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House Bill 4123 (as reported without amendment)

Sponsor: Representative Roger Victory

House Committee: Judiciary Senate Committee: Judiciary

CONTENT

The bill would amend the Revised Judicature Act to specify that a liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) business would not be liable for damages for personal injury, death, or property damage arising from the sale, supplying, handling, transportation, or delivery of LPG if that activity were in compliance with all of the following:

- -- Rules promulgated under the Fire Prevention Code.
- -- Section 2 of Public Act 241 of 1959, which regulates the transfer of liquefied petroleum or carbonic gas, and other gas compounds, out of or into a stationary container.
- -- Rules promulgated under the Single State Construction Code Act.

If an LPG business did not comply with these standards, it would not be liable if the failure to comply were not a proximate cause of the personal injury, death, or property damage.

Immunity from liability under the bill would apply if the injury, death, or property damage were caused by either of the following:

- -- The alteration, modification, or repair of LPG equipment or an LPG gas appliance, unless the LPG business knew of or consented to that action.
- -- The use of LPG equipment or an LPG gas appliance in a manner or for a purpose other than the manner in which or purpose for which the equipment or appliance was intended to be used, unless the LPG business could reasonably have expected that use.

Immunity from liability under the bill would not apply to a manufacturer of LPG equipment.

The bill would take effect on July 1, 2013.

Proposed MCL 600.2977 Legislative Analyst: Glenn Steffens

FISCAL IMPACT

The bill would have no fiscal impact on State or local government.

Date Completed: 3-20-13 Fiscal Analyst: Dan O'Connor