HOUSE BILL No. 6077

July 6, 2004, Introduced by Reps. Tobocman, Hune, Kolb, Gaffney, Wenke, Ward, Nofs, Whitmer, Bieda, Kooiman, Lipsey, Williams, Murphy, Jamnick, Adamini, Accavitti and Hunter and referred to the Committee on Local Government and Urban Policy.

A bill to amend 1966 PA 346, entitled
"State housing development authority act of 1966,"
by amending sections 11, 32b, 44, and 44a (MCL 125.1411,
125.1432b, 125.1444, and 125.1444a), section 11 as amended by
1996 PA 475 and sections 32b, 44, and 44a as amended by 2000 PA
257.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 11. As used in this act:
- 2 (a) "Authority" means the Michigan state housing development
- 3 authority created in this act.
 - (b) "Development costs" means the costs that have been
 - approved by the authority as appropriate expenditures, and
- 6 includes:
 - (i) Payments for options to purchase properties on the
 - proposed housing project site, deposits on contracts of purchase,

- 1 or, with the prior approval of the authority, payments for the
- 2 purchases of those properties.
- 3 (ii) Legal, organizational, and marketing expenses, including
- 4 payment of attorneys' fees, project manager and clerical staff
- 5 salaries, office rent, and other incidental expenses.
- 6 (iii) Payment of fees for preliminary feasibility studies,
- 7 advances for planning, engineering, and architectural work.
- 8 (iv) Expenses for surveys as to need, and market analyses.
- $\mathbf{9}$ (v) Necessary application and other fees to federal and other
- 10 government agencies.
- (vi) Other expenses incurred by the nonprofit housing
- 12 corporation, consumer housing cooperative, limited dividend
- 13 housing corporation, mobile home park corporation, or mobile home
- 14 park association that the authority considers appropriate to
- 15 effectuate the purposes of this act.
- 16 (c) "Federally-aided mortgage" means any of the following:
- 17 (i) A below market interest rate mortgage insured, purchased,
- 18 or held by the secretary of the department of housing and urban
- 19 development.
- 20 (ii) A market interest rate mortgage insured by the secretary
- 21 of the department of housing and urban development and augmented
- 22 by a program of rent supplements.
- 23 (iii) A mortgage receiving interest reduction payments
- 24 provided by the secretary of the department of housing and urban
- 25 development.
- 26 (iv) A mortgage on a housing project to which the authority
- 27 allocates low income housing tax credits under section 22b.

- 1 (v) A mortgage receiving special benefits under other federal
- 2 law designated specifically to develop low and moderate income
- 3 housing, consistent with this act.
- 4 (d) "Fund" means the housing development fund created by this
- 5 act.
- 6 (e) "Project cost" means the sum total of all reasonable or
- 7 necessary costs incurred by the nonprofit housing corporation,
- 8 consumer housing cooperative, limited dividend housing
- 9 corporation, mobile home park corporation, or mobile home park
- 10 association for carrying out all works and undertakings for the
- 11 completion of a housing project and approved by the authority.
- 12 In addition to other reasonable and necessary costs, "project
- 13 costs" includes costs for all of the following: studies and
- 14 surveys; plans, specifications, and architectural and engineering
- 15 services; legal, organization, marketing, or other special
- 16 services; financing, acquisition, demolition, construction,
- 17 equipment, and site development of new and rehabilitated
- 18 buildings; movement of existing buildings to other sites;
- 19 rehabilitation, reconstruction, repair, or remodeling of existing
- 20 buildings; carrying charges during construction; the cost of
- 21 placement of tenants or occupants, and relocation services in
- 22 connection with a housing project; and, to the extent not already
- 23 included, all development costs.
- 24 (f) "Housing project" means any of the following:
- 25 (i) Residential real property developed or to be developed or
- 26 receiving benefits under this act.
- 27 (ii) A specific work or improvement either for rental or for

- 1 subsequent sale to an individual purchaser undertaken by a
- 2 nonprofit housing corporation, consumer housing cooperative,
- 3 limited dividend housing corporation, mobile home park
- 4 corporation, or mobile home park association pursuant to or
- 5 receiving benefits under this act to provide dwelling
- 6 accommodations, including the acquisition, construction, or
- 7 rehabilitation of lands, buildings, and improvements.
- 8 (iii) Social, recreational, commercial, and communal
- 9 facilities that the authority finds necessary to serve and
- 10 improve a residential area in which housing described in
- 11 subparagraph (i) or (ii) is located or is planned to be located,
- 12 thereby enhancing the viability of the housing.
- 13 (g) "Low income or moderate income persons" means families
- 14 and persons who cannot afford to pay the amounts at which private
- 15 enterprise, without federally-aided mortgages or loans from the
- 16 authority, is providing a substantial supply of decent, safe, and
- 17 sanitary housing and who fall within income limitations set in
- 18 this act or by the authority in its rules. Among low income or
- 19 moderate income persons, preference shall be given to the elderly
- 20 and those displaced by urban renewal, slum clearance, or other
- 21 governmental action.
- (h) "Municipality" means a city, village, or township in this
- 23 state.
- (i) "County" means a county within this state.
- (j) "Governing body" means in the case of a city, the council
- 26 or commission of the city; in the case of a village, the council,
- 27 commission, or board of trustees of the village; in the case of a

- 1 township, the township board; and in the case of a county, the
- 2 county board of commissioners.
- 3 (k) "Nonprofit housing corporation" means a nonprofit
- 4 corporation incorporated under the corporation laws of this state
- 5 and chapter 4.
- 6 (1) "Consumer housing cooperative" means a nonprofit
- 7 corporation incorporated pursuant to the corporation laws of this
- 8 state and chapter 5.
- 9 (m) "Annual shelter rent" means the total collections during
- 10 an agreed annual period from all occupants of a housing project
- 11 representing rent or occupancy charges, exclusive of charges for
- 12 gas, electricity, heat, or other utilities furnished to the
- 13 occupants.
- 14 (n) "Taxing jurisdiction" means a municipality, county, or
- 15 district, including a school district or any special district
- 16 having the power to levy or collect taxes upon real property or
- 17 in whose behalf taxes may be levied or collected.
- 18 (o) "Elderly" means a single person who is 55 years of age or
- 19 older or a household in which at least 1 member is 55 years of
- 20 age or older and all other members are 50 years of age or older.
- 21 (p) "Housing development" means a development that contains a
- 22 significant element of housing for persons of low or moderate
- 23 income and elements of other housing and commercial,
- 24 recreational, industrial, communal, and educational facilities
- 25 that the authority determines improve the quality of the
- 26 development as it relates to housing for persons of low or
- 27 moderate income.

- 1 (q) "Limited dividend housing corporation" means a
- 2 corporation incorporated or qualified pursuant to the corporation
- 3 laws of this state and chapter 6 and a limited dividend housing
- 4 association organized and qualified pursuant to chapter 7.
- 5 (r) "Residential real property" means real property located
- 6 in this state, used for residential purposes, and improved or to
- 7 be improved by a residential structure. Residential real
- 8 property includes a mobile home, a mobile home park, and a mobile
- 9 home condominium project. When the terms "rehabilitate" or
- 10 "rehabilitation" are used in conjunction with residential real
- 11 property, residential real property refers to property improved
- 12 by a residential structure.
- 13 (s) "Rehabilitation" means all or part of those repairs and
- 14 improvements necessary to make residential real property safe,
- 15 sanitary, or adequate.
- 16 (t) "Deferred payment loan" means a loan that is repayable or
- 17 partially repayable upon the occurrence of a specified event as
- 18 determined by the authority.
- 19 (u) "Eligible distressed area" means any of the following:
- 20 (i) An area located in a city with a population of at least
- 21 10,000, which area is either designated as a "blighted area" by a
- 22 local legislative body pursuant to Act No. 344 of the Public
- 23 Acts of 1945, being sections 125.71 to 125.84 of the Michigan
- 24 Compiled Laws 1945 PA 344, MCL 125.71 to 125.84, or which area
- 25 is determined by the authority to be blighted or largely vacant
- 26 by reason of clearance of blight, if, with respect to the area,
- 27 the authority determines all of the following:

- 1 (A) That private enterprise has failed to provide a supply of
- 2 adequate, safe, and sanitary dwellings sufficient to meet market
- 3 demand.
- 4 (B) That approval of elimination of income limits applicable
- 5 in connection with authority loans has been received from the
- 6 city in the form of either a resolution adopted by the highest
- 7 legislative body of the city or, if the city charter provides for
- 8 the mayor to be elected at large with that office specifically
- 9 designated on the ballot, provides that the office of mayor is a
- 10 full-time position, and provides that the mayor has the power to
- 11 veto legislative actions of the legislative body of that city, a
- 12 written communication from the mayor of that city.
- 13 (ii) A municipality that meets all of the following
- 14 requirements:
- 15 (A) The municipality shows a negative population change from
- 16 1970 to the date of the most recent federal decennial census.
- 17 (B) The municipality shows an overall increase in the state
- 18 equalized value of real and personal property of less than the
- 19 statewide average increase since 1972.
- (C) The municipality has a poverty rate, as defined by the
- 21 most recent federal decennial census, greater than the statewide
- 22 average.
- 23 (D) The municipality has had an unemployment rate higher than
- 24 the statewide average unemployment rate for 3 of the preceding 5
- 25 years.
- 26 (iii) An area located in a local unit of government certified
- 27 by the Michigan enterprise zone authority as meeting the criteria

- 1 prescribed in section 2(d) of the neighborhood enterprise zone
- 2 act, Act No. 147 of the Public Acts of 1992, being section
- 3 207.772 of the Michigan Compiled Laws 1992 PA 147, MCL 207.772.
- 4 (v) "Mobile home" means a structure, transportable in 1 or
- 5 more sections, that is built on a chassis and is designed to be
- 6 used as a dwelling with or without permanent foundation, when
- 7 connected to the required utilities, and includes the plumbing,
- 8 heating, air conditioning, and electrical systems contained in
- 9 the structure. Mobile home may, but need not, include the real
- 10 property to which the mobile home may be attached. Mobile home
- 11 does not include a recreational vehicle.
- 12 (w) "Mobile home condominium project" means a condominium
- 13 project in which mobile homes are intended to be located upon
- 14 separate sites that constitute individual condominium units and
- 15 that complies with the condominium act, Act No. 59 of the Public
- 16 Acts of 1978, being sections 559.101 to 559.275 of the Michigan
- 17 Compiled Laws 1978 PA 59, MCL 559.101 to 559.276.
- 18 (x) "Mobile home park" means a parcel or tract of land under
- 19 the control of a person or entity upon which 3 or more mobile
- 20 homes are located on a continual, nonrecreational, residential
- 21 basis and that is offered to the public for general public use
- 22 for continual, nonrecreational, residential purposes regardless
- 23 of whether a charge is made for that use, together with any
- 24 social, recreational, commercial, and communal facilities used or
- 25 intended for use incident to the occupancy of a mobile home.
- 26 Mobile home park does not include trailer parks and courts for
- 27 use on a transient basis.

- 1 (y) "Mobile home park association" means a mobile home park
- 2 association organized and qualified in accordance with chapter
- **3** 9.
- 4 (z) "Mobile home park corporation" means a corporation
- 5 incorporated pursuant to the corporation laws of this state and
- 6 qualified in accordance with chapter 8.
- 7 (aa) "Housing unit" means living accommodations that are
- 8 intended for occupancy by up to 4 families, with a separate
- 9 dwelling unit for each family, that may be site constructed or
- 10 may be a mobile home or other form of manufactured housing, and
- 11 with respect to which either of the following applies:
- 12 (i) The owner of the housing occupies at least 1 of the
- 13 dwelling units.
- 14 (ii) A cooperative shareholder or member has a proprietary
- 15 lease of the housing unit.
- 16 (bb) "Moderate cost residential rental property" means
- 17 dwelling units for which the rental payments are equal to or less
- 18 than that established from time to time as the fair market rents
- 19 for existing housing in accordance with 1 of the following:
- 20 (i) The section 8 leased housing program established under
- 21 section 8 of the United States housing act of 1937, 42 U.S.C.
- 22 USC 1437f, and the regulations promulgated under that act, or a
- 23 substantially equivalent successor federal program.
- 24 (ii) A determination made by the authority of the average
- 25 fair market rent for existing rental property.
- 26 (cc) "Area of chronic economic distress" means an area that
- 27 qualifies as a "qualified census tract" or an "area of chronic

- 1 economic distress" as defined in former section 103A(k) of the
- 2 internal revenue code, or an eligible distressed area.
- 3 (dd) "Mortgage lender" means a state or national bank, state
- 4 or federal savings and loan association, mortgage company,
- 5 insurance company, state pension fund, or any other financial
- 6 institution, intermediary, or entity authorized to make mortgage
- 7 loans in this state.
- 8 (ee) "Authority-aided mortgage" means a mortgage made, held,
- 9 purchased, or assisted by the authority.
- 10 (ff) "Subsidiary nonprofit housing corporation" means an
- 11 entity created under section 22c.
- 12 (gg) "Family income" means all income that is included in a
- 13 determination of family income under section 143(f) of the
- 14 internal revenue code, 26 USC 143(f), together with the income of
- 15 all adults who will reside in the residence, which income might
- 16 otherwise be excluded from consideration because the individual
- 17 was not expected to both live in the residence and be primarily
- 18 or secondarily liable on the mortgage note.
- 19 (hh) "Statewide median gross income" means the statewide
- 20 median gross income as determined under section 143(f) of the
- 21 internal revenue code, 26 USC 143(f).
- (ii) "Mutual housing association" means a corporation
- 23 organized in accordance with chapter 10.
- (jj) "Internal revenue code" means the United States internal
- 25 revenue code of 1986.
- 26 (kk) "Internal revenue code of 1954" means the United States
- 27 internal revenue code of 1954 as in effect on the day immediately

- 1 before the effective date of the internal revenue code of 1986.
- 2 Sec. 32b. (1) The authority is designated as the
- 3 administrator of the mortgage credit certificate program for this
- 4 state permitted under section 25 of the internal revenue code,
- 5 -of 1986- 26 USC 25. The authority shall elect under section 25
- 6 of the internal revenue code of 1986 to convert at least
- 7 \$59,000,000.00 of 1985 federal mortgage revenue bond authority
- 8 into mortgage credit certificate authority.
- 9 (2) The authority shall prepare guidelines that would allow
- 10 for the implementation of a mortgage credit certificate program
- 11 through mortgage lenders.
- 12 (3) To qualify for receipt of a mortgage credit certificate
- 13 with respect to the acquisition of -an a new or existing housing
- 14 unit, including a residential condominium or mobile home, both of
- 15 the following apply:
- 16 (a) The purchase price with respect to the unit shall not
- 17 exceed the following:
- 18 (i) \$99,000.00 until November 1, 2001.
- 19 (ii) \$102,000.00 until November 1, 2002.
- 20 (iii) On and after November 1, 2002, \$105,000.00.
- 21 (b) The borrower's family income does not exceed either of
- 22 the following:
- 23 (i) If the housing unit is located in a metropolitan area,
- 24 \$52,900.00 on or before November 1, 2001, \$54,750.00 from
- 25 November 2, 2001 until November 1, 2002, and \$56,650.00 on and
- 26 after November 1, 2002.
- 27 (ii) If the housing unit is located in a nonmetropolitan

- 1 area, \$43,575.00 on or before November 1, 2002. After November
- 2 1, 2002, the family income limit increases to the lesser of the
- 3 HUD nonmetropolitan median income or \$44,000.00.
- 4 (4) To qualify for receipt of a mortgage credit certificate
- 5 with respect to the acquisition of a new housing unit, including
- 6 a residential condominium or mobile home, both of the following
- 7 apply:
- 8 (a) The purchase price with respect to the unit shall not
- 9 exceed the following:
- 10 (i) \$120,000.00 until November 1, 2001.
- 11 $\frac{(ii) $124,000.00 \text{ until November 1, 2002.}}{(iii)}$
- 12 (iii) On and after November 1, 2002, \$128,000.00.
- 13 (b) The borrower's family income does not exceed either of
- 14 the following:
- 15 ——— (i) If the housing unit is located in a metropolitan area,
- 16 \$52,900.00 on or before November 1, 2001, \$54,750.00 from
- 17 November 2, 2001 until November 1, 2002, and \$56,650.00 on and
- 18 after November 1, 2002.
- 19 (ii) If the housing unit is located in a nonmetropolitan
- 20 area, \$43,575.00 on or before November 1, 2002.
- 21 (iii) After November 1, 2002, the family income limit
- 22 increases to the lesser of the HUD nonmetropolitan median income
- 23 or \$44,000.00.
- 24 (a) The purchase price with respect to the new or existing
- 25 unit shall not exceed 3 times the income limit, as established
- 26 from time to time by the United States secretary of the treasury
- 27 pursuant to section 143(f) of the internal revenue code, 26 USC

- 1 143(f), as determined by the authority following its receipt of
- 2 the application.
- 3 (b) The borrower's family income does not exceed the
- 4 following:
- 5 (i) For eligible distressed areas, 115% of state median
- 6 income, as established from time to time by the United States
- 7 secretary of the treasury pursuant to section 143(f) of the
- 8 internal revenue code, 26 USC 143(f).
- 9 (ii) For any other area, 100% of state median income, as
- 10 established from time to time by the United States secretary of
- 11 the treasury pursuant to section 143(f) of the internal revenue
- 12 code, 26 USC 143(f).
- 13 (4) $\frac{(5)}{(5)}$ The authority may increase the purchase price limit
- 14 in subsection (3) to cover the cost of improvements to adapt the
- 15 property for use by disabled individuals or unexpected cost
- 16 increases during construction. The amount of the increase shall
- 17 be the amount of the costs described in this subsection or the
- **18** sum of \$3,500.00, whichever is less.
- 19 (5) -(6) To qualify for receipt of a mortgage credit
- 20 certificate with respect to the improvement or rehabilitation of
- 21 an existing housing unit, including a residential condominium or
- 22 mobile home, the borrower's family income shall not exceed the
- 23 following:
- (a) For a unit located in a metropolitan county, \$52,900.00
- 25 on or before November 1, 2001, \$54,750.00 from November 2, 2001
- 26 until November 1, 2002, and \$56,650.00 on and after November 1,
- **27** 2002.

- 1 (b) For a unit located in a nonmetropolitan county,
- 2 \$43,575.00 on or before November 1, 2002. After November 1,
- 3 2002, the family income limit increases to the lesser of the HUD
- 4 nonmetropolitan median income or \$44,000.00.
- 5 (a) For eligible distressed areas, 115% of state median
- 6 income, as established from time to time by the United States
- 7 secretary of the treasury pursuant to section 143(f) of the
- 8 internal revenue code, 26 USC 143(f).
- 9 (b) For any other area, 100% of state median income, as
- 10 established from time to time by the United States secretary of
- 11 the treasury pursuant to section 143(f) of the internal revenue
- 12 code, 26 USC 143(f).
- 13 (6) $\frac{(7)}{(7)}$ If an income or purchase price limit prescribed by
- **14** subsection (3), (4), **or** (5) $\overline{}$, or (6) exceeds an applicable
- 15 limit prescribed by the internal revenue code, -of 1986 26 USC 1
- **16 to 9833**, the internal revenue code -of 1986—limit applies.
- 17 Except with respect to newly constructed housing units, the
- 18 authority may at any time by resolution establish, for a length
- 19 of time it considers appropriate, maximum borrower income or
- 20 purchase price limits more restrictive than those maximum
- 21 limitations set forth in this section. The authority shall
- 22 advise the appropriate house and senate standing committees 5
- 23 days prior to the adoption of a resolution establishing more
- 24 restrictive income or purchase price limits.
- 25 (7) $\frac{(8)}{}$ The changes made by 1995 PA 186 to purchase price
- 26 limits in the subsections that at the time were designated
- 27 subsections (3) and (4) were retroactive, effective as of

- 1 October 29, 1993.
- 2 Sec. 44. (1) (a) The authority may make loans to a
- 3 nonprofit housing corporation, consumer housing cooperative,
- 4 limited dividend housing corporation, limited dividend housing
- 5 association, mobile home park corporation, or mobile home park
- 6 association or to a public body or agency for the construction or
- 7 rehabilitation, and for the long-term financing, of the
- 8 following:
- **9** (i) Housing for low income or moderate income persons.
- 10 (ii) For the period of time beginning May 1, 1984, and ending
- 11 November 1, 1987, housing projects in which not less than 20% of
- 12 the dwelling units are allotted to individuals of low or moderate
- 13 income within the meaning of former section 103(b)(4)(A) of the
- 14 internal revenue code of -1986 1954; not less than 60% of the
- 15 dwelling units are available to persons and families whose gross
- 16 household income does not exceed 125% of the higher of either the
- 17 median income for a family in this state or the median income for
- 18 a family within the nonmetropolitan county or metropolitan
- 19 statistical area in which the housing project is located, as
- 20 determined by the authority; and not more than 20% of the
- 21 dwelling units are available for occupancy without regard to
- 22 income. The enactment of this subparagraph or the expiration of
- 23 the authority granted by it does not affect rules in effect
- 24 before July 10, 1984, or promulgated after July 9, 1984, to
- 25 define low or moderate income persons.
- 26 (iii) For the period of time beginning May 1, 1984, and
- 27 ending November 1, 1987, housing projects in eligible distressed

- 1 areas in which housing projects not less than 20% of the dwelling
- 2 units are allotted to individuals of low or moderate income
- 3 within the meaning of former section 103(b)(4)(A) of the internal
- 4 revenue code of -1986- 1954; not less than 60% of the dwelling
- 5 units are available to persons and families whose gross household
- 6 income does not exceed 150% of the higher of either the median
- 7 income for a family in this state or the median income for a
- 8 family within the nonmetropolitan county or metropolitan
- 9 statistical area in which the housing project is located, as
- 10 determined by the authority, and not more than 20% of the
- 11 dwelling units are available for occupancy without regard to
- 12 income.
- 13 (iv) Beginning November 1, 1987, multifamily housing
- 14 projects that meet the 20-50 or 40-60 test established in section
- 15 142 of the internal revenue code of 1986 and, in addition, in
- 16 which not less than 15% of the dwelling units are allotted to
- 17 persons and families whose gross household income does not exceed
- 18 125% of the higher of either the median income for a family in
- 19 this state or the median income for a family within the
- 20 nonmetropolitan county or metropolitan statistical area in which
- 21 the housing project is located, as determined by the authority,
- 22 or to the elderly; not less than 15% of the dwelling units are
- 23 allotted to persons and families whose gross household income
- 24 does not exceed 150% of the median income for a family in this
- 25 state or the median income for a family within the
- 26 nonmetropolitan county or metropolitan statistical area in which
- 27 the housing project is located, as determined by the authority,

- 1 or to the elderly; and not more than 50% of the dwelling units
- 2 are available for occupancy without regard to income.
- 3 (iv) $\frac{(v)}{(v)}$ Beginning November 1, 1987, multifamily housing
- 4 projects in eligible distressed areas that meet the 20-50 or
- 5 40-60 test established in section 142 of the internal revenue
- 6 code, -of 1986- 26 USC 142, and, in addition, in which the
- 7 remaining dwelling units are available for occupancy without
- 8 regard to income.
- 9 (v) $\frac{(vi)}{(vi)}$ Social, recreational, commercial, or communal
- 10 facilities necessary to serve and improve the residential area in
- 11 which an authority-financed housing project is located or is
- 12 planned to be located thereby enhancing the viability of the
- 13 housing.
- 14 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the
- 15 authority may establish by resolution higher income limits that
- 16 it considers necessary to achieve sustained occupancy of a
- 17 housing project financed under subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), (iii),
- **18** (iv), or (v) if the authority determines both of the following:
- 19 (i) The owner of the housing project exercised reasonable
- 20 efforts to rent the dwelling units to persons and families whose
- 21 incomes did not exceed the income limitations originally
- 22 applicable.
- 23 (ii) For an annual period after the first tenant has occupied
- 24 the housing project, the owner of the housing project has been
- 25 unable to attain and sustain at least a 95% occupancy level at
- 26 the housing project.
- 27 (c) A loan under this section may be in an amount not to

- 1 exceed 90% of the project cost as approved by the authority. For
- 2 purposes of this section, the term "project cost" includes all
- 3 items included in the definition of a project cost in section 11
- 4 and also includes a builder's fee equal to an amount up to 5% of
- 5 the amount of the construction contract, developer overhead
- 6 allowance and fee of 5% of the amount of the project cost, the
- 7 cost of furnishings, and a sponsor's risk allowance equal to 10%
- 8 of the project cost. A loan shall not be made under this section
- 9 unless a market analysis has been conducted that demonstrates a
- 10 sufficient market exists for the housing project.
- 11 (d) After November 1, 1987, the authority may continue to
- 12 finance multifamily housing projects for families or persons
- 13 whose incomes do not exceed the limits provided in subsection
- 14 (1)(a)(ii) or (iii) or (1)(b), until funds derived from the
- 15 proceeds of bonds or notes issued before November 2, 1987, for
- 16 that purpose, including the proceeds of prepayments or recovery
- 17 payments with respect to these multifamily housing projects, have
- 18 been expended. Multifamily housing projects or single family
- 19 housing units in an eligible distressed area that are financed by
- 20 proceeds of notes or bonds issued before June 30, 1984, and that
- 21 the authority has designated for occupancy by persons and
- 22 families without regard to income pursuant to this act shall
- 23 remain eligible for occupancy by families and persons without
- 24 regard to income until the authority's mortgage loan issued with
- 25 respect to these multifamily housing projects is fully repaid.
- (e) Notwithstanding the expiration of lending authority under
- 27 subsection (1)(a)(ii), (iii), (iv), or (v), multifamily housing

- 1 projects financed under those subparagraphs may continue to
- 2 remain eligible for occupancy by persons and families whose
- 3 incomes do not exceed the limits provided in those subparagraphs
- $\mathbf{4}$ or subsection (1)(b).
- 5 (f) For purposes of this subsection:
- 6 (i) "Gross household income" means gross income of a
- 7 household as those terms are defined in rules of the authority.
- 8 (ii) "Median income for a family in this state" and "median"
- 9 income for a family within the nonmetropolitan county or
- 10 metropolitan statistical area" mean those income levels as
- 11 determined by the authority.
- 12 (2) (a) The authority may make loans to a nonprofit housing
- 13 corporation, limited dividend housing corporation, mobile home
- 14 park corporation, or mobile home park association for the
- 15 construction or rehabilitation of housing units, including
- 16 residential condominium units as defined in section 4 of the
- 17 condominium act, 1978 PA 59, MCL 559.104, for sale to individual
- 18 purchasers of low or moderate income or to individual purchasers
- 19 without regard to income when the housing units are located in an
- 20 eligible distressed area. A loan under this section may be in an
- 21 amount not to exceed 100% of the project cost as approved by the
- 22 authority in the case of a nonprofit housing corporation or
- 23 individual purchaser, and in an amount not to exceed 90% of the
- 24 project cost as approved by the authority in the case of a
- 25 limited dividend housing corporation, mobile home park
- 26 corporation, or mobile home park association.
- (b) While a loan under this subsection is outstanding, a sale

- 1 by a nonprofit housing corporation or limited dividend housing
- 2 corporation or a subsequent resale is subject to approval by the
- 3 authority. The authority -shall may provide in its rules
- 4 concerning these sales and resales that the price of the housing
- 5 unit sold, the method of making payments after the sale, the
- 6 security afforded, and the interest rate, fees, and charges to be
- 7 paid shall at all times be sufficient to permit the authority to
- 8 make the payments on its bonds and notes and to meet
- 9 administrative or other costs of the authority in connection with
- 10 the transactions. Housing units shall be sold under terms that
- 11 provide for monthly payments including principal, interest,
- 12 taxes, and insurance.
- (c) While a loan under this subsection is outstanding, the
- 14 authority, before the approval of sale by a nonprofit housing
- 15 corporation, limited dividend housing corporation, mobile home
- 16 park corporation, or mobile home park association, shall satisfy
- 17 itself that the sale is to persons of low or moderate income if
- 18 the housing unit is not located in an eligible distressed area,
- 19 or to persons without regard to income if the housing unit is
- 20 located in an eligible distressed area.
- 21 (d) Upon the sale by a nonprofit housing corporation,
- 22 limited dividend housing corporation, mobile home park
- 23 corporation, or mobile home park association of a housing unit to
- 24 an individual purchaser of low or moderate income or to an
- 25 individual purchaser without regard to income if the unit is
- 26 located in an eligible distressed area under this subsection to
- 27 whom a loan is being made by the authority, the housing unit

- 1 shall be released from the mortgage running from the nonprofit
- 2 housing corporation, limited dividend housing corporation, mobile
- 3 home park corporation, or mobile home park association to the
- 4 authority, and the mortgage shall be replaced as to the housing
- 5 unit by a mortgage running from the individual purchaser to the
- 6 authority.
- 7 (e) The authority shall encourage nonprofit housing
- 8 corporations and limited dividend housing corporations engaged in
- 9 construction or rehabilitation under this subsection to utilize
- 10 the labor of prospective individual purchasers of low or moderate
- 11 income in the construction or rehabilitation of the housing units
- 12 involved. The value of the labor of the prospective purchasers
- 13 so utilized shall be used to reduce the project costs of the
- 14 housing units involved.
- 15 (f) In the construction of housing units to be sold to the
- 16 individual purchasers of low or moderate income at a price not to
- 17 exceed \$12,000.00, the individual purchasers may be required to
- 18 perform, in a manner and under conditions to be specified by the
- 19 authority in its rules, a minimum number of hours of labor. The
- 20 value of the labor shall be credited to the purchase price.
- 21 (3) The authority may make, —or—purchase, or participate in
- 22 loans made to -an individual -purchaser purchasers for
- 23 acquisition and long-term financing of -a newly rehabilitated,
- 24 newly constructed, or existing 1- to 4-unit housing -unit units,
- 25 including a residential condominium unit as defined in section 4
- 26 of the condominium act, 1978 PA 59, MCL 559.104. To qualify, all
- 27 of the following apply:

- 1 (a) The borrower's family income shall not exceed either of
- 2 the following:
- 3 (i) If the housing unit is located in a metropolitan area,
- 4 \$52,900.00 on or before November 1, 2001, \$54,750.00 from
- 5 November 2, 2001 until November 1, 2002, and \$56,650.00 on and
- 6 after November 1, 2002.
- 7 (ii) If the housing unit is located in a nonmetropolitan
- 8 area, \$43,575.00 on or before November 1, 2002. After November
- 9 1, 2002, the family income limit increases to the lesser of the
- 10 HUD nonmetropolitan median income or \$44,000.00.
- 11 (b) The purchase price with respect to the unit does not
- 12 exceed the following:
- 13 (i) For an existing housing unit, \$99,000.00 on or before
- 14 November 1, 2001, \$102,000.00 from November 2, 2001 until
- 15 November 1, 2002, and \$105,000.00 on and after November 1, 2002.
- 16 ——— (ii) For a newly rehabilitated or a newly constructed housing
- 17 unit, \$120,000.00 on or before November 1, 2001, \$124,000.00 from
- 18 November 2, 2001 until November 1, 2002, and \$128,000.00 on and
- 19 after November 1, 2002.
- 20 (a) The borrower's family income shall not exceed the
- 21 following:
- 22 (i) For eligible distressed areas, 115% of state median
- 23 income, as established from time to time by the United States
- 24 secretary of the treasury pursuant to section 143(f) of the
- 25 internal revenue code, 26 USC 143(f).
- 26 (ii) For any other area, 100% of state median income, as
- 27 established from time to time by the United States secretary of

- 1 the treasury pursuant to section 143(f) of the internal revenue
- 2 code, 26 USC 143(f).
- 3 (b) The purchase price does not exceed the following:
- 4 (i) With respect to a 1- or 2-family unit, 3 times the income
- 5 limit, as established from time to time by the United States
- 6 secretary of the treasury pursuant to section 143(f) of the
- 7 internal revenue code, 26 USC 143(f).
- 8 (ii) With respect to a 3-family unit, 3-1/2 times the income
- 9 limit, as established from time to time by the United States
- 10 secretary of the treasury pursuant to section 143(f) of the
- 11 internal revenue code, 26 USC 143(f).
- 12 (iii) With respect to a 4-family unit, 4 times the income
- 13 limit, as established from time to time by the United States
- 14 secretary of the treasury pursuant to section 143(f) of the
- 15 internal revenue code, 26 USC 143(f).
- 16 (c) For unexpected cost increases during construction or
- 17 improvements to adapt new or existing property for use by
- 18 disabled individuals, the authority may increase the purchase
- 19 price limit by an amount sufficient to cover these cost
- 20 increases, but not to exceed \$3,500.00.
- 21 (d) If an income or purchase price limit prescribed by this
- 22 subsection exceeds an application limit prescribed by the
- 23 internal revenue code, -of 1986, the internal revenue code -of
- 24 1986 limit applies.
- (e) Except with respect to newly constructed housing units,
- 26 the authority may by resolution establish, for a length of time
- 27 the authority considers appropriate, maximum borrower income or

- 1 purchase price limits more restrictive than those maximum
- 2 limitations set forth in this section. The authority shall
- 3 advise the appropriate house and senate standing committees 5
- 4 days prior to adopting a resolution establishing more restrictive
- 5 maximum borrower income or purchase price limits.
- 6 (f) Before making a loan under this section, authority staff
- 7 shall determine that the borrower has the ability to repay the
- 8 loan.
- 9 (g) A loan made or purchased to finance the acquisition of an
- 10 existing housing unit may include funds for rehabilitation.
- 11 (4) A loan shall be secured in a manner and be repaid in a
- 12 period, not exceeding 50 years, as may be determined by the
- 13 authority. A loan shall bear interest at a rate determined by
- 14 the authority.
- 15 (5) A person who, for purposes of securing a loan under this
- 16 act, misrepresents his or her income, including taking a leave of
- 17 absence from his or her employment for purposes of diminishing
- 18 his or her income, is not to be eligible for a loan under this
- **19** act.
- Sec. 44a. (1) The authority may make, purchase, or
- 21 participate in loans, grants, or deferred payment loans to
- 22 persons and families of low and moderate income to finance the
- 23 rehabilitation of residential real property designed for
- 24 occupancy by not more than -11 24 families that is owned or is
- 25 being purchased by 1 or more persons or families of low and
- 26 moderate income and that is for occupancy by persons or families
- 27 of low and moderate income.

- 1 (2) The authority, without regard to the income of the owners
- 2 or occupants of residential rental property, may make, purchase,
- 3 or participate in loans, grants, or deferred payment loans for
- 4 the rehabilitation of residential rental property to persons or
- 5 entities owning residential rental property located in areas of
- 6 chronic economic distress and moderate cost residential rental
- 7 property located elsewhere in this state.
- 8 (3) A loan under this section may be secured or unsecured as
- 9 determined by the authority. If the loan is unsecured, it shall
- 10 be accepted for insurance under title 1 of the national housing
- 11 act, -chapter 847, 48 Stat. 1246, 12 -U.S.C. usc 1702, 1703,
- 12 1705, and 1706b to 1706d, or another federal or private insurance
- 13 program providing coverage at least equal to that provided by
- 14 that title, or the authority shall establish a reserve for losses
- 15 on uninsured loans made under this section and shall deposit into
- 16 that reserve an amount equal to 5% of the principal amount of
- 17 each such uninsured loan on or before the making of the loan.
- 18 Money may be withdrawn by the authority from this reserve for
- 19 application as loan repayments in connection with loans that are
- 20 delinquent. In addition, upon repayment of a loan made,
- 21 purchased, or participated in under this section, the authority
- 22 may withdraw the amount deposited in the reserve in connection
- 23 with that loan, reduced by amounts withdrawn as loan repayments
- 24 in connection with the loan, and may apply the amounts to any of
- 25 the authority's programs and purposes. Income or interest earned
- 26 by or increment to the reserve due to the investment of the money
- 27 in the reserve may, at the times determined by the authority, be

- 1 transferred by the authority to other funds or accounts of the
- 2 authority and applied to any of the corporate purposes of the
- 3 authority. A loan under this section shall bear interest at a
- 4 rate and be repaid in the period, not exceeding 20 years, as
- 5 determined by the authority and under additional terms and
- 6 conditions as determined by the authority.
- 7 (4) A deferred payment loan or grant may be secured or
- 8 unsecured as determined by the authority, and shall be made under
- 9 additional terms and conditions determined by the authority.
- 10 (5) In recognition of the need for rehabilitation loans,
- 11 grants, and deferred payment loans in all geographic areas of the
- 12 state, the authority shall promulgate rules that provide for the
- 13 availability of loans, grants, and deferred payment loans on an
- 14 equitable basis to qualified applicants in all geographic areas
- 15 of this state. With respect to loans, grants, and deferred
- 16 payment loans made pursuant to this section that are not based on
- 17 residency in a neighborhood selected under section 22a(5),
- 18 eligibility for loans, grants, or deferred payment loans shall
- 19 not be based upon the number of qualified applicants in the
- 20 geographic area in which the individual resides.
- 21 (6) For purposes of this section, persons and families of low
- 22 and moderate income means persons and families whose family
- 23 income does not exceed -either of the following:
- 24 (a) If the housing unit is located in a metropolitan area,
- 25 \$52,900.00 on or before November 1, 2001, \$54,750.00 from
- 26 November 2, 2001 until November 1, 2002, and \$56,650.00 on and
- 27 after November 1, 2002.

- 1 (b) If the housing unit is located in a nonmetropolitan area,
- 2 \$43,575.00 on or before November 1, 2002. After November 1,
- 3 2002, the family income limit increases to the lesser of the HUD
- 4 nonmetropolitan median income or \$44,000.00. The authority may
- 5 by resolution establish, for a length of time it considers
- 6 appropriate, maximum family income limits more restrictive than
- 7 those maximum limitations set forth in this section. The
- 8 authority shall advise the appropriate house and senate standing
- 9 committees 5 days prior to the adoption of a resolution
- 10 establishing more restrictive maximum family income limits.
- 11 (a) For eligible distressed areas, 115% of state median
- 12 income, as established from time to time by the United States
- 13 secretary of the treasury pursuant to section 143(f) of the
- 14 internal revenue code, 26 USC 143(f).
- 15 (b) For any other area, 100% of state median income, as
- 16 established from time to time by the United States secretary of
- 17 the treasury pursuant to section 143(f) of the internal revenue
- 18 code, 26 USC 143(f).
- 19 (7) The maximum principal loan amounts for home improvement
- 20 loans, exclusive of finance charges, are as follows:
- **21** (a) $\frac{$25,000.00}{}$ \$50,000.00 for a residential structure
- 22 containing 1 dwelling unit, unless the loan is made in
- 23 conjunction with additional money provided by a municipality or
- 24 nonprofit community-based organization, in which case a loan for
- 25 a residential structure containing 1 dwelling unit is
- **26** \$35,000.00.
- 27 (b) \$\frac{\$\\$5,000.00}{\$\}\$25,000.00 per dwelling unit for a

- ${f 1}$ residential structure containing 2 to ${f -11}$ ${f 24}$ dwelling units.
- 2 (8) A structure is not required to be of a minimum age to be
- 3 eligible for rehabilitation under this section.
- 4 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act does not take
- 5 effect unless Senate Bill No. 1341 or House Bill No. _____
- 6 (request no. 06557'04) of the 92nd Legislature is enacted into
- 7 law.

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