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SENATE BILL No. 844

September 17, 2009, Introduced by Senator SWITALSKI and referred to the Committee on Finance.

A bill to amend 1933 PA 167, entitled "General sales tax act,"

by amending sections 2, 4a, 4g, 4i, and 4x (MCL 205.52, 205.54a, 205.54g, 205.54i, and 205.54x), section 2 as amended by 2004 PA 173, section 4a as amended by 2008 PA 415, section 4g as amended by 2008 PA 438, section 4i as amended by 2007 PA 105, and section 4x as amended by 2006 PA 17.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Sec. 2. (1) Except as provided in section 2a, there is levied upon and there shall be collected from all persons engaged in the business of making sales at retail, by which ownership of tangible personal property is transferred for consideration, an annual tax for the privilege of engaging in that business equal to 6% of the gross proceeds of the business, plus the penalty and interest if applicable as provided by law, less deductions allowed by this act.

- 1 (2) The tax under subsection (1) also applies to the
- 2 following:
- 3 (a) The transmission and distribution of electricity, whether
- 4 the electricity is purchased from the delivering utility or from
- 5 another provider, if the sale is made to the consumer or user of
- 6 the electricity for consumption or use rather than for resale.
- 7 (b) The sale of a prepaid telephone calling card or a prepaid
- 8 authorization number OR CODE for telephone use, rather than for
- 9 resale, including the reauthorization of a prepaid telephone
- 10 calling card or a prepaid authorization number OR CODE.
- 11 (c) A conditional sale, installment lease sale, or other
- 12 transfer of property, if title is retained as security for the
- 13 purchase but is intended to be transferred later.
- 14 (3) Any person engaged in the business of making sales at
- 15 retail who is at the same time engaged in some other kind of
- 16 business, occupation, or profession not taxable under this act
- 17 shall keep books to show separately the transactions used in
- 18 determining the tax levied by UNDER this act. If the person fails
- 19 to keep separate books, there shall be levied upon him or her the
- 20 tax provided for in subsection (1) equal to 6% of the entire gross
- 21 proceeds of both or all of his or her businesses. The taxes levied
- 22 by this section are a personal obligation of the taxpayer.
- 23 (4) A-BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 2009, A meal provided free of charge
- 24 or at a reduced rate to an employee during work hours by a food
- 25 service establishment licensed by the Michigan department of
- 26 agriculture UNDER THE FOOD LAW OF 2000, 2000 PA 92, MCL 289.1101 TO
- 27 289.8111, for the convenience of the employer is not considered

- 1 transferred for consideration.
- 2 Sec. 4a. (1) Subject to subsection (2), the following are
- 3 exempt from the tax under this act:
- 4 (a) A sale of tangible personal property not for resale to a
- 5 nonprofit school, nonprofit hospital, or nonprofit home for the
- 6 care and maintenance of children or aged persons operated by an
- 7 entity of government, a regularly organized church, religious, or
- 8 fraternal organization, a veterans' organization, or a corporation
- 9 incorporated under the laws of this state, if the income or benefit
- 10 from the operation does not inure, in whole or in part, to an
- 11 individual or private shareholder, directly or indirectly, and if
- 12 the activities of the entity or agency are carried on exclusively
- 13 for the benefit of the public at large and are not limited to the
- 14 advantage, interests, and benefits of its members or any restricted
- 15 group. A sale of tangible personal property to a parent cooperative
- 16 preschool is exempt from taxation under this act. As used in this
- 17 subdivision, "parent cooperative preschool" means a nonprofit,
- 18 nondiscriminatory educational institution, maintained as a
- 19 community service and administered by parents of children currently
- 20 enrolled in the preschool, that provides an educational and
- 21 developmental program for children younger than compulsory school
- 22 age, that provides an educational program for parents, including
- 23 active participation with children in preschool activities, that is
- 24 directed by qualified preschool personnel, and that is licensed
- 25 pursuant to 1973 PA 116, MCL 722.111 to 722.128.
- 26 (b) A sale of tangible personal property not for resale to a
- 27 regularly organized church or house of religious worship, except

- 1 the following:
- 2 (i) Sales in activities that are mainly commercial enterprises.
- 3 (ii) Sales of vehicles licensed for use on public highways
- 4 other than a passenger van or bus with a manufacturer's rated
- 5 seating capacity of 10 or more that is used primarily for the
- 6 transportation of persons for religious purposes.
- 7 (c) The sale of food to bona fide enrolled students by a
- 8 school or other educational institution not operated for profit.
- 9 (d) The sale of a vessel designated for commercial use of
- 10 registered tonnage of 500 tons or more, if produced upon special
- 11 order of the purchaser, and bunker and galley fuel, provisions,
- 12 supplies, maintenance, and repairs for the exclusive use of the
- 13 vessel engaged in interstate commerce.
- 14 (e) A sale of tangible personal property to persons engaged in
- 15 a business enterprise and using or consuming the tangible personal
- 16 property in the tilling, planting, caring for, or harvesting of the
- 17 things of the soil; in the breeding, raising, or caring for
- 18 livestock, poultry, or horticultural products, including transfers
- 19 of livestock, poultry, or horticultural products for further
- 20 growth; or in the direct gathering of fish, by net, line, or
- 21 otherwise only by an owner-operator of the business enterprise, not
- 22 including a charter fishing business enterprise. This exemption
- 23 includes machinery that is capable of simultaneously harvesting
- 24 grain or other crops and biomass and machinery used for the purpose
- 25 of harvesting biomass. This exemption includes agricultural land
- 26 tile, which means fired clay or perforated plastic tubing used as
- 27 part of a subsurface drainage system for land, and subsurface

- 1 irrigation pipe, if the land tile or irrigation pipe is used in the
- 2 production of agricultural products as a business enterprise. This
- 3 exemption includes a portable grain bin, which means a structure
- 4 that is used or is to be used to shelter grain and that is designed
- 5 to be disassembled without significant damage to its component
- 6 parts. This exemption also includes grain drying equipment and
- 7 natural or propane gas used to fuel that equipment for agricultural
- 8 purposes. This exemption does not include transfers of food, fuel,
- 9 clothing, or any similar tangible personal property for personal
- 10 living or human consumption. This exemption does not include
- 11 tangible personal property permanently affixed and becoming a
- 12 structural part of real estate. As used in this subdivision,
- 13 "biomass" means crop residue used to produce energy or agricultural
- 14 crops grown specifically for the production of energy.
- 15 (f) The sale of a copyrighted motion picture film or a
- 16 newspaper or periodical admitted under federal postal laws and
- 17 regulations effective September 1, 1985 as second-class mail matter
- 18 or as a controlled circulation publication or qualified to accept
- 19 legal notices for publication in this state, as defined by law, or
- 20 any other newspaper or periodical of general circulation,
- 21 established not less than 2 years, and published not less than once
- 22 a week, OR, BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 2009, A PERIODICAL ADMITTED UNDER
- 23 FEDERAL POSTAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 1985 AS
- 24 SECOND-CLASS MAIL. Tangible personal property used or consumed in
- 25 producing a copyrighted motion picture film, a newspaper published
- 26 more than 14 times per year, or a periodical published more than 14
- 27 times per year, and not becoming a component part of that film,

- 1 newspaper, or periodical is subject to the tax. Tangible personal
- 2 property used or consumed in producing a newspaper published 14
- 3 times or less per year or a periodical published 14 times or less
- 4 per year and that portion or percentage of tangible personal
- 5 property used or consumed in producing an advertising supplement
- 6 that becomes a component part of a newspaper or periodical is
- 7 exempt from the tax under this subdivision. A claim for a refund
- 8 for taxes paid before January 1, 1999, under this subdivision shall
- 9 be made before June 30, 1999. For purposes of this subdivision,
- 10 tangible personal property that becomes a component part of a
- 11 newspaper or periodical and consequently not subject to tax
- 12 includes an advertising supplement inserted into and circulated
- 13 with a newspaper or periodical that is otherwise exempt from tax
- 14 under this subdivision, if the advertising supplement is delivered
- 15 directly to the newspaper or periodical by a person other than the
- 16 advertiser, or the advertising supplement is printed by the
- 17 newspaper or periodical.
- 18 (g) A sale of tangible personal property to persons licensed
- 19 to operate commercial radio or television stations if the property
- 20 is used in the origination or integration of the various sources of
- 21 program material for commercial radio or television transmission.
- 22 This subdivision does not include a vehicle licensed and titled for
- 23 use on public highways or property used in the transmission to or
- 24 receiving from an artificial satellite.
- 25 (h) The sale of a prosthetic device, durable medical
- 26 equipment, or mobility enhancing equipment.
- (i) The sale of a vehicle not for resale to a Michigan

- 1 nonprofit corporation organized exclusively to provide a community
- 2 with ambulance or fire department services.
- 3 (j) A sale of tangible personal property to inmates in a penal
- 4 or correctional institution purchased with scrip or its equivalent
- 5 issued and redeemed by the institution.
- 6 (k) A sale of textbooks sold by a public or nonpublic school
- 7 to or for the use of students enrolled in any part of a
- 8 kindergarten through twelfth grade program.
- 9 (l) A-BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 2009, A sale of tangible personal
- 10 property installed as a component part of a water pollution control
- 11 facility for which a tax exemption certificate is issued pursuant
- 12 to part 37 of the natural resources and environmental protection
- 13 act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.3701 to 324.3708, or an air pollution
- 14 control facility for which a tax exemption certificate is issued
- 15 pursuant to part 59 of the natural resources and environmental
- 16 protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.5901 to 324.5908.
- 17 (m) The sale or lease of the following to an industrial
- 18 laundry after December 31, 1997:
- 19 (i) Textiles and disposable products including, but not limited
- 20 to, soap, paper, chemicals, tissues, deodorizers and dispensers,
- 21 and all related items such as packaging, supplies, hangers, name
- 22 tags, and identification tags.
- 23 (ii) Equipment, whether owned or leased, used to repair and
- 24 dispense textiles including, but not limited to, roll towel
- 25 cabinets, slings, hardware, lockers, mop handles and frames, and
- 26 carts.
- 27 (iii) Machinery, equipment, parts, lubricants, and repair

- 1 services used to clean, process, and package textiles and related
- 2 items, whether owned or leased.
- 3 (iv) Utilities such as electric, gas, water, or oil.
- 4 (v) Production washroom equipment and mending and packaging
- 5 supplies and equipment.
- 6 (vi) Material handling equipment including, but not limited to,
- 7 conveyors, racks, and elevators and related control equipment.
- 8 (vii) Wastewater pretreatment equipment and supplies and
- 9 related maintenance and repair services.
- 10 (n) A sale of tangible personal property to a person holding a
- 11 direct payment permit under section 8 of the use tax act, 1937 PA
- 12 94, MCL 205.98.
- 13 (2) The tangible personal property under subsection (1) is
- 14 exempt only to the extent that that property is used for the exempt
- 15 purpose if one is stated in subsection (1). The exemption is
- 16 limited to the percentage of exempt use to total use determined by
- 17 a reasonable formula or method approved by the department.
- 18 Sec. 4q. (1) The following are exempt from the tax under this
- **19** act:
- 20 (a) Sales of drugs for human use that can only be legally
- 21 dispensed by prescription or food or food ingredients, except
- 22 prepared food intended for immediate human consumption AND, AFTER
- 23 OCTOBER 1, 2009, FOOD AND FOOD INGREDIENTS SOLD FROM A VENDING
- 24 MACHINE.
- 25 (b) The deposit on a returnable container for a beverage or
- 26 the deposit on a carton or case that is used for returnable
- 27 containers.

- 1 (c) Food or tangible personal property purchased under the
- 2 federal food stamp program or meals sold by a person exempt from
- 3 the tax under this act that are eligible to be purchased under the
- 4 federal food stamp program.
- 5 (d) Fruit or vegetable seeds and fruit or vegetable plants if
- 6 purchased at a place of business authorized to accept food stamps
- 7 by the food and nutrition service of the United States department
- 8 of agriculture or a place of business that has made a complete and
- 9 proper application for authorization to accept food stamps but has
- 10 been denied authorization and provides proof of denial to the
- 11 department of treasury.
- 12 (e) Live animals purchased with the intent to be slaughtered
- 13 for human consumption.
- 14 (2) Food BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 2009, FOOD or drink heated or
- 15 cooled mechanically, electrically, or by other artificial means to
- 16 an average temperature above 75 degrees Fahrenheit or below 65
- 17 degrees Fahrenheit before sale and sold from a vending machine,
- 18 except milk, nonalcoholic beverages in a sealed container, and
- 19 fresh fruit, is subject to the tax under this act. The tax due
- 20 under this act on the sale of food or drink from a vending machine
- 21 selling both taxable items and items exempt under this subsection
- 22 shall be calculated under this act based on 1 of the following as
- 23 determined by the taxpayer:
- 24 (a) Actual gross proceeds from sales at retail.
- 25 (b) Forty-five percent of proceeds from the sale of items
- 26 subject to tax under this act or exempt from the tax levied under
- 27 this act, other than from the sale of carbonated beverages.

- 1 (3) "Food and food ingredients" means substances, whether in
- 2 liquid, concentrated, solid, frozen, dried, or dehydrated form,
- 3 that are sold for ingestion or chewing by humans and are consumed
- 4 for their taste or nutritional value. Food and food ingredients do
- 5 not include alcoholic beverages and tobacco.
- 6 (4) "Prepared food" means the following:
- 7 (a) Food sold in a heated state or that is heated by the
- 8 seller.
- 9 (b) Two or more food ingredients mixed or combined by the
- 10 seller for sale as a single item.
- 11 (c) Food sold with eating utensils provided by the seller,
- 12 including knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, straws, or
- 13 plates, but not including a container or packaging used to
- 14 transport the food.
- 15 (5) Prepared food does not include the following:
- 16 (a) Food that is only cut, repackaged, or pasteurized by the
- 17 seller.
- 18 (b) Raw eggs, fish, meat, poultry, and foods containing those
- 19 raw items requiring cooking by the consumer in recommendations
- 20 contained in section 3-401.11 of part 3-4 of chapter 3 of the 2001
- 21 food code published by the food and drug administration of the
- 22 public health service of the department of health and human
- 23 services, to prevent foodborne illness.
- 24 (c) Food sold in an unheated state by weight or volume as a
- 25 single item, without eating utensils.
- 26 (d) Bakery items, including bread, rolls, buns, biscuits,
- 27 bagels, croissants, pastries, doughnuts, danish, cakes, tortes,

- 1 pies, tarts, muffins, bars, cookies, and tortillas, sold without
- 2 eating utensils.
- 3 (6) "Prepared food intended for immediate **HUMAN** consumption"
- 4 means prepared food AND, AFTER OCTOBER 1, 2009, FOOD AND FOOD
- 5 INGREDIENTS SOLD FROM A VENDING MACHINE.
- 6 Sec. 4i. (1) As used in this section:
- 7 (a) "Bad debt" means any portion of a debt that is related to
- 8 a sale at retail taxable under this act for which gross proceeds
- 9 are not otherwise deductible or excludable and that is eligible to
- 10 be claimed, or could be eligible to be claimed if the taxpayer kept
- 11 accounts on an accrual basis, as a deduction pursuant to section
- 12 166 of the internal revenue code, 26 USC 166. A bad debt shall not
- 13 include any finance charge, interest, or sales tax on the purchase
- 14 price, uncollectible amounts on property that remains in the
- 15 possession of the taxpayer until the full purchase price is paid,
- 16 expenses incurred in attempting to collect any account receivable
- 17 or any portion of the debt recovered, any accounts receivable that
- 18 have been sold to and remain in the possession of a third party for
- 19 collection, and repossessed property.
- 20 (b) Except as provided in subdivision (c), "lender" includes
- 21 any of the following:
- (i) Any person who holds or has held an account receivable
- 23 which that person purchased directly from a taxpayer who reported
- 24 the tax.
- (ii) Any person who holds or has held an account receivable
- 26 pursuant to that person's contract directly with the taxpayer who
- 27 reported the tax.

- 1 (iii) The issuer of the private label credit card.
- 2 (c) "Lender" does not include the issuer of a credit card or
- 3 instrument that can be used to make purchases from a person other
- 4 than the vendor whose name or logo appears on the card or
- 5 instrument or that vendor's affiliates.
- 6 (d) "Private label credit card" means any charge card, credit
- 7 card, or other instrument serving a similar purpose that carries,
- 8 refers to, or is branded with the name or logo of a vendor and that
- 9 can only be used for purchases from the vendor.
- 10 (e) "Taxpayer" means a person that has remitted sales tax
- 11 directly to the department on the specific sales at retail
- 12 transaction for which the bad debt is recognized for federal income
- 13 tax purposes or, after September 30, 2009, a lender holding the
- 14 account receivable for which the bad debt is recognized, or would
- 15 be recognized if the claimant were a corporation, for federal
- income tax purposes.
- 17 (2) In computing the amount of tax levied under this act for
- 18 any month BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 2009, a taxpayer may deduct the amount
- 19 of bad debts from his or her gross proceeds used for the
- 20 computation of the tax. The amount of gross proceeds deducted must
- 21 be charged off as uncollectible on the books and records of the
- 22 taxpayer at the time the debt becomes worthless and deducted on the
- 23 return for the period during which the bad debt is written off as
- 24 uncollectible in the claimant's books and records and must be
- 25 eligible to be deducted for federal income tax purposes. For
- 26 purposes of this section, BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 2009, a claimant who is
- 27 not required to file a federal income tax return may deduct a bad

- 1 debt on a return filed for the period in which the bad debt becomes
- 2 worthless and is written off as uncollectible in the claimant's
- 3 books and records and would be eligible for a bad debt deduction
- 4 for federal income tax purposes if the claimant was required to
- 5 file a federal income tax return. If a consumer or other person
- 6 pays all or part of a bad debt with respect to which a taxpayer
- 7 claimed a deduction under this section, the taxpayer is liable for
- 8 the amount of taxes deducted in connection with that portion of the
- 9 debt for which payment is received and shall remit these taxes in
- 10 his or her next payment to the department. Any payments made on a
- 11 bad debt shall be applied proportionally first to the taxable price
- 12 of the property and the tax on the property and second to any
- 13 interest, service, or other charge.
- 14 (3) After September 30, 2009, if a taxpayer who reported the
- 15 tax and a lender execute and maintain a written election
- 16 designating which party may claim the deduction, a claimant is
- 17 entitled to a deduction or refund of the tax related to a sale at
- 18 retail that was previously reported and paid if all of the
- 19 following conditions are met:
- 20 (a) No deduction or refund was previously claimed or allowed
- 21 on any portion of the account receivable.
- 22 (b) The account receivable has been found worthless and
- 23 written off by the taxpayer that made the sale or the lender on or
- 24 after September 30, 2009.
- 25 (4) Any claim for a bad debt deduction under this section
- 26 shall be supported by that evidence required by the department. The
- 27 department shall review any change in the rate of taxation

- 1 applicable to any taxable sales by a taxpayer claiming a deduction
- 2 pursuant to this section and shall ensure that the deduction on any
- 3 bad debt does not result in the taxpayer claiming the deduction
- 4 recovering any more or less than the taxes imposed on the sale that
- 5 constitutes the bad debt.
- 6 (5) If a certified service provider assumed filing
- 7 responsibility under the streamlined sales and use tax
- 8 administration act, 2004 PA 174, MCL 205.801 to 205.833, the
- 9 certified service provider may, BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 2009, claim, on
- 10 behalf of the taxpayer, any bad debt allowable to the taxpayer and
- 11 shall credit or refund that amount of bad debt allowed or refunded
- 12 to the taxpayer.
- 13 (6) If the books and records of a taxpayer under the
- 14 streamlined sales and use tax agreement under the streamlined sales
- 15 and use tax administration act, 2004 PA 174, MCL 205.801 to
- 16 205.833, that claims a bad debt allowance support an allocation of
- 17 the bad debts among member states of that agreement, the taxpayer
- 18 may allocate the bad debts.
- 19 Sec. 4x. (1) A sale to a domestic air carrier of 1 or more of
- 20 the following is exempt from the tax under this act:
- 21 (a) An aircraft that has a maximum certificated takeoff weight
- 22 of at least 6,000 pounds for use solely in the transport of air
- 23 cargo, passengers, or a combination of air cargo and passengers.
- 24 (b) Parts and materials, excluding shop equipment or fuel,
- 25 affixed or to be affixed to an aircraft that has a maximum
- 26 certificated takeoff weight of at least 6,000 pounds for use solely
- 27 in the transport of air cargo, passengers, or a combination of air

- 1 cargo and passengers.
- 2 (2) The BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 2007, THE tax levied under this act
- 3 does not apply to the sale of parts or materials, excluding shop
- 4 equipment or fuel, affixed or to be affixed to an aircraft that
- 5 meets all of the following conditions:
- 6 (a) The aircraft leaves this state within 15 days after the
- 7 sooner of the issuance of the final billing or authorized approval
- 8 for final return to service, completion of the maintenance record
- 9 entry, and completion of the test flight and ground test for
- 10 inspection as required under 14 CFR 91.407.
- 11 (b) The aircraft was not based in this state or registered in
- 12 this state before the parts or materials are affixed to the
- 13 aircraft and the aircraft is not based in this state or registered
- 14 in this state after the parts or materials are affixed to the
- 15 aircraft.
- 16 (3) The tax levied under this act does not apply to the sale
- 17 of an aircraft temporarily located in this state for the purpose of
- 18 prepurchase evaluation or the purpose of prepurchase evaluation and
- 19 postsale customization if all of the following conditions are
- 20 satisfied:
- 21 (a) The aircraft leaves this state within 15 days after
- 22 authorized approval for final return to service, completion of the
- 23 maintenance record entry, and completion of the test flight and
- 24 ground test for inspection as required under 14 CFR 91.407.
- 25 (b) The aircraft was not based in this state or registered in
- 26 this state before the prepurchase evaluation or prepurchase
- 27 evaluation and postsale customization are completed and the

- 1 aircraft is not based in this state or registered in this state
- 2 after the prepurchase evaluation or prepurchase evaluation and
- 3 postsale customization are completed.
- 4 (4) A sale of an aircraft to a person for subsequent lease to
- 5 a domestic air carrier operating under a certificate issued by the
- 6 federal aviation administration under 14 CFR 121, for use solely in
- 7 the regularly scheduled transport of passengers is exempt from the
- 8 tax under this act.
- 9 (5) As used in this section:
- 10 (a) "Based in this state" means hangared or stored in this
- 11 state for not less than 10 days in not less than 3 nonconsecutive
- 12 months during the immediately preceding 12-month period.
- 13 (b) "Domestic air carrier" is limited to entities engaged
- 14 primarily in the commercial transport for hire of air cargo,
- 15 passengers, or a combination of air cargo and passengers as a
- 16 business activity.
- 17 (c) "Prepurchase evaluation" means an examination of an
- 18 aircraft to provide a potential purchaser with information relevant
- 19 to the potential purchase.
- 20 (d) "Postsale customization" means any improvement,
- 21 maintenance, or repair that is performed on an aircraft following a
- 22 transfer of ownership of the aircraft.
- (e) "Registered in this state" means an aircraft registered
- 24 with the state transportation department, bureau of aeronautics or
- 25 registered with the federal aviation administration to an address
- 26 located in this state.