## **HOUSE BILL No. 4951**

September 13, 2011, Introduced by Rep. Lyons and referred to the Committee on Tax Policy.

A bill to amend 1967 PA 281, entitled "Income tax act of 1967,"

by amending section 651 (MCL 206.651), as added by 2011 PA 38.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 651. As used in this chapter:
- 2 (a) "Billing address" means the location indicated in the
- 3 books and records of the financial institution on the first day of
- 4 the tax year or on a later date in the tax year when the customer
- 5 relationship began as the address where any notice, statement, or
- 6 bill relating to a customer's account is mailed.
  - (b) "Borrower is located in this state" or "credit card holder
  - is located in this state" means a borrower, other than a credit
- 9 card holder, that is engaged in a trade or business which maintains
- 10 its commercial domicile in this state, or a borrower that is not
  - engaged in a trade or business or a credit card holder whose

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- 1 billing address is in this state.
- 2 (c) "Commercial domicile" means the headquarters of the trade
- 3 or business, that is the place from which the trade or business is
- 4 principally managed and directed, or if a financial institution is
- 5 organized under the laws of a foreign country, of the Commonwealth
- 6 of Puerto Rico, or any territory or possession of the United
- 7 States, such financial institution's commercial domicile shall be
- 8 deemed for the purposes of this chapter to be the state of the
- 9 United States or the District of Columbia from which such financial
- 10 institution's trade or business in the United States is principally
- 11 managed and directed. It shall be presumed, subject to rebuttal,
- 12 that the location from which the financial institution's trade or
- 13 business is principally managed and directed is the state of the
- 14 United States or the District of Columbia to which the greatest
- 15 number of employees are regularly connected or out of which they
- 16 are working, irrespective of where the services of such employees
- 17 are performed, as of the last day of the tax year.
- 18 (d) "Credit card" means a credit, travel, or entertainment
- **19** card.
- 20 (e) "Credit card issuer's reimbursement fee" means the fee a
- 21 financial institution receives from a merchant's bank because 1 of
- 22 the persons to whom the financial institution has issued a credit
- 23 card has charged merchandise or services to the credit card.
- 24 (f) "Financial institution" means any of the following:
- 25 (i) A bank holding company, a national bank, a state chartered
- 26 bank, an office of thrift supervision chartered bank or thrift
- 27 institution, a savings and loan holding company other than a

## House Bill No. 4951 as amended September 20, 2011

- 1 diversified savings and loan holding company as defined in 12 USC
- 1467a(a)(F), A [STATE CHARTERED BANK, A STATE CHARTERED SAVINGS BANK, A]
  2 FEDERALLY CHARTERED SAVINGS ASSOCIATION, or a
- 3 federally chartered farm credit system institution.
- 4 (ii) Any entity, other than an entity subject to the tax
- 5 imposed under chapter 12, who is directly or indirectly owned by an
- $\mathbf{6}$  entity described in subparagraph (i) and is a member of the unitary
- 7 business group.
- 8 (iii) A unitary business group of entities described in
- 9 subparagraph (i) or (ii), or both.
- 10 (g) "Gross business" means the sum of the following less
- 11 transactions between those entities included in a unitary business
- 12 group:
- 13 (i) Fees, commissions, or other compensation for financial
- 14 services.
- 15 (ii) Net gains, not less than zero, from the sale of loans and
- 16 other intangibles.
- 17 (iii) Net gains, not less than zero, from trading in stocks,
- 18 bonds, or other securities.
- 19 (iv) Interest charged to customers for carrying debit balances
- 20 of margin accounts.
- 21 (v) Interest and dividends received.
- 22 (vi) Any other gross proceeds resulting from the operation as a
- 23 financial institution.
- 24 (h) "Loan" means any extension of credit resulting from direct
- 25 negotiations between the financial institution and its customer, or
- 26 the purchase, in whole or in part, of such extension of credit from
- 27 another. Loans include participations, syndications, and leases

- 1 treated as loans for federal income tax purposes. Loans shall not
- 2 include properties treated as loans under section 595 of the
- 3 internal revenue code, futures or forward contracts, options,
- 4 notional principal contracts such as swaps, credit card
- 5 receivables, including purchased credit card relationships, non-
- 6 interest-bearing balances due from depository institutions, cash
- 7 items in the process of collection, federal funds sold, securities
- 8 purchased under agreements to resell, assets held in a trading
- 9 account, securities, interests in a real estate mortgage investment
- 10 conduit, or other mortgage-backed or asset-backed security, and
- 11 other similar items.
- 12 (i) "Loan secured by real property" means that 50% or more of
- 13 the aggregate value of the collateral used to secure a loan or
- 14 other obligation, when valued at fair market value as of the time
- 15 the original loan or obligation was incurred, was real property.
- 16 (j) "Merchant discount" means the fee or negotiated discount
- 17 charged to a merchant by the financial institution for the
- 18 privilege of participating in a program whereby a credit card is
- 19 accepted in payment for merchandise or services sold to the credit
- 20 card holder.
- 21 (k) "Michigan obligations" means a bond, note, or other
- 22 obligation issued by a governmental unit described in section 3 of
- 23 the shared credit rating act, 1985 PA 227, MCL 141.1053.
- 24 (1) "Participation" means an extension of credit in which an
- 25 undivided ownership interest is held on a pro rata basis in a
- 26 single loan or pool of loans and related collateral. In a loan
- 27 participation, the credit originator initially makes the loan and

- 1 then subsequently resells all or a portion of it to other lenders.
- 2 The participation may or may not be known to the borrower.
- 3 (m) "Principal base of operations", with respect to
- 4 transportation property, means the place of more or less permanent
- 5 nature from which said property is regularly directed or
- 6 controlled. With respect to an employee, the principal base of
- 7 operations means the place of more or less permanent nature from
- 8 which the employee regularly does any of the following:
- 9 (i) Starts his or her work and to which he or she customarily
- 10 returns in order to receive instructions from his or her employer.
- 11 (ii) Communicates with his or her customers or other persons.
- 12 (iii) Performs any other functions necessary to the exercise of
- 13 his or her trade or profession at some other point or points.
- (n) "Real property owned" and "tangible personal property
- 15 owned" mean real and tangible personal property respectively on
- 16 which the financial institution may claim depreciation for federal
- 17 income tax purposes or to which the financial institution holds
- 18 legal title and on which no other person may claim depreciation for
- 19 federal income tax purposes or could claim depreciation if subject
- 20 to federal income tax. Real and tangible personal properties do not
- 21 include coin, currency, or property acquired in lieu of or pursuant
- 22 to a foreclosure.
- (o) "Regular place of business" means an office at which the
- 24 financial institution carries on its business in a regular and
- 25 systematic manner and which is continuously maintained, occupied,
- 26 and used by employees of the financial institution. The financial
- 27 institution shall have the burden of proving that an investment

- 1 asset or activity or trading asset or activity was properly
- 2 assigned to a regular place of business outside of this state by
- 3 demonstrating that the day-to-day decisions regarding the asset or
- 4 activity occurred at a regular place of business outside this
- 5 state. Where the day-to-day decisions regarding an investment asset
- 6 or activity or trading asset or activity occur at more than 1
- 7 regular place of business and 1 such regular place of business is
- 8 in this state and 1 such regular place of business is outside this
- 9 state, such asset or activity shall be considered to be located at
- 10 the regular place of business of the financial institution where
- 11 the investment or trading policies or guidelines with respect to
- 12 the asset or activity are established. Unless the financial
- 13 institution demonstrates to the contrary, such policies and
- 14 guidelines shall be presumed to be established at the commercial
- 15 domicile of the financial institution.
- 17 locomotives, or other rail cars.
- 18 (q) "Syndication" means an extension of credit in which 2 or
- 19 more persons finance the credit and each person is at risk only up
- 20 to a specified percentage of the total extension of the credit or
- 21 up to a specified dollar amount.
- 22 (r) "Transportation property" means vehicles and vessels
- 23 capable of moving under their own power, such as aircraft, trains,
- 24 water vessels, and motor vehicles, as well as any equipment or
- 25 containers attached to such property, such as rolling stock,
- 26 barges, or trailers.
- 27 (s) "United States obligations" means all obligations of the

- 1 United States exempt from taxation under 31 USC 3124(a) or exempt
- 2 under the United States constitution or any federal statute,
- 3 including the obligations of any instrumentality or agency of the
- 4 United States that are exempt from state or local taxation under
- 5 the United States constitution or any statute of the United States.
- 6 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect January
- 7 1, 2012.

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