HOUSE BILL No. 4895

July 18, 2013, Introduced by Reps. Kesto, Farrington, Callton, Yonker, Johnson, McBroom, MacGregor, McCready, Crawford, Haines, Heise, Hooker, Bumstead, Kowall, Cavanagh, Dianda and Kosowski and referred to the Committee on Criminal Justice.

A bill to amend 1931 PA 328, entitled "The Michigan penal code,"

by amending section 535 (MCL 750.535), as amended by 2006 PA 374.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- Sec. 535. (1) A person shall not buy, receive, possess, conceal, or aid in the concealment of stolen, embezzled, or converted money, goods, or property knowing, or having reason to know or reason to believe, that the money, goods, or property is stolen, embezzled, or converted.
 - (2) If any of the following apply, a person who violates subsection (1) is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 10 years or a fine of not more than \$15,000.00 or 3

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- 1 times the value of the property purchased, received, possessed, or
- 2 concealed, whichever is greater, or both imprisonment and a fine:
- 3 (a) The property purchased, received, possessed, or concealed
- 4 has a value of \$20,000.00 or more.
- 5 (b) The property purchased, received, possessed, or concealed
- 6 has a value of \$1,000.00 or more but less than \$20,000.00, and the
- 7 person has 2 or more prior convictions for committing or attempting
- 8 to commit an offense under this section. For purposes of this
- 9 subdivision, however, a prior conviction does not include a
- 10 conviction for a violation or attempted violation of subsection
- **11** (4)(b) or (5).
- 12 (3) If any of the following apply, a person who violates
- 13 subsection (1) is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for
- 14 not more than 5 years or a fine of not more than \$10,000.00 or 3
- 15 times the value of the property purchased, received, possessed, or
- 16 concealed, whichever is greater, or both imprisonment and a fine:
- 17 (a) The property purchased, received, possessed, or concealed
- 18 has a value of \$1,000.00 or more but less than \$20,000.00.
- 19 (b) The property purchased, received, possessed, or concealed
- 20 has a value of \$200.00 or more but less than \$1,000.00, and the
- 21 person has 1 or more prior convictions for committing or attempting
- 22 to commit an offense under this section. For purposes of this
- 23 subdivision, however, a prior conviction does not include a
- 24 conviction for a violation or attempted violation of subsection
- **25** (4)(b) or (5).
- 26 (4) If any of the following apply, a person who violates
- 27 subsection (1) is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by

- 1 imprisonment for not more than 1 year or a fine of not more than
- 2 \$2,000.00 or 3 times the value of the property purchased, received,
- 3 possessed, or concealed, whichever is greater, or both imprisonment
- 4 and a fine:
- 5 (a) The property purchased, received, possessed, or concealed
- 6 has a value of \$200.00 or more but less than \$1,000.00.
- 7 (b) The property purchased, received, possessed, or concealed
- 8 has a value of less than \$200.00, and the person has 1 or more
- 9 prior convictions for committing or attempting to commit an offense
- 10 under this section or a local ordinance substantially corresponding
- 11 to this section.
- 12 (5) If the property purchased, received, possessed, or
- 13 concealed has a value of less than \$200.00, a person who violates
- 14 subsection (1) is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by
- 15 imprisonment for not more than 93 days or a fine of not more than
- 16 \$500.00 or 3 times the value of the property purchased, received,
- 17 possessed, or concealed, whichever is greater, or both imprisonment
- 18 and a fine.
- 19 (6) The values of property purchased, received, possessed, or
- 20 concealed in separate incidents pursuant to a scheme or course of
- 21 conduct within any 12-month period may be aggregated to determine
- 22 the total value of property purchased, received, possessed, or
- 23 concealed.
- 24 (7) A person shall not buy, receive, possess, conceal, or aid
- 25 in the concealment of a stolen motor vehicle knowing, or having
- 26 reason to know or reason to believe, that the motor vehicle is
- 27 stolen, embezzled, or converted. A-EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION

- 1 (8), A person who violates this subsection is guilty of a felony
- 2 punishable by imprisonment for not more than 5 years or a fine of
- 3 not more than \$10,000.00 or 3 times the value of the motor vehicle
- 4 purchased, received, possessed, or concealed, whichever is greater,
- 5 or both imprisonment and a fine. A person who is charged with,
- 6 convicted of, or punished for a violation of this subsection shall
- 7 not be convicted of or punished for a violation of another
- 8 provision of this section arising from the purchase, receipt,
- 9 possession, concealment, or aiding in the concealment of the same
- 10 motor vehicle. This subsection does not prohibit the person from
- 11 being charged, convicted, or punished under any other applicable
- **12** law.
- 13 (8) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (7) AND HAS 1 OR MORE
- 14 PRIOR CONVICTIONS FOR COMMITTING OR ATTEMPTING TO COMMIT AN OFFENSE
- 15 UNDER THIS SECTION, OTHER THAN A VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (4) (B) OR
- 16 (5), IS GUILTY OF A FELONY PUNISHABLE BY IMPRISONMENT FOR NOT MORE
- 17 THAN 10 YEARS OR A FINE OF NOT MORE THAN \$15,000.00 OR 3 TIMES THE
- 18 VALUE OF THE VEHICLE PURCHASED, RECEIVED, POSSESSED, CONCEALED,
- 19 WHICHEVER IS GREATER, OR BOTH IMPRISONMENT AND A FINE.
- 20 (9) (8)—If the prosecuting attorney intends to seek an
- 21 enhanced sentence based upon the defendant having 1 or more prior
- 22 convictions, the prosecuting attorney shall include on the
- 23 complaint and information a statement listing the prior conviction
- 24 or convictions. The existence of the defendant's prior conviction
- 25 or convictions shall be determined by the court, without a jury, at
- 26 sentencing or at a separate hearing for that purpose before
- 27 sentencing. The existence of a prior conviction may be established

- 1 by any evidence relevant for that purpose, including, but not
- 2 limited to, 1 or more of the following:
- 3 (a) A copy of the judgment of conviction.
- 4 (b) A transcript of a prior trial, plea-taking, or sentencing.
- 5 (c) Information contained in a presentence report.
- 6 (d) The defendant's statement.
- 7 (10) (9) A person who is a dealer in or collector of
- 8 merchandise or personal property, or the agent, employee, or
- 9 representative of a dealer or collector of merchandise or personal
- 10 property who fails to reasonably inquire whether the person selling
- 11 or delivering the stolen, embezzled, or converted property to the
- 12 dealer or collector has a legal right to do so or who buys or
- 13 receives stolen, embezzled, or converted property that has a
- 14 registration, serial, or other identifying number altered or
- 15 obliterated on an external surface of the property, is presumed to
- 16 have bought or received the property knowing the property is
- 17 stolen, embezzled, or converted. This presumption is rebuttable.
- 18 (11) (10)—If the sentence for a conviction under this section
- 19 is enhanced by 1 or more prior convictions, those prior convictions
- 20 shall not be used to further enhance the sentence for the
- 21 conviction pursuant to section 10, 11, or 12 of chapter IX of the
- 22 code of criminal procedure, 1927 PA 175, MCL 769.10, 769.11, and
- **23** 769.12.
- 24 (12) (11)—It is not a defense to a charge under this section
- 25 that the property was not stolen, embezzled, or converted property
- 26 at the time of the violation if the property was explicitly
- 27 represented to the accused person as being stolen, embezzled, or

1 converted property.