SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 583

A bill to amend 2002 PA 593, entitled "Michigan next energy authority act," by amending section 2 (MCL 207.822).

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 2. As used in this act:
- 2 (a) "Advanced battery cell" means a rechargeable battery cell
- 3 with a specific energy of not less than 80 watt hours per kilogram.
- 4 (b) "Alternative energy marine propulsion system" means an
- 5 onboard propulsion system or detachable outboard propulsion system
- 6 for a watercraft that is powered by -a fuel cell energy system,
- 7 photovoltaic energy system, or advanced battery cell energy system
- 8 AN ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SYSTEM and that is the singular propulsion
- 9 system for the watercraft. Alternative energy marine propulsion

2

- 1 system does not include battery powered motors designed to assist
- 2 in the propulsion of the watercraft during fishing or other
- 3 recreational use.
- 4 (c) "Alternative energy system" means the small-scale
- 5 generation or release of energy from 1 or any combination of the
- 6 following types of energy systems:
- 7 (i) A fuel cell energy system.
- 8 (ii) A photovoltaic energy system.
- 9 (iii) A solar-thermal energy system.
- 10 (iv) A wind energy system.
- 11 (v) A CHP energy system.
- 12 (vi) A microturbine energy system.
- 13 (vii) A miniturbine energy system.
- 14 (viii) A Stirling cycle energy system.
- 15 (ix) A battery cell energy system.
- 16 (x) A clean fuel energy system.
- 17 (xi) An electricity storage system.
- 18 (xii) A BIOMASS ENERGY SYSTEM.
- 19 (xiii) A THERMOELECTRIC ENERGY SYSTEM.
- 20 (d) "Alternative energy technology" means equipment, component
- 21 parts, materials, electronic devices, testing equipment, and
- 22 related systems that are -solely related to SPECIFICALLY DESIGNED,
- 23 SPECIFICALLY FABRICATED, AND USED PRIMARILY FOR 1 OR MORE OF the
- 24 following:
- 25 (i) The storage or generation of hydrogen for use in an
- 26 alternative energy system.
- 27 (i) THE STORAGE, GENERATION, REFORMATION, OR DISTRIBUTION OF

- 1 CLEAN FUELS INTEGRATED WITHIN AN ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SYSTEM OR
- 2 ALTERNATIVE ENERGY VEHICLE, NOT INCLUDING AN ANAEROBIC DIGESTER
- 3 ENERGY SYSTEM, FOR USE WITHIN THE ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SYSTEM OR
- 4 ALTERNATIVE ENERGY VEHICLE.
- 5 (ii) The process of generating and putting into a usable form
- 6 the energy generated by an alternative energy system. Alternative
- 7 energy technology does not include those component parts of an
- 8 alternative energy system that are required regardless of the
- 9 energy source.
- 10 (iii) A microgrid. As used in this subparagraph, "microgrid"
- 11 means the lines, wires, FUEL LINES AND FUEL REFORMERS, and controls
- 12 to connect 2 or more alternative energy systems.
- 13 (iv) RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT OF AN ALTERNATIVE ENERGY VEHICLE.
- 14 (v) RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, AND MANUFACTURING OF AN ALTERNATIVE
- 15 ENERGY SYSTEM.
- 16 (vi) RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, AND MANUFACTURING OF AN ANAEROBIC
- 17 DIGESTER ENERGY SYSTEM.
- 18 (e) "Alternative energy technology business" means a business
- 19 engaged solely in the research, development, or manufacturing of
- 20 alternative energy technology.
- 21 (f) "Alternative energy vehicle" means a motor vehicle
- 22 manufactured by an original equipment manufacturer that fully
- 23 warrants and certifies that the motor vehicle meets federal motor
- 24 vehicle safety standards for its class of vehicles as defined by
- 25 the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.1 to 257.923, and
- 26 certifies that the motor vehicle meets local emissions standards,
- 27 that is propelled by an alternative energy system. Alternative

- 1 energy vehicle includes the following:
- 2 (i) An alternative fueled vehicle. As used in this
- 3 subparagraph, "alternative fueled vehicle" means a motor vehicle
- 4 that can only be powered by a clean fuel energy system and can only
- 5 be fueled by a clean fuel.
- 6 (ii) A fuel cell vehicle. As used in this subparagraph, "fuel
- 7 cell vehicle" means a motor vehicle powered solely by a fuel cell
- 8 energy system.
- 9 (iii) An electric vehicle. As used in this subparagraph,
- 10 "electric vehicle" means a motor vehicle powered solely by a
- 11 battery cell energy system.
- 12 (iv) A hybrid vehicle. As used in this subparagraph, "hybrid
- 13 vehicle" means a motor vehicle that can only be powered by -2 AN
- 14 INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE AND 1 or more alternative energy
- 15 systems.
- 16 (v) A solar vehicle. As used in this subparagraph, "solar
- 17 vehicle" means a motor vehicle powered solely by a photovoltaic
- 18 energy system.
- 19 (vi) A hybrid electric vehicle. As used in this subparagraph,
- 20 "hybrid electric vehicle" means a motor vehicle powered by an
- 21 integrated propulsion system consisting of an electric motor and
- 22 combustion engine. Hybrid electric vehicle does not include a
- 23 retrofitted conventional diesel or gasoline engine. A hybrid
- 24 electric vehicle obtains the power necessary to propel the motor
- 25 vehicle from a combustion engine and 1 of the following:
- 26 (A) A battery cell energy system.
- (B) A fuel cell energy system.

- 1 (C) A photovoltaic energy system.
- 2 (vii) A HYDRAULIC HYBRID VEHICLE. AS USED IN THIS SUBPARAGRAPH,
- 3 "HYDRAULIC HYBRID VEHICLE" MEANS A MOTOR VEHICLE POWERED BY A
- 4 REGENERATIVE HYDRAULIC DRIVE SYSTEM OR POWERED BY AN INTERNAL
- 5 COMBUSTION ENGINE ASSISTED BY A REGENERATIVE HYDRAULIC DRIVE
- 6 SYSTEM.
- 7 (g) "Alternative energy zone" means a renaissance zone
- 8 designated as an alternative energy zone by the board of the
- 9 Michigan strategic fund under section 8a of the Michigan
- 10 renaissance zone act, 1996 PA 376, MCL 125.2688a.
- 11 (H) "ANAEROBIC DIGESTER ENERGY SYSTEM" MEANS A DEVICE OR
- 12 SYSTEM OF DEVICES FOR OPTIMIZING THE ANAEROBIC DIGESTION OF BIOMASS
- 13 FOR THE PURPOSE OF RECOVERING BIOFUEL FOR ENERGY PRODUCTION.
- 14 (I) (h) "Authority" means the Michigan next energy authority
- 15 created under section 3.
- 16 (J) -(i) "Battery cell" means a closed electrochemical system
- 17 that converts chemical energy from oxidation and reduction
- 18 reactions directly into electric energy without combustion and
- 19 without external fuel and consists of an anode, a cathode, and an
- 20 electrolyte.
- 21 (K) $\frac{(j)}{(j)}$ "Battery cell energy system" means 1 or more battery
- 22 cells and an inverter or other power conditioning unit used to
- 23 perform 1 or more of the following functions:
- 24 (i) Propel a motor vehicle or an alternative energy marine
- 25 propulsion system.
- 26 (ii) Provide electricity that is distributed within a dwelling
- 27 or other structure.

- 1 (iii) Provide electricity to operate a portable electronic
- 2 device including, but not limited to, a laptop computer, a personal
- 3 digital assistant, or a cell phone. For purposes of this
- 4 subparagraph only, a battery cell energy system shall only use
- 5 advanced battery cells.
- 6 (l) "BIOMASS ENERGY SYSTEM" MEANS A SYSTEM THAT GENERATES
- 7 ENERGY FROM A PROCESS USING RESIDUES FROM WOOD AND PAPER PRODUCTS
- 8 INDUSTRIES, FOOD PRODUCTION AND PROCESSING, TREES AND GRASSES GROWN
- 9 SPECIFICALLY TO BE USED AS ENERGY CROPS, AND GASEOUS FUELS PRODUCED
- 10 FROM SOLID BIOMASS, ANIMAL WASTES, MUNICIPAL WASTES, OR LANDFILLS.
- 11 (M) $\frac{(k)}{(k)}$ "Board" means the governing body of an authority
- 12 under section 4.
- (N) -(l) "CHP energy system" means an integrated unit that
- 14 generates power and either cools, heats, or controls humidity in a
- 15 building or provides heating, drying, or chilling for an industrial
- 16 process that includes and is limited to both of the following:
- 17 (i) An absorption chiller, a desiccant dehumidifier, or heat
- 18 recovery equipment.
- 19 (ii) One of the following:
- 20 (A) An internal combustion engine, an external combustion
- 21 engine, a microturbine, or a miniturbine, fueled solely by a clean
- **22** fuel.
- 23 (B) A fuel cell energy system.
- 24 (O) (m)— "Clean fuel" means 1 or more of the following:
- (i) Methane.
- 26 (ii) Natural gas.
- 27 (iii) Methanol neat or methanol blends containing at least 85%

7

- 1 methanol.
- 2 (iv) Denatured ethanol neat or ethanol blends containing at
- 3 least 85% ethanol.
- 4 (v) Compressed natural gas.
- 5 (vi) Liquefied natural gas.
- 6 (vii) Liquefied petroleum gas.
- 7 (viii) Hydrogen.
- 8 (ix) RENEWABLE FUELS.
- 9 (P) $\frac{(n)}{(n)}$ "Clean fuel energy system" means a device that is
- 10 designed and used solely for the purpose of generating power from a
- 11 clean fuel. Clean fuel energy system does not include a
- 12 conventional gasoline or diesel fuel engine or a retrofitted
- 13 conventional diesel or gasoline engine.
- 14 (Q) —(o) "Department" means the department of management and
- 15 budget.
- 16 (R) $\frac{(p)}{(p)}$ "Electricity storage device" means a device,
- 17 including a capacitor, that directly stores electrical energy
- 18 without conversion to an intermediary medium.
- 19 (S) $\frac{(q)}{(q)}$ "Electricity storage system" means 1 or more
- 20 electricity storage devices and inverters or other power
- 21 conditioning equipment.
- 22 (T) $\frac{(r)}{(r)}$ "Fuel cell energy system" means 1 or more fuel cells
- 23 or fuel cell stacks and an inverter or other power conditioning
- 24 unit. A fuel cell energy system may also include a fuel processor.
- 25 As used in this subdivision:
- 26 (i) "Fuel cell" means an electrochemical device that uses an
- 27 external fuel and continuously converts the energy released from

8

- 1 the oxidation of fuel by oxygen directly into electricity without
- 2 combustion and consists of an anode, a cathode, and an electrolyte.
- (ii) "Fuel cell stack" means an assembly of fuel cells.
- 4 (iii) "Fuel processor" means a device that converts a fuel,
- 5 including, but not limited to, methanol, natural gas, or gasoline,
- 6 into a hydrogen rich gas, without combustion for use in a fuel
- 7 cell.
- 8 (U) $\frac{(s)}{(s)}$ "Microturbine energy system" means a system that
- 9 generates electricity, composed of a compressor, combustor,
- 10 turbine, and generator, fueled solely by a clean fuel with a
- 11 capacity of not more than 250 kilowatts. A microturbine energy
- 12 system may include an alternator and shall include a recuperator if
- 13 the use of the recuperator increases the efficiency of the energy
- 14 system.
- 15 (V) -(t) "Miniturbine energy system" means a system that
- 16 generates electricity, composed of a compressor, combustor,
- 17 turbine, and generator, fueled solely by a clean fuel with a
- 18 capacity of not more than 2 megawatts. A miniturbine energy system
- 19 may also include an alternator and a recuperator.
- 20 (W) -(u) "Person" means an individual, partnership,
- 21 corporation, limited liability company, association, governmental
- 22 entity, or other legal entity.
- 23 (X) -(v) "Photovoltaic energy system" means a solar energy
- 24 device composed of 1 or more photovoltaic cells or photovoltaic
- 25 modules and an inverter or other power conditioning unit. A
- 26 photovoltaic system may also include batteries for power storage or
- 27 an electricity storage device. As used in this subdivision:

- 1 (i) "Photovoltaic cell" means an integrated device consisting
- 2 of layers of semiconductor materials and electrical contacts
- 3 capable of converting incident light directly into electricity.
- $\mathbf{4}$ (ii) "Photovoltaic module" means an assembly of photovoltaic
- 5 cells.
- 6 (Y) "REGENERATIVE HYDRAULIC DRIVE SYSTEM" MEANS A SYSTEM THAT
- 7 CAPTURES ENERGY FROM NONPARASITIC VEHICLE SOURCES OR ENERGY WASTED
- 8 BY A VEHICLE'S BRAKES OR SUSPENSION TO BE RELEASED TO DIRECTLY
- 9 ASSIST VEHICLE PROPULSION OR DIRECTLY PROPEL THE VEHICLE.
- 10 (Z) "RENEWABLE FUELS" MEANS 1 OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 11 (i) BIODIESEL OR BIODIESEL BLENDS CONTAINING AT LEAST 20%
- 12 BIODIESEL. AS USED IN THIS SUBPARAGRAPH, "BIODIESEL" MEANS A DIESEL
- 13 FUEL SUBSTITUTE CONSISTING OF METHYL OR ETHYL ESTERS PRODUCED FROM
- 14 THE TRANSESTERIFICATION OF ANIMAL OR VEGETABLE FATS WITH METHANOL
- 15 OR ETHANOL.
- 16 (ii) BIOMASS. AS USED IN THIS SUBPARAGRAPH, "BIOMASS" MEANS
- 17 WOOD AND PAPER PRODUCTS INDUSTRIES, FOOD PRODUCTION AND PROCESSING,
- 18 TREES AND GRASSES GROWN SPECIFICALLY TO BE USED AS ENERGY CROPS,
- 19 AND GASEOUS FUELS PRODUCED FROM SOLID BIOMASS, ANIMAL WASTE,
- 20 MUNICIPAL WASTES, OR LANDFILLS.
- 21 (AA) $\frac{(w)}{(w)}$ "Small-scale" means $\frac{a}{(w)}$ 1 OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 22 (i) A single energy system with a generating capacity of not
- 23 more than 2 megawatts or an integrated energy system with a
- 24 generating capacity of not more than 10 megawatts.
- 25 (ii) A SINGLE ENERGY SYSTEM OR AN INTEGRATED ENERGY SYSTEM WITH
- 26 ANY GENERATING CAPACITY THAT IS 1 OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 27 (A) A FUEL CELL ENERGY SYSTEM.

- 1 (B) A PHOTOVOLTAIC ENERGY SYSTEM.
- 2 (C) A WIND ENERGY SYSTEM.
- 3 (BB) $\frac{(x)}{(x)}$ "Solar thermal energy system" means an integrated
- 4 unit consisting of a sunlight collection device, a system
- 5 containing a heat transfer fluid to receive the collected sunlight,
- 6 and heat exchangers to transfer the solar energy to a thermal
- 7 storage tank to heat or cool spaces or -water FLUIDS or to
- 8 generate electricity.
- 9 (CC) -(y) "Stirling cycle energy system" means a closed-
- 10 cycle, regenerative heat engine that is fueled solely by a clean
- 11 fuel and uses an external combustion process, heat exchangers,
- 12 pistons, a regenerator, and a confined working gas, such as
- 13 hydrogen or helium, to convert heat into mechanical energy. A
- 14 Stirling cycle energy system may also include a generator to
- 15 generate electricity.
- 16 (DD) "THERMOELECTRIC ENERGY SYSTEM" MEANS A SYSTEM THAT
- 17 GENERATES ENERGY BY CONVERTING THERMAL ENERGY INTO ELECTRICAL
- 18 ENERGY USING DIRECT HEAT FROM A CLEAN FUEL ENERGY SYSTEM OR WASTE
- 19 HEAT FROM ANY SOURCE. A THERMOELECTRIC ENERGY SYSTEM ALSO INCLUDES
- 20 AN ENERGY SYSTEM THAT UTILIZES ALKALI METAL THERMAL-TO-ELECTRIC
- 21 CONVERSION TECHNOLOGY.
- 22 (EE) -(z) "Wind energy system" means an integrated unit
- 23 consisting of a wind turbine composed of a rotor, an electrical
- 24 generator, a control system, an inverter or other power
- 25 conditioning unit, and a tower, which uses moving air to produce
- 26 power.