HOUSE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 97

A bill to amend 1949 PA 300, entitled "Michigan vehicle code,"

by amending section 907 (MCL 257.907), as amended by 2011 PA 159.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 907. (1) A violation of this act, or a local ordinance
- 2 substantially corresponding to a provision of this act, that is
- 3 designated a civil infraction shall not be considered a lesser
- 4 included offense of a criminal offense.
- 5 (2) If a person is determined pursuant to UNDER sections 741
- 6 to 750 to be responsible or responsible "with explanation" for a
- 7 civil infraction under this act or a local ordinance substantially
- 8 corresponding to a provision of this act, the judge or district
- 9 court magistrate may order the person to pay a civil fine of not
- 10 more than \$100.00 and costs as provided in subsection (4). However,

- 1 beginning October 31, 2010, if the civil infraction was a moving
- 2 violation that resulted in an at-fault collision with another
- 3 vehicle, a person, or any other object, the civil fine ordered
- 4 under this section shall be increased by \$25.00 but the total civil
- 5 fine shall not exceed \$100.00. However, for a violation of section
- 6 602b, the person shall be ordered to pay costs as provided in
- 7 subsection (4) and a civil fine of \$100.00 for a first offense and
- 8 \$200.00 for a second or subsequent offense. For a violation of
- 9 section 674(1)(s) or a local ordinance substantially corresponding
- 10 to section 674(1)(s), the person shall be ordered to pay costs as
- 11 provided in subsection (4) and a civil fine of not less than
- 12 \$100.00 or more than \$250.00. For a violation of section 328, the
- 13 civil fine ordered under this subsection shall be not more than
- 14 \$50.00. For a violation of section 710d, the civil fine ordered
- 15 under this subsection shall not exceed \$10.00. For a violation of
- 16 section 710e, the civil fine and court costs ordered under this
- 17 subsection shall be \$25.00. For a violation of section 682 or a
- 18 local ordinance substantially corresponding to section 682, the
- 19 person shall be ordered to pay costs as provided in subsection (4)
- 20 and a civil fine of not less than \$100.00 or more than \$500.00. For
- 21 a violation of section 240, the civil fine ordered under this
- 22 subsection shall be \$15.00. For a violation of section 252a(1), the
- 23 civil fine ordered under this subsection shall be \$50.00. For a
- 24 violation of section 676a(3), the civil fine ordered under this
- 25 section shall be not more than \$10.00. For a first violation of
- 26 section 319f(1), the civil fine ordered under this section shall be
- 27 not less than \$2,500.00 or more than \$2,750.00; for a second or

- 1 subsequent violation, the civil fine shall be not less than
- 2 \$5,000.00 or more than \$5,500.00. For a violation of section
- 3 319g(1)(a), the civil fine ordered under this section shall be not
- 4 more than \$10,000.00. For a violation of section 319q(1)(q), the
- 5 civil fine ordered under this section shall be not less than
- 6 \$2,750.00 or more than \$25,000.00. Permission may be granted for
- 7 payment of a civil fine and costs to be made within a specified
- 8 period of time or in specified installments, but unless permission
- 9 is included in the order or judgment, the civil fine and costs
- 10 shall be payable immediately.
- 11 (3) Except as provided in this subsection, if a person is
- 12 determined to be responsible or responsible "with explanation" for
- 13 a civil infraction under this act or a local ordinance
- 14 substantially corresponding to a provision of this act while
- 15 driving a commercial motor vehicle, he or she shall be ordered to
- 16 pay costs as provided in subsection (4) and a civil fine of not
- 17 more than \$250.00.
- 18 (4) If a civil fine is ordered under subsection (2) or (3),
- 19 the judge or district court magistrate shall summarily tax and
- 20 determine the costs of the action, which are not limited to the
- 21 costs taxable in ordinary civil actions, and may include all
- 22 expenses, direct and indirect, to which the plaintiff has been put
- 23 in connection with the civil infraction, up to the entry of
- 24 judgment. Costs shall not be ordered in excess of \$100.00. A civil
- 25 fine ordered under subsection (2) or (3) shall not be waived unless
- 26 costs ordered under this subsection are waived. Except as otherwise
- 27 provided by law, costs are payable to the general fund of the

- 1 plaintiff.
- 2 (5) In addition to a civil fine and costs ordered under
- 3 subsection (2) or (3) and subsection (4) and the justice system
- 4 assessment ordered under subsection $\frac{(14)}{(13)}$, the judge or
- 5 district court magistrate may order the person to attend and
- 6 complete a program of treatment, education, or rehabilitation.
- 7 (6) A district court magistrate shall impose the sanctions
- 8 permitted under subsections (2), (3), and (5) only to the extent
- 9 expressly authorized by the chief judge or only judge of the
- 10 district court district.
- 11 (7) Each district of the district court and each municipal
- 12 court may establish a schedule of civil fines, costs, and
- 13 assessments to be imposed for civil infractions that occur within
- 14 the respective district or city. If a schedule is established, it
- 15 shall be prominently posted and readily available for public
- 16 inspection. A schedule need not include all violations that are
- 17 designated by law or ordinance as civil infractions. A schedule may
- 18 exclude cases on the basis of a defendant's prior record of civil
- 19 infractions or traffic offenses, or a combination of civil
- 20 infractions and traffic offenses.
- 21 (8) The state court administrator shall annually publish and
- 22 distribute to each district and court a recommended range of civil
- 23 fines and costs for first-time civil infractions. This
- 24 recommendation is not binding upon the courts having jurisdiction
- 25 over civil infractions but is intended to act as a normative quide
- 26 for judges and district court magistrates and a basis for public
- 27 evaluation of disparities in the imposition of civil fines and

- 1 costs throughout the state.
- 2 (9) If a person has received a civil infraction citation for

- 3 defective safety equipment on a vehicle under section 683, the
- 4 court shall waive a civil fine, costs, and assessments upon receipt
- 5 of certification by a law enforcement agency that repair of the
- 6 defective equipment was made before the appearance date on the
- 7 citation.
- 8 (10) A default in the payment of a civil fine or costs ordered
- 9 under subsection (2), (3), or (4) or a justice system assessment
- 10 ordered under subsection $\frac{(14)}{(13)}$, or an installment of the fine,
- 11 costs, or assessment, may be collected by a means authorized for
- 12 the enforcement of a judgment under chapter 40 of the revised
- 13 judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.4001 to 600.4065, or
- 14 under chapter 60 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA
- 15 236, MCL 600.6001 to 600.6098.
- 16 (11) If a person fails to comply with an order or judgment
- 17 issued pursuant to UNDER this section within the time prescribed by
- 18 the court, the driver's license of that person shall be suspended
- 19 pursuant to UNDER section 321a until full compliance with that
- 20 order or judgment occurs. In addition to this suspension, the court
- 21 may also proceed under section 908.
- 22 (12) The court shall MAY waive any civil fine, cost, or
- 23 assessment against a person who received a civil infraction
- 24 citation for a violation of section 710d if the person, before the
- 25 appearance date on the citation, supplies the court with evidence
- 26 of acquisition, purchase, or rental of a child seating system
- 27 meeting the requirements of section 710d.

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(13) Until October 1, 2003, in addition to any civil fines and
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    costs ordered to be paid under this section, the judge or district
    court magistrate shall levy an assessment of $5.00 for each civil
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    infraction determination, except for a parking violation or a
    violation for which the total fine and costs imposed are $10.00 or
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    less. An assessment paid before October 1, 2003 shall be
    transmitted by the clerk of the court to the state treasurer to be
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    deposited into the Michigan justice training fund. An assessment
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    ordered before October 1, 2003 but collected on or after October 1,
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    2003 shall be transmitted by the clerk of the court to the state
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    treasurer for deposit in the justice system fund created in section
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    181 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL
    600.181. An assessment levied under this subsection is not a civil
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    fine for purposes of section 909.
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          (13) (14) Effective October 1, 2003, in IN addition to any
    civil fines or costs ordered to be paid under this section, the
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    judge or district court magistrate shall order the defendant to pay
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    a justice system assessment of $40.00 for each civil infraction
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    determination, except for a parking violation or a violation for
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    which the total fine and costs imposed are $10.00 or less. Upon
    payment of the assessment, the clerk of the court shall transmit
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    the assessment collected to the state treasury to be deposited into
    the justice system fund created in section 181 of the revised
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    judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.181. An assessment
    levied under this subsection is not a civil fine for purposes of
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    section 909.
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(14) (15) If a person has received a citation for a violation

- 1 of section 223, the court shall waive any civil fine, costs, and
- 2 assessment, upon receipt of certification by a law enforcement
- 3 agency that the person, before the appearance date on the citation,
- 4 produced a valid registration certificate that was valid on the
- 5 date the violation of section 223 occurred.
- 6 (15) (16)—If a person has received a citation for a violation
- 7 of section 328(1) for failing to produce a certificate of insurance
- 8 pursuant to UNDER section 328(2), the court may waive the fee
- 9 described in section 328(3)(c) and shall waive any fine, costs, and
- 10 any other fee or assessment otherwise authorized under this act
- 11 upon receipt of verification by the court that the person, before
- 12 the appearance date on the citation, produced valid proof of
- 13 insurance that was in effect at the time the violation of section
- 14 328(1) occurred. Insurance obtained subsequent to the time of the
- 15 violation does not make the person eligible for a waiver under this
- 16 subsection.
- 17 (16) (17) As used in this section, "moving violation" means an
- 18 act or omission prohibited under this act or a local ordinance
- 19 substantially corresponding to this act that involves the operation
- 20 of a motor vehicle and for which a fine may be assessed.
- 21 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect upon the
- 22 expiration of 90 days after the date it is enacted into law.