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HOUSE BILL No. 4782

April 2, 2009, Introduced by Rep. Sheltrown and referred to the Committee on Tourism, Outdoor Recreation and Natural Resources.

A bill to regulate recreational vehicle dealers, manufacturers, wholesalers, warrantors, and their representatives; to regulate dealings between recreational vehicle manufacturers, wholesalers, warrantors, and dealers; to regulate dealings between consumers and recreational vehicle manufacturers, wholesalers, warrantors, and dealers; to prohibit certain trade practices; to provide for the powers and duties of certain state and local governmental officers and entities; and to provide remedies.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- Sec. 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "recreational vehicle franchise act".
 - Sec. 3. As used in this act:
- (a) "Area of sales responsibility" means a geographical area agreed to by a dealer and the manufacturer in a dealer agreement in

- 1 which the dealer has the exclusive right to display or sell the
- 2 manufacturer's new recreational vehicles of a particular line-make
- 3 to the public.
- 4 (b) "Dealer" means a person that is a dealer, as that term is
- 5 defined in section 11 of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300,
- 6 MCL 257.11, and is licensed as a dealer of recreational vehicles
- 7 under that act.
- 8 (c) "Dealer agreement" means a written agreement or contract
- 9 entered into between a manufacturer and a dealer that establishes
- 10 the legal rights and obligations of the parties to that agreement
- 11 or contract and pursuant to which the dealer is authorized to sell
- 12 new recreational vehicles manufactured or distributed by the
- 13 manufacturer.
- 14 (d) "Department" means the department of state.
- 15 (e) "Factory campaign" means an effort by a warrantor to
- 16 contact recreational vehicle owners or dealers in order to address
- 17 an issue concerning a problem or defective part or equipment.
- (f) "Family member" means any of the following:
- (i) A spouse of an individual.
- 20 (ii) A child, grandchild, parent, sibling, niece, or nephew of
- 21 an individual.
- 22 (iii) The spouse of a child, grandchild, parent, sibling, niece,
- 23 or nephew of an individual.
- 24 (g) "Line-make" means a specific series of recreational
- 25 vehicle products that meet all of the following:
- 26 (i) Are identified by a common series trade name or trademark.
- 27 (ii) Are targeted to a particular market segment based on their

- 1 decor, features, equipment, size, weight, and price range.
- 2 (iii) Have dimensions and interior floor plans that distinguish
- 3 the recreational vehicles from recreational vehicles that have
- 4 substantially the same decor, features, equipment, weight, and
- 5 price.
- 6 (iv) Belong to a single, distinct classification of
- 7 recreational vehicle product type that has a substantial degree of
- 8 commonality in the construction of the chassis, frame, and body.
- $\mathbf{9}$ (v) Are authorized for sale by the dealer in the dealer
- 10 agreement.
- (h) "Manufacturer" means a person that manufactures or
- 12 wholesales recreational vehicles or that distributes or wholesales
- 13 recreational vehicles to dealers.
- 14 (i) "Park model trailer" means that term as defined in section
- 15 38a of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.38a.
- 16 (j) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation,
- 17 limited liability company, association, trust, estate, or other
- 18 legal entity.
- 19 (k) "Proprietary part" means a recreational vehicle part
- 20 manufactured by or for and sold exclusively by a manufacturer.
- 21 (1) "Public vehicle show" means a recreational vehicle show
- 22 that meets the requirements of section 248(10) of the Michigan
- 23 vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.248.
- 24 (m) "Recreational vehicle" means that term as defined in
- 25 section 49a of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.49a,
- 26 except a park model trailer.
- (n) "Transient customer" means a person who owns a

- 1 recreational vehicle, is temporarily traveling through a dealer's
- 2 area of sales responsibility, and engages the dealer to perform
- 3 service work on that recreational vehicle.
- 4 (o) "Warrantor" means a manufacturer or any other person that
- 5 provides a warranty to the consumer in connection with a new
- 6 recreational vehicle or parts, accessories, or components of a new
- 7 recreational vehicle. The term does not include a person that
- 8 provides a service contract, mechanical or other insurance, or an
- 9 extended warranty sold for separate consideration by a dealer or
- 10 other person not controlled by a manufacturer.
- Sec. 5. (1) A manufacturer shall not sell a recreational
- 12 vehicle in the state to or through a dealer unless the manufacturer
- 13 has a dealer agreement with the dealer that meets the requirements
- 14 of this act and is signed by both parties.
- 15 (2) Except as provided in subsection (4), a dealer shall not
- 16 sell a new recreational vehicle in this state unless the dealer has
- 17 a dealer agreement with a manufacturer of that recreational vehicle
- 18 that meets the requirements of this act and is signed by both
- 19 parties.
- 20 (3) All of the following apply to a dealer's area of sales
- 21 responsibility included in a dealer agreement between a
- 22 manufacturer and a dealer:
- 23 (a) The manufacturer shall designate in the dealer agreement
- 24 the area of sales responsibility exclusively assigned to the
- 25 dealer.
- 26 (b) The manufacturer shall not change the dealer's area of
- 27 sales responsibility or establish another dealer for the same line-

- 1 make in that area during the term of the dealer agreement.
- 2 (c) if the dealer enters into an agreement to sell any
- 3 recreational vehicles that compete with the recreational vehicles
- 4 included in the dealer agreement, or enters into an agreement to
- 5 increase a preexisting commitment to sell any recreational vehicles
- 6 that compete with the recreational vehicles included in the dealer
- 7 agreement, while the dealer agreement is in place, the manufacturer
- 8 may revise the dealer's area of sales responsibility if both of the
- 9 following are met:
- (i) The dealer agreement does not authorize or permit the
- 11 dealer to enter into that subsequent agreement.
- (ii) If, in the reasonable opinion of the manufacturer, the
- market penetration of the manufacturer's products is jeopardized by
- 14 that subsequent agreement.
- 15 (d) The area of sales responsibility is not subject to review
- 16 or change in the 1-year period after the date of the first delivery
- 17 of new recreational vehicles to the dealer under the initial dealer
- 18 agreement.
- 19 (4) A dealer may sell recreational vehicles outside of its
- 20 designated area of sales responsibility if all of the following are
- **21** met:
- 22 (a) If required under section 248(10) of the Michigan vehicle
- 23 code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.248, the dealer has obtained a separate
- 24 or supplemental license to sell those recreational vehicles.
- 25 (b) The sales meet 1 of the following:
- (i) If the sales are off-premises sales that takes place at a
- 27 location in another dealer's designated area of sales

- 1 responsibility, the dealer obtains in advance of the off-premises
- 2 sales a written agreement that meets all of the following:
- 3 (A) Is signed by the dealer, the manufacturer of the
- 4 recreational vehicles the dealer intends to sell at that location,
- 5 and the other dealer.
- 6 (B) Designates the recreational vehicles to be offered for
- 7 sale.
- 8 (C) Includes the time period for the off-premises sales.
- 9 (D) Affirmatively authorizes the sale of the designated
- 10 recreational vehicles.
- 11 (ii) The sales are off-premises sales that take place at a
- 12 location that is not in another dealer's same line-make designated
- 13 area of sales responsibility.
- 14 (iii) The sales are off-premises sales that take place in
- 15 conjunction with a public vehicle show in which more than 3 dealers
- 16 are participating and that is predominantly funded by manufacturers
- 17 or sponsored by a recreational vehicle trade association.
- 18 (5) A dealer agreement must include a designated principal of
- 19 the dealer.
- 20 (6) For purposes of section 15, a dealer agreement may
- 21 identify a family member as the successor of the principal
- 22 designated under subsection (5) or include that principal's
- 23 succession plan. A dealer may at any time change a designation or
- 24 succession plan made in the dealer agreement by providing written
- 25 notice to the manufacturer.
- 26 Sec. 7. (1) A manufacturer shall from time to time publish its
- 27 prices, charges, and terms of sale for recreational vehicles and

- 1 may only sell a recreational vehicle to a dealer in accordance with
- 2 the published prices, charges, and terms of sale in effect at the
- 3 time of sale.
- 4 (2) If a manufacturer offers a dealer a rebate, discount, or
- 5 program on any recreational vehicles, the manufacturer must offer
- 6 the same rebate, discount, or program to every similarly situated
- 7 dealer.
- 8 (3) In a renewal of a dealer agreement, the manufacturer may
- 9 not impose on the dealer additional inventory stocking requirements
- 10 or retail sales targets in excess of market growth in the dealer's
- 11 area of sales responsibility.
- Sec. 9. (1) A manufacturer, directly or through any officer,
- 13 agent, or employee, may not terminate or not renew a dealer
- 14 agreement without good cause.
- 15 (2) A manufacturer has the burden of showing good cause for
- 16 terminating or not renewing a dealer agreement. All of the
- 17 following factors must be considered in determining whether there
- 18 is good cause for a proposed termination or nonrenewal of a dealer
- 19 agreement by a manufacturer:
- 20 (a) The extent of the dealer's penetration in the relevant
- 21 market area.
- 22 (b) The nature and extent of the dealer's investment in its
- 23 business.
- 24 (c) The adequacy of the dealer's service facilities,
- 25 equipment, parts, supplies, and personnel.
- 26 (d) The effect of the proposed action on the community.
- 27 (e) The extent and quality of the dealer's service under

- 1 recreational vehicle warranties.
- 2 (f) Whether the dealer fails to follow agreed-upon procedures
- 3 or standards related to the overall operation of the dealership.
- 4 (g) The dealer's performance under the terms of dealer
- 5 agreement.
- 6 (3) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a
- 7 manufacturer shall provide a dealer with written notice of a
- 8 termination or nonrenewal of a dealer agreement. All of the
- 9 following apply to a notice described in this subsection:
- 10 (a) Except as provided in subdivision (d) or (e), the
- 11 manufacturer shall provide the notice at least 90 days before the
- 12 effective date of the termination or nonrenewal.
- 13 (b) The notice shall state all of the reasons for the
- 14 termination or nonrenewal.
- 15 (c) The notice shall state that if the dealer provides to the
- 16 manufacturer a written notification of intent to cure all claimed
- 17 deficiencies within 30 days after the dealer receives the notice,
- 18 the dealer has 30 days after the date of the notice to correct the
- 19 deficiencies. If all of the deficiencies are corrected within that
- 20 30-day period, the notice is void and the manufacturer may not
- 21 terminate or not renew the dealer agreement because of the
- 22 deficiencies stated in the notice. If the dealer does not provide a
- 23 notification of intent to cure deficiencies in that 30-day period,
- 24 the termination or nonrenewal takes effect 90 days after the dealer
- 25 received the notice.
- 26 (d) A manufacturer may reduce the notice period described in
- 27 subdivision (a) to 10 days, and is not required to allow the dealer

- 1 an opportunity to correct the deficiencies, if the manufacturer's
- 2 grounds for termination or nonrenewal are any of the specific
- 3 categories of good cause described in subsection (6)(a) to (e).
- 4 (e) A manufacturer is not required to provide notice or an
- 5 opportunity to correct deficiencies under this subsection if the
- 6 manufacturer's grounds for termination or nonrenewal is that the
- 7 dealer becomes insolvent, is bankrupt, or makes an assignment for
- 8 the benefit of creditors.
- 9 (4) If a manufacturer terminates or does not renew a dealer
- 10 agreement for good cause under this section, the manufacturer at
- 11 its option may repurchase any of the following from the dealer:
- 12 (a) All new, untitled recreational vehicles that were acquired
- 13 from the manufacturer within 12 months before the effective date of
- 14 the notice of termination that have not been used, except for
- 15 demonstration purposes, and that have not been altered or damaged,
- 16 at 100% of the net invoice cost of the recreational vehicles,
- 17 including transportation, less applicable rebates and discounts to
- 18 the dealer.
- 19 (b) All current and undamaged accessories and proprietary
- 20 parts sold to the dealer for resale within the 12 months before the
- 21 effective date of the termination that are accompanied by the
- 22 original invoice, at 105% of the original net price paid to the
- 23 manufacturer to compensate the dealer for handling, packing, and
- 24 shipping the accessories and parts.
- 25 (c) Any properly functioning diagnostic equipment, special
- 26 tools, current signage, and other equipment and machinery,
- 27 purchased by the dealer within the 5 years before the effective

- 1 date of the termination at the manufacturer's request, if it cannot
- 2 be used in the normal course of the dealer's ongoing business, at
- 3 100% of the dealer's net cost, plus freight, destination, delivery,
- 4 and distribution charges and sales taxes.
- 5 (5) The dealer shall promptly return or arrange for the return
- 6 of all of the items the manufacturer elects to repurchase under
- 7 subsection (4) at the manufacturer's expense and the manufacturer
- 8 shall pay all of the amounts owed to the dealer under subsection
- 9 (4) to the dealer within 30 days after it receives the returned
- 10 items.
- 11 (6) As used in this section, "good cause" includes, but is not
- 12 limited to, any of the following:
- 13 (a) Conviction of, or plea of nolo contendere by, a dealer or
- 14 an owner of a dealer to a felony.
- 15 (b) Abandonment or closing the business operations of a dealer
- 16 for 10 consecutive business days unless the closing is due to an
- 17 act of God, strike, labor difficulty, or other cause over which the
- 18 dealer has no control.
- 19 (c) A material misrepresentation to a manufacturer by a dealer
- 20 that affects the business relationship between the dealer and the
- 21 manufacturer.
- 22 (d) Suspension or revocation of a dealer's license, or refusal
- 23 to renew a dealer's license, by the department.
- 24 (e) A material violation of this act by a dealer that is not
- 25 cured within 30 days after written notice of the violation by a
- 26 manufacturer.
- 27 (f) The dealer becomes insolvent, is bankrupt, or makes an

- 1 assignment for the benefit of creditors.
- 2 Sec. 11. (1) A dealer may not terminate a dealer agreement
- 3 without good cause. A dealer that terminates a dealer agreement
- 4 shall provide the manufacturer with written notice at least 90 days
- 5 before the effective date of the termination.
- 6 (2) All of the following apply to a termination of a dealer
- 7 agreement under this section for good cause:
- 8 (a) The notice described in subsection (1) shall state all
- 9 reasons for the proposed termination.
- 10 (b) The notice described in subsection (1) shall state that if
- 11 the manufacturer provides to the dealer a written notification of
- 12 intent to cure all claimed deficiencies within 30 days after the
- 13 manufacturer receives the notice, the manufacturer has 30 days
- 14 after the date of the notice to correct the deficiencies. If all of
- 15 the deficiencies are corrected within that 30-day period, the
- 16 notice is void and the dealer may not terminate the dealer
- 17 agreement because of the deficiencies stated in the notice. If the
- 18 manufacturer does not provide a notification of intent to cure
- 19 deficiencies in that 30-day period, the termination takes effect 90
- 20 days after the manufacturer received the notice.
- 21 (c) A dealer may reduce the notice period described in
- 22 subsection (1) to 10 days, and is not required to allow the
- 23 manufacturer an opportunity to correct the deficiencies, if the
- 24 dealer's grounds for termination or nonrenewal are any of the
- 25 specific categories of good cause described in subdivision (e) (i) to
- 26 (v).
- 27 (d) A dealer is not required to provide notice or an

- 1 opportunity to correct deficiencies under this subsection if the
- 2 dealer's grounds for termination or nonrenewal is that the
- 3 manufacturer becomes insolvent, is bankrupt, or makes an assignment
- 4 for the benefit of creditors.
- 5 (e) The dealer has the burden of showing good cause. Each of
- 6 the following is considered good cause for a proposed termination
- 7 of a dealer agreement by a dealer:
- 8 (i) Conviction of, or plea of nolo contendere by, the
- 9 manufacturer to a felony.
- 10 (ii) Abandonment or closing the business operations of the
- 11 manufacturer for 10 consecutive business days unless the closing is
- 12 due to an act of God, strike, labor difficulty, or other cause over
- 13 which the manufacturer has no control.
- 14 (iii) A material misrepresentation to the dealer by the
- 15 manufacturer that affects the business relationship between the
- 16 dealer and manufacturer.
- 17 (iv) A material violation of this act by the manufacturer that
- 18 is not cured within 30 days after written notice of the violation
- 19 by the dealer.
- (v) A material breach of the dealer agreement by the
- 21 manufacturer.
- 22 (vi) The manufacturer becomes insolvent, is bankrupt, or makes
- 23 an assignment for the benefit of creditors.
- 24 (f) If the manufacturer fails to cure any claimed deficiencies
- 25 under subdivision (b), the dealer may require that the manufacturer
- 26 repurchase any of the following from the dealer:
- 27 (i) All new, untitled recreational vehicles that were acquired

- 1 from the manufacturer within 12 months before the effective date of
- 2 the notice of termination that have not been used, except for
- 3 demonstration purposes, and that have not been altered or damaged,
- 4 at 100% of the net invoice cost of the recreational vehicles,
- 5 including transportation, less applicable rebates and discounts to
- 6 the dealer.
- 7 (ii) All current and undamaged accessories and proprietary
- 8 parts sold to the dealer for resale within the 12 months before the
- 9 effective date of the termination that are accompanied by the
- 10 original invoice, at 105% of the original net price paid to the
- 11 manufacturer to compensate the dealer for handling, packing, and
- 12 shipping the accessories and parts.
- 13 (iii) Any properly functioning diagnostic equipment, special
- 14 tools, current signage, and other equipment and machinery,
- 15 purchased by the dealer within the 5 years before the effective
- 16 date of the termination at the manufacturer's request, if it cannot
- 17 be used in the normal course of the dealer's ongoing business, at
- 18 100% of the dealer's net cost, plus freight, destination, delivery,
- 19 and distribution charges and sales taxes.
- 20 (g) The dealer shall promptly return or arrange for the return
- 21 of all of the items the manufacturer is required to repurchase
- 22 under subdivision (f) at the manufacturer's expense and the
- 23 manufacturer shall pay all of the amounts owed to the dealer under
- 24 subdivision (f) to the dealer within 30 days after it receives the
- 25 returned items.
- 26 Sec. 13. The department may not prohibit a dealer from selling
- 27 a particular line-make after a dealer agreement has been terminated

- 1 or not renewed under section 9 or 11. If recreational vehicles of a
- 2 line-make are not returned or required to be returned to the
- 3 manufacturer, the dealer may continue to sell all line-makes that
- 4 were subject to the dealer agreement and are currently in stock
- 5 until those line-makes are no longer in the dealer inventory.
- 6 Sec. 15. (1) All of the following apply to a proposed sale of
- 7 the business assets, transfer of the stock, or other transaction
- 8 that will result in a change of ownership of a dealer, except a
- 9 transaction described in subsection (2):
- 10 (a) The dealer must provide written notice to the manufacturer
- 11 at least 90 days before the proposed closing of the transaction.
- 12 The notice shall include complete copies of all documentation of
- 13 the proposed transaction and any other documentation reasonably
- 14 requested by the manufacturer in order to determine if it will make
- 15 an objection to the transaction.
- 16 (b) If the dealer is not in breach of the dealer agreement or
- 17 in violation of this act at the time it provides the notice
- 18 described in subdivision (a), the manufacturer shall not object to
- 19 the proposed transaction unless the prospective transferee meets 1
- 20 or more of the following:
- (i) It previously was a party to a dealer agreement with the
- 22 manufacturer that the manufacturer terminated.
- 23 (ii) Was previously convicted of a felony or any crime of
- 24 fraud, deceit, or moral turpitude.
- 25 (iii) Does not have any license required by law to conduct
- 26 business as a dealer in this state.
- 27 (iv) Does not have an active line of credit sufficient to

- 1 purchase recreational vehicles from the manufacturer according to
- 2 the terms of the dealer agreement.
- 3 (v) In the preceding 10 years, was bankrupt or insolvent, made
- 4 a general assignment for the benefit of creditors, or a receiver,
- 5 trustee, or conservator was appointed to take possession of the
- 6 transferee's business or property.
- 7 (c) If the manufacturer objects to the proposed transaction,
- 8 the manufacturer shall give written notice of its objection,
- 9 including its reasons for objecting, to the dealer within 30 days
- 10 after receiving the notice described in subdivision (a). If the
- 11 manufacturer does not give notice of its objection within that 30-
- 12 day period, the proposed transaction is considered approved by the
- 13 manufacturer.
- 14 (d) For purposes of subdivision (c), the manufacturer has the
- 15 burden of demonstrating its objection to the proposed transaction.
- 16 (2) All of the following apply concerning the death,
- 17 incapacity, or retirement of the designated principal of a dealer:
- 18 (a) The manufacturer must provide the dealer an opportunity to
- 19 designate, in writing, a family member as a successor to the dealer
- 20 in the event of the death, incapacity, or retirement of the
- 21 designated principal.
- 22 (b) The manufacturer shall not prevent or refuse to honor the
- 23 succession to a dealership by a family member of the deceased,
- 24 incapacitated, or retired designated principal of that dealer
- 25 unless the manufacturer had provided written notice to the dealer
- 26 of any objections to the dealer's succession plan within 30 days
- 27 after receiving the dealer's succession plan or any modification of

- 1 the dealer's succession plan.
- 2 (c) Except as provided in subdivision (e), unless the dealer
- 3 is in breach of the dealer agreement, a manufacturer shall not
- 4 object to the succession to a dealership by a family member of the
- 5 deceased, incapacitated, or retired designated principal unless the
- 6 successor meets 1 or more of the following:
- 7 (i) Was previously convicted of a felony or any crime of fraud,
- 8 deceit, or moral turpitude.
- 9 (ii) In the preceding 10 years, was bankrupt, insolvent, or
- 10 made an assignment for the benefit of creditors.
- 11 (iii) Was previously a party to a dealer agreement with the
- 12 manufacturer that the manufacturer terminated for a breach of a
- 13 dealer agreement.
- (iv) Does not have an active line of credit sufficient to
- 15 purchase recreational vehicles from the manufacturer according to
- 16 the terms of the dealer agreement.
- (v) Does not have any license required by law to conduct
- 18 business as a dealer in this state.
- 19 (d) The manufacturer has the burden of proof regarding any
- 20 objection to the succession to a dealership by a family member of
- 21 the deceased, incapacitated, or retired designated principal.
- 22 (e) The manufacturer's consent is required for the succession
- 23 to a dealership by a family member of the deceased, incapacitated,
- 24 or retired designated principal if the succession involves a
- 25 relocation of the business or an alteration of the terms and
- 26 conditions of the dealer agreement.
- 27 Sec. 17. (1) A warrantor has all of the following obligations

- 1 to each dealer engaged in the sale or lease of products that are
- 2 covered by a warranty from that warrantor:
- 3 (a) To specify in writing to the dealer the dealer's
- 4 obligations, if any, for preparation, delivery, and warranty
- 5 service on its products.
- 6 (b) To compensate the dealer for warranty service required of
- 7 the dealer by the warrantor.
- 8 (c) To provide the dealer with a schedule of compensation the
- 9 warrantor will pay for warranty work and the warrantor's time
- 10 allowances for the performance of that work. All of the following
- 11 apply to the schedule of compensation required under this
- 12 subdivision:
- 13 (i) It must include reasonable compensation for diagnostic work
- 14 and warranty labor.
- 15 (ii) Time allowances in the schedule for the diagnosis and
- 16 performance of warranty labor must be reasonable for the work to be
- 17 performed.
- 18 (iii) The compensation of a dealer for warranty labor shall
- 19 equal or exceed the lowest retail labor rates actually charged by
- 20 the dealer for similar nonwarranty labor if those rates are
- 21 consistent with the actual wage rates paid by the dealer and the
- 22 actual retail labor rates charged by the dealer in the community in
- which the dealer is doing business.
- 24 (d) To reimburse the dealer for warranty parts at actual
- 25 wholesale cost, plus a minimum 30% handling charge and any freight
- 26 costs to return warranty parts to the warrantor.
- (e) To deny dealer claims for warranty compensation only for

- 1 cause, including, but not limited to, performance of nonwarranty
- 2 repairs, material noncompliance with the warrantor's published
- 3 policies and procedures, lack of material documentation of claims,
- 4 fraud, or misrepresentation.
- 5 (2) A warrantor may conduct audits of the records of a dealer
- 6 that sells or leases its warranted products on a reasonable basis.
- 7 (3) A dealer shall submit warranty claims to a warrantor
- 8 within 45 days after completing warranty work on a warranted
- 9 product.
- 10 (4) A dealer shall immediately notify the warrantor orally or
- 11 in writing if the dealer is unable to perform warranty repairs on a
- warranted product as soon as is reasonably possible, but not later
- 13 than 12 days after the delivery of the recreational vehicle to the
- 14 dealer for warranty repair. A warrantor that receives a
- 15 notification from a dealer under this subsection shall make
- 16 arrangements for another dealer or repair facility to perform the
- 17 warranty repairs identified by the dealer in the notification
- 18 within 12 days after receiving the notification.
- 19 (5) A warrantor shall approve or disapprove a warranty claim
- 20 on a warranted product in writing within 30 days after the date the
- 21 dealer submits the claim, if the claim is submitted in the manner
- 22 and in the form prescribed by the warrantor. If a claim that is
- 23 properly submitted is not specifically disapproved in writing by a
- 24 warrantor within that 30-day period, the claim is considered
- 25 approved by the warrantor and the warrantor shall pay the amount of
- 26 the claim to the dealer within 45 days after the dealer submitted
- 27 the claim.

- 1 Sec. 19. (1) A warrantor shall not do any of the following:
- 2 (a) Fail to perform all of its warranty obligations with
- 3 respect to a warranted product.
- 4 (b) In any written notice of a factory campaign to
- 5 recreational vehicle owners and dealers, fail to include the
- 6 expected date by which necessary parts and equipment, including
- 7 tires and chassis or chassis parts if required, will be available
- 8 to dealers to perform the campaign work. The warrantor shall
- 9 provide sufficient parts to the dealer to perform the campaign
- 10 work. If the number of parts provided to the dealer under this
- 11 subdivision exceed the dealer's requirements to perform the
- 12 campaign work, the dealer may return unused parts to the warrantor
- 13 for credit after completion of the campaign.
- 14 (c) Subject to section 23, fail to compensate a dealer for
- 15 authorized repairs of warranted products damaged during the
- 16 manufacturing process, or damaged while in transit to the dealer if
- 17 the warrantor selected the carrier.
- (d) Fail to compensate a dealer for authorized warranty
- 19 service under this section in accordance with the applicable
- 20 schedule of compensation provided to the dealer under section 17 if
- 21 the warranty service is performed in a timely and competent manner.
- (e) Intentionally misrepresent in any way to a purchaser of a
- 23 warranted product that any warranty concerning the manufacture,
- 24 performance, or design of the warranted product is made by the
- 25 dealer either as a warrantor or co-warrantor.
- 26 (f) Require a dealer to make warranties to customers in any
- 27 manner related to the manufacture of a warranted product.

- 1 (2) A warrantor shall indemnify the dealer for any money paid
- 2 or costs incurred by a dealer in connection with a claim or cause
- 3 of action asserted against the dealer, to the extent that payment
- 4 or those costs are based on the negligence or intentional conduct
- 5 of the warrantor. A warrantor may not limit the obligation to
- 6 indemnify described in this subsection by agreement with the
- 7 dealer. The dealer shall provide a warrantor with a copy of any
- 8 claim or complaint in which an allegation described in this
- 9 subsection is made within 10 days after receiving that claim or
- 10 complaint.
- 11 (3) As used in this section and section 21:
- 12 (a) "Products" mean new recreational vehicles or parts,
- 13 accessories, or components of new recreational vehicles.
- 14 (b) "Warranted products" mean products subject to a warranty
- 15 from a specific warrantor.
- 16 Sec. 21. (1) A dealer shall not do any of the following:
- 17 (a) Fail to perform predelivery inspection of products, if
- 18 required, in a competent and timely manner.
- (b) If a transient customer requests service work on a
- 20 recreational vehicle of a line-make that the dealer is authorized
- 21 to display and sell, fail to perform any warranty service work
- 22 authorized by a warrantor in a reasonably competent and timely
- 23 manner without good cause.
- 24 (c) Make a fraudulent warranty claim to a warrantor.
- 25 (d) Misrepresent the terms of any warranty.
- 26 (2) A dealer shall indemnify a warrantor for any money paid or
- 27 costs incurred by a warrantor in connection with a claim or cause

- 1 of action asserted against the warrantor, to the extent that
- 2 payment or those costs are based on the negligence or intentional
- 3 conduct of the dealer. A dealer may not limit the obligation to
- 4 indemnify described in this subsection by agreement with the
- 5 warrantor. The warrantor shall provide a dealer with a copy of any
- 6 claim or complaint in which an allegation described in this
- 7 subsection is made within 10 days after receiving that claim or
- 8 complaint.
- 9 Sec. 23. (1) All of the following apply if a new recreational
- 10 vehicle is damaged before it is shipped to a dealer, or is damaged
- 11 in transit to the dealer and the manufacturer selected the carrier
- 12 or means of transportation:
- 13 (a) The dealer shall notify the manufacturer of the damage
- 14 within the time period specified in the dealer agreement and do 1
- 15 of the following:
- 16 (i) In the notice, request authorization to replace the
- 17 components, parts, and accessories damaged, or otherwise correct
- 18 the damage, from the manufacturer.
- (ii) Reject the recreational vehicle within the time period
- 20 specified in the dealer agreement.
- 21 (b) If the manufacturer refuses or fails to authorize repair
- 22 of the damage within 10 days after receiving notice under
- 23 subdivision (a), or if the dealer rejects the recreational vehicle
- 24 because of the damage within the time period specified in the
- 25 dealer agreement, ownership of the recreational vehicle reverts to
- 26 the manufacturer.
- (c) The dealer shall exercise due care in the custody of the

- 1 damaged recreational vehicle, but the dealer has no financial or
- 2 other obligation with respect to that recreational vehicle.
- 3 (2) A dealer agreement shall include a time period for
- 4 inspection and rejection of damaged recreational vehicles under
- 5 subsection (1) that is not less than 2 business days after the
- 6 physical delivery of the recreational vehicle to the dealer.
- 7 (3) If a dealer determines that a new recreational vehicle has
- 8 an unreasonable number of miles on its odometer at the time it is
- 9 delivered to the dealer, the dealer may reject that recreational
- 10 vehicle and ownership of the recreational vehicle reverts to the
- 11 manufacturer. However, if the number of miles on the odometer is
- 12 less than the sum of the distance between the dealer and the
- 13 manufacturer's factory or point of distribution plus 100 miles, the
- 14 dealer may not consider the number of miles on the odometer
- 15 unreasonable for purposes of this subsection.
- Sec. 25. (1) A manufacturer may not coerce or attempt to
- 17 coerce a dealer to purchase a product or service that the dealer
- 18 did not order.
- 19 (2) A manufacturer may not coerce or attempt to coerce a
- 20 dealer to enter into any agreement with the manufacturer.
- 21 (3) A manufacturer may not coerce or attempt to coerce a
- 22 dealer to enter into an agreement with the manufacturer or any
- 23 other person that requires the dealer to submit its disputes to
- 24 binding arbitration or otherwise waive its rights or
- 25 responsibilities under this act.
- 26 (4) As used in this section, the term "coerce" includes, but
- 27 is not limited to, threatening to terminate or not renew a dealer

- 1 agreement without good cause; threatening to withhold line-makes or
- 2 other product lines the dealer is entitled to display and sell
- 3 under the dealer agreement; or delay delivery of recreational
- 4 vehicles as an inducement to amend the dealer agreement.
- 5 Sec. 27. (1) A dealer, manufacturer, or warrantor injured by
- 6 another party's violation of this act may bring a civil action in
- 7 circuit court to recover its actual damages. The court shall award
- 8 attorney's fees and costs to the prevailing party in a civil action
- 9 under this section.
- 10 (2) The venue for a civil action under this section involving
- 11 1 dealer is the county in which the dealer's business is located.
- 12 In an action involving more than 1 dealer, any county in which the
- 13 business of any dealer that is party to the action is located is a
- 14 proper venue for that action.
- 15 (3) Before bringing a civil action under this section, the
- 16 party bringing suit for an alleged violation of this act shall
- 17 serve a written demand for mediation on the offending party. The
- 18 demand for mediation shall include a brief statement of the dispute
- 19 and the relief sought by the party making the demand. The party
- 20 making the demand for mediation shall serve the demand by certified
- 21 mail to 1 of the following addresses:
- 22 (a) In an action between a dealer and a manufacturer, the
- 23 address stated in the dealer agreement between the parties.
- 24 (b) In an action between a dealer and a warrantor that is not
- 25 a manufacturer, the address stated in any agreement between the
- 26 parties.
- (c) In an action between 2 dealers, the address of the

- 1 offending dealer in the records of the department.
- 2 (4) Within 20 days after a demand for mediation is served
- 3 under subsection (3), the parties shall mutually select an
- 4 independent mediator who is approved by the department, and meet
- 5 with that mediator for the purpose of attempting to resolve the
- 6 dispute at a location in this state selected by the mediator. The
- 7 mediator may extend the date of the meeting for good cause shown by
- 8 either party or if the parties agree to the extension.
- 9 (5) The service of a demand for mediation under subsection (3)
- 10 tolls the time for the filing of any complaint, petition, protest,
- 11 or other action under this act until representatives of both
- 12 parties have met with the mediator selected under subsection (4)
- 13 for the purpose of attempting to resolve the dispute. If a
- 14 complaint, petition, protest, or other action is filed before that
- 15 meeting, the court shall enter an order suspending the proceeding
- 16 or action until the mediation meeting has occurred and may, if all
- 17 of the parties to the proceeding or action stipulate in writing
- 18 that they wish to continue to mediate under this section, enter an
- 19 order suspending the proceeding or action for as long a period as
- 20 the court considers appropriate. The court may modify, extend, or
- 21 revoke a suspension order issued under this subsection if it
- 22 considers that action appropriate.
- 23 (6) Each of the parties to the mediation under this section is
- 24 responsible for its own attorney fees. The parties shall equally
- 25 divide the cost of the mediator.
- 26 Sec. 29. (1) In addition to any remedy available under this
- 27 act or otherwise available by law, a manufacturer, warrantor, or

- 1 dealer may apply to a circuit court for the grant, after a hearing
- 2 and for cause shown, of a temporary or permanent injunction or
- 3 other equitable relief restraining any person from doing any of the
- 4 following:
- 5 (a) Acting as a dealer without a proper license.
- 6 (b) Violating or continuing to violate this act. A single
- 7 violation of this act is a sufficient basis for the court to grant
- 8 equitable relief under this section.
- 9 (c) Failing or refusing to comply with any requirement of this
- **10** act.
- 11 (2) The court may not require a bond as a condition to the
- 12 grant of equitable relief under this section.
- 13 Enacting section 1. This act takes effect July 1, 2010.
- 14 Enacting section 2. This act does not take effect unless
- 15 Senate Bill No. or House Bill No. 4781(request no. 02963'09) of
- 16 the 95th Legislature is enacted into law.

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