## HOUSE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 583

A bill to amend 2002 PA 593, entitled "Michigan next energy authority act," by amending section 2 (MCL 207.822).

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 2. As used in this act:
- 2 (a) "Advanced battery cell" means a rechargeable battery cell3 with a specific energy of not less than 80 watt hours per kilogram.
- 4 (b) "Alternative energy marine propulsion system" means an
- 5 onboard propulsion system or detachable outboard propulsion system
- 6 for a watercraft that is powered by -a fuel cell energy system,
- 7 photovoltaic energy system, or advanced battery cell energy system
- 8 AN ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SYSTEM and that is the singular propulsion
- 9 system for the watercraft. Alternative energy marine propulsion

- 1 system does not include battery powered motors designed to assist
- 2 in the propulsion of the watercraft during fishing or other
- 3 recreational use.
- 4 (c) "Alternative energy system" means the small-scale
- 5 generation or release of energy from 1 or any combination of the
- 6 following types of energy systems:
- 7 (i) A fuel cell energy system.
- 8 (ii) A photovoltaic energy system.
- 9 (iii) A solar-thermal energy system.
- 10 (iv) A wind energy system.
- 11 (v) A CHP energy system.
- 12 (vi) A microturbine energy system.
- 13 (vii) A miniturbine energy system.
- 14 (viii) A Stirling cycle energy system.
- 15 (ix) A battery cell energy system.
- 16 (x) A clean fuel energy system.
- 17 (xi) An electricity storage system.
- 18 (xii) A BIOMASS ENERGY SYSTEM.
- 19 (xiii) A THERMOELECTRIC ENERGY SYSTEM.
- 20 (d) "Alternative energy technology" means equipment, component
- 21 parts, materials, electronic devices, testing equipment, and
- 22 related systems that are -solely related to SPECIFICALLY DESIGNED,
- 23 SPECIFICALLY FABRICATED, AND USED PRIMARILY FOR 1 OR MORE OF the
- 24 following:
- 26 alternative energy system.
- 27 (i) THE STORAGE, GENERATION, REFORMATION, OR DISTRIBUTION OF

- 1 CLEAN FUELS INTEGRATED WITHIN AN ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SYSTEM OR
- 2 ALTERNATIVE ENERGY VEHICLE, NOT INCLUDING AN ANAEROBIC DIGESTER
- 3 ENERGY SYSTEM OR A HYDROELECTRIC ENERGY SYSTEM, FOR USE WITHIN THE
- 4 ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SYSTEM OR ALTERNATIVE ENERGY VEHICLE.
- 5 (ii) The process of generating and putting into a usable form
- 6 the energy generated by an alternative energy system. Alternative
- 7 energy technology does not include those component parts of an
- 8 alternative energy system that are required regardless of the
- 9 energy source.
- 10 (iii) A microgrid. As used in this subparagraph, "microgrid"
- 11 means the lines, wires, FUEL LINES AND FUEL REFORMERS, and controls
- 12 to connect 2 or more alternative energy systems.
- 13 (iv) RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT OF AN ALTERNATIVE ENERGY VEHICLE.
- 14 (v) RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, AND MANUFACTURING OF AN ALTERNATIVE
- 15 ENERGY SYSTEM.
- 16 (vi) RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, AND MANUFACTURING OF AN ANAEROBIC
- 17 DIGESTER ENERGY SYSTEM.
- 18 (vii) RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, AND MANUFACTURING OF A
- 19 HYDROELECTRIC ENERGY SYSTEM.
- (e) "Alternative energy technology business" means a business
- 21 engaged solely in the research, development, or manufacturing of
- 22 alternative energy technology.
- 23 (f) "Alternative energy vehicle" means a motor vehicle
- 24 manufactured by an original equipment manufacturer that fully
- 25 warrants and certifies that the motor vehicle meets federal motor
- 26 vehicle safety standards for its class of vehicles as defined by
- 27 the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.1 to 257.923, and

- 1 certifies that the motor vehicle meets local emissions standards,
- 2 that is propelled by an alternative energy system. Alternative
- 3 energy vehicle includes the following:
- 4 (i) An alternative fueled vehicle. As used in this
- 5 subparagraph, "alternative fueled vehicle" means a motor vehicle
- 6 that can only be powered by a clean fuel energy system and can only
- 7 be fueled by a clean fuel.
- (ii) A fuel cell vehicle. As used in this subparagraph, "fuel
- 9 cell vehicle" means a motor vehicle powered solely by a fuel cell
- 10 energy system.
- 11 (iii) An electric vehicle. As used in this subparagraph,
- 12 "electric vehicle" means a motor vehicle powered solely by a
- 13 battery cell energy system.
- 14 (iv) A hybrid vehicle. As used in this subparagraph, "hybrid
- 15 vehicle" means a motor vehicle that can only be powered by  $\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}$  AN
- 16 INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE AND 1 or more alternative energy
- 17 systems.
- 18 (v) A solar vehicle. As used in this subparagraph, "solar
- 19 vehicle" means a motor vehicle powered solely by a photovoltaic
- 20 energy system.
- 21 (vi) A hybrid electric vehicle. As used in this subparagraph,
- 22 "hybrid electric vehicle" means a motor vehicle powered by an
- 23 integrated propulsion system consisting of an electric motor and
- 24 combustion engine. Hybrid electric vehicle does not include a
- 25 retrofitted conventional diesel or gasoline engine. A hybrid
- 26 electric vehicle obtains the power necessary to propel the motor
- 27 vehicle from a combustion engine and 1 of the following:

- 1 (A) A battery cell energy system.
- 2 (B) A fuel cell energy system.
- 3 (C) A photovoltaic energy system.
- 4 (vii) A HYDRAULIC HYBRID VEHICLE. AS USED IN THIS SUBPARAGRAPH,
- 5 "HYDRAULIC HYBRID VEHICLE" MEANS A MOTOR VEHICLE POWERED BY A
- 6 REGENERATIVE HYDRAULIC DRIVE SYSTEM OR POWERED BY AN INTERNAL
- 7 COMBUSTION ENGINE ASSISTED BY A REGENERATIVE HYDRAULIC DRIVE
- 8 SYSTEM.
- 9 (g) "Alternative energy zone" means a renaissance zone
- 10 designated as an alternative energy zone by the board of the
- 11 Michigan strategic fund under section 8a of the Michigan
- 12 renaissance zone act, 1996 PA 376, MCL 125.2688a.
- 13 (H) "ANAEROBIC DIGESTER ENERGY SYSTEM" MEANS A DEVICE OR
- 14 SYSTEM OF DEVICES FOR OPTIMIZING THE ANAEROBIC DIGESTION OF BIOMASS
- 15 FOR THE PURPOSE OF RECOVERING BIOFUEL FOR ENERGY PRODUCTION.
- 16 (I) (h) "Authority" means the Michigan next energy authority
- 17 created under section 3.
- 18 (J) -(i) "Battery cell" means a closed electrochemical system
- 19 that converts chemical energy from oxidation and reduction
- 20 reactions directly into electric energy without combustion and
- 21 without external fuel and consists of an anode, a cathode, and an
- 22 electrolyte.
- 23 (K)  $\frac{(j)}{(j)}$  "Battery cell energy system" means 1 or more battery
- 24 cells and an inverter or other power conditioning unit used to
- 25 perform 1 or more of the following functions:
- 26 (i) Propel a motor vehicle or an alternative energy marine
- 27 propulsion system.

- 1 (ii) Provide electricity that is distributed within a dwelling
- 2 or other structure.
- 3 (iii) Provide electricity to operate a portable electronic
- 4 device including, but not limited to, a laptop computer, a personal
- 5 digital assistant, or a cell phone. For purposes of this
- 6 subparagraph only, a battery cell energy system shall only use
- 7 advanced battery cells.
- 8 (l) "BIOMASS ENERGY SYSTEM" MEANS A SYSTEM THAT GENERATES
- 9 ENERGY FROM A PROCESS USING RESIDUES FROM WOOD AND PAPER PRODUCTS
- 10 INDUSTRIES, FOOD PRODUCTION AND PROCESSING, TREES AND GRASSES GROWN
- 11 SPECIFICALLY TO BE USED AS ENERGY CROPS, AND GASEOUS FUELS PRODUCED
- 12 FROM SOLID BIOMASS, ANIMAL WASTES, MUNICIPAL WASTES, OR LANDFILLS.
- 13 (M)  $\frac{(k)}{(k)}$  "Board" means the governing body of an authority
- 14 under section 4.
- 15 (N)  $\frac{(l)}{(l)}$  "CHP energy system" means an integrated unit that
- 16 generates power and either cools, heats, or controls humidity in a
- 17 building or provides heating, drying, or chilling for an industrial
- 18 process that includes and is limited to both of the following:
- 19 (i) An absorption chiller, a desiccant dehumidifier, or heat
- 20 recovery equipment.
- 21 (ii) One of the following:
- 22 (A) An internal combustion engine, an external combustion
- 23 engine, a microturbine, or a miniturbine, fueled solely by a clean
- **24** fuel.
- 25 (B) A fuel cell energy system.
- 26 (O) (m)— "Clean fuel" means 1 or more of the following:
- (i) Methane.

- 1 (ii) Natural gas.
- 2 (iii) Methanol neat or methanol blends containing at least 85%
- 3 methanol.
- 4 (iv) Denatured ethanol neat or ethanol blends containing at
- 5 least 85% ethanol.
- 6 (v) Compressed natural gas.
- 7 (vi) Liquefied natural gas.
- 8 (vii) Liquefied petroleum gas.
- 9 (viii) Hydrogen.
- 10 (ix) RENEWABLE FUELS.
- 11 (P)  $\frac{(n)}{(n)}$  "Clean fuel energy system" means a device that is
- 12 designed and used solely for the purpose of generating power from a
- 13 clean fuel. Clean fuel energy system does not include a
- 14 conventional gasoline or diesel fuel engine or a retrofitted
- 15 conventional diesel or gasoline engine.
- 16 (Q)  $\overline{\text{(o)}}$  "Department" means the department of management and
- 17 budget.
- 18 (R) -(p) "Electricity storage device" means a device,
- 19 including a capacitor, that directly stores electrical energy
- 20 without conversion to an intermediary medium.
- 21 (S)  $\frac{(q)}{(q)}$  "Electricity storage system" means 1 or more
- 22 electricity storage devices and inverters or other power
- 23 conditioning equipment.
- 24 (T)  $\frac{(r)}{(r)}$  "Fuel cell energy system" means 1 or more fuel cells
- 25 or fuel cell stacks and an inverter or other power conditioning
- 26 unit. A fuel cell energy system may also include a fuel processor.
- 27 As used in this subdivision:

- 1 (i) "Fuel cell" means an electrochemical device that uses an
- 2 external fuel and continuously converts the energy released from
- 3 the oxidation of fuel by oxygen directly into electricity without
- 4 combustion and consists of an anode, a cathode, and an electrolyte.
- 5 (ii) "Fuel cell stack" means an assembly of fuel cells.
- 6 (iii) "Fuel processor" means a device that converts a fuel,
- 7 including, but not limited to, methanol, natural gas, or gasoline,
- 8 into a hydrogen rich gas, without combustion for use in a fuel
- 9 cell.
- 10 (U) "HYDROELECTRIC ENERGY SYSTEM" MEANS A SYSTEM RELATED TO
- 11 THE PROCESS OF GENERATING OR PUTTING INTO USABLE FORM THE ENERGY
- 12 PRODUCED SOLELY FROM FLOWING OR FALLING WATER. THE SYSTEM MAY
- 13 CONSIST OF A TURBINE, GENERATOR, ALTERNATOR, ELECTRONIC DEVICES, OR
- 14 OTHER DIRECTLY RELATED COMPONENT PARTS.
- 15 (V)  $\overline{(s)}$  "Microturbine energy system" means a system that
- 16 generates electricity, composed of a compressor, combustor,
- 17 turbine, and generator, fueled solely by a clean fuel with a
- 18 capacity of not more than 250 kilowatts. A microturbine energy
- 19 system may include an alternator and shall include a recuperator if
- 20 the use of the recuperator increases the efficiency of the energy
- 21 system.
- 22 (W) —(t)— "Miniturbine energy system" means a system that
- 23 generates electricity, composed of a compressor, combustor,
- 24 turbine, and generator, fueled solely by a clean fuel with a
- 25 capacity of not more than 2 megawatts. A miniturbine energy system
- 26 may also include an alternator and a recuperator.
- 27 (X)  $\frac{(u)}{(u)}$  "Person" means an individual, partnership,

- 1 corporation, limited liability company, association, governmental
- 2 entity, or other legal entity.
- (Y) (V) "Photovoltaic energy system" means a solar energy
- 4 device composed of 1 or more photovoltaic cells or photovoltaic
- 5 modules and an inverter or other power conditioning unit. A
- 6 photovoltaic system may also include batteries for power storage or
- 7 an electricity storage device. As used in this subdivision:
- 8 (i) "Photovoltaic cell" means an integrated device consisting
- 9 of layers of semiconductor materials and electrical contacts
- 10 capable of converting incident light directly into electricity.
- 11 (ii) "Photovoltaic module" means an assembly of photovoltaic
- 12 cells.
- 13 (Z) "REGENERATIVE HYDRAULIC DRIVE SYSTEM" MEANS A SYSTEM THAT
- 14 CAPTURES ENERGY FROM NONPARASITIC VEHICLE SOURCES OR ENERGY WASTED
- 15 BY A VEHICLE'S BRAKES OR SUSPENSION TO BE RELEASED TO DIRECTLY
- 16 ASSIST VEHICLE PROPULSION OR DIRECTLY PROPEL THE VEHICLE.
- 17 (AA) "RENEWABLE FUELS" MEANS 1 OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 18 (i) BIODIESEL OR BIODIESEL BLENDS CONTAINING AT LEAST 20%
- 19 BIODIESEL. AS USED IN THIS SUBPARAGRAPH, "BIODIESEL" MEANS A DIESEL
- 20 FUEL SUBSTITUTE CONSISTING OF METHYL OR ETHYL ESTERS PRODUCED FROM
- 21 THE TRANSESTERIFICATION OF ANIMAL OR VEGETABLE FATS WITH METHANOL
- 22 OR ETHANOL.
- 23 (ii) BIOMASS. AS USED IN THIS SUBPARAGRAPH, "BIOMASS" MEANS
- 24 WOOD AND PAPER PRODUCTS INDUSTRIES, FOOD PRODUCTION AND PROCESSING,
- 25 TREES AND GRASSES GROWN SPECIFICALLY TO BE USED AS ENERGY CROPS,
- 26 AND GASEOUS FUELS PRODUCED FROM SOLID BIOMASS, ANIMAL WASTE,
- 27 MUNICIPAL WASTES, OR LANDFILLS.

- 1 (BB)  $\frac{(w)}{(w)}$  "Small-scale" means  $\frac{a}{(w)}$  1 OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 2 (i) A single energy system with a generating capacity of not
- 3 more than 2 megawatts or an integrated energy system with a
- 4 generating capacity of not more than 10 megawatts.
- 5 (ii) A SINGLE ENERGY SYSTEM OR AN INTEGRATED ENERGY SYSTEM WITH
- 6 ANY GENERATING CAPACITY THAT IS 1 OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 7 (A) A FUEL CELL ENERGY SYSTEM.
- 8 (B) A PHOTOVOLTAIC ENERGY SYSTEM.
- 9 (C) A WIND ENERGY SYSTEM.
- 10 (CC) -(x) "Solar thermal energy system" means an integrated
- 11 unit consisting of a sunlight collection device, a system
- 12 containing a heat transfer fluid to receive the collected sunlight,
- 13 and heat exchangers to transfer the solar energy to a thermal
- 14 storage tank to heat or cool spaces or -water FLUIDS or to
- 15 generate electricity.
- 16 (DD) (y) "Stirling cycle energy system" means a closed-
- 17 cycle, regenerative heat engine that is fueled solely by a clean
- 18 fuel and uses an external combustion process, heat exchangers,
- 19 pistons, a regenerator, and a confined working gas, such as
- 20 hydrogen or helium, to convert heat into mechanical energy. A
- 21 Stirling cycle energy system may also include a generator to
- 22 generate electricity.
- 23 (EE) "THERMOELECTRIC ENERGY SYSTEM" MEANS A SYSTEM THAT
- 24 GENERATES ENERGY BY CONVERTING THERMAL ENERGY INTO ELECTRICAL
- 25 ENERGY USING DIRECT HEAT FROM A CLEAN FUEL ENERGY SYSTEM OR WASTE
- 26 HEAT FROM ANY SOURCE. A THERMOELECTRIC ENERGY SYSTEM ALSO INCLUDES
- 27 AN ENERGY SYSTEM THAT UTILIZES ALKALI METAL THERMAL-TO-ELECTRIC

## 1 CONVERSION TECHNOLOGY.

- (FF)  $\frac{-(z)}{-}$  "Wind energy system" means an integrated unit 2
- consisting of a wind turbine composed of a rotor, an electrical 3
- 4 generator, a control system, an inverter or other power
- conditioning unit, and a tower, which uses moving air to produce 5
- 6 power.