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Senate Bill 1433 (Substitute S-1 as reported by the Committee of the Whole)

Sponsor: Senator Tom George

Committee: Local, Urban and State Affairs

CONTENT

The bill would amend the General Property Tax Act to do the following:

- -- Require the city treasurer of an eligible city (i.e., a city with a population of more than 50,000 and less than 100,000 that is located in a county with a population of less than 350,000) to return to the county treasurer all uncollected delinquent real property taxes levied after 2008, notwithstanding the city charter.
- -- Permit the city treasurer of an eligible city to return to the county treasurer all uncollected delinquent real property taxes levied before December 31, 2008.
- -- Permit the city treasurer, with the agreement of the county treasurer, to return to the county treasurer uncollected delinquent personal property taxes levied after 2008, notwithstanding the city charter.
- -- Permit the city treasurer, with the agreement of the county treasurer, to return to the county treasurer all uncollected delinquent taxes levied on personal property before December 31, 2008.

The bill provides that a judgment entered on a foreclosure petition that extinguished any lien for unpaid taxes or special assessments would not extinguish the city's right to bring an action to enforce personal liability for those unpaid taxes or special assessments. The city could bring an action to enforce personal liability for unpaid delinquent taxes levied before January 1, 2009, or special assessments not returned as delinquent within 15 years after they were levied.

As used in these provisions, "delinquent taxes" or "uncollected delinquent taxes" would include any taxes levied by and payable to the city treasurer in installments whose balance remains unpaid on January 1 immediately following the year in which the taxes are levied, and would include all interest and penalties that accrue after July 31 of the year in which all taxes billed by the eligible city are levied if that interest and those penalties remain unpaid on the date the delinquent taxes are returned to the county treasurer. With regard to the real property provisions, the terms also would include any liens for unpaid tax and assessment liability acquired by the eligible city after December 31, 1999, and before January 1, 2009, pursuant to the city's charter.

The bill also provides that from January 1, 2009, through March 1, 2009, the county board of commissioners of a county with a population of at least 220,000, by resolution and with written concurrence of the county treasurer and county executive, could rescind its prior resolution by which it elected to have the State foreclose property under the Act forfeited to the county treasurer.

MCL 211.78 et al. Legislative Analyst: Craig Laurie

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FISCAL IMPACT

The bill's provisions regarding counties rescinding a resolution concerning the State's role in foreclosing property would likely have an indeterminate and negligible impact on State and local unit revenue, but could change the distribution of expenses and revenue associated with foreclosures. The counties potentially affected by the change would include Genesee, Ingham, Kalamazoo, Kent, Macomb, Oakland, Ottawa, Washtenaw, and Wayne Counties.

The bill also would add a new section that would increase State and local unit revenue by an unknown amount. Without regard to which cities have the affected charter provisions, the bill would apply only to the Cities of Battle Creek, Kalamazoo, and Saginaw. Reportedly, Kalamazoo is the only city with the relevant charter provisions that prevent returning delinquent taxes to the county. The amount of any increase would depend upon the number of local units affected, the amount of any delinquent taxes, and the relative effectiveness of having a county, rather than the affected cities, collect delinquent taxes.

Date Completed: 11-13-08 Fiscal Analyst: David Zin