HOUSE BILL No. 5130

October 7, 2003, Introduced by Reps. Meisner and Van Regenmorter and referred to the Committee on Criminal Justice.

A bill to amend 1994 PA 451, entitled
"Natural resources and environmental protection act,"
by amending sections 81134 and 81136 (MCL 324.81134 and
324.81136), section 81134 as amended by 2001 PA 12 and section
81136 as amended by 1996 PA 175.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 81134. (1) A person who is under the influence of
- 2 intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance, as defined by
- 3 section 7104 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL
- 4 333.7104, or a combination of intoxicating liquor and a
 - controlled substance shall not operate an ORV.
- 6 (2) A person who has an alcohol content of -0.10 0.08 grams
- 7 or more per 100 milliliters of blood, per 210 liters of breath,
- 8 or per 67 milliliters of urine shall not operate an ORV.
 - (3) A person who has in his or her body any amount of a

- 1 controlled substance listed in schedule 1 under section 7212 of
- 2 the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7212, or a rule
- 3 promulgated under that section, or of a controlled substance
- 4 described in section 7214(a)(iv) of the public health code, 1978
- 5 PA 368, MCL 333.7214, shall not operate an ORV.
- 6 (4) $\overline{(3)}$ The owner or person in charge or in control of an
- 7 ORV shall not authorize or knowingly permit the ORV to be
- 8 operated by a person —who— if any of the following apply:
- 9 (a) The person is under the influence of intoxicating liquor
- 10 or a controlled substance or a combination of intoxicating liquor
- 11 and a controlled substance.
- 12 (b) The person has an alcohol content of 0.08 grams or more
- 13 per 100 milliliters of blood, per 210 liters of breath, or per 67
- 14 milliliters of urine.
- 15 (c) The person's ability to operate an ORV is visibly
- 16 impaired due to the consumption of alcoholic liquor, a controlled
- 17 substance, or a combination of alcoholic liquor and a controlled
- 18 substance.
- 19 (5) -(4)— Except as otherwise provided in this section, a
- 20 person who is convicted of a violation of subsection (1), (2),
- 21 -or (3), or (4) is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by
- 22 imprisonment for not more than 93 days, or a fine of not less
- 23 than \$100.00 or more than \$500.00, or both, together with costs
- 24 of the prosecution. As part of the sentence for a violation of
- 25 subsection (1), -or (2), or (3), the court shall order the
- 26 person convicted not to operate an ORV for a period of not less
- 27 than 6 months or more than 2 years.

- 1 (6) $\frac{(5)}{(5)}$ On a second conviction under subsection (1), $\frac{1}{(5)}$
- 2 (2), or (3) or a local ordinance substantially corresponding to
- 3 subsection (1), -or (2), or (3) within a period of 7 years, a
- 4 person is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for
- 5 not more than 1 year, or a fine of not more than \$1,000.00, or
- 6 both. As part of the sentence, the court shall order the person
- 7 convicted not to operate an ORV for a period of not less than 1
- 8 year or more than 2 years.
- 9 (7) $\frac{(6)}{(6)}$ On a third or subsequent conviction within a period
- 10 of 10 years under subsection (1), -or (2), or (3) or a local
- 11 ordinance substantially corresponding to subsection (1), -or
- 12 (2), or (3), a person is guilty of a felony and shall be
- 13 sentenced to imprisonment for not less than 1 year or more than
- 14 5 years, or a fine of not less than \$500.00 or more than \$5,000,
- 15 or both. As part of the sentence, the court shall order the
- 16 person convicted not to operate an ORV for a period of not less
- 17 than 1 year or more than 2 years.
- 18 (8) -(7) A person who operates an ORV in violation of
- 19 subsection (1), -or (2), or (3) or section 81135 and by the
- 20 operation of that ORV causes the death of another person is
- 21 guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than
- 22 15 years or a fine of not less than \$2,500.00 or more than
- 23 \$10,000.00, or both.
- 24 (9) -(8) A person who operates an ORV within this state in
- 25 violation of subsection (1), $-\infty$ (2), or (3) or section 81135
- 26 and by the operation of that ORV causes a serious impairment of a
- 27 body function of another person is guilty of a felony punishable

- 1 by imprisonment for not more than 5 years or a fine of not less
- 2 than \$1,000.00 or more than \$5,000.00, or both. As used in this
- 3 subsection, "serious impairment of a body function" includes, but
- 4 is not limited to, 1 or more of the following:
- 5 (a) Loss of a limb or use of a limb.
- 6 (b) Loss of a hand, foot, finger, or thumb or use of a hand,
- 7 foot, finger, or thumb.
- 8 (c) Loss of an eye or ear or use of an eye or ear.
- 9 (d) Loss or substantial impairment of a bodily function.
- 10 (e) Serious visible disfigurement.
- 11 (f) A comatose state that lasts for more than 3 days.
- 12 (g) Measurable brain damage or mental impairment.
- (h) A skull fracture or other serious bone fracture.
- 14 (i) Subdural hemorrhage or subdural hematoma.
- 15 (10) -(9) As part of the sentence for a violation of
- 16 subsection (1), -or (2), or (3), or a local ordinance
- 17 substantially corresponding to subsection (1), -or (2), or (3),
- 18 the court may order the person to perform service to the
- 19 community, as designated by the court, without compensation, for
- 20 a period not to exceed 12 days. The person shall reimburse the
- 21 state or appropriate local unit of government for the cost of
- 22 insurance incurred by the state or local unit of government as a
- 23 result of the person's activities under this subsection.
- 24 (11) $\frac{10}{10}$ Before imposing sentence for a violation of
- 25 subsection (1), -or (2), or (3) or a local ordinance
- 26 substantially corresponding to subsection (1), -or (2), or (3),
- 27 the court shall order the person to undergo screening and

- 1 assessment by a person or agency designated by the office of
- 2 substance abuse services, to determine whether the person is
- 3 likely to benefit from rehabilitative services, including alcohol
- 4 or drug education and alcohol or drug treatment programs. As
- 5 part of the sentence, the court may order the person to
- 6 participate in and successfully complete 1 or more appropriate
- 7 rehabilitative programs. The person shall pay for the costs of
- 8 the screening, assessment, and rehabilitative services.
- 9 (12) -(11) Before accepting a plea of guilty under this
- 10 section, the court shall advise the accused of the statutory
- 11 consequences possible as the result of a plea of quilty in
- 12 respect to suspension of the person's right to operate an ORV and
- 13 the penalty imposed for violation of this section.
- 14 (13) -(12) Each municipal judge and each clerk of a court of
- 15 record shall keep a full record of every case in which a person
- 16 is charged with a violation of this section. The municipal judge
- 17 or clerk of the court of record shall prepare and immediately
- 18 forward to the secretary of state an abstract of the court of
- 19 record for each case charging a violation of this section.
- 20 Sec. 81136. (1) In a criminal prosecution for violating
- 21 section 81134 or 81135 or a local ordinance substantially
- 22 corresponding to section 81134 or 81135, or in a criminal
- 23 prosecution for negligent homicide or manslaughter resulting from
- 24 the operation of an ORV while the operator is alleged to have
- 25 been impaired by or under the influence of intoxicating liquor or
- 26 a controlled substance or a combination of intoxicating liquor
- 27 and a controlled substance, or to have had a blood alcohol

- 1 content of $\frac{0.10}{0.08}$ grams or more per 100 milliliters of
- 2 blood, per 210 liters of breath, or per 67 milliliters of urine,
- 3 the amount of alcohol or type or amount of a controlled substance
- 4 in the operator's blood at the time alleged as shown by chemical
- 5 analysis of the operator's blood, urine, or breath shall be
- 6 admissible into evidence.
- 7 (2) If a chemical test of an operator's blood, urine, or
- 8 breath is given, the results of the test shall be made available
- 9 to the person charged with an offense enumerated in subsection
- 10 (1) or the person's attorney upon written request to the
- 11 prosecution, with a copy of the request filed with the court.
- 12 The prosecution shall furnish the report at least 2 days before
- 13 the day of the trial and the results shall be offered as evidence
- 14 by the prosecution in a criminal proceeding. Failure to fully
- 15 comply with the request shall bar the admission of the results
- 16 into evidence by the prosecution.
- 17 (3) Except in a prosecution relating solely to a violation
- 18 of section 81134(2), the amount of alcohol in the operator's
- 19 blood at the time alleged as shown by chemical analysis of the
- 20 operator's blood, urine, or breath shall give rise to the
- 21 following presumptions:
- 22 (a) If at the time the operator had an alcohol content of
- 23 0.07 grams or less per 100 milliliters of blood, per 210 liters
- 24 of breath, or per 67 milliliters of urine, it shall be presumed
- 25 that the operator was not under the influence of intoxicating
- 26 liquor.
- 27 (b) If at the time the operator had an alcohol content of

- 1 more than 0.07 grams but less than 0.10 grams per 100 milliliters
- 2 of blood, per 210 liters of breath, or per 67 milliliters of
- 3 urine, it shall be presumed that the operator's ability to
- 4 operate an ORV was impaired within the provisions of section
- 5 81135 due to the consumption of intoxicating liquor.
- 6 (c) If at the time the operator had an alcohol content of
- 7 0.10 grams or more per 100 milliliters of blood, per 210 liters
- 8 of breath, or per 67 milliliters of urine, it shall be presumed
- 9 that the operator was under the influence of intoxicating
- 10 liquor.
- 11 (3) -(4) A sample or specimen of urine or breath shall be
- 12 taken and collected in a reasonable manner. Only a licensed
- 13 physician, or a licensed nurse or medical technician under the
- 14 direction of a licensed physician and qualified to withdraw blood
- 15 acting in a medical environment, at the request of a peace
- 16 officer, may withdraw blood for the purpose of determining the
- 17 alcoholic content of the blood under this part. Liability for a
- 18 crime or civil damages predicated on the act of withdrawing blood
- 19 and related procedures shall not attach to a qualified person who
- 20 withdraws blood or assists in the withdrawal in accordance with
- 21 this part unless the withdrawal is performed in a negligent
- 22 manner.
- 23 (4) $\overline{(5)}$ A person arrested for a crime enumerated in
- 24 subsection (1) who takes a chemical test administered at the
- 25 request of a peace officer, as provided in this part, shall be
- 26 given a reasonable opportunity to have a person of his or her own
- 27 choosing administer 1 of the chemical tests described in this

- 1 section within a reasonable time after his or her detention, and
- 2 the results of the test shall be admissible and shall be
- 3 considered with other competent evidence in determining the
- 4 defendant's innocence or guilt of a crime enumerated in
- 5 subsection (1). If the person arrested is administered a
- 6 chemical test by a person of his or her own choosing, the person
- 7 arrested shall be responsible for obtaining a chemical analysis
- 8 of the test sample. The person shall be informed that he or she
- 9 has the right to demand that a person of his or her choosing
- 10 administer 1 of the chemical tests described in this section,
- 11 that the results of the test shall be admissible and shall be
- 12 considered with other competent evidence in determining the
- 13 innocence or guilt of the defendant, and that the person arrested
- 14 shall be responsible for obtaining a chemical analysis of the
- 15 test sample.
- 16 (5) $\overline{(6)}$ A person arrested shall be advised that if the
- 17 person refuses the request of a peace officer to take a test
- 18 described in this section, a test shall not be given without a
- 19 court order. The person arrested shall also be advised that the
- 20 person's refusal of the request of a peace officer to take a test
- 21 described in this section shall result in the suspension of the
- 22 person's right to operate an ORV.
- 23 (6) -(7) This section shall not be construed as limiting the
- 24 introduction of any other competent evidence bearing upon the
- 25 question of whether or not the defendant was impaired by or under
- 26 the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance,
- 27 or a combination of intoxicating liquor and a controlled

- 1 substance, or whether the person had a blood alcohol content of
- 2 -0.10 0.08 grams or more per 100 milliliters of blood, per 210
- 3 liters of breath, or per 67 milliliters of urine.
- 4 (7) $\frac{(8)}{(8)}$ If a jury instruction regarding a defendant's
- 5 refusal to submit to a chemical test under this section is
- 6 requested by the prosecution or the defendant, the jury
- 7 instruction shall be given as follows:
- 8 "Evidence was admitted in this case which, if believed by the
- 9 jury, could prove that the defendant had exercised his or her
- 10 right to refuse a chemical test. You are instructed that such a
- 11 refusal is within the statutory rights of the defendant and is
- 12 not evidence of the defendant's guilt. You are not to consider
- 13 such a refusal in determining the guilt or innocence of the
- 14 defendant.".
- 15 (8) -(9)— If after an accident the operator of an ORV
- 16 involved in the accident is transported to a medical facility and
- 17 a sample of the operator's blood is withdrawn at that time for
- 18 the purpose of medical treatment, the results of a chemical
- 19 analysis of that sample shall be admissible in a criminal
- 20 prosecution for a crime described in subsection (1) to show the
- 21 amount of alcohol or presence of a controlled substance, or both,
- 22 in the person's blood at the time alleged, regardless of whether
- 23 the person had been offered or had refused a chemical test. The
- 24 medical facility or person performing the chemical analysis shall
- 25 disclose the results of the analysis to a prosecuting attorney
- 26 who requests the results for use in a criminal prosecution as
- 27 provided in this subsection. A medical facility or person

- 1 disclosing information in compliance with this subsection shall
- 2 not be civilly or criminally liable for making the disclosure.
- 3 (9) $\frac{(10)}{(10)}$ If after an accident the operator of an ORV
- 4 involved in the accident is deceased, a sample of the decedent's
- 5 blood shall be withdrawn in a manner directed by the medical
- 6 examiner for the purpose of determining blood alcohol content or
- 7 presence of a controlled substance, or both. The medical
- 8 examiner shall give the results of the chemical analysis to the
- 9 law enforcement agency investigating the accident, and that
- 10 agency shall forward the results to the department of state
- 11 police.
- 12 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect
- **13** January 1, 2004.

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