

# Legislative Analysis

## ELECTED OFFICIALS REPORTING ACT

Mitchell Bean, Director  
Phone: (517) 373-8080  
<http://www.house.mi.gov/hfa>

### House Bill 4142

**Sponsor:** Rep. Steve Bieda

**Committee:** Ethics and Elections

**Complete to 9-22-08**

### A SUMMARY OF HOUSE BILL 4142 AS INTRODUCED 1-25-08

House Bill 4142 would create a new act to be known as the Elected Officials Reporting Act that would require elected officials to file a report twice each year that lists any contributions or subsidies for travel having a value of \$50 or more given to them or to members of their immediate families.,

Under the bill, an individual holding elective office is required to file a travel contribution and subsidy report not more than 30 days after the ended of a reporting period. [Under the bill, "reporting period" means the six months immediately preceding January 1 or July 1 of each year.] The report would have to include each contribution or subsidy for travel with an estimated value of not less than \$50 accepted by an elected official or immediate family member. Travel includes transportation and lodging.

(An official would *not* have to include a contribution or subsidy from the unit of government where he or she served in office, nor would the official have to include a contribution or subsidy received by an immediate family member from an employer for business travel.) Reports for state elected officials would be filed with the Secretary of State; reports for local elected officials with the county clerk.

The report filed by elected officials would have to include all of the following:

- The elected official's name and address.
- The elective office held.
- The dates of the reporting period.
- The official's campaign committee identification number.
- A description of any travel for which the elected official or an immediate family member received a contribution or subsidy with an estimated value of \$50 or more, including the following: (1) the date, location, and nature of the travel; (2) the purpose of the travel; (3) the identity, street address, and telephone number of each non-governmental source of a contribution or subsidy, and the estimated value of the contribution or subsidy; and (4) the name of each governmental source of a contribution or subsidy, and the estimated value of that contribution or subsidy. Alternatively, the report could contain a statement that the official received no contribution or subsidy during a reporting period, if that were the case.

If a report were filed after the filing date, an individual would be responsible for a late filing fee of \$25 for each business day that report was late, not to exceed \$500. Further, an individual who knowingly filed an inaccurate or incomplete report would be responsible for a civil fine of not more than \$1,000. Late fees would be paid to the Secretary of State or county clerk with whom the report was required to be filed, and those offices could retain the late fees to cover the expenses of administering the act. Civil fines collected under the act would be forwarded to the state treasurer for deposit in the General Fund.

Reports received by the Secretary of State would be available to the public through the electronic filing and internet disclosure system, as described in the Michigan Campaign Finance Act, while those received by a county clerk would be available to the public for inspection and reproduction during regular business hours, as soon as practical (and no later than three business days after the report was received).

## **FISCAL IMPACT:**

House Bill 4142 would increase costs to the State of Michigan and Michigan counties by an indeterminate amount.

The bill would increase costs of the Secretary of State due to additional administrative workload from the bill's requirement that all state elected officials file travel contribution and subsidy reports twice annually to the Secretary of State. While the bill allows the Secretary of State to retain any late filing fees (\$25 per day up to \$500), it is not currently possible to determine how much revenue might be collected through any late fees.

House Bill 4142 would increase costs for counties by an indeterminate amount. The increased administrative cost for a county would be dependent upon how many elected offices there are throughout the county. County clerks would experience increased costs due to additional administrative workload related to the bill's provisions that require all other elected officials to file a travel contribution and subsidy report twice annually with their office. The bill requires that county clerks make these reports available to the public within three days after receiving them. Under the bill's provisions, if an elective officeholder received no reportable travel contribution or subsidy, the elected official must submit a report stating this. While HB 4142 allows county clerks to retain any late filing fees (\$25 per day up to \$500), it is not currently possible to determine how much revenue might be collected through late fees.

The bill may increase General Fund revenue by an indeterminate amount. The General Fund would receive any revenue generated by civil fines (up to \$1,000) collected under the act. Fines may be assessed to office holders who knowingly file an incomplete or inaccurate report.

Legislative Analyst: J. Hunault  
Fiscal Analyst: Viola Bay Wild

---

■ This analysis was prepared by nonpartisan House staff for use by House members in their deliberations, and does not constitute an official statement of legislative intent.