SENATE BILL No. 448

April 28, 2005, Introduced by Senator CROPSEY and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A bill to amend 1961 PA 236, entitled
"Revised judicature act of 1961,"
by amending sections 226, 303d, 410, 810, 859, 871, 1105, 1701,
8322, 8344, 8507, and 8611 (MCL 600.226, 600.303d, 600.410,
600.810, 600.859, 600.871, 600.1105, 600.1701, 600.8322, 600.8344,
600.8507, and 600.8611), section 226 as amended by 1990 PA 185,
section 303d as amended by 2004 PA 448, section 410 as added by
2002 PA 678, sections 859, 1105, and 8611 as amended by 1986 PA
308, section 1701 as amended by 1987 PA 99, section 8322 as amended
by 1996 PA 388, section 8344 as amended by 1992 PA 192, and section
8507 as amended by 1994 PA 5, and by adding sections 411 and 8808;
and to repeal acts and parts of acts.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Sec. 226. (1) The supreme court may authorize any retired

- 1 judge from any court to perform judicial duties in any court in the
- 2 state. The authorization may be for a period or periods as the
- 3 supreme court shall designate with the consent of the retired
- 4 judge.
- 5 (2) Any retired judge assigned to any period of active
- 6 judicial service pursuant to section 23 of article VI of the state
- 7 constitution of 1963 and pursuant to the laws of the state relating
- 8 to judicial service shall be compensated as follows:
- 9 (a) The judge shall receive a salary payable at the same times
- 10 and from the same sources as provided for the judicial office in
- 11 which the judge is authorized to perform judicial duties.
- 12 (b) The performance of the authorized judicial duties shall be
- 13 without prejudice to all other rights of the judge under the
- 14 retirement systems.
- 15 (c) The salary for each day in which the judge serves as
- 16 authorized shall be -the greater of the following:
- 18 spent in the discharge of his or her duties.
- 19 $\frac{(ii)}{}$ The difference between 1/250th of the annual salary paid
- 20 for the judicial office during the time the retired judge serves in
- 21 the office. and 1/250th of the state retirement allowance paid to
- 22 the retired judge during the time the retired judge serves in the
- 23 office.
- 24 (d) Necessary expenses incidental to the performance of duties
- 25 required by the assignment, including travel, meals, and lodging,
- 26 shall be paid by the state in accordance with the established
- 27 provisions and procedures for state officials and upon the approval

- 1 of the court administrator.
- 2 (3) This section does not apply to the performance of judicial
- 3 duties by a senior judge under sections 557, 557a, and 557b.
- 4 Sec. 303d. (1) To effectuate the transition from 3 districts
- 5 having a total of 24 judges to 4 districts having a total of 28
- 6 judges, the following special provisions apply:
- 7 (a) The judgeship in district 1 filled on October 13, 1993 by
- 8 an incumbent whose term expires January 1, 1995 and who is not
- 9 eligible to seek reelection shall terminate January 1, 1995 and
- 10 shall not be filled by election in 1994.
- 11 (b) To provide 7 judges in districts 3 and 4:
- 12 (i) In district 3, 4 new judgeships shall be filled by election
- in 1994. The candidate receiving the highest number of votes is
- 14 elected for a term of 10 years, the candidates receiving the second
- 15 and third highest number of votes are elected for terms of 8 years
- 16 each, and the candidate receiving the fourth highest number of
- 17 votes is elected for a term of 6 years.
- 18 (ii) In district 4, 1 new judgeship shall be filled by election
- 19 in 1994. The candidate receiving the highest number of votes is
- 20 elected for a term of 6 years.
- 21 (2) A judge of the court of appeals who is elected or
- 22 appointed to a first term that begins on or after January 1, 1994
- 23 shall maintain offices only in the principal court of appeals
- 24 offices in the district in which he or she was elected OR APPOINTED
- 25 or in another office located in the -city MUNICIPALITY where the
- 26 principal court of appeals facilities are located.
- Sec. 410. A plan of concurrent jurisdiction adopted under this

- 1 chapter shall not include a delegation of any of the following:
- 2 (a) A power of appointment to a public office delegated by
- 3 constitution or statute to the circuit court or a circuit judge.
- 4 (b) A power of appointment to a public office delegated by
- 5 constitution or statute to the probate court or a probate judge.
- 6 (c) —A— EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 411, A power of
- 7 appointment to a public office delegated by constitution or statute
- 8 to the district court or a district judge.
- 9 SEC. 411. A PLAN OF CONCURRENT JURISDICTION MAY PROVIDE THAT A
- 10 PROBATE JUDGE OF A COUNTY DESCRIBED IN SECTION 810A HAS THE
- 11 JURISDICTION, POWERS, AND DUTIES OF A DISTRICT JUDGE WITHIN THAT
- 12 COUNTY, INCLUDING JURISDICTION OVER SMALL CLAIMS AND CIVIL
- 13 INFRACTION ACTIONS AND THE POWER OF APPOINTMENT TO A PUBLIC OFFICE
- 14 DELEGATED BY CONSTITUTION OR STATUTE TO THE DISTRICT JUDGE.
- 15 Sec. 810. Except when section 809 results in an earlier
- 16 effective date, a probate court district created under section 808
- 17 shall become BECOMES effective upon the date of common expiration
- 18 of the terms of the probate judges in the counties comprising the
- 19 district which BEGINNING DATE OF THE TERM FOR WHICH AN INCUMBENT
- 20 PROBATE JUDGE IN ANY COUNTY IN THE DISTRICT NO LONGER SEEKS
- 21 REELECTION TO THAT OFFICE THAT occurs not less than 220 days after
- 22 the vote on the question. At the general election immediately
- 23 preceding that date, of common expiration of terms, 1 probate
- 24 judge for the district shall be elected as provided in section
- **25** 808(5).
- 26 Sec. 859. (1) The following testimony before a probate judge
- 27 shall be taken by an official court reporter or by an official

- 1 court recorder: on a recording device approved by the state court
- 2 administrator:
- 3 (a) Testimony in contested matters.
- 4 (b) Testimony in matters pertaining to the admission to a
- 5 hospital or other facility for mentally ill or developmentally
- 6 disabled persons.
- 7 (c) Testimony in matters pertaining to persons having a
- 8 contagious disease.
- 9 (d) Testimony in other matters if requested by an interested
- 10 party.
- 11 (e) Testimony and other proceedings required by supreme court
- 12 rule.
- 13 (2) In matters not governed by subsection (1), testimony
- 14 before a probate judge, probate register, or deputy probate
- 15 register may be given orally without a record being made of the
- 16 testimony.
- 17 (3) The reporter or recorder shall keep sufficient index of
- 18 the testimony and the court shall keep the index and the original
- 19 notes for at least 10 years. The reporter or recorder need not
- 20 transcribe the testimony -, except when UNLESS a transcript is
- 21 ordered by the court or a party. Except in those cases in which the
- 22 testimony is transcribed and filed with the record of the case,
- 23 notes pertaining to a hearing for the admission of any person to a
- 24 hospital or other place of detention as a mentally ill or
- 25 developmentally disabled person or as a person with a contagious
- 26 disease shall be destroyed only after the discharge of the
- 27 person from the hospital or facility.

- 1 (4) Notes may not be destroyed until after 10 years after the
- 2 date of the hearing or as provided in subsection (3), whichever is
- 3 longer.
- 4 Sec. 871. (1) In all decedents' estates in which proceedings
- 5 are instituted for probate, the probate court shall charge and
- 6 collect the following fees as an expense of administration on the
- 7 value of all assets, as of the date of death of the decedent, as
- 8 follows:
- 9 (a) In an estate of value of less than \$1,000.00, \$5.00 plus
- 10 1% of the amount over \$500.00.
- 11 (b) In an estate of value of \$1,000.00 or more, but less than
- **12** \$3,000.00, \$25.00.
- (c) In an estate of value of \$3,000.00 or more but less than
- 14 \$10,000.00, \$25.00 plus 5/8 of 1% of the amount over \$3,000.00.
- 15 (d) In an estate of value of \$10,000.00 or more but less than
- 16 \$25,000.00, \$68.75 plus 1/2 of 1% of the amount over \$10,000.00.
- 17 (e) In an estate of value of \$25,000.00 but less than
- 18 \$50,000.00, \$143.75 plus 3/8 of 1% of the amount over \$25,000.00.
- 19 (f) In an estate of value of \$50,000.00 but less than
- 20 \$100,000.00, \$237.50 plus 1/4 of 1% of the amount over \$50,000.00.
- 21 (g) In an estate of value of \$100,000.00 to \$500,000.00,
- 22 \$362.50 plus 1/8 of 1% of the amount over \$100,000.00.
- 23 (h) For each additional \$100,000.00 value, or larger fraction
- 24 thereof, over \$500,000.00, \$62.50.
- 25 (i) For each additional \$100,000.00 value, or larger fraction
- 26 thereof, over \$1,000,000.00, \$31.25.
- 27 (2) The fees in subsection (1), ROUNDED TO THE WHOLE DOLLAR,

- 1 shall be due and payable to the probate court before the filing of
- 2 the final account or within 1 year after the commencement of
- 3 probate proceedings, whichever occurs first. A final accounting
- 4 shall not be accepted by the probate court until the fees are paid
- 5 in full and shown as part of the final accounting. An official
- 6 receipt shall be issued to the payer when the fees are collected.
- 7 Sec. 1105. Every reporter or recorder shall hold office at the
- 8 pleasure of the governor unless suspended for incompetency or
- 9 misconduct, by CHIEF JUDGE OF the court to which he or she is
- 10 appointed. In the case of a suspension, the reporter or recorder
- 11 shall cease to hold the office of reporter or recorder unless by
- 12 order of the court his or her suspension is rescinded. If the
- 13 suspension is not rescinded within 30 days of the order of
- 14 suspension, the office shall become vacant.
- 15 Sec. 1701. The supreme court, circuit —courts— COURT, and all
- 16 other courts of record, have power to punish by fine or
- imprisonment, or both, persons guilty of any neglect or violation
- 18 of duty or misconduct in all of the following cases:
- 19 (a) Disorderly, contemptuous, or insolent behavior, committed
- 20 during its sitting, in its immediate view and presence, and
- 21 directly tending to interrupt its proceedings or impair the respect
- 22 due to its authority.
- 23 (b) Any breach of the peace, noise, or disturbance directly
- 24 tending to interrupt its proceedings.
- 25 (c) All attorneys, counselors, clerks, registers, sheriffs,
- 26 coroners, and all other persons in any manner -duly elected or
- 27 appointed to perform any judicial or ministerial services, for any

- 1 misbehavior in their office or trust, or for any willful neglect or
- 2 violation of duty, for disobedience of any process of the court, or
- 3 any lawful order of the court, or any lawful order of a judge of
- 4 the court or of any officer authorized to perform the duties of the
- 5 judge.
- 6 (d) Parties to actions for putting in fictitious bail or
- 7 sureties or for any deceit or abuse of the process or proceedings
- 8 of the court.
- 9 (e) Parties to actions, attorneys, counselors, and all other
- 10 persons for the nonpayment of any sum of money which the court has
- 11 ordered to be paid. -, in cases where by law execution cannot be
- 12 awarded for the collection of the sum.
- 13 (f) Parties to actions, attorneys, counselors, and all other
- 14 persons for disobeying or refusing to comply with any order of the
- 15 court for the payment of temporary or permanent alimony or support
- 16 money or costs made in any action for divorce or separate
- 17 maintenance.
- 18 (g) Parties to actions, attorneys, counselors, and all other
- 19 persons for disobeying any lawful order, decree, or process of the
- 20 court.
- 21 (h) All persons for assuming to be and acting as officers,
- 22 attorneys, or counselors of any court without authority; for
- 23 rescuing any property or persons -which- THAT are in the custody of
- 24 an officer by virtue of process issued from that court; for
- 25 unlawfully detaining any witness or party to an action while he OR
- 26 SHE is going to, remaining at, or returning from the court where
- 27 the action is pending for trial, or for any other unlawful

- 1 interference with or resistance to the process or proceedings in
- 2 any action.
- 3 (i) All persons who, having been subpoenaed to appear before
- 4 or attend, refuse or neglect to obey the subpoena, to attend, to be
- 5 sworn, or when sworn, to answer any legal and proper interrogatory
- 6 in any of the following circumstances:
- 7 (i) As a witness in any court in this state.
- 8 (ii) Any officer of a court of record who is empowered to
- 9 receive evidence.
- 10 (iii) Any commissioner appointed by any court of record to take
- 11 testimony.
- 12 (iv) Any referees or auditors appointed according to the law to
- 13 hear any cause or matter.
- 14 (v) Any notary public or other person before whom any
- 15 affidavit or deposition is to be taken.
- 16 (j) Persons summoned as jurors in any court, for improperly
- 17 conversing with any party to an action which is to be tried in that
- 18 court, or with any other person in regard to merits of the action,
- 19 or for receiving communications from any party to the action or any
- 20 other person in relation to the merits of the action without
- 21 immediately disclosing the communications to the court.
- 22 (k) All inferior magistrates, officers, and tribunals for
- 23 disobedience of any lawful order or process of a superior court, or
- 24 for proceeding in any cause or matter contrary to law after the
- 25 cause or matter has been removed from their jurisdiction.
- **26** (*l*) The publication of a false or grossly inaccurate report of
- 27 its THE COURT'S proceedings, but -no A court shall NOT punish as

- 1 a contempt the publication of true, full, and fair reports of any
- 2 trial, argument, proceedings, or decision had in the court.
- 3 (m) All other cases where attachments and proceedings as for
- 4 contempts have been usually adopted and practiced in courts of
- 5 record to enforce the civil remedies of any parties or to protect
- 6 the rights of any party.
- 7 Sec. 8322. (1) A person serving as a bailiff of the common
- 8 pleas court of Detroit on August 31, 1981, pursuant to an
- 9 appointment under section 23 of former -Act No. 260 of the Public
- 10 Acts of 1929 1929 PA 260, shall become a bailiff of the district
- 11 court in the thirty-sixth district on September 1, 1981. A bailiff
- 12 shall be considered a court officer under section 8321(1) for the
- 13 exclusive purpose of serving civil process in a civil action
- 14 commenced in the district court in the thirty-sixth district,
- 15 except for process issued in a summary proceeding under chapter 57.
- 16 All process issued by the district court in civil actions shall be
- 17 rotated among the bailiffs pursuant to rules adopted by the court.
- 18 A bailiff shall file with the clerk of the court a surety bond in
- 19 the amount of \$100,000.00 with a surety company. The premium on the
- 20 surety bond shall be paid by the district control unit. A bailiff
- 21 shall possess only the powers necessary to serve process issued by
- 22 the court. A bailiff governed pursuant to this subsection may bear
- 23 arms while in office and in the exercise of his or her duties as
- 24 bailiff. A bailiff shall hold office until death, retirement,
- 25 resignation, or removal from office by the court for misfeasance or
- 26 malfeasance in office. A vacancy in the office of bailiff as
- 27 established pursuant to this subsection shall not be filled.

- 1 (2) A person serving as a bailiff of the common pleas court on
- 2 August 31, 1981, pursuant to an appointment under section 31 of
- 3 former Act No. 260 of the Public Acts of 1929 PA 260, shall
- 4 become a bailiff of the district court in the thirty-sixth district
- 5 on September 1, 1981. A bailiff shall be considered a court officer
- 6 under section 8321(1) for the exclusive purpose of serving civil
- 7 process in summary proceedings commenced under chapter 57 in the
- 8 district court in the thirty-sixth district. All process issued by
- 9 the district court in summary proceedings shall be rotated among
- 10 the bailiffs pursuant to rules adopted by the court, except that a
- 11 writ of restitution shall be issued to the bailiff to whom the
- 12 summons was issued in the particular proceeding. A bailiff shall
- 13 file with the clerk of the court a surety bond in an amount of
- 14 \$100,000.00 with a surety company. The premium on the surety bond
- 15 shall be paid by the district control unit. A bailiff governed
- 16 pursuant to this subsection shall be considered a peace officer
- 17 only for the purpose of receiving compensation provided by Act No.
- 18 329 of the Public Acts of 1937, being sections 419.101 to 419.104
- 19 of the Michigan Compiled Laws 1937 PA 329, MCL 419.101 TO 419.104.
- 20 A bailiff shall hold office until death, retirement, resignation,
- 21 or removal from office by the court for misfeasance or malfeasance
- 22 in office. A vacancy in the office of bailiff established pursuant
- 23 to this subsection shall not be filled.
- 24 (3) A bailiff governed pursuant to this section shall keep a
- 25 written record of the date, amount, and nature of each financial
- 26 transaction conducted by the bailiff in the course of his or her
- 27 service as bailiff. An audit of each bailiff's financial

- 1 transactions shall be conducted annually by the district control
- 2 unit and reported immediately to the judges of the district. If the
- 3 audit prescribed by this subsection is not conducted by the
- 4 district control unit before June 30 of any year, the judges of the
- 5 court shall contract with a certified public accountant to perform
- 6 the audit. If a certified public accountant is required to perform
- 7 the audit, the cost of the audit shall be paid by the district
- 8 control unit.
- **9** (4) Upon the existence of a vacancy in the office of bailiff
- 10 established under this section, the chief judge of the district may
- 11 appoint a court officer pursuant to section 8321(1).
- 12 (5) A bailiff serving civil process pursuant to subsection (1)
- 13 or (2) shall be compensated by salary and the fees and mileage
- 14 prescribed in section 8326. A full-time bailiff, as defined by the
- 15 employer designated under section 8274(2) or (3), shall receive
- 16 from the city of Detroit a \$20,000.00 annual salary. For each part-
- 17 time bailiff, as defined by the employer designated under section
- 18 8274(2) or (3), the employer designated under section 8274(2) or
- 19 (3) shall establish a salary which is a pro rata portion of
- 20 \$20,000.00 based on that portion of a full-time bailiff's workload
- 21 to be assigned to the bailiff. A bailiff covered by this subsection
- 22 shall not be entitled to any compensation from the city of Detroit
- 23 other than that specifically authorized in this subsection.
- 24 (6) A bailiff serving civil process pursuant to subsection (1)
- 25 or (2) shall not become a member of the state employees' retirement
- 26 system created by Act No. 240 of the Public Acts of 1943, being
- 27 sections 38.1 to 38.47 of the Michigan Compiled Laws THE STATE

- 1 EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ACT, 1943 PA 240, MCL 38.1 TO 38.47.
- 2 Beginning September 1, 1981, the city of Detroit shall contribute
- 3 to the retirement system in which the bailiff is a member on August
- 4 31, 1981, an amount equal to the amount which the state would have
- 5 contributed to the state employees' retirement system pursuant to
- 6 Act No. 240 of the Public Acts of 1943 THE STATE EMPLOYEES'
- 7 RETIREMENT ACT, 1943 PA 240, MCL 38.1 TO 38.47, if the bailiff had
- 8 become a member of the state employees' retirement system, based on
- 9 the salary paid by the city of Detroit pursuant to subsection (5).
- 10 Beginning September 1, 1981, each bailiff shall continue to
- 11 contribute to the retirement system in which the bailiff is a
- 12 member on August 31, 1981, as required by ordinance, based on
- 13 salary and fees received pursuant to subsection (5), except
- 14 mileage.
- 15 (7) From each filing fee collected under section 8371, the
- 16 clerk of the court shall pay to the Wayne county retirement system
- 17 the sum of \$1.00, to be credited to the retirement fund of the
- 18 bailiffs of the district court in the thirty-sixth district serving
- 19 civil process pursuant to subsection (1). The county of Wayne shall
- 20 annually review the retirement fund and shall ensure that the fund
- 21 is maintained in an actuarially sound condition. Copies of the
- 22 actuarial reports shall be provided to the employer designated
- 23 under section 8274(2) or (3) and to the state court administrator
- 24 CHIEF JUDGE OF THE THIRTY-SIXTH DISTRICT COURT.
- 25 (8) From each filing fee collected for filing a summary
- 26 proceeding under section 5756, the clerk of the court shall pay to
- 27 the Wayne county retirement system the sum of \$1.00 for each

- 1 defendant served in the proceeding, to be credited to the
- 2 retirement fund of the bailiffs of the district court in the
- 3 thirty-sixth district serving civil process pursuant to subsection
- 4 (2). However, the amount credited to the retirement fund under this
- 5 subsection shall not exceed 1/2 of the fee collected in a
- 6 proceeding. The county of Wayne shall annually review the
- 7 retirement fund and shall ensure that the fund is maintained in an
- 8 actuarially sound condition. Copies of the actuarial reports shall
- 9 be provided to the employer designated under section 8274(2) or (3)
- 10 and to the <u>state court administrator</u> CHIEF JUDGE OF THE THIRTY-
- 11 SIXTH DISTRICT COURT.
- 12 Sec. 8344. Except as provided in this section, not less than 6
- 13 years after the entry of a judgment in a civil action, including a
- 14 summary proceeding, or a civil infraction action, or in an
- 15 ordinance violation case or a criminal case in the district court,
- 16 the court may dispose of documents, records, recordings, and notes
- 17 related to that action, except the register of actions pursuant to
- 18 a schedule adopted by the state administrative board. THE COURT MAY
- 19 ORDER THE DESTRUCTION OF DOCUMENTS, RECORDS, RECORDINGS, AND NOTES
- 20 RELATED TO A CIVIL INFRACTION ACTION NOT LESS THAN 3 YEARS AFTER
- 21 THE ENTRY OF A FINDING IN THE ACTION. The court may order the
- 22 destruction of notes, tapes, and recordings that have been
- 23 transcribed and filed with the court 1 year after the date of the
- 24 filing of the transcript. The register of actions shall be in a
- 25 form adequate to reveal, in summary fashion, the general nature of
- 26 the action and judgment. After the disposal of the documents,
- 27 records, recordings, and notes, the register of actions or a

- 1 certified reproduction of the register of actions pursuant to the
- 2 records media act is the official record of the action and
- 3 judgment. The validity and enforceability of a judgment are not
- 4 affected by the destruction of the piece of paper upon which the
- 5 judgment is entered, but the register of actions itself, or a
- 6 certified reproduction of the register of actions pursuant to the
- 7 records -media REPRODUCTION act, 1992 PA 116, MCL 24.401 TO
- 8 24.406, is a complete replacement of the judgment and the records
- 9 of the action. This section applies to judgments of municipal and
- 10 common pleas courts abolished after January 1, 1969, if the
- 11 judgment was entered or the action disposed of after January 1,
- 12 1969. This section applies to actions entered in the small claims
- 13 division of the district court, except that a register of actions
- 14 need not be preserved or maintained after destruction of the file.
- 15 Sec. 8507. (1) Magistrates shall be registered electors in the
- 16 county in which they are appointed. All magistrates appointed shall
- 17 serve at the pleasure of the judges of the district court. Before
- 18 assuming office, persons appointed magistrates shall take the
- 19 constitutional oath of office and file a bond with the -county
- 20 treasurer OF A LOCAL FUNDING UNIT OF THAT DISTRICT in an amount
- 21 determined by the state court administrator. The bond shall also
- 22 apply to temporary service in another county under subsection (2),
- 23 or (3), OR (4), OR PURSUANT TO A MULTIPLE DISTRICT PLAN UNDER
- 24 SUBSECTION (5).
- 25 (2) In a district of the first class that consists of more
- 26 than 1 county, if a magistrate is temporarily absent or
- 27 incapacitated, the chief or only district judge may direct a

- 1 magistrate of another county of the same district to serve
- 2 temporarily in the county where the magistrate is temporarily
- 3 absent or incapacitated. The district judge shall make his or her
- 4 order in writing. A magistrate serving temporarily under this
- 5 subsection <u>shall</u> IS not <u>be</u> entitled to additional compensation
- 6 but shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred
- 7 during the authorized temporary service upon certification and
- 8 approval by the state court administrator. Upon allowance, the
- 9 reimbursement shall be paid by the state treasurer out of the
- 10 appropriation for the state court administrative office.
- 11 (3) In a district of the first class that consists of more
- 12 than 1 county, the chief or only district judge may authorize a
- 13 magistrate appointed in 1 county to serve in another county in the
- 14 district.
- 15 (4) Pursuant to a multiple district plan under section 8320
- 16 involving adjoining districts of the first class, a district court
- 17 magistrate appointed in a county of 1 district may be authorized to
- 18 serve in a county of the adjoining district. While serving in the
- 19 adjoining district, the magistrate shall be subject to the
- 20 superintending control of the chief or only district judge of that
- 21 district.
- 22 (5) Pursuant to a multiple district plan under section 8320
- 23 involving districts in the same county, a district court magistrate
- 24 may be authorized to serve in any participating district of the
- 25 county.
- 26 Sec. 8611. All proceedings in the district court -which THAT
- 27 are to be recorded under section 8331 shall be recorded by the

- 1 district court recorder by the use of recording devices approved
- 2 by the state court administrator, or taken by the district court
- 3 reporter.
- 4 SEC. 8808. (1) WHEN A PERSON WHO IS NOT A RESIDENT OF THIS
- 5 STATE IS ISSUED A CITATION FOR A CIVIL INFRACTION UNDER SECTION
- 6 8807, THE PERSON MAY RECOGNIZE TO THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR TO
- 7 THE COURT FOR HIS OR HER APPEARANCE BY LEAVING WITH THE OFFICER OR
- 8 COURT A SUM OF MONEY NOT TO EXCEED \$100.00.
- 9 (2) THE OFFICER RECEIVING A DEPOSIT OF MONEY UNDER SUBSECTION
- 10 (1) SHALL GIVE A RECEIPT TO THE PERSON FOR THE MONEY DEPOSITED
- 11 TOGETHER WITH THE WRITTEN CITATION REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION (1).
- 12 (3) AT OR BEFORE THE COMPLETION OF HIS OR HER TOUR OF DUTY, A
- 13 LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER TAKING A DEPOSIT OF MONEY SHALL DELIVER THE
- 14 DEPOSIT OF MONEY AND THE CITATION EITHER TO THE COURT NAMED IN THE
- 15 CITATION OR TO THE AGENCY CHIEF OR PERSON AUTHORIZED BY THE AGENCY
- 16 CHIEF TO RECEIVE DEPOSITS. THE AGENCY CHIEF OR PERSON AUTHORIZED
- 17 SHALL DEPOSIT THE MONEY AND THE CITATION WITH THE COURT IN THE SAME
- 18 MANNER AS PRESCRIBED FOR CITATIONS IN SECTION 8805. A FAILURE TO
- 19 DELIVER THE MONEY DEPOSITED IS EMBEZZLEMENT OF PUBLIC MONEY.
- 20 (4) IF THE PERSON WHO POSTS A DEPOSIT FAILS TO APPEAR AS
- 21 REQUIRED IN THE CITATION OR FOR A SCHEDULED INFORMAL OR FORMAL
- 22 HEARING, THE COURT HAVING JURISDICTION AND VENUE OVER THE CIVIL
- 23 INFRACTION SHALL ENTER A DEFAULT JUDGMENT AGAINST THE PERSON, AND
- 24 THE MONEY DEPOSITED SHALL BE FORFEITED AND APPLIED TO ANY CIVIL
- 25 FINE OR COSTS ORDERED UNDER SECTION 8827.
- 26 Enacting section 1. Section 8507 of the revised judicature
- 27 act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.8507, as amended by this

- 1 amendatory act, applies to bonds filed or renewed by district court
- 2 magistrates after December 31, 2005.
- 3 Enacting section 2. Sections 557, 557a, 557b, 8555, and 9947
- 4 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.557,
- **5** 600.557a, 600.557b, 600.8555, and 600.9947, are repealed.

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