SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 577

A bill to regulate certain persons building certain residential structures; to provide for certain disclosures and prescribe certain limitations regarding the transfer of that residential structure; and to provide for remedies and penalties.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "owner
- built residence transfer act".
- 3 Sec. 3. As used in this act:
- 4 (a) "Owner-builder" means an individual who is not a licensed
- 5 residential builder and who builds, or acts as a general contractor
- 6 for the construction of, a residential structure in which that
- 7 individual or a member of that individual's family actually
- 8 resides, or intends to occupy for his or her own use, upon the
- 9 issuance of an occupancy permit.

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- 1 (b) "Residential builder" means a person engaged in the
- 2 construction of a residential structure or a combination
- 3 residential and commercial structure who, for a fixed sum, price,
- 4 fee, percentage, valuable consideration, or other compensation,
- 5 other than wages for personal labor only, undertakes with another
- 6 or offers to undertake or purports to have the capacity to
- 7 undertake with another for the erection, construction, replacement,
- 8 repair, alteration, or an addition to, subtraction from,
- 9 improvement, wrecking of, or demolition of, a residential structure
- 10 or combination residential and commercial structure; a person who
- 11 manufactures, assembles, constructs, deals in, or distributes a
- 12 residential or combination residential and commercial structure
- which is prefabricated, preassembled, precut, packaged, or shell
- 14 housing; or a person who erects a residential structure or
- 15 combination residential and commercial structure except for the
- 16 person's own use and occupancy on the person's property.
- 17 (c) "Residential structure" means a premises used or intended
- 18 to be used for a residence purpose and related facilities
- 19 appurtenant to the premises used or intended to be used as an
- 20 adjunct of residential occupancy.
- 21 Sec. 5. (1) An owner-builder intending to live in the
- 22 residential structure at the onset of construction shall do either
- 23 of the following upon completion of construction and issuance of
- 24 the occupancy permit regarding a residential structure:
- 25 (a) Reside in the residential structure.
- 26 (b) Place the residential structure up for sale in any manner
- 27 allowed by law if, due to unforeseen circumstances, the owner-

- 1 builder is unable to reside in the residential structure. This
- 2 subdivision allows the owner-builder to utilize this exception not
- 3 more than once per calendar year.
- 4 (2) An owner-builder who actually lives, full- or part-time,
- 5 in that residential structure shall not sell or transfer ownership
- 6 of the residential structure to another person for at least 120
- 7 days after the owner-builder actually begins living, full- or part-
- 8 time, in that residential structure.
- 9 Sec. 7. (1) An owner-builder who sells the residential
- 10 structure, within 2 years or less after the date of the issuance of
- 11 the occupancy permit, shall note in the owner-builder notice form
- 12 the fact that the residential structure was built by the owner.
- 13 (2) An owner-builder shall supply, at the time of offering the
- 14 residential structure and on a separate sheet of paper, an owner-
- 15 builder notice stating in 12-point font or larger that the
- 16 residential structure was built by an owner-builder that is not a
- 17 licensed builder. The notice shall be signed and dated by the
- 18 owner-builder.
- 19 Sec. 9. (1) An owner-builder who fails to make the disclosures
- 20 required under this act is liable for the following:
- 21 (a) The cost of repair regarding any defects in workmanship
- 22 for up to 18 months after completion of construction, first
- 23 occupancy, or purchase, whichever comes later.
- 24 (b) The cost of any repairs needed to bring the structure into
- 25 compliance with the building code in effect at the time of the
- 26 issuance of the occupancy permit.
- 27 (c) The cost for temporary shelter for the buyers if the

- 1 repairs require the buyer to vacate temporarily or if the defects
- 2 in the residential structure render it uninhabitable.
- 3 (2) The buyer of an owner-builder residential structure may
- 4 bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction for damages
- 5 resulting from a violation of the disclosures required under this
- 6 act. The action shall be brought not later than 18 months after
- 7 completion of construction, first occupancy, or purchase, whichever
- 8 comes later. If the buyer prevails in whole or part in an action
- 9 brought under this section, the court shall award cost and actual
- 10 attorney fees.
- 11 (3) The remedies under this act are cumulative and the use of
- 12 a remedy under this act does not prevent the use of any other
- 13 remedies allowed under law.
- 14 Sec. 11. This act takes effect 180 days after the date it is
- 15 enacted into law.