

HOUSE BILL No. 6025

March 25, 2010, Introduced by Rep. Melton and referred to the Committee on Tax Policy.

A bill to amend 1967 PA 281, entitled
"Income tax act of 1967,"
by amending sections 30, 51, and 272 (MCL 206.30, 206.51, and
206.272), section 30 as amended by 2009 PA 134, section 51 as
amended by 2007 PA 94, and section 272 as added by 2006 PA 372.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

1 Sec. 30. (1) "Taxable income" means, for a person other than a
2 corporation, estate, or trust, adjusted gross income as defined in
3 the internal revenue code subject to the following adjustments
4 under this section:

5 (a) Add gross interest income and dividends derived from
6 obligations or securities of states other than Michigan, in the
7 same amount that has been excluded from adjusted gross income less

1 related expenses not deducted in computing adjusted gross income
2 because of section 265(a)(1) of the internal revenue code.

3 (b) Add taxes on or measured by income to the extent the taxes
4 have been deducted in arriving at adjusted gross income.

5 (c) Add losses on the sale or exchange of obligations of the
6 United States government, the income of which this state is
7 prohibited from subjecting to a net income tax, to the extent that
8 the loss has been deducted in arriving at adjusted gross income.

9 (d) Deduct, to the extent included in adjusted gross income,
10 income derived from obligations, or the sale or exchange of
11 obligations, of the United States government that this state is
12 prohibited by law from subjecting to a net income tax, reduced by
13 any interest on indebtedness incurred in carrying the obligations
14 and by any expenses incurred in the production of that income to
15 the extent that the expenses, including amortizable bond premiums,
16 were deducted in arriving at adjusted gross income.

17 (e) Deduct, to the extent included in adjusted gross income,
18 compensation, including retirement benefits, received for services
19 in the armed forces of the United States.

20 (f) Deduct the following to the extent included in adjusted
21 gross income:

22 (i) Retirement or pension benefits received from a federal
23 public retirement system or from a public retirement system of or
24 created by this state or a political subdivision of this state.

25 (ii) Retirement or pension benefits received from a public
26 retirement system of or created by another state or any of its
27 political subdivisions if the income tax laws of the other state

1 permit a similar deduction or exemption or a reciprocal deduction
2 or exemption of a retirement or pension benefit received from a
3 public retirement system of or created by this state or any of the
4 political subdivisions of this state.

5 (iii) Social security benefits as defined in section 86 of the
6 internal revenue code.

7 (iv) Beginning on and after January 1, 2007, retirement or
8 pension benefits not deductible under subparagraph (i) or
9 subdivision (e) from any other retirement or pension system or
10 benefits from a retirement annuity policy in which payments are
11 made for life to a senior citizen, to a maximum of \$42,240.00 for a
12 single return and \$84,480.00 for a joint return. The maximum
13 amounts allowed under this subparagraph shall be reduced by the
14 amount of the deduction for retirement or pension benefits claimed
15 under subparagraph (i) or subdivision (e) and by the amount of a
16 deduction claimed under subdivision (r). For the 2008 tax year and
17 each tax year after 2008, the maximum amounts allowed under this
18 subparagraph shall be adjusted by the percentage increase in the
19 United States consumer price index for the immediately preceding
20 calendar year. The department shall annualize the amounts provided
21 in this subparagraph as necessary. As used in this subparagraph,
22 "senior citizen" means that term as defined in section 514.

23 (v) The amount determined to be the section 22 amount eligible
24 for the elderly and the permanently and totally disabled credit
25 provided in section 22 of the internal revenue code.

26 (g) Adjustments resulting from the application of section 271.

27 (h) Adjustments with respect to estate and trust income as

provided in section 36.

(i) Adjustments resulting from the allocation and apportionment provisions of chapter 3.

(j) Deduct political contributions as described in section 4 of the Michigan campaign finance act, 1976 PA 388, MCL 169.204, or 2 USC 431, not in excess of \$50.00 per annum, or \$100.00 per annum for a joint return.

(k) Deduct, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, wages not deductible under section 280C of the internal revenue code.

(l) Deduct the following payments made by the taxpayer in the tax year:

(i) For the 2010 tax year and each tax year after 2010, the amount of a charitable contribution made to the advance tuition payment fund created under section 9 of the Michigan education trust act, 1986 PA 316, MCL 390.1429.

(ii) The amount of payment made under an advance tuition payment contract as provided in the Michigan education trust act, 1986 PA 316, MCL 390.1421 to 390.1442.

(iii) The amount of payment made under a contract with a private sector investment manager that meets all of the following criteria:

(A) The contract is certified and approved by the board of directors of the Michigan education trust to provide equivalent benefits and rights to purchasers and beneficiaries as an advance tuition payment contract as described in subparagraph (ii).

(B) The contract applies only for a state institution of higher education as defined in the Michigan education trust act,

1 1986 PA 316, MCL 390.1421 to 390.1442, or a community or junior
2 college in Michigan.

3 (C) The contract provides for enrollment by the contract's
4 qualified beneficiary in not less than 4 years after the date on
5 which the contract is entered into.

6 (D) The contract is entered into after either of the
7 following:

8 (I) The purchaser has had his or her offer to enter into an
9 advance tuition payment contract rejected by the board of directors
10 of the Michigan education trust, if the board determines that the
11 trust cannot accept an unlimited number of enrollees upon an
12 actuarially sound basis.

13 (II) The board of directors of the Michigan education trust
14 determines that the trust can accept an unlimited number of
15 enrollees upon an actuarially sound basis.

16 (m) If an advance tuition payment contract under the Michigan
17 education trust act, 1986 PA 316, MCL 390.1421 to 390.1442, or
18 another contract for which the payment was deductible under
19 subdivision (l) is terminated and the qualified beneficiary under
20 that contract does not attend a university, college, junior or
21 community college, or other institution of higher education, add
22 the amount of a refund received by the taxpayer as a result of that
23 termination or the amount of the deduction taken under subdivision
24 (l) for payment made under that contract, whichever is less.

25 (n) Deduct from the taxable income of a purchaser the amount
26 included as income to the purchaser under the internal revenue code
27 after the advance tuition payment contract entered into under the

1 Michigan education trust act, 1986 PA 316, MCL 390.1421 to
2 390.1442, is terminated because the qualified beneficiary attends
3 an institution of postsecondary education other than either a state
4 institution of higher education or an institution of postsecondary
5 education located outside this state with which a state institution
6 of higher education has reciprocity.

7 (o) Add, to the extent deducted in determining adjusted gross
8 income, the net operating loss deduction under section 172 of the
9 internal revenue code.

10 (p) Deduct a net operating loss deduction for the taxable year
11 as determined under section 172 of the internal revenue code
12 subject to the modifications under section 172(b)(2) of the
13 internal revenue code and subject to the allocation and
14 apportionment provisions of chapter 3 of this act for the taxable
15 year in which the loss was incurred.

16 (q) Deduct, to the extent included in adjusted gross income,
17 benefits from a discriminatory self-insurance medical expense
18 reimbursement plan.

19 (r) Beginning on and after January 1, 2007, a taxpayer who is
20 a senior citizen may deduct to the extent included in adjusted
21 gross income, interest, dividends, and capital gains received in
22 the tax year not to exceed \$9,420.00 for a single return and
23 \$18,840.00 for a joint return. The maximum amounts allowed under
24 this subdivision shall be reduced by the amount of a deduction
25 claimed for retirement benefits under subdivision (e) or a
26 deduction claimed under subdivision (f)(i), (ii), (iv), or (v). For
27 the 2008 tax year and each tax year after 2008, the maximum amounts

1 allowed under this subdivision shall be adjusted by the percentage
2 increase in the United States consumer price index for the
3 immediately preceding calendar year. The department shall annualize
4 the amounts provided in this subdivision as necessary. As used in
5 this subdivision, "senior citizen" means that term as defined in
6 section 514.

7 (s) Deduct, to the extent included in adjusted gross income,
8 all of the following:

9 (i) The amount of a refund received in the tax year based on
10 taxes paid under this act.

11 (ii) The amount of a refund received in the tax year based on
12 taxes paid under the city income tax act, 1964 PA 284, MCL 141.501
13 to 141.787.

14 (iii) The amount of a credit received in the tax year based on a
15 claim filed under sections 520 and 522 to the extent that the taxes
16 used to calculate the credit were not used to reduce adjusted gross
17 income for a prior year.

18 (t) Add the amount paid by the state on behalf of the taxpayer
19 in the tax year to repay the outstanding principal on a loan taken
20 on which the taxpayer defaulted that was to fund an advance tuition
21 payment contract entered into under the Michigan education trust
22 act, 1986 PA 316, MCL 390.1421 to 390.1442, if the cost of the
23 advance tuition payment contract was deducted under subdivision (l)
24 and was financed with a Michigan education trust secured loan.

25 (u) Deduct the amount calculated under section 30d.

26 (v) Deduct, to the extent included in adjusted gross income,
27 any amount, and any interest earned on that amount, received in the

1 tax year by a taxpayer who is a Holocaust victim as a result of a
2 settlement of claims against any entity or individual for any
3 recovered asset pursuant to the German act regulating unresolved
4 property claims, also known as Gesetz zur Regelung offener
5 Vermögensfragen, as a result of the settlement of the action
6 entitled In re: Holocaust victim assets litigation, CV-96-4849, CV-
7 96-5161, and CV-97-0461 (E.D. NY), or as a result of any similar
8 action if the income and interest are not commingled in any way
9 with and are kept separate from all other funds and assets of the
10 taxpayer. As used in this subdivision:

11 (i) "Holocaust victim" means a person, or the heir or
12 beneficiary of that person, who was persecuted by Nazi Germany or
13 any Axis regime during any period from 1933 to 1945.

14 (ii) "Recovered asset" means any asset of any type and any
15 interest earned on that asset including, but not limited to, bank
16 deposits, insurance proceeds, or artwork owned by a Holocaust
17 victim during the period from 1920 to 1945, withheld from that
18 Holocaust victim from and after 1945, and not recovered, returned,
19 or otherwise compensated to the Holocaust victim until after 1993.

20 (w) Deduct, to the extent not deducted in determining adjusted
21 gross income, both of the following:

22 (i) Contributions made by the taxpayer in the tax year less
23 qualified withdrawals made in the tax year from education savings
24 accounts, calculated on a per education savings account basis,
25 pursuant to the Michigan education savings program act, 2000 PA
26 161, MCL 390.1471 to 390.1486, not to exceed a total deduction of
27 \$5,000.00 for a single return or \$10,000.00 for a joint return per

1 tax year. The amount calculated under this subparagraph for each
2 education savings account shall not be less than zero.

3 (ii) The amount under section 30f.

4 (x) Add, to the extent not included in adjusted gross income,
5 the amount of money withdrawn by the taxpayer in the tax year from
6 education savings accounts, not to exceed the total amount deducted
7 under subdivision (w) in the tax year and all previous tax years,
8 if the withdrawal was not a qualified withdrawal as provided in the
9 Michigan education savings program act, 2000 PA 161, MCL 390.1471
10 to 390.1486. This subdivision does not apply to withdrawals that
11 are less than the sum of all contributions made to an education
12 savings account in all previous tax years for which no deduction
13 was claimed under subdivision (w), less any contributions for which
14 no deduction was claimed under subdivision (w) that were withdrawn
15 in all previous tax years.

16 (y) Deduct, to the extent included in adjusted gross income,
17 the amount of a distribution from individual retirement accounts
18 that qualify under section 408 of the internal revenue code if the
19 distribution is used to pay qualified higher education expenses as
20 that term is defined in the Michigan education savings program act,
21 2000 PA 161, MCL 390.1471 to 390.1486.

22 (z) Deduct, to the extent included in adjusted gross income,
23 an amount equal to the qualified charitable distribution made in
24 the tax year by a taxpayer to a charitable organization. The amount
25 allowed under this subdivision shall be equal to the amount
26 deductible by the taxpayer under section 170 of the internal
27 revenue code with respect to the qualified charitable distribution

1 in the tax year in which the taxpayer makes the distribution to the
2 qualified charitable organization, reduced by both the amount of
3 the deduction for retirement or pension benefits claimed by the
4 taxpayer under subdivision (f) (i), (ii), (iv), or (v) and by 2 times
5 the total amount of credits claimed under sections 260 and 261 for
6 the tax year. As used in this subdivision, "qualified charitable
7 distribution" means a distribution of assets to a qualified
8 charitable organization by a taxpayer not more than 60 days after
9 the date on which the taxpayer received the assets as a
10 distribution from a retirement or pension plan described in
11 subsection (8) (a). A distribution is to a qualified charitable
12 organization if the distribution is made in any of the following
13 circumstances:

14 (i) To an organization described in section 501(c) (3) of the
15 internal revenue code except an organization that is controlled by
16 a political party, an elected official or a candidate for an
17 elective office.

18 (ii) To a charitable remainder annuity trust or a charitable
19 remainder unitrust as defined in section 664(d) of the internal
20 revenue code; to a pooled income fund as defined in section
21 642(c) (5) of the internal revenue code; or for the issuance of a
22 charitable gift annuity as defined in section 501(m) (5) of the
23 internal revenue code. A trust, fund, or annuity described in this
24 subparagraph is a qualified charitable organization only if no
25 person holds any interest in the trust, fund, or annuity other than
26 1 or more of the following:

27 (A) The taxpayer who received the distribution from the

1 retirement or pension plan.

2 (B) The spouse of an individual described in sub-subparagraph
3 (A) .

4 (C) An organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the
5 internal revenue code.

6 (aa) A taxpayer who is a resident tribal member may deduct, to
7 the extent included in adjusted gross income, all nonbusiness
8 income earned or received in the tax year and during the period in
9 which an agreement entered into between the taxpayer's tribe and
10 this state pursuant to section 30c of 1941 PA 122, MCL 205.30c, is
11 in full force and effect. As used in this subdivision:

12 (i) "Business income" means business income as defined in
13 section 4 and apportioned under chapter 3.

14 (ii) "Nonbusiness income" means nonbusiness income as defined
15 in section 14 and, to the extent not included in business income,
16 all of the following:

17 (A) All income derived from wages whether the wages are earned
18 within the agreement area or outside of the agreement area.

19 (B) All interest and passive dividends.

20 (C) All rents and royalties derived from real property located
21 within the agreement area.

22 (D) All rents and royalties derived from tangible personal
23 property, to the extent the personal property is utilized within
24 the agreement area.

25 (E) Capital gains from the sale or exchange of real property
26 located within the agreement area.

27 (F) Capital gains from the sale or exchange of tangible

1 personal property located within the agreement area at the time of
2 sale.

3 (G) Capital gains from the sale or exchange of intangible
4 personal property.

5 (H) All pension income and benefits including, but not limited
6 to, distributions from a 401(k) plan, individual retirement
7 accounts under section 408 of the internal revenue code, or a
8 defined contribution plan, or payments from a defined benefit plan.

9 (I) All per capita payments by the tribe to resident tribal
10 members, without regard to the source of payment.

11 (J) All gaming winnings.

12 (iii) "Resident tribal member" means an individual who meets all
13 of the following criteria:

14 (A) Is an enrolled member of a federally recognized tribe.

15 (B) The individual's tribe has an agreement with this state
16 pursuant to section 30c of 1941 PA 122, MCL 205.30c, that is in
17 full force and effect.

18 (C) The individual's principal place of residence is located
19 within the agreement area as designated in the agreement under sub-
20 subparagraph (B).

21 (bb) For tax years that begin after December 31, 2006, deduct,
22 to the extent included in adjusted gross income, all or a portion
23 of the gain, as determined under this section, realized from an
24 initial equity investment of not less than \$100,000.00 made by the
25 taxpayer before December 31, 2009, in a qualified business, if an
26 amount equal to the sum of the taxpayer's basis in the investment
27 as determined under the internal revenue code plus the gain, or a

1 portion of that amount, is reinvested in an equity investment in a
2 qualified business within 1 year after the sale or disposition of
3 the investment in the qualified business. If the amount of the
4 subsequent investment is less than the sum of the taxpayer's basis
5 from the prior equity investment plus the gain from the prior
6 equity investment, the amount of a deduction under this section
7 shall be reduced by the difference between the sum of the
8 taxpayer's basis from the prior equity investment plus the gain
9 from the prior equity investment and the subsequent investment. As
10 used in this subdivision:

11 (i) "Advanced automotive, manufacturing, and materials
12 technology" means any technology that involves 1 or more of the
13 following:

14 (A) Materials with engineered properties created through the
15 development of specialized process and synthesis technology.

16 (B) Nanotechnology, including materials, devices, or systems
17 at the atomic, molecular, or macromolecular level, with a scale
18 measured in nanometers.

19 (C) Microelectromechanical systems, including devices or
20 systems integrating microelectronics with mechanical parts and a
21 scale measured in micrometers.

22 (D) Improvements to vehicle safety, vehicle performance,
23 vehicle production, or environmental impact, including, but not
24 limited to, vehicle equipment and component parts.

25 (E) Any technology that involves an alternative energy vehicle
26 or its components. "Alternative energy vehicle" means that term as
27 defined in section 2 of the Michigan next energy authority act,

1 2002 PA 593, MCL 207.822.

2 (F) A new technology, device, or system that enhances or
3 improves the manufacturing process of wood, timber, or
4 agricultural-based products.

5 (G) Advanced computing or electronic device technology related
6 to technology described under this subparagraph.

7 (H) Design, engineering, testing, or diagnostics related to
8 technology described under this subparagraph.

9 (I) Product research and development related to technology
10 described under this subparagraph.

11 (ii) "Advanced computing" means any technology used in the
12 design and development of 1 or more of the following:

13 (A) Computer hardware and software.

14 (B) Data communications.

15 (C) Information technologies.

16 (iii) "Alternative energy technology" means applied research or
17 commercialization of new or next generation technology in 1 or more
18 of the following:

19 (A) Alternative energy technology as that term is defined in
20 section 2 of the Michigan next energy authority act, 2002 PA 593,
21 MCL 207.822.

22 (B) Devices or systems designed and used solely for the
23 purpose of generating energy from agricultural crops, residue and
24 waste generated from the production and processing of agricultural
25 products, animal wastes, or food processing wastes, not including a
26 conventional gasoline or diesel fuel engine or a retrofitted
27 conventional gasoline or diesel fuel engine.

1 (C) A new technology, product, or system that permits the
2 utilization of biomass for the production of specialty, commodity,
3 or foundational chemicals or of novel or economical commodity
4 materials through the application of biotechnology that minimizes,
5 complements, or replaces reliance on petroleum for the production.

6 (D) Advanced computing or electronic device technology related
7 to technology described under this subparagraph.

8 (E) Design, engineering, testing, or diagnostics related to
9 technology described under this subparagraph.

10 (F) Product research and development related to a technology
11 described under this subparagraph.

12 (iv) "Competitive edge technology" means 1 or more of the
13 following:

14 (A) Advanced automotive, manufacturing, and materials
15 technology.

16 (B) Alternative energy technology.

17 (C) Homeland security and defense technology.

18 (D) Life sciences technology.

19 (v) "Electronic device technology" means any technology that
20 involves microelectronics, semiconductors, electronic equipment,
21 and instrumentation, radio frequency, microwave, and millimeter
22 electronics; optical and optic-electrical devices; or data and
23 digital communications and imaging devices.

24 (vi) "Homeland security and defense technology" means
25 technology that assists in the assessment of threats or damage to
26 the general population and critical infrastructure, protection of,
27 defense against, or mitigation of the effects of foreign or

1 domestic threats, disasters, or attacks, or support for crisis or
2 response management, including, but not limited to, 1 or more of
3 the following:

4 (A) Sensors, systems, processes, or equipment for
5 communications, identification and authentication, screening,
6 surveillance, tracking, and data analysis.

7 (B) Advanced computing or electronic device technology related
8 to technology described under this subparagraph.

9 (C) Aviation technology including, but not limited to,
10 avionics, airframe design, sensors, early warning systems, and
11 services related to the technology described in this subparagraph.

12 (D) Design, engineering, testing, or diagnostics related to
13 technology described under this subparagraph.

14 (E) Product research and development related to technology
15 described under this subparagraph.

16 (vii) "Life sciences technology" means any technology derived
17 from life sciences intended to improve human health or the overall
18 quality of human life, including, but not limited to, systems,
19 processes, or equipment for drug or gene therapies, biosensors,
20 testing, medical devices or instrumentation with a therapeutic or
21 diagnostic value, a pharmaceutical or other product that requires
22 United States food and drug administration approval or registration
23 prior to its introduction in the marketplace and is a drug or
24 medical device as defined by the federal food, drug, and cosmetic
25 act, 21 USC 301 to 399, or 1 or more of the following:

26 (A) Advanced computing or electronic device technology related
27 to technology described under this subparagraph.

1 (B) Design, engineering, testing, or diagnostics related to
2 technology or the commercial manufacturing of technology described
3 under this subparagraph.

4 (C) Product research and development related to technology
5 described under this subparagraph.

6 (viii) "Life sciences" means science for the examination or
7 understanding of life or life processes, including, but not limited
8 to, all of the following:

9 (A) Bioengineering.

10 (B) Biomedical engineering.

11 (C) Genomics.

12 (D) Proteomics.

13 (E) Molecular and chemical ecology.

14 (F) Biotechnology, including any technology that uses living
15 organisms, cells, macromolecules, microorganisms, or substances
16 from living organisms to make or modify a product for useful
17 purposes. Biotechnology or life sciences do not include any of the
18 following:

19 (I) Activities prohibited under section 2685 of the public
20 health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.2685.

21 (II) Activities prohibited under section 2688 of the public
22 health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.2688.

23 (III) Activities prohibited under section 2690 of the public
24 health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.2690.

25 (IV) Activities prohibited under section 16274 of the public
26 health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.16274.

27 (V) Stem cell research with human embryonic tissue.

1 (ix) "Qualified business" means a business that complies with
2 all of the following:

3 (A) The business is a seed or early stage business as defined
4 in section 3 of the Michigan early stage venture investment act of
5 2003, 2003 PA 296, MCL 125.2233.

6 (B) The business has its headquarters in this state, is
7 domiciled in this state, or has a majority of its employees working
8 a majority of their time in this state.

9 (C) The business has a preinvestment valuation of less than
10 \$10,000,000.00.

11 (D) The business has been in existence less than 5 years. This
12 sub-subparagraph does not apply to a business, the business
13 activity of which is derived from research at an institution of
14 higher education located within this state or an organization
15 exempt from federal taxation under section ~~501e(3)~~**501(C)(3)** of the
16 internal revenue code and that is located within this state.

17 (E) The business is engaged only in competitive edge
18 technology.

19 (F) The business is certified by the Michigan strategic fund
20 as meeting the requirements of sub-subparagraphs (A) to (E) at the
21 time of each proposed investment.

22 (2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (7), a personal
23 exemption of \$2,500.00 multiplied by the number of personal or
24 dependency exemptions allowable on the taxpayer's federal income
25 tax return pursuant to the internal revenue code shall be
26 subtracted in the calculation that determines taxable income.

27 (3) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (7), a single

1 additional exemption determined as follows shall be subtracted in
2 the calculation that determines taxable income in each of the
3 following circumstances:

4 (a) \$1,800.00 for each taxpayer and every dependent of the
5 taxpayer who is 65 years of age or older. When a dependent of a
6 taxpayer files an annual return under this act, the taxpayer or
7 dependent of the taxpayer, but not both, may claim the additional
8 exemption allowed under this subdivision. As used in this
9 subdivision and subdivision (c), "dependent" means that term as
10 defined in section 30e.

11 (b) \$1,800.00 for each taxpayer and every dependent of the
12 taxpayer who is a deaf person as defined in section 2 of the deaf
13 persons' interpreters act, 1982 PA 204, MCL 393.502; a paraplegic,
14 a quadriplegic, or a hemiplegic; a person who is blind as defined
15 in section 504; or a person who is totally and permanently disabled
16 as defined in section 522. When a dependent of a taxpayer files an
17 annual return under this act, the taxpayer or dependent of the
18 taxpayer, but not both, may claim the additional exemption allowed
19 under this subdivision.

20 (c) \$1,800.00 if the taxpayer's return includes unemployment
21 compensation that amounts to 50% or more of adjusted gross income.

22 (d) For tax years beginning after 2007, \$250.00 for each
23 taxpayer and every dependent of the taxpayer who is a qualified
24 disabled veteran. When a dependent of a taxpayer files an annual
25 return under this act, the taxpayer or dependent of the taxpayer,
26 but not both, may claim the additional exemption allowed under this
27 subdivision. As used in this subdivision:

1 (i) "Qualified disabled veteran" means a veteran with a
2 service-connected disability.

3 (ii) "Service-connected disability" means a disability incurred
4 or aggravated in the line of duty in the active military, naval, or
5 air service as described in 38 USC 101(16).

6 (iii) "Veteran" means a person who served in the active
7 military, naval, marine, coast guard, or air service and who was
8 discharged or released from his or her service with an honorable or
9 general discharge.

10 (4) An individual with respect to whom a deduction under
11 section 151 of the internal revenue code is allowable to another
12 federal taxpayer during the tax year is not considered to have an
13 allowable federal exemption for purposes of subsection (2), but may
14 subtract \$1,500.00 in the calculation that determines taxable
15 income for a tax year.

16 (5) A nonresident or a part-year resident is allowed that
17 proportion of an exemption or deduction allowed under subsection
18 (2), (3), or (4) that the taxpayer's portion of adjusted gross
19 income from Michigan sources bears to the taxpayer's total adjusted
20 gross income.

21 (6) In calculating taxable income, a taxpayer shall not
22 subtract from adjusted gross income the amount of prizes won by the
23 taxpayer under the McCauley-Traxler-Law-Bowman-McNeely lottery act,
24 1972 PA 239, MCL 432.1 to 432.47.

25 (7) For each tax year, the personal exemption allowed under
26 subsection (2) shall be adjusted by multiplying the exemption for
27 the tax year beginning in 1997 by a fraction, the numerator of

1 which is the United States consumer price index for the state
2 fiscal year ending in the tax year prior to the tax year for which
3 the adjustment is being made and the denominator of which is the
4 United States consumer price index for the 1995-96 state fiscal
5 year. The resultant product shall be rounded to the nearest \$100.00
6 increment. The personal exemption for the tax year shall be
7 determined by adding \$200.00 to that rounded amount. As used in
8 this section, "United States consumer price index" means the United
9 States consumer price index for all urban consumers as defined and
10 reported by the United States department of labor, bureau of labor
11 statistics. For each tax year, the exemptions allowed under
12 subsection (3) shall be adjusted by multiplying the exemption
13 amount under subsection (3) for the tax year by a fraction, the
14 numerator of which is the United States consumer price index for
15 the state fiscal year ending the tax year prior to the tax year for
16 which the adjustment is being made and the denominator of which is
17 the United States consumer price index for the 1998-1999 state
18 fiscal year. The resultant product shall be rounded to the nearest
19 \$100.00 increment.

20 (8) As used in subsection (1)(f), "retirement or pension
21 benefits" means distributions from all of the following:

22 (a) Except as provided in subdivision (d), qualified pension
23 trusts and annuity plans that qualify under section 401(a) of the
24 internal revenue code, including all of the following:

25 (i) Plans for self-employed persons, commonly known as Keogh or
26 HR10 plans.

27 (ii) Individual retirement accounts that qualify under section

1 408 of the internal revenue code if the distributions are not made
2 until the participant has reached 59-1/2 years of age, except in
3 the case of death, disability, or distributions described by
4 section 72(t)(2)(A)(iv) of the internal revenue code.

5 (iii) Employee annuities or tax-sheltered annuities purchased
6 under section 403(b) of the internal revenue code by organizations
7 exempt under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code, or by
8 public school systems.

9 (iv) Distributions from a 401(k) plan attributable to employee
10 contributions mandated by the plan or attributable to employer
11 contributions.

12 (b) The following retirement and pension plans not qualified
13 under the internal revenue code:

14 (i) Plans of the United States, state governments other than
15 this state, and political subdivisions, agencies, or
16 instrumentalities of this state.

17 (ii) Plans maintained by a church or a convention or
18 association of churches.

19 (iii) All other unqualified pension plans that prescribe
20 eligibility for retirement and predetermine contributions and
21 benefits if the distributions are made from a pension trust.

22 (c) Retirement or pension benefits received by a surviving
23 spouse if those benefits qualified for a deduction prior to the
24 decedent's death. Benefits received by a surviving child are not
25 deductible.

26 (d) Retirement and pension benefits do not include:

27 (i) Amounts received from a plan that allows the employee to

1 set the amount of compensation to be deferred and does not
2 prescribe retirement age or years of service. These plans include,
3 but are not limited to, all of the following:

4 (A) Deferred compensation plans under section 457 of the
5 internal revenue code.

6 (B) Distributions from plans under section 401(k) of the
7 internal revenue code other than plans described in subdivision
8 (a) (iv) .

9 (C) Distributions from plans under section 403(b) of the
10 internal revenue code other than plans described in subdivision
11 (a) (iii) .

12 (ii) Premature distributions paid on separation, withdrawal, or
13 discontinuance of a plan prior to the earliest date the recipient
14 could have retired under the provisions of the plan.

15 (iii) Payments received as an incentive to retire early unless
16 the distributions are from a pension trust.

17 Sec. 51. (1) For receiving, earning, or otherwise acquiring
18 income from any source whatsoever, there is levied and imposed upon
19 the taxable income of every person other than a corporation a tax
20 at the following rates in the following circumstances:

21 (a) Before May 1, 1994, 4.6%.

22 (b) After April 30, 1994 and before January 1, 2000, 4.4%.

23 (c) For tax years that begin on and after January 1, 2000 and
24 before January 1, 2002, 4.2%.

25 (d) For tax years that begin on and after January 1, 2002 and
26 before January 1, 2003, 4.1%.

27 (e) On and after January 1, 2003 and before July 1, 2004,

1 4.0%.

2 (f) On and after July 1, 2004 and before October 1, 2007,
3 3.9%.

4 (g) On and after October 1, 2007 and before October 1, 2011,
5 4.35%.

6 (h) Beginning on October 1, 2011 and each October 1 after
7 2011, the maximum rate under this subsection shall be reduced by
8 0.1 each year until the rate is 3.95%.

9 (i) On and after October 1, 2015, 3.9%.

10 (2) The following percentages of the net revenues collected
11 under this section shall be deposited in the state school aid fund
12 created in section 11 of article IX of the state constitution of
13 1963:

14 (a) Beginning October 1, 1994 and before October 1, 1996,
15 14.4% of the gross collections before refunds from the tax levied
16 under this section.

17 (b) After September 30, 1996 and before January 1, 2000, 23.0%
18 of the gross collections before refunds from the tax levied under
19 this section.

20 (c) Beginning January 1, 2000, that percentage of the gross
21 collections before refunds from the tax levied under this section
22 that is equal to 1.012% divided by the income tax rate levied under
23 this section.

24 (3) The department shall annualize rates provided in
25 subsection (1) as necessary for tax years that end after April 30,
26 1994. The applicable annualized rate shall be imposed upon the
27 taxable income of every person other than a corporation for those

1 tax years.

2 (4) The taxable income of a nonresident shall be computed in
3 the same manner that the taxable income of a resident is computed,
4 subject to the allocation and apportionment provisions of this act.

5 (5) A resident beneficiary of a trust whose taxable income
6 includes all or part of an accumulation distribution by a trust, as
7 defined in section 665 of the internal revenue code, shall be
8 allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due under this act. The
9 credit shall be all or a proportionate part of any tax paid by the
10 trust under this act for any preceding taxable year that would not
11 have been payable if the trust had in fact made distribution to its
12 beneficiaries at the times and in the amounts specified in section
13 666 of the internal revenue code. The credit shall not reduce the
14 tax otherwise due from the beneficiary to an amount less than would
15 have been due if the accumulation distribution were excluded from
16 taxable income.

17 (6) The taxable income of a resident who is required to
18 include income from a trust in his or her federal income tax return
19 under the provisions of 26 USC 671 to 679, shall include items of
20 income and deductions from the trust in taxable income to the
21 extent required by this act with respect to property owned
22 outright.

23 (7) It is the intention of this section that the income
24 subject to tax of every person other than corporations shall be
25 computed in like manner and be the same as provided in the internal
26 revenue code subject to adjustments specifically provided for in
27 this act.

(8) There is appropriated to the department of treasury for the 2006-2007 state fiscal year the sum of \$100,000.00 to begin implementing the requirements of ~~the amendatory act that added this subsection~~ **2007 PA 94**. Any portion of this amount under this section that is not expended in the 2006-2007 state fiscal year shall not lapse to the general fund but shall be carried forward in a work project account that is in compliance with section 451a of the management and budget act, 1984 PA 431, MCL 18.1451a, for the following state fiscal year.

(9) As used in this section:

(a) "Person other than a corporation" means a resident or nonresident individual or any of the following:

(i) A partner in a partnership as defined in the internal revenue code.

(ii) A beneficiary of an estate or a trust as defined in the internal revenue code.

(iii) An estate or trust as defined in the internal revenue code.

(b) "Taxable income" means taxable income as defined in this act subject to the applicable source and attribution rules contained in this act.

Sec. 272. (1) ~~For the following tax years that begin after December 31, 2007, a~~ **A** taxpayer may credit against the tax imposed by this act an amount equal to the specified percentages of the credit the taxpayer is allowed to claim as a credit under section 32 of the internal revenue code for a tax year on a return filed under this act for the same tax year **AS FOLLOWS FOR THE FOLLOWING**

1 **TAX YEARS:**

2 (a) For tax years that begin after December 31, 2007 and
3 before January 1, 2009, 10%.

4 (b) For tax years that begin after December 31, 2008, 20%.

5 (2) If the credit allowed by this section exceeds the tax
6 liability of the taxpayer for the tax year, the state treasurer
7 shall refund the excess to the taxpayer without interest, except as
8 provided in section 30 of 1941 PA 122, MCL 205.30.