December 6, 2007, Introduced by Reps. Palsrok, Mayes, Nofs and Accavitti and referred to the Committee on Energy and Technology.

A bill to require certain providers of electric service to establish a renewable energy program; and to prescribe the powers and duties of certain state agencies and officials.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 1. As used in this act:
- 2 (a) "Commission" means the Michigan public service commission.
- 3 (b) "Portfolio standard" is the minimum percentage of a
- 4 provider's total annual retail kilowatt hour electricity sales in
- 5 this state that is required to be produced from a renewable energy
- 6 resource.

**HOUSE BILL No. 5549** 

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- (c) "Provider" means any person that is in the business of selling electricity to retail customers in this state and includes all of the following:
  - (i) Any person or entity that is regulated by the commission

- 1 for the purpose of selling electricity to retail customers.
- 2 (ii) A municipal electric provider.
- 3 (iii) A cooperative electric provider.
- 4 (iv) An alternative electric supplier.
- 5 (v) An independent investor-owned electric utility.
- **6** (d) "Renewable energy" means electricity produced using a
- 7 renewable energy resource.
- 8 (e) "Renewable energy contract" means a contract to acquire
- 9 renewable energy and the associated renewable energy credits from 1
- 10 or more renewable energy systems.
- 11 (f) "Renewable energy credit" means a certified credit under
- 12 this act equal to 1 megawatt hour of generated renewable energy.
- 13 (g) "Renewable energy resource" means any of the following:
- **14** (*i*) Biomass.
- 15 (ii) Geothermal.
- 16 (iii) Solar thermal.
- 17 (iv) Photovoltaic cells and panels.
- 18 (v) Industrial cogeneration where an integrated unit generates
- 19 power and either cools, heats, or controls humidity in a building
- 20 or provides heating, drying, or chilling for an industrial process
- 21 not including electricity generation.
- 22 (vi) An incinerator brought into service before the effective
- 23 date of this act that complies with all federal and state
- 24 environmental regulations.
- 25 (*vii*) Wind.
- 26 (viii) Hydroelectric from existing hydroelectric facilities or
- 27 new hydroelectric facilities using existing dams unless, after the

- 1 effective date of this act, those dams are modified to increase
- 2 their holding capacity or further restrict water flow or in a
- 3 manner that does not fully incorporate the best environmental
- 4 practices.
- 5 (ix) Hydroelectric from pumped storage hydroelectric facilities
- 6 to the extent the water was pumped using energy generated from
- 7 renewable energy resources.
- 8 (x) Landfill gas.
- 9 (h) "Renewable energy resource" does not include the burning
- 10 or heating of tires, garbage, landscape waste, construction or
- 11 demolition debris, or general household, institutional, commercial,
- 12 office, or industrial lunchroom waste.
- 13 (i) "Renewable energy system" means a facility, electricity
- 14 generation system, or integrated set of electricity generation
- 15 systems that use renewable energy resources located in this state,
- 16 Illinois, Indiana, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin, or the province of
- 17 Ontario or Manitoba, Canada.
- 18 Sec. 7. (1) Ninety days after the effective date of this act,
- 19 the commission shall establish for each provider a maximum retail
- 20 rate impact for this section of not less than 110% of the cost of
- 21 construction, operation and maintenance, and generation of a new
- 22 base load power plant over its lifecycle on a kilowatt per hour
- 23 basis. Following the initial determination, the commission shall
- 24 update the maximum rate impact at least every 2 years. In its
- 25 determination under this subsection, the commission shall consider
- 26 and make specific findings with respect to each of the following:
- 27 (a) Capital costs, including lifecycle capital additions.

- 1 (b) Financing and interest costs.
- 2 (c) Forecasted inflation.
- 3 (d) Construction costs.
- 4 (e) Operation and maintenance costs.
- 5 (f) Fuel costs, transportation of fuel costs, and fuel
- 6 disposal costs.
- 7 (g) Costs of transmitting, generation, and interconnection.
- 8 (h) Emission controls.
- 9 (i) Taxes and penalties on carbon and emissions.
- 10 (j) Costs of security measures.
- 11 (k) Other costs the commission considers appropriate.
- 12 (2) If the commission determines that the retail rate impact
- 13 of this section exceeds the maximum retail rate impact, it shall
- 14 reduce the required renewable energy credits required for
- 15 compliance with the portfolio standard by an amount necessary to
- 16 limit the retail rate impact to the maximum retail rate impact.
- 17 Sec. 9. (1) If a provider is unable to comply with the
- 18 portfolio standard through the generation of renewable energy
- 19 credits derived from its own renewable energy systems, the provider
- 20 shall comply by entering into 1 or more renewable energy contracts.
- 21 (2) If a provider is unable to comply with the portfolio
- 22 standard through the generation of renewable energy credits derived
- 23 from its own renewable energy systems or by entering 1 or more
- 24 renewable energy contracts, the provider shall purchase renewable
- 25 energy credits from a renewable energy system located in this
- 26 state.
- 27 (3) Renewable energy credits used by a provider to comply with

- 1 its portfolio standard are extinguished upon use. Renewable energy
- 2 credits shall automatically expire upon the date 3 years after the
- 3 generation of the electricity associated with the renewable energy
- 4 credit.
- 5 Sec. 11. (1) Upon petition by a provider, the commission may
- 6 for good cause grant an extension of the 2015 deadline to meet the
- 7 portfolio standard under section 5. The extension shall be for 1
- 8 year, but subsequent 1-year extensions may be granted for good
- 9 cause. If the commission determines that a provider cannot meet the
- 10 portfolio standard under section 5 because of a local unit of
- 11 government's zoning ordinance, the commission shall grant a
- 12 extension to that provider.
- 13 (2) The petitioner shall provide the commission information
- 14 requested by the commission for its deliberations on the petition
- 15 under subsection (1). The commission shall consider factors
- 16 including economic impact, availability, cost, and consumer impact
- 17 in determining whether to grant or deny the petition.
- 18 (3) If a provider, except for a municipally owned utility,
- 19 fails to meet the portfolio standard by the deadline under section
- 20 5 or the last extended deadline under subsection (2), whichever is
- 21 applicable, both of the following apply:
- 22 (a) Under section 9, the provider shall obtain sufficient
- 23 renewable energy credits to meet the portfolio standard.
- 24 (b) The provider shall not recover from its ratepayers the
- 25 cost of obtaining renewable energy credits under subdivision (a).
- 26 Enacting section 1. As provided in section 5 of 1846 RS 1, MCL
- 27 8.5, this act is severable.

(h) Senate Bill No. \_\_\_\_ or House Bill No. 5548(request no.

(g) House Bill No. 5524.

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