Act No. 94
Public Acts of 2007
Approved by the Governor
October 1, 2007

Filed with the Secretary of State October 1, 2007

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 1, 2007

## STATE OF MICHIGAN 94TH LEGISLATURE REGULAR SESSION OF 2007

Introduced by Rep. Tobocman

## ENROLLED HOUSE BILL No. 5194

AN ACT to amend 1967 PA 281, entitled "An act to meet deficiencies in state funds by providing for the imposition, levy, computation, collection, assessment, and enforcement by lien and otherwise of taxes on or measured by net income; to prescribe the manner and time of making reports and paying the taxes, and the functions of public officers and others as to the taxes; to permit the inspection of the records of taxpayers; to provide for interest and penalties on unpaid taxes; to provide exemptions, credits and refunds of the taxes; to prescribe penalties for the violation of this act; to provide an appropriation; and to repeal certain acts and parts of acts," by amending sections 30, 51, 261, 266, and 270 (MCL 206.30, 206.51, 206.261, 206.266, and 206.270), section 30 as amended by 2005 PA 214, section 51 as amended by 1999 PA 6, section 261 as amended by 2000 PA 195, section 266 as amended by 2006 PA 52, and section 270 as amended by 2005 PA 234; and to repeal acts and parts of acts.

## The People of the State of Michigan enact:

- Sec. 30. (1) "Taxable income" means, for a person other than a corporation, estate, or trust, adjusted gross income as defined in the internal revenue code subject to the following adjustments under this section:
- (a) Add gross interest income and dividends derived from obligations or securities of states other than Michigan, in the same amount that has been excluded from adjusted gross income less related expenses not deducted in computing adjusted gross income because of section 265(a)(1) of the internal revenue code.
- (b) Add taxes on or measured by income to the extent the taxes have been deducted in arriving at adjusted gross income.
- (c) Add losses on the sale or exchange of obligations of the United States government, the income of which this state is prohibited from subjecting to a net income tax, to the extent that the loss has been deducted in arriving at adjusted gross income.
- (d) Deduct, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, income derived from obligations, or the sale or exchange of obligations, of the United States government that this state is prohibited by law from subjecting to a net income tax, reduced by any interest on indebtedness incurred in carrying the obligations and by any expenses incurred in the production of that income to the extent that the expenses, including amortizable bond premiums, were deducted in arriving at adjusted gross income.
- (e) Deduct, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, compensation, including retirement benefits, received for services in the armed forces of the United States.
  - (f) Deduct the following to the extent included in adjusted gross income:
- (i) Retirement or pension benefits received from a federal public retirement system or from a public retirement system of or created by this state or a political subdivision of this state.

- (ii) Retirement or pension benefits received from a public retirement system of or created by another state or any of its political subdivisions if the income tax laws of the other state permit a similar deduction or exemption or a reciprocal deduction or exemption of a retirement or pension benefit received from a public retirement system of or created by this state or any of the political subdivisions of this state.
  - (iii) Social security benefits as defined in section 86 of the internal revenue code.
- (iv) Retirement or pension benefits not deductible under subparagraph (i) or subdivision (e) from any other retirement or pension system or benefits from a retirement annuity policy in which payments are made for life to a senior citizen, to a maximum of \$30,000.00 for a single return and \$60,000.00 for a joint return. The maximum amounts allowed under this subparagraph shall be reduced by the amount of the deduction for retirement or pension benefits claimed under subparagraph (i) or subdivision (e) and by the amount of a deduction claimed under subdivision (r). The maximum amounts allowed under this subparagraph shall be adjusted by the percentage increase in the United States consumer price index for the immediately preceding calendar year. The department shall annualize the amounts provided in this subparagraph as necessary. As used in this subparagraph, "senior citizen" means that term as defined in section 514.
- (v) The amount determined to be the section 22 amount eligible for the elderly and the permanently and totally disabled credit provided in section 22 of the internal revenue code.
  - (g) Adjustments resulting from the application of section 271.
  - (h) Adjustments with respect to estate and trust income as provided in section 36.
  - (i) Adjustments resulting from the allocation and apportionment provisions of chapter 3.
- (j) Deduct political contributions as described in section 4 of the Michigan campaign finance act, 1976 PA 388, MCL 169.204, or 2 USC 431, not in excess of \$50.00 per annum, or \$100.00 per annum for a joint return.
- (k) Deduct, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, wages not deductible under section 280C of the internal revenue code.
  - (1) Deduct the following payments made by the taxpayer in the tax year:
- (i) The amount of payment made under an advance tuition payment contract as provided in the Michigan education trust act, 1986 PA 316, MCL 390.1421 to 390.1442.
- (ii) The amount of payment made under a contract with a private sector investment manager that meets all of the following criteria:
- (A) The contract is certified and approved by the board of directors of the Michigan education trust to provide equivalent benefits and rights to purchasers and beneficiaries as an advance tuition payment contract as described in subparagraph (i).
- (B) The contract applies only for a state institution of higher education as defined in the Michigan education trust act, 1986 PA 316, MCL 390.1421 to 390.1442, or a community or junior college in Michigan.
- (C) The contract provides for enrollment by the contract's qualified beneficiary in not less than 4 years after the date on which the contract is entered into.
  - (D) The contract is entered into after either of the following:
- (I) The purchaser has had his or her offer to enter into an advance tuition payment contract rejected by the board of directors of the Michigan education trust, if the board determines that the trust cannot accept an unlimited number of enrollees upon an actuarially sound basis.
- (II) The board of directors of the Michigan education trust determines that the trust can accept an unlimited number of enrollees upon an actuarially sound basis.
- (m) If an advance tuition payment contract under the Michigan education trust act, 1986 PA 316, MCL 390.1421 to 390.1442, or another contract for which the payment was deductible under subdivision (l) is terminated and the qualified beneficiary under that contract does not attend a university, college, junior or community college, or other institution of higher education, add the amount of a refund received by the taxpayer as a result of that termination or the amount of the deduction taken under subdivision (l) for payment made under that contract, whichever is less.
- (n) Deduct from the taxable income of a purchaser the amount included as income to the purchaser under the internal revenue code after the advance tuition payment contract entered into under the Michigan education trust act, 1986 PA 316, MCL 390.1421 to 390.1442, is terminated because the qualified beneficiary attends an institution of postsecondary education other than either a state institution of higher education or an institution of postsecondary education located outside this state with which a state institution of higher education has reciprocity.
- (o) Add, to the extent deducted in determining adjusted gross income, the net operating loss deduction under section 172 of the internal revenue code.
- (p) Deduct a net operating loss deduction for the taxable year as determined under section 172 of the internal revenue code subject to the modifications under section 172(b)(2) of the internal revenue code and subject to the allocation and apportionment provisions of chapter 3 of this act for the taxable year in which the loss was incurred.

- (q) Deduct, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, benefits from a discriminatory self-insurance medical expense reimbursement plan.
- (r) A taxpayer who is a senior citizen may deduct to the extent included in adjusted gross income, interest, dividends, and capital gains received in the tax year not to exceed \$7,500.00 for a single return and \$15,000.00 for a joint return. The maximum amounts allowed under this subdivision shall be reduced by the amount of a deduction claimed for retirement benefits under subdivision (e) or a deduction claimed under subdivision (f(i)), (ii), (iv), or (v). The maximum amounts allowed under this subdivision shall be adjusted by the percentage increase in the United States consumer price index for the immediately preceding calendar year. The department shall annualize the amounts provided in this subdivision as necessary. As used in this subdivision, "senior citizen" means that term as defined in section 514.
  - (s) Deduct, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, all of the following:
  - (i) The amount of a refund received in the tax year based on taxes paid under this act.
- (ii) The amount of a refund received in the tax year based on taxes paid under the city income tax act, 1964 PA 284, MCL 141.501 to 141.787.
- (iii) The amount of a credit received in the tax year based on a claim filed under sections 520 and 522 to the extent that the taxes used to calculate the credit were not used to reduce adjusted gross income for a prior year.
- (t) Add the amount paid by the state on behalf of the taxpayer in the tax year to repay the outstanding principal on a loan taken on which the taxpayer defaulted that was to fund an advance tuition payment contract entered into under the Michigan education trust act, 1986 PA 316, MCL 390.1421 to 390.1442, if the cost of the advance tuition payment contract was deducted under subdivision (*l*) and was financed with a Michigan education trust secured loan.
  - (u) Deduct the amount calculated under section 30d.
- (v) Deduct, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, any amount, and any interest earned on that amount, received in the tax year by a taxpayer who is a Holocaust victim as a result of a settlement of claims against any entity or individual for any recovered asset pursuant to the German act regulating unresolved property claims, also known as Gesetz zur Regelung offener Vermogensfragen, as a result of the settlement of the action entitled <u>In re: Holocaust victim assets litigation</u>, CV-96-4849, CV-96-5161, and CV-97-0461 (E.D. NY), or as a result of any similar action if the income and interest are not commingled in any way with and are kept separate from all other funds and assets of the taxpayer. As used in this subdivision:
- (i) "Holocaust victim" means a person, or the heir or beneficiary of that person, who was persecuted by Nazi Germany or any Axis regime during any period from 1933 to 1945.
- (ii) "Recovered asset" means any asset of any type and any interest earned on that asset including, but not limited to, bank deposits, insurance proceeds, or artwork owned by a Holocaust victim during the period from 1920 to 1945, withheld from that Holocaust victim from and after 1945, and not recovered, returned, or otherwise compensated to the Holocaust victim until after 1993.
  - (w) Deduct, to the extent not deducted in determining adjusted gross income, both of the following:
- (i) The total of all contributions made by the taxpayer in the tax year less qualified withdrawals made in the tax year to education savings accounts pursuant to the Michigan education savings program act, 2000 PA 161, MCL 390.1471 to 390.1486, not to exceed \$5,000.00 for a single return or \$10,000.00 for a joint return per tax year.
  - (ii) The amount under section 30f.
- (x) Add, to the extent not included in adjusted gross income, the amount of money withdrawn by the taxpayer in the tax year from education savings accounts, not to exceed the total amount deducted under subdivision (w) in the tax year and all previous tax years, if the withdrawal was not a qualified withdrawal as provided in the Michigan education savings program act, 2000 PA 161, MCL 390.1471 to 390.1486. This subdivision does not apply to withdrawals that are less than the sum of all contributions made to an education savings account in all previous tax years for which no deduction was claimed under subdivision (w), less any contributions for which no deduction was claimed under subdivision (w) that were withdrawn in all previous tax years.
- (y) Deduct, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, the amount of a distribution from individual retirement accounts that qualify under section 408 of the internal revenue code if the distribution is used to pay qualified higher education expenses as that term is defined in the Michigan education savings program act, 2000 PA 161, MCL 390.1471 to 390.1486.
- (z) Deduct, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, an amount equal to the qualified charitable distribution made in the tax year by a taxpayer to a charitable organization. The amount allowed under this subdivision shall be equal to the amount deductible by the taxpayer under section 170(c) of the internal revenue code with respect to the qualified charitable distribution in the tax year in which the taxpayer makes the distribution to the qualified charitable organization, reduced by both the amount of the deduction for retirement or pension benefits claimed by the taxpayer under subdivision (f)(i), (ii), (iv), or (v) and by 2 times the total amount of credits claimed under sections 260 and 261 for the tax year. As used in this subdivision, "qualified charitable distribution" means a distribution of assets to a qualified

charitable organization by a taxpayer not more than 60 days after the date on which the taxpayer received the assets as a distribution from a retirement or pension plan described in subsection (8)(a). A distribution is to a qualified charitable organization if the distribution is made in any of the following circumstances:

- (i) To an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code except an organization that is controlled by a political party, an elected official or a candidate for an elective office.
- (ii) To a charitable remainder annuity trust or a charitable remainder unitrust as defined in section 664(d) of the internal revenue code; to a pooled income fund as defined in section 642(c)(5) of the internal revenue code; or for the issuance of a charitable gift annuity as defined in section 501(m)(5) of the internal revenue code. A trust, fund, or annuity described in this subparagraph is a qualified charitable organization only if no person holds any interest in the trust, fund, or annuity other than 1 or more of the following:
  - (A) The taxpayer who received the distribution from the retirement or pension plan.
  - (B) The spouse of an individual described in sub-subparagraph (A).
  - (C) An organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.
- (aa) A taxpayer who is a resident tribal member may deduct, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, all nonbusiness income earned or received in the tax year and during the period in which an agreement entered into between the taxpayer's tribe and this state pursuant to section 30c of 1941 PA 122, MCL 205.30c, is in full force and effect. As used in this subdivision:
  - (i) "Business income" means business income as defined in section 4 and apportioned under chapter 3.
- (ii) "Nonbusiness income" means nonbusiness income as defined in section 14 and, to the extent not included in business income, all of the following:
- (A) All income derived from wages whether the wages are earned within the agreement area or outside of the agreement area.
  - (B) All interest and passive dividends.
  - (C) All rents and royalties derived from real property located within the agreement area.
- (D) All rents and royalties derived from tangible personal property, to the extent the personal property is utilized within the agreement area.
  - (E) Capital gains from the sale or exchange of real property located within the agreement area.
- (F) Capital gains from the sale or exchange of tangible personal property located within the agreement area at the time of sale.
  - (G) Capital gains from the sale or exchange of intangible personal property.
- (H) All pension income and benefits including, but not limited to, distributions from a 401(k) plan, individual retirement accounts under section 408 of the internal revenue code, or a defined contribution plan, or payments from a defined benefit plan.
  - (I) All per capita payments by the tribe to resident tribal members, without regard to the source of payment.
  - (J) All gaming winnings.
  - (iii) "Resident tribal member" means an individual who meets all of the following criteria:
  - (A) Is an enrolled member of a federally recognized tribe.
- (B) The individual's tribe has an agreement with this state pursuant to section 30c of 1941 PA 122, MCL 205.30c, that is in full force and effect.
- (C) The individual's principal place of residence is located within the agreement area as designated in the agreement under sub-subparagraph (B).
- (bb) For tax years that begin after December 31, 2006, deduct, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, all or a portion of the gain, as determined under this section, realized from an initial equity investment of not less than \$100,000.00 made by the taxpayer before December 31, 2009, in a qualified business, if an amount equal to the sum of the taxpayer's basis in the investment as determined under the internal revenue code plus the gain, or a portion of that amount, is reinvested in an equity investment in a qualified business within 1 year after the sale or disposition of the investment in the qualified business. If the amount of the subsequent investment is less than the sum of the taxpayer's basis from the prior equity investment plus the gain from the prior equity investment, the amount of a deduction under this section shall be reduced by the difference between the sum of the taxpayer's basis from the prior equity investment plus the gain from the prior equity investment and the subsequent investment. As used in this subdivision:
- (i) "Advanced automotive, manufacturing, and materials technology" means any technology that involves 1 or more of the following:
- (A) Materials with engineered properties created through the development of specialized process and synthesis technology.

- (B) Nanotechnology, including materials, devices, or systems at the atomic, molecular, or macromolecular level, with a scale measured in nanometers.
- (C) Microelectromechanical systems, including devices or systems integrating microelectronics with mechanical parts and a scale measured in micrometers.
- (D) Improvements to vehicle safety, vehicle performance, vehicle production, or environmental impact, including, but not limited to, vehicle equipment and component parts.
- (E) Any technology that involves an alternative energy vehicle or its components. "Alternative energy vehicle" means that term as defined in section 2 of the Michigan next energy authority act, 2002 PA 593, MCL 207.822.
- (F) A new technology, device, or system that enhances or improves the manufacturing process of wood, timber, or agricultural-based products.
  - (G) Advanced computing or electronic device technology related to technology described under this subparagraph.
  - (H) Design, engineering, testing, or diagnostics related to technology described under this subparagraph.
  - (I) Product research and development related to technology described under this subparagraph.
  - (ii) "Advanced computing" means any technology used in the design and development of 1 or more of the following:
  - (A) Computer hardware and software.
  - (B) Data communications.
  - (C) Information technologies.
- (iii) "Alternative energy technology" means applied research or commercialization of new or next generation technology in 1 or more of the following:
- (A) Alternative energy technology as that term is defined in section 2 of the Michigan next energy authority act, 2002 PA 593, MCL 207.822.
- (B) Devices or systems designed and used solely for the purpose of generating energy from agricultural crops, residue and waste generated from the production and processing of agricultural products, animal wastes, or food processing wastes, not including a conventional gasoline or diesel fuel engine or a retrofitted conventional gasoline or diesel fuel engine.
- (C) A new technology, product, or system that permits the utilization of biomass for the production of specialty, commodity, or foundational chemicals or of novel or economical commodity materials through the application of biotechnology that minimizes, complements, or replaces reliance on petroleum for the production.
  - (D) Advanced computing or electronic device technology related to technology described under this subparagraph.
  - (E) Design, engineering, testing, or diagnostics related to technology described under this subparagraph.
  - (F) Product research and development related to a technology described under this subparagraph.
  - (iv) "Competitive edge technology" means 1 or more of the following:
  - (A) Advanced automotive, manufacturing, and materials technology.
  - (B) Alternative energy technology.
  - (C) Homeland security and defense technology.
  - (D) Life sciences technology.
- (v) "Electronic device technology" means any technology that involves microelectronics, semiconductors, electronic equipment, and instrumentation, radio frequency, microwave, and millimeter electronics; optical and optic-electrical devices; or data and digital communications and imaging devices.
- (vi) "Homeland security and defense technology" means technology that assists in the assessment of threats or damage to the general population and critical infrastructure, protection of, defense against, or mitigation of the effects of foreign or domestic threats, disasters, or attacks, or support for crisis or response management, including, but not limited to, 1 or more of the following:
- (A) Sensors, systems, processes, or equipment for communications, identification and authentication, screening, surveillance, tracking, and data analysis.
  - (B) Advanced computing or electronic device technology related to technology described under this subparagraph.
- (C) Aviation technology including, but not limited to, avionics, airframe design, sensors, early warning systems, and services related to the technology described in this subparagraph.
  - (D) Design, engineering, testing, or diagnostics related to technology described under this subparagraph.
  - (E) Product research and development related to technology described under this subparagraph.
- (vii) "Life sciences technology" means any technology derived from life sciences intended to improve human health or the overall quality of human life, including, but not limited to, systems, processes, or equipment for drug or gene therapies, biosensors, testing, medical devices or instrumentation with a therapeutic or diagnostic value, a

pharmaceutical or other product that requires United States food and drug administration approval or registration prior to its introduction in the marketplace and is a drug or medical device as defined by the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act, 21 USC 301 to 399, or 1 or more of the following:

- (A) Advanced computing or electronic device technology related to technology described under this subparagraph.
- (B) Design, engineering, testing, or diagnostics related to technology or the commercial manufacturing of technology described under this subparagraph.
  - (C) Product research and development related to technology described under this subparagraph.
- (viii) "Life sciences" means science for the examination or understanding of life or life processes, including, but not limited to, all of the following:
  - (A) Bioengineering.
  - (B) Biomedical engineering.
  - (C) Genomics.
  - (D) Proteomics.
  - (E) Molecular and chemical ecology.
- (F) Biotechnology, including any technology that uses living organisms, cells, macromolecules, microorganisms, or substances from living organisms to make or modify a product for useful purposes. Biotechnology or life sciences do not include any of the following:
  - (I) Activities prohibited under section 2685 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.2685.
  - (II) Activities prohibited under section 2688 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.2688.
  - (III) Activities prohibited under section 2690 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.2690.
  - (IV) Activities prohibited under section 16274 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.16274.
  - (V) Stem cell research with human embryonic tissue.
  - (ix) "Qualified business" means a business that complies with all of the following:
- (A) The business is a seed or early stage business as defined in section 3 of the Michigan early stage venture investment act of 2003, 2003 PA 296, MCL 125.2233.
- (B) The business has its headquarters in this state, is domiciled in this state, or has a majority of its employees working a majority of their time in this state.
  - (C) The business has a preinvestment valuation of less than \$10,000,000.00.
- (D) The business has been in existence less than 5 years. This sub-subparagraph does not apply to a business, the business activity of which is derived from research at an institution of higher education located within this state or an organization exempt from federal taxation under section 501c(3) of the internal revenue code and that is located within this state.
  - (E) The business is engaged only in competitive edge technology.
- (F) The business is certified by the Michigan strategic fund as meeting the requirements of sub-subparagraphs (A) to (E) at the time of each proposed investment.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (7), a personal exemption of \$2,500.00 multiplied by the number of personal or dependency exemptions allowable on the taxpayer's federal income tax return pursuant to the internal revenue code shall be subtracted in the calculation that determines taxable income.
- (3) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (7), a single additional exemption determined as follows shall be subtracted in the calculation that determines taxable income in each of the following circumstances:
- (a) \$1,800.00 for each taxpayer and every dependent of the taxpayer who is 65 years of age or older. When a dependent of a taxpayer files an annual return under this act, the taxpayer or dependent of the taxpayer, but not both, may claim the additional exemption allowed under this subdivision. As used in this subdivision and subdivision (c), "dependent" means that term as defined in section 30e.
- (b) \$1,800.00 for each taxpayer and every dependent of the taxpayer who is a deaf person as defined in section 2 of the deaf persons' interpreters act, 1982 PA 204, MCL 393.502; a paraplegic, a quadriplegic, or a hemiplegic; a person who is blind as defined in section 504; or a person who is totally and permanently disabled as defined in section 522. When a dependent of a taxpayer files an annual return under this act, the taxpayer or dependent of the taxpayer, but not both, may claim the additional exemption allowed under this subdivision.
- (c) \$1,800.00 if the tax payer's return includes unemployment compensation that amounts to 50% or more of adjusted gross income.
- (d) For tax years beginning after 2007, \$250.00 for each taxpayer and every dependent of the taxpayer who is a qualified disabled veteran. When a dependent of a taxpayer files an annual return under this act, the taxpayer or

dependent of the taxpayer, but not both, may claim the additional exemption allowed under this subdivision. As used in this subdivision:

- (i) "Qualified disabled veteran" means a veteran with a service-connected disability.
- (ii) "Service-connected disability" means a disability incurred or aggravated in the line of duty in the active military, naval, or air service as described in 38 USC 101(16).
- (iii) "Veteran" means a person who served in the active military, naval, marine, coast guard, or air service and who was discharged or released from his or her service with an honorable or general discharge.
- (4) An individual with respect to whom a deduction under section 151 of the internal revenue code is allowable to another federal taxpayer during the tax year is not considered to have an allowable federal exemption for purposes of subsection (2), but may subtract \$1,500.00 in the calculation that determines taxable income for a tax year.
- (5) A nonresident or a part-year resident is allowed that proportion of an exemption or deduction allowed under subsection (2), (3), or (4) that the taxpayer's portion of adjusted gross income from Michigan sources bears to the taxpayer's total adjusted gross income.
- (6) In calculating taxable income, a taxpayer shall not subtract from adjusted gross income the amount of prizes won by the taxpayer under the McCauley-Traxler-Law-Bowman-McNeely lottery act, 1972 PA 239, MCL 432.1 to 432.47.
- (7) For each tax year, the personal exemption allowed under subsection (2) shall be adjusted by multiplying the exemption for the tax year beginning in 1997 by a fraction, the numerator of which is the United States consumer price index for the state fiscal year ending in the tax year prior to the tax year for which the adjustment is being made and the denominator of which is the United States consumer price index for the 1995-96 state fiscal year. The resultant product shall be rounded to the nearest \$100.00 increment. The personal exemption for the tax year shall be determined by adding \$200.00 to that rounded amount. As used in this section, "United States consumer price index" means the United States consumer price index for all urban consumers as defined and reported by the United States department of labor, bureau of labor statistics. For each tax year, the exemptions allowed under subsection (3) shall be adjusted by multiplying the exemption amount under subsection (3) for the tax year by a fraction, the numerator of which is the United States consumer price index for the state fiscal year ending the tax year prior to the tax year for which the adjustment is being made and the denominator of which is the United States consumer price index for the 1998-1999 state fiscal year. The resultant product shall be rounded to the nearest \$100.00 increment.
  - (8) As used in subsection (1)(f), "retirement or pension benefits" means distributions from all of the following:
- (a) Except as provided in subdivision (d), qualified pension trusts and annuity plans that qualify under section 401(a) of the internal revenue code, including all of the following:
  - (i) Plans for self-employed persons, commonly known as Keogh or HR10 plans.
- (ii) Individual retirement accounts that qualify under section 408 of the internal revenue code if the distributions are not made until the participant has reached 59-1/2 years of age, except in the case of death, disability, or distributions described by section 72(t)(2)(A)(iv) of the internal revenue code.
- (iii) Employee annuities or tax-sheltered annuities purchased under section 403(b) of the internal revenue code by organizations exempt under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code, or by public school systems.
- (iv) Distributions from a 401(k) plan attributable to employee contributions mandated by the plan or attributable to employer contributions.
  - (b) The following retirement and pension plans not qualified under the internal revenue code:
- (i) Plans of the United States, state governments other than this state, and political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities of this state.
  - (ii) Plans maintained by a church or a convention or association of churches.
- (iii) All other unqualified pension plans that prescribe eligibility for retirement and predetermine contributions and benefits if the distributions are made from a pension trust.
- (c) Retirement or pension benefits received by a surviving spouse if those benefits qualified for a deduction prior to the decedent's death. Benefits received by a surviving child are not deductible.
  - (d) Retirement and pension benefits do not include:
- (i) Amounts received from a plan that allows the employee to set the amount of compensation to be deferred and does not prescribe retirement age or years of service. These plans include, but are not limited to, all of the following:
  - (A) Deferred compensation plans under section 457 of the internal revenue code.
- (B) Distributions from plans under section 401(k) of the internal revenue code other than plans described in subdivision (a)(iv).
- (C) Distributions from plans under section 403(b) of the internal revenue code other than plans described in subdivision (a)(iii).

- (ii) Premature distributions paid on separation, withdrawal, or discontinuance of a plan prior to the earliest date the recipient could have retired under the provisions of the plan.
  - (iii) Payments received as an incentive to retire early unless the distributions are from a pension trust.
- Sec. 51. (1) For receiving, earning, or otherwise acquiring income from any source whatsoever, there is levied and imposed upon the taxable income of every person other than a corporation a tax at the following rates in the following circumstances:
  - (a) Before May 1, 1994, 4.6%.
  - (b) After April 30, 1994 and before January 1, 2000, 4.4%.
  - (c) For tax years that begin on and after January 1, 2000 and before January 1, 2002, 4.2%.
  - (d) For tax years that begin on and after January 1, 2002 and before January 1, 2003, 4.1%.
  - (e) On and after January 1, 2003 and before July 1, 2004, 4.0%.
  - (f) On and after July 1, 2004 and before October 1, 2007, 3.9%.
  - (g) On and after October 1, 2007 and before October 1, 2011, 4.35%.
- (h) Beginning on October 1, 2011 and each October 1 after 2011, the maximum rate under this subsection shall be reduced by 0.1 each year until the rate is 3.95%.
  - (i) On and after October 1, 2015, 3.9%.
- (2) The following percentages of the net revenues collected under this section shall be deposited in the state school aid fund created in section 11 of article IX of the state constitution of 1963:
- (a) Beginning October 1, 1994 and before October 1, 1996, 14.4% of the gross collections before refunds from the tax levied under this section.
- (b) After September 30, 1996 and before January 1, 2000, 23.0% of the gross collections before refunds from the tax levied under this section.
- (c) Beginning January 1, 2000, that percentage of the gross collections before refunds from the tax levied under this section that is equal to 1.012% divided by the income tax rate levied under this section.
- (3) The department shall annualize rates provided in subsection (1) as necessary for tax years that end after April 30, 1994. The applicable annualized rate shall be imposed upon the taxable income of every person other than a corporation for those tax years.
- (4) The taxable income of a nonresident shall be computed in the same manner that the taxable income of a resident is computed, subject to the allocation and apportionment provisions of this act.
- (5) A resident beneficiary of a trust whose taxable income includes all or part of an accumulation distribution by a trust, as defined in section 665 of the internal revenue code, shall be allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due under this act. The credit shall be all or a proportionate part of any tax paid by the trust under this act for any preceding taxable year that would not have been payable if the trust had in fact made distribution to its beneficiaries at the times and in the amounts specified in section 666 of the internal revenue code. The credit shall not reduce the tax otherwise due from the beneficiary to an amount less than would have been due if the accumulation distribution were excluded from taxable income.
- (6) The taxable income of a resident who is required to include income from a trust in his or her federal income tax return under the provisions of 26 USC 671 to 679, shall include items of income and deductions from the trust in taxable income to the extent required by this act with respect to property owned outright.
- (7) It is the intention of this section that the income subject to tax of every person other than corporations shall be computed in like manner and be the same as provided in the internal revenue code subject to adjustments specifically provided for in this act.
- (8) There is appropriated to the department of treasury for the 2006-2007 state fiscal year the sum of \$100,000.00 to begin implementing the requirements of the amendatory act that added this subsection. Any portion of this amount under this section that is not expended in the 2006-2007 state fiscal year shall not lapse to the general fund but shall be carried forward in a work project account that is in compliance with section 451a of the management and budget act, 1984 PA 431, MCL 18.1451a, for the following state fiscal year.
  - (9) As used in this section:
  - (a) "Person other than a corporation" means a resident or nonresident individual or any of the following:
  - (i) A partner in a partnership as defined in the internal revenue code.
  - (ii) A beneficiary of an estate or a trust as defined in the internal revenue code.
  - (iii) An estate or trust as defined in the internal revenue code.

- (b) "Taxable income" means taxable income as defined in this act subject to the applicable source and attribution rules contained in this act.
- Sec. 261. (1) For the 1989 tax year and each tax year after 1989 and subject to the applicable limitations in this section, a taxpayer may credit against the tax imposed by this act 50% of the amount the taxpayer contributes during the tax year to an endowment fund of a community foundation or for the 1992 tax year and each tax year after 1992 and subject to the applicable limitations in this section, a taxpayer may credit against the tax imposed by this act 50% of the cash amount the taxpayer contributes during the tax year to a shelter for homeless persons, food kitchen, food bank, or other entity located in this state, the primary purpose of which is to provide overnight accommodation, food, or meals to persons who are indigent if a contribution to that entity is tax deductible for the donor under the internal revenue code.
- (2) For a taxpayer other than a resident estate or trust, the credit allowed by this section for a contribution to a community foundation shall not exceed \$100.00, or \$200.00 for a husband and wife filing a joint return for tax years before the 2000 tax year and \$100.00 or \$200.00 for a husband and wife filing a joint return for tax years after the 1999 tax year. For the 1992 tax year and each tax year after 1992, a taxpayer may claim an additional credit under this section not to exceed \$100.00, or \$200.00 for a husband and wife filing a joint return, for total cash contributions made in the tax year to shelters for homeless persons, food kitchens, food banks, and, except for community foundations, other entities allowed under subsection (1). For a resident estate or trust, the credit allowed by this section for a contribution to a community foundation shall not exceed 10% of the taxpayer's tax liability for the tax year before claiming any credits allowed by this act or \$5,000.00, whichever is less. For the 1992 tax year and each tax year after 1992, a resident estate or trust may claim an additional credit under this section not to exceed 10% of the taxpayer's tax liability for the tax year before claiming any credits allowed by this act or \$5,000.00, whichever is less, for total cash contributions made in the tax year to shelters for homeless persons, food kitchens, food banks, and, except for community foundations, other entities allowed under subsection (1). For a resident estate or trust, the amount used to calculate the credits under this section shall not have been deducted in arriving at federal taxable income.
- (3) The credits allowed under this section are nonrefundable so that a taxpayer shall not claim under this section a total credit amount that reduces the taxpayer's tax liability to less than zero.
- (4) As used in this section, "community foundation" means an organization that applies for certification on or before May 15 of the tax year for which the taxpayer is claiming the credit and that the department certifies for that tax year as meeting all of the following requirements:
  - (a) Qualifies for exemption from federal income taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.
- (b) Supports a broad range of charitable activities within the specific geographic area of this state that it serves, such as a municipality or county.
- (c) Maintains an ongoing program to attract new endowment funds by seeking gifts and bequests from a wide range of potential donors in the community or area served.
- (d) Is publicly supported as defined by the regulations of the United States department of treasury, 26 CFR 1.170A-9(e)(10). To maintain certification, the community foundation shall submit documentation to the department annually that demonstrates compliance with this subdivision.
- (e) Is not a supporting organization as an organization is described in section 509(a)(3) of the internal revenue code and the regulations of the United States department of treasury, 26 CFR 1.509(a)-4 and 1.509(a)-5.
- (f) Meets the requirements for treatment as a single entity contained in the regulations of the United States department of treasury, 26 CFR 1.170A-9(e)(11).
- (g) Except as provided in subsection (6), is incorporated or established as a trust at least 6 months before the beginning of the tax year for which the credit under this section is claimed and that has an endowment value of at least \$100,000.00 before the expiration of 18 months after the community foundation is incorporated or established.
- (h) Has an independent governing body representing the general public's interest and that is not appointed by a single outside entity.
- (i) Provides evidence to the department that the community foundation has, before the expiration of 6 months after the community foundation is incorporated or established, and maintains continually during the tax year for which the credit under this section is claimed, at least 1 part-time or full-time employee.
- (j) For community foundations that have an endowment value of \$1,000,000.00 or more only, the community foundation is subject to an annual independent financial audit and provides copies of that audit to the department not more than 3 months after the completion of the audit. For community foundations that have an endowment value of less than \$1,000,000.00, the community foundation is subject to an annual review and an audit every third year.
- (k) In addition to all other criteria listed in this subsection for a community foundation that is incorporated or established after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this subdivision, operates in a county of this state

that was not served by a community foundation when the community foundation was incorporated or established or operates as a geographic component of an existing certified community foundation.

- (5) An entity other than a community foundation may request that the department determine if a contribution to that entity qualifies for the credit under this section. The department shall make a determination and respond to a request no later than 30 days after the department receives the request.
- (6) A taxpayer may claim a credit under this section for contributions to a community foundation made before the expiration of the 18-month period after a community foundation was incorporated or established during which the community foundation must build an endowment value of \$100,000.00 as provided in subsection (4)(g). If the community foundation does not reach the required \$100,000.00 endowment value during that 18-month period, contributions to the community foundation made after the date on which the 18-month period expires shall not be used to calculate a credit under this section. At any time after the expiration of the 18-month period under subsection (4)(g) that the community foundation has an endowment value of \$100,000.00, the community foundation may apply to the department for certification under this section.
- (7) On or before July 1 of each year, the department shall report to the house committee on tax policy and the senate finance committee the total amount of tax credits claimed under this section and under section 38c of the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.38c, or section 425 of the Michigan business tax act, 2007 PA 36, MCL 208.1425, for the immediately preceding tax year.
- Sec. 266. (1) A qualified taxpayer with a rehabilitation plan certified after December 31, 1998 may credit against the tax imposed by this act the amount determined pursuant to subsection (2) for the qualified expenditures for the rehabilitation of a historic resource pursuant to the rehabilitation plan in the year in which the certification of completed rehabilitation of the historic resource is issued provided that the certification of completed rehabilitation was issued not more than 5 years after the rehabilitation plan was certified by the Michigan historical center.
- (2) The credit allowed under this section shall be 25% of the qualified expenditures that are eligible for the credit under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code if the taxpayer is eligible for the credit under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code, or, if the taxpayer is not eligible for the credit under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code, 25% of the qualified expenditures that would qualify under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code except that the expenditures are made to a historic resource that is not eligible for the credit under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code, subject to both of the following:
- (a) A taxpayer with qualified expenditures that are eligible for the credit under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code may not claim a credit under this section for those qualified expenditures unless the taxpayer has claimed and received a credit for those qualified expenditures under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code.
- (b) A credit under this section shall be reduced by the amount of a credit received by the taxpayer for the same qualified expenditures under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code.
- (3) To be eligible for the credit under this section, the taxpayer shall apply to and receive from the Michigan historical center certification that the historic significance, the rehabilitation plan, and the completed rehabilitation of the historic resource meet the criteria under subsection (6) and either of the following:
  - (a) All of the following criteria:
  - (i) The historic resource contributes to the significance of the historic district in which it is located.
- (ii) Both the rehabilitation plan and completed rehabilitation of the historic resource meet the federal secretary of the interior's standards for rehabilitation and guidelines for rehabilitating historic buildings, 36 CFR part 67.
- (iii) All rehabilitation work has been done to or within the walls, boundaries, or structures of the historic resource or to historic resources located within the property boundaries of the resource.
- (b) The taxpayer has received certification from the national park service that the historic resource's significance, the rehabilitation plan, and the completed rehabilitation qualify for the credit allowed under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code.
- (4) If a qualified taxpayer is eligible for the credit allowed under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code, the qualified taxpayer shall file for certification with the center to qualify for the credit allowed under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code. If the qualified taxpayer has previously filed for certification with the center to qualify for the credit allowed under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code, additional filing for the credit allowed under this section is not required.
- (5) The center may inspect a historic resource at any time during the rehabilitation process and may revoke certification of completed rehabilitation if the rehabilitation was not undertaken as represented in the rehabilitation plan or if unapproved alterations to the completed rehabilitation are made during the 5 years after the tax year in which the credit was claimed. The center shall promptly notify the department of a revocation.

- (6) Qualified expenditures for the rehabilitation of a historic resource may be used to calculate the credit under this section if the historic resource meets 1 of the criteria listed in subdivision (a) and 1 of the criteria listed in subdivision (b):
- (a) The resource is 1 of the following during the tax year in which a credit under this section is claimed for those qualified expenditures:
  - (i) Individually listed on the national register of historic places or state register of historic sites.
- (ii) A contributing resource located within a historic district listed on the national register of historic places or the state register of historic sites.
- (iii) A contributing resource located within a historic district designated by a local unit pursuant to an ordinance adopted under the local historic districts act, 1970 PA 169, MCL 399.201 to 399.215.
- (b) The resource meets 1 of the following criteria during the tax year in which a credit under this section is claimed for those qualified expenditures:
- (i) The historic resource is located in a designated historic district in a local unit of government with an existing ordinance under the local historic districts act, 1970 PA 169, MCL 399.201 to 399.215.
- (ii) The historic resource is located in an incorporated local unit of government that does not have an ordinance under the local historic districts act, 1970 PA 169, MCL 399.201 to 399.215, and has a population of less than 5,000.
  - (iii) The historic resource is located in an unincorporated local unit of government.
- (*iv*) The historic resource is located in an incorporated local unit of government that does not have an ordinance under the local historic districts act, 1970 PA 169, MCL 399.201 to 399.215, and is located within the boundaries of an association that has been chartered under 1889 PA 39, MCL 455.51 to 455.72.
- (7) A credit amount assigned under section 39c(7) of the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.39c, or section 435 of the Michigan business tax act, 2007 PA 36, MCL 208.1435, may be claimed against the partner's, member's, or shareholder's tax liability under this act as provided in section 39c(7) of the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.39c, or section 435 of the Michigan business tax act, 2007 PA 36, MCL 208.1435.
- (8) If the credit allowed under this section for the tax year and any unused carryforward of the credit allowed by this section exceed the taxpayer's tax liability for the tax year, that portion that exceeds the tax liability for the tax year shall not be refunded but may be carried forward to offset tax liability in subsequent tax years for 10 years or until used up, whichever occurs first.
- (9) If the taxpayer sells a historic resource for which a credit under this section was claimed less than 5 years after the year in which the credit was claimed, the following percentage of the credit amount previously claimed relative to that historic resource shall be added back to the tax liability of the taxpayer in the year of the sale:
  - (a) If the sale is less than 1 year after the year in which the credit was claimed, 100%.
  - (b) If the sale is at least 1 year but less than 2 years after the year in which the credit was claimed, 80%.
  - (c) If the sale is at least 2 years but less than 3 years after the year in which the credit was claimed, 60%.
  - (d) If the sale is at least 3 years but less than 4 years after the year in which the credit was claimed, 40%.
  - (e) If the sale is at least 4 years but less than 5 years after the year in which the credit was claimed, 20%.
- (f) If the sale is 5 years or more after the year in which the credit was claimed, an addback to the taxpayer's tax liability shall not be made.
- (10) If a certification of completed rehabilitation is revoked under subsection (5) less than 5 years after the year in which a credit was claimed, the following percentage of the credit amount previously claimed relative to that historic resource shall be added back to the tax liability of the taxpayer in the year of the revocation:
  - (a) If the revocation is less than 1 year after the year in which the credit was claimed, 100%.
  - (b) If the revocation is at least 1 year but less than 2 years after the year in which the credit was claimed, 80%.
  - (c) If the revocation is at least 2 years but less than 3 years after the year in which the credit was claimed, 60%.
  - (d) If the revocation is at least 3 years but less than 4 years after the year in which the credit was claimed, 40%.
  - (e) If the revocation is at least 4 years but less than 5 years after the year in which the credit was claimed, 20%.
- (f) If the revocation is 5 years or more after the year in which the credit was claimed, an addback to the taxpayer's tax liability shall not be made.
- (11) The department of history, arts, and libraries through the Michigan historical center may impose a fee to cover the administrative cost of implementing the program under this section.
  - (12) The qualified taxpayer shall attach all of the following to the qualified taxpayer's annual return under this act:
  - (a) Certification of completed rehabilitation.

- (b) Certification of historic significance related to the historic resource and the qualified expenditures used to claim a credit under this section.
- (c) A completed assignment form if the qualified taxpayer is an assignee under section 39c of the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.39c, or section 435 of the Michigan business tax act, 2007 PA 36, MCL 208.1435, of any portion of a credit allowed under that section.
- (13) The department of history, arts, and libraries shall promulgate rules to implement this section pursuant to the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328.
- (14) The total of the credits claimed under this section and section 39c of the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.39c, or section 435 of the Michigan business tax act, 2007 PA 36, MCL 208.1435, for a rehabilitation project shall not exceed 25% of the total qualified expenditures eligible for the credit under this section for that rehabilitation project.
- (15) The department of history, arts, and libraries through the Michigan historical center shall report all of the following to the legislature annually for the immediately preceding state fiscal year:
  - (a) The fee schedule used by the center and the total amount of fees collected.
  - (b) A description of each rehabilitation project certified.
  - (c) The location of each new and ongoing rehabilitation project.
  - (16) As used in this section:
- (a) "Contributing resource" means a historic resource that contributes to the significance of the historic district in which it is located.
- (b) "Historic district" means an area, or group of areas not necessarily having contiguous boundaries, that contains 1 resource or a group of resources that are related by history, architecture, archaeology, engineering, or culture.
- (c) "Historic resource" means a publicly or privately owned historic building, structure, site, object, feature, or open space located within a historic district designated by the national register of historic places, the state register of historic sites, or a local unit acting under the local historic districts act, 1970 PA 169, MCL 399.201 to 399.215; or that is individually listed on the state register of historic sites or national register of historic places and includes all of the following:
- (i) An owner-occupied personal residence or a historic resource located within the property boundaries of that personal residence.
- (ii) An income-producing commercial, industrial, or residential resource or a historic resource located within the property boundaries of that resource.
- (iii) A resource owned by a governmental body, nonprofit organization, or tax-exempt entity that is used primarily by a taxpayer lessee in a trade or business unrelated to the governmental body, nonprofit organization, or tax-exempt entity and that is subject to tax under this act.
- (iv) A resource that is occupied or utilized by a governmental body, nonprofit organization, or tax-exempt entity pursuant to a long-term lease or lease with option to buy agreement.
  - (v) Any other resource that could benefit from rehabilitation.
  - (d) "Local unit" means a county, city, village, or township.
- (e) "Long-term lease" means a lease term of at least 27.5 years for a residential resource or at least 31.5 years for a nonresidential resource.
- (f) "Michigan historical center" or "center" means the state historic preservation office of the Michigan historical center of the department of history, arts, and libraries or its successor agency.
- (g) "Open space" means undeveloped land, a naturally landscaped area, or a formal or man-made landscaped area that provides a connective link or a buffer between other resources.
  - (h) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, association, governmental entity, or other legal entity.
- (i) "Qualified expenditures" means capital expenditures that qualify for a rehabilitation credit under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code or, if the taxpayer is not eligible for the credit under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code, the qualified expenditures that would qualify under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code except that the expenditures are made to a historic resource that is not eligible for the credit under section 47(a)(2) of the internal revenue code, that were paid not more than 5 years after the certification of the rehabilitation plan that included those expenditures was approved by the center, and that were paid after December 31, 1998 for the rehabilitation of a historic resource. Qualified expenditures do not include capital expenditures for nonhistoric additions to a historic resource except an addition that is required by state or federal regulations that relate to historic preservation, safety, or accessibility.
- (j) "Qualified taxpayer" means a person that is an assignee under section 39c of the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, MCL 208.39c, or section 435 of the Michigan business tax act, 2007 PA 36, MCL 208.1435, or either owns the

resource to be rehabilitated or has a long-term lease agreement with the owner of the historic resource and that has qualified expenditures for the rehabilitation of the historic resource equal to or greater than 10% of the state equalized valuation of the property. If the historic resource to be rehabilitated is a portion of a historic or nonhistoric resource, the state equalized valuation of only that portion of the property shall be used for purposes of this subdivision. If the assessor for the local tax collecting unit in which the historic resource is located determines the state equalized valuation of that portion, that assessor's determination shall be used for purposes of this subdivision. If the assessor does not determine that state equalized valuation of that portion, qualified expenditures, for purposes of this subdivision, shall be equal to or greater than 5% of the appraised value as determined by a certified appraiser. If the historic resource to be rehabilitated does not have a state equalized valuation, qualified expenditures for purposes of this subdivision shall be equal to or greater than 5% of the appraised value of the resource as determined by a certified appraiser.

(k) "Rehabilitation plan" means a plan for the rehabilitation of a historic resource that meets the federal secretary of the interior's standards for rehabilitation and guidelines for rehabilitation of historic buildings under 36 CFR part 67.

Sec. 270. (1) For tax years that begin after December 31, 2008, a taxpayer to whom a tax voucher certificate is issued or a taxpayer that is the transferee of a tax voucher certificate may use the tax voucher certificate to pay any liability of the taxpayer under section 51 or to pay any amount owed by the taxpayer under section 351.

- (2) A tax voucher certificate shall be used for the purposes allowed under subsection (1) and only in a tax year that begins after December 31, 2008.
- (3) The amount of the tax voucher that may be used to pay a liability due under this act in any tax year shall not exceed the lesser of the following:
  - (a) The amount of the tax voucher stated in the tax voucher certificate held by the taxpayer.
  - (b) The amount authorized to be used in the tax year under the terms of the tax voucher certificate.
  - (c) The taxpayer's liability under this act for the tax year for which the tax voucher is used.
- (4) If the amount of any tax voucher certificate held by a taxpayer or transferee exceeds the amount the taxpayer may use under subsection (3)(b) or (c) in a tax year, that excess may be used by the taxpayer or transferee to pay, subject to the limitations of subsection (3), any future liability of the taxpayer or transferee under this act.
- (5) The tax voucher certificate, and any completed transfer form that was issued pursuant to the Michigan early stage venture investment act of 2003, 2003 PA 296, MCL 125,2231 to 125,2263, shall be attached to the annual return under this act. The department may prescribe and implement alternative methods of reporting and recording ownership, transfer, and utilization of tax voucher certificates that are not inconsistent with the provisions of this act. The department shall administer this section to assure that any amount of a tax voucher certificate used to pay any liability under this act shall not also be applied to pay any liability of the taxpayer or any other person under the Michigan business tax act, 2007 PA 36, MCL 208.1101 to 208.1601. The department shall take any action necessary to enforce and effectuate the permissible issuance and use of tax voucher certificates in a manner authorized under this section and the Michigan early stage venture investment act of 2003, 2003 PA 296, MCL 125.2231 to 125.2263.
  - (6) As used in this section:
- (a) "Certificate" or "tax voucher certificate" means the tax voucher certificate issued under section 23 of the Michigan early stage venture capital investment act of 2003, 2003 PA 296, MCL 125,2253, or any replacement tax voucher certificate issued under former section 37e(9)(b) or (d) of the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, or section 419 of the Michigan business tax act, 2007 PA 36, MCL 208,1419.
- (b) "Transferee" means a taxpayer to whom a tax voucher certificate has been transferred under section 23 of the Michigan early stage venture investment act of 2003, 2003 PA 296, MCL 125.2253, and former section 37e of the single business tax act, 1975 PA 228, or section 419 of the Michigan business tax act, 2007 PA 36, MCL 208.1419.

Enacting section 1. Sections 51c, 51d, and 51e of the income tax act of 1967, 1967 PA 281, MCL 206.51c, 206.51d, and 206.51e, are repealed.

Enacting section 2. This amendatory act does not take effect unless all of the following bills of the 94th Legislature are enacted into law:

- (a) Senate Bill No. 1.
- (b) Senate Bill No. 395.
- (c) Senate Bill No. 396.
- (d) Senate Bill No. 397.
- (e) Senate Bill No. 398.
- (f) Senate Bill No. 418.

(g) Senate Bill No. 419.
(h) Senate Bill No. 420.
(i) Senate Bill No. 421.
(j) Senate Bill No. 546.
(k) Senate Bill No. 547.
(l) Senate Bill No. 549.
(m) Senate Bill No. 622.
(n) Senate Bill No. 632.
(o) Senate Bill No. 772.
(p) Senate Bill No. 773.

(q) House Bill No. 4800.	
This act is ordered to take immediate effect.	
	Fishard J. Brown
	Clerk of the House of Representatives
	Carol Morey Viventi
	Secretary of the Senate
Approved	
Governor	