty of a felony and shall be
- 5 sentenced to pay a fine of not less than \$500.00 or more than
- **6** \$5,000.00 and to either of the following:
- 7 (a) Imprisonment under the jurisdiction of the department of
- 8 corrections for not less than 1 year or more than 5 years.
- 9 (b) Probation with imprisonment in the county jail for not
- 10 less than 30 days or more than 1 year and community service for
- 11 not less than 60 days or more than 180 days. Not less than 48
- 12 hours of the imprisonment imposed under this subdivision shall be
- 13 served consecutively.
- 14 (6) A term of imprisonment imposed under subsection (4) or
- 15 (5) shall not be suspended.
- 16 (7) Subject to subsection (9), as used in this section,
- 17 "prior conviction" means a conviction for any of the following,
- 18 whether under a law of this state, a local ordinance
- 19 substantially corresponding to a law of this state, or a law of
- 20 another state substantially corresponding to a law of this
- **21** state:
- (a) Except as provided in subsection (8), a violation or
- 23 attempted violation of this section, section 625(1), (3), (4),
- **24** (5), (6), or (7), former section 625(1) or (2), or former section
- **25** 625b.
- 26 (b) Negligent homicide, manslaughter, or murder resulting
- 27 from the operation of a vehicle or an attempt to commit any of

- 1 those crimes.
- 2 (c) A violation of section 653a(4).
- **3** (8) Only 1 violation or attempted violation of
- 4 section 625(6), a local ordinance substantially corresponding to
- 5 section 625(6), or a law of another state substantially
- 6 corresponding to section 625(6) may be used as a prior
- 7 conviction.
- **8** (9) If 2 or more convictions described in subsection (7) are
- 9 convictions for violations arising out of the same transaction,
- 10 only 1 conviction shall be used to determine whether the person
- 11 has a prior conviction.
- 12 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect
- 13 September 30, 2003.

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