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House Bill 4889 (Substitute H-2 as reported without amendment)

Sponsor: Representative Edward McBroom

House Committee: Criminal Justice

Senate Committee: Judiciary

CONTENT

The bill would amend the Code of Criminal Procedure to require points to be scored in the sentencing guidelines formula if an offense involved traveling into Michigan with a Schedule 1 or 2 controlled substance.

The sentencing guidelines include offense variables and prior record variables for which points must be scored to determine a range for a person's minimum sentence when he or she is convicted of a felony.

Offense Variable 15 is aggravated controlled substances offenses, and must be scored if certain factors apply. Under the bill, the sentencing court would have to score 50 points if the violation involved traveling from another state or country to Michigan while the offender possessed any mixture containing a Schedule 1 or Schedule 2 controlled substance.

The bill would take effect upon the 91st day after it was enacted.

MCL 777.45 Legislative Analyst: Patrick Affholter

FISCAL IMPACT

The bill would have an indeterminate negative fiscal impact on State and local government. There are no data to indicate how many offenders' sentences would be affected by the additional points. While the maximum sentence is set in statute and would be unchanged by the bill, by creating possible additional points in the offense variable category, the bill has the potential to increase minimum sentences. Judges use three factors in the sentencing guidelines to determine the recommended range of minimum sentences: the class of the offense, the prior record variables, and the offense variables. Scoring higher on the offense variable would cause the judge to move the offender several rows down in the sentencing grid, which likely means someone who otherwise would receive intermediate sanctions would instead go to prison, and someone who already would be going to prison would likely receive a longer minimum sentence. Additional prison sentences (instead of probation) and/or longer prison sentences would increase criminal justice costs for both State and local units.

Date Completed: 12-4-13 Fiscal Analyst: Dan O'Connor