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SENATE BILL No. 1458

September 19, 2006, Introduced by Senators JACOBS, SCOTT, CHERRY, WHITMER, BRATER, CLARK-COLEMAN and SCHAUER and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A bill to require certain notices regarding unauthorized access to personal identifying information; to establish procedures for notice; and to provide remedies and civil sanctions.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- Sec. 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the
 "information privacy protection act".
- 3 Sec. 2. The legislature finds all of the following:
 - (a) The privacy and financial security of individuals is increasingly at risk due to the ever more widespread collection of personal information by both the private and public sectors.
 - (b) Credit card transactions, magazine subscriptions, telephone numbers, real estate records, motor vehicle

- 1 registrations, consumer surveys, warranty registrations, credit
- 2 reports, and websites are all sources of personal information and
- 3 form the source material for identity thieves.
- 4 (c) Identity theft is 1 of the fastest growing crimes
- 5 committed in the United States and this state.
- 6 (d) Criminals who steal personal information such as social
- 7 security numbers use the information to open credit card accounts,
- 8 write bad checks, buy cars, and commit other financial crimes with
- 9 other people's identities.
- 10 (e) Identity theft is costly to the marketplace and to
- 11 consumers.
- 12 (f) Residents of this state are entitled to notice of
- 13 unauthorized acquisition of computerized data that compromises the
- 14 security, confidentiality, or integrity of their private personal
- 15 information.
- 16 Sec. 3. As used in this act:
- 17 (a) "Data" includes any of the following:
- 18 (i) Computerized data.
- 19 (ii) Noncomputerized data that is maintained or stored on
- 20 paper, microfilm, or other form of record-keeping or storage
- 21 medium.
- 22 (b) "Major credit reporting agency" means a consumer reporting
- 23 agency that compiles and maintains files on a nationwide basis as
- 24 defined in 15 USC 1681a(p).
- (c) "Person" means an individual, partnership, limited
- 26 liability company, association, corporation, public or nonpublic
- 27 elementary or secondary school, trade school, vocational school,

- 1 community or junior college, college, university, state or local
- 2 governmental agency or department, or other legal entity.
- 3 (d) "Personal identifying information" means that term as
- 4 defined in section 3 of the identity theft protection act, 2004 PA
- **5** 452, MCL 445.63.
- 6 (e) "Security breach" means an unauthorized acquisition of
- 7 data that compromises the security, confidentiality, or integrity
- 8 of the personal identifying information of 1 or more individuals
- 9 maintained by a person. The term includes an unauthorized
- 10 acquisition of encrypted records or data containing personal
- 11 identifying information if the encryption key is also acquired. The
- 12 term also includes the unauthorized photocopying or facsimile or
- 13 other paper-based transmission of documents containing personal
- 14 identifying information. The term does not include good-faith
- 15 acquisition of personal identifying information by an employee or
- 16 agent of the person related to the legitimate activities of the
- 17 person if the personal identifying information is not used or
- 18 subject to further unauthorized disclosure.
- 19 Sec. 4. (1) A person that owns, uses, or maintains data that
- 20 includes personal identifying information concerning a resident of
- 21 this state shall provide notice of a security breach to that
- 22 resident under this section after the person is notified of the
- 23 security breach, discovers the security breach, or discovers
- 24 evidence from which a reasonable person would conclude that a
- 25 security breach has occurred.
- 26 (2) A notice provided under this section shall include both of
- 27 the following:

- 1 (a) To the extent possible, a description of the categories of
- 2 personal identifying information that was, or is reasonably
- 3 believed to have been, acquired by an unauthorized person.
- 4 (b) A toll-free telephone number or website that the recipient
- 5 of the notice may use to contact the person or an agent of the
- 6 person and from which the recipient may learn all of the following:
- 7 (i) The types of information the person maintained or stored
- 8 about the recipient or about individuals in general.
- 9 (ii) Whether or not the person maintained or stored information
- 10 about the recipient.
- 11 (iii) The toll-free contact telephone numbers and addresses for
- 12 the major credit reporting agencies.
- 13 (3) If a person discovers circumstances that require the
- 14 person to provide notice under this section to more than 500
- 15 individuals at 1 time, the person shall also notify all of the
- 16 major credit reporting agencies within 48 hours.
- 17 (4) A person shall provide any notice required under this
- 18 section in the most expedient time possible and without
- 19 unreasonable delay, unless 1 or both of the following apply:
- 20 (a) Delay is necessary to determine the scope of the security
- 21 breach and restore the reasonable integrity of the data system.
- 22 (b) A law enforcement agency determines that providing notice
- 23 will impede a criminal investigation. However, the person shall
- 24 provide the notice after the law enforcement agency determines that
- 25 disclosure will not compromise the investigation.
- 26 (5) A person shall provide notice required under this section
- 27 by any of the following methods:

- 1 (a) Written notice sent by first-class mail, address
- 2 correction requested.
- 3 (b) Electronic notice, if the notice provided is consistent
- 4 with the provisions regarding electronic records and signatures set
- 5 forth in section 101 of title I of the electronic signatures in
- 6 global and national commerce act, 15 USC 7001.
- 7 (c) Substitute notice, if the person demonstrates that the
- 8 cost of providing notice under subdivision (a) or (b) will exceed
- 9 \$250,000.00, that the person has to provide notice to more than
- 10 500,000 individuals, or that the person does not have sufficient
- 11 contact information for the individuals or licensees it is required
- 12 to notify under that subsection. A person provides substitute
- 13 notice under this subdivision by doing all of the following:
- 14 (i) Providing notice by e-mail to those individuals for whom
- 15 the agency or person has e-mail addresses.
- 16 (ii) If the person maintains a website, conspicuously posting
- 17 the notice on that website.
- 18 (iii) Notifying major statewide media. A notification under this
- 19 subparagraph shall include the toll-free telephone number or
- 20 website described in subsection (2)(b).
- 21 (iv) If the person maintains, as part of an information
- 22 security policy for the treatment of personal identifying
- 23 information, its own notification procedures for security breaches
- 24 that are consistent with the time requirements of this section,
- 25 notifying the individuals in accordance with those procedures.
- Sec. 5. (1) An individual injured by a violation of section 4
- 27 may bring a civil action against the person that violated section 4

- 1 and recover his or her actual damages or \$500.00, whichever is
- 2 greater.
- 3 (2) The attorney general or a county prosecuting attorney may
- 4 bring an action against a person that violated section 4 and
- 5 recover a civil fine in 1 of the following amounts, whichever is
- 6 less:
- 7 (a) An amount equal to \$500.00 for each violation of section 4
- 8 by the person.
- 9 (b) An amount equal to \$250,000.00 for each day that a
- 10 violation occurs.
- 11 (3) If the attorney general or an individual, class of
- 12 individuals, or county prosecuting attorney prevails in an action
- 13 described in this section, the court shall award that prevailing
- 14 party actual costs and reasonable attorney fees in connection with
- 15 the action.
- 16 (4) An individual described in subsection (1) or the attorney
- 17 general may bring a class action on behalf of individuals whose
- 18 personal identifying information was the subject of a security
- 19 breach.
- 20 Sec. 6. (1) A notifying person may bring an action against any
- 21 person who unlawfully obtains or benefits from personal identifying
- 22 information obtained from data maintained or stored by the
- 23 notifying person.
- 24 (2) The court may award a notifying person that prevails in an
- 25 action described in this section damages that include, but are not
- 26 limited to, the reasonable costs of providing notice, reasonable
- 27 attorney fees and actual costs in connection with the action, and

- 1 punitive damages if the court finds them appropriate.
- 2 (3) As used in this section:
- 3 (a) "Costs of providing notice" includes, but is not limited
- 4 to, the costs of labor, materials, and postage and any other costs
- 5 reasonably related to providing a notice under this act.
- 6 (b) "Notifying person" means a person that is required to
- 7 provide notice under this act.
- 8 Sec. 7. (1) The rights, liabilities, and remedies created by
- 9 this act are in addition to any others provided by law.
- 10 (2) A waiver of any right to receive notice under this act is
- 11 contrary to public policy and is void and unenforceable.
- 12 Enacting section 1. This act takes effect January 1, 2007.

02481'05 Final Page DAM