## **HOUSE BILL No. 5969**

November 13, 2014, Introduced by Reps. VerHeulen, Kesto, Singh, Callton, Muxlow, Foster, Schmidt, Haines and Hobbs and referred to the Committee on Energy and Technology.

A bill to amend 1939 PA 3, entitled

"An act to provide for the regulation and control of public and certain private utilities and other services affected with a public interest within this state; to provide for alternative energy suppliers; to provide for licensing; to include municipally owned utilities and other providers of energy under certain provisions of this act; to create a public service commission and to prescribe and define its powers and duties; to abolish the Michigan public utilities commission and to confer the powers and duties vested by law on the public service commission; to provide for the continuance, transfer, and completion of certain matters and proceedings; to abolish automatic adjustment clauses; to prohibit certain rate increases without notice and hearing; to qualify residential energy conservation programs permitted under state law for certain federal exemption; to create a fund; to provide for a restructuring of the manner in which energy is provided in this state; to encourage the utilization of resource recovery facilities; to prohibit certain acts and practices of providers of energy; to allow for the securitization of stranded costs; to reduce rates; to provide for appeals; to provide appropriations; to declare the effect and purpose of this act; to prescribe remedies and penalties; and to repeal acts and parts of acts,"

by amending sections 6, 6s, and 10a (MCL 460.6, 460.6s, and 460.10a), section 6 as amended by 2005 PA 190 and section 6s as

added and section 10a as amended by 2008 PA 286.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 6. (1) The public service commission is vested with
- 2 complete power and jurisdiction to regulate all public utilities in
- 3 the state except a municipally owned utility, the owner of a
- 4 renewable resource power production facility as provided in section
- 5 6d, and except as otherwise restricted by law. The public service
- 6 commission is vested with the power and jurisdiction to regulate
- 7 all rates, fares, fees, charges, services, rules, conditions of
- 8 service, and all other matters pertaining to the formation,
- 9 operation, or direction of public utilities. The public service
- 10 commission is further granted the power and jurisdiction to hear
- 11 and pass upon all matters pertaining to, necessary, or incident to
- 12 the regulation of public utilities, including electric light and
- 13 power companies, whether private, corporate, or cooperative; water,
- 14 telegraph, oil, gas, and pipeline companies; motor carriers;
- 15 private wastewater treatment facilities; and all public
- 16 transportation and communication agencies other than railroads and
- 17 railroad companies.
- 18 (2) THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION SHALL CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING
- 19 CRITERIA WHEN MAKING DECISIONS REGARDING THE REGULATION OF PUBLIC
- 20 UTILITIES IN THIS STATE:
- 21 (A) KEEPING THE COST OF ENERGY OR OTHER SERVICES AFFORDABLE TO
- 22 HOUSEHOLDS AND BUSINESSES IN THIS STATE, CONSIDERING BOTH THE COST
- 23 OF THE SERVICE AND ANY EXTERNAL COSTS.
- 24 (B) REDUCING THE RISK AND UNCERTAINTY FOR RATEPAYERS,
- 25 INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:

- 1 (i) RISKS THAT RATES WILL RISE IN THE FUTURE BASED ON THE COST
- 2 OF FUEL OR OTHER INPUTS.
- 3 (ii) RISKS THAT CAPITAL INVESTMENTS WILL BE UNDERUSED,
- 4 INCREASING THE COSTS ALLOCATED TO RATEPAYERS.
- 5 (iii) RISKS THAT PROVIDING A SERVICE WILL RESULT IN HARM TO
- 6 PUBLIC HEALTH AND NATURAL RESOURCES.
- 7 (C) ESTABLISHING RATES THAT REQUIRE EACH CUSTOMER TO PAY THAT
- 8 CUSTOMER'S FAIR SHARE OF THE COST OF SERVICE. FOR ELECTRIC POWER,
- 9 THOSE RATES SHOULD BE BASED PRIMARILY ON THE TYPE OF CONNECTION TO
- 10 THE GRID AND THE TIMES AT WHICH POWER IS USED. RATES BASED ON
- 11 CLASSIFICATION OF CUSTOMER TYPES SHOULD BE REPLACED BY RATES BASED
- 12 ON ACTUAL SERVICES PROVIDED TO INDIVIDUAL CUSTOMERS.
- 13 (3) (2) A private, investor-owned wastewater utility may apply
- 14 to the commission for rate regulation. If an application is filed
- 15 under this subsection, the commission is vested with the specific
- 16 grant of jurisdictional authority to regulate the rates, fares,
- 17 fees, and charges of private, investor-owned wastewater utilities.
- 18 As used in this subsection, "private, investor-owned wastewater
- 19 utilities" means a utility that delivers wastewater treatment
- 20 services through a sewage system and the physical assets of which
- 21 are wholly owned by an individual or group of individual
- 22 shareholders.
- 23 Sec. 6s. (1) An electric utility that proposes to construct an
- 24 electric generation facility, make a significant investment in an
- 25 existing electric generation facility, purchase an existing
- 26 electric generation facility, or enter into a power purchase
- 27 agreement for the purchase of electric capacity for a period of 6

- 1 years or longer may SHALL submit an application to the commission
- 2 seeking a certificate of necessity for that EACH OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 3 (A) A POWER SUPPLY PLAN INCLUDING ALL INVESTMENTS TO BE MADE
- 4 OVER THE NEXT 3 YEARS TO MEET CURRENT AND FUTURE DEMAND FOR
- 5 ELECTRIC GENERATION AND TRANSMISSION FOR CUSTOMERS OF THAT ELECTRIC
- 6 UTILITY. THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION SHALL ESTABLISH A POWER
- 7 SUPPLY PLAN FILING SCHEDULE FOR ALL ELECTRIC UTILITIES PROVIDING
- 8 ELECTRIC SERVICE WITHIN THIS STATE. THE COMMISSION SHALL REQUIRE
- 9 EACH ELECTRIC UTILITY TO FILE ITS FIRST PLAN AFTER APPROVAL OF THAT
- 10 UTILITY'S FIRST ENERGY OPTIMIZATION PLAN FOLLOWING THE EFFECTIVE
- 11 DATE OF THE AMENDATORY ACT THAT ADDED THIS SUBDIVISION AND BEFORE
- 12 DECEMBER 31, 2017. AN ELECTRIC UTILITY SHALL SUBMIT A POWER SUPPLY
- 13 PLAN EVERY THIRD YEAR AFTER ITS INITIAL FILING.
- 14 (B) ANY construction, investment, or purchase NOT INCLUDED IN
- 15 AN APPLICATION SEEKING A CERTIFICATE OF NECESSITY UNDER SUBDIVISION
- 16 (A), if that construction, investment, or purchase costs
- 17 \$500,000,000.00 or more and a portion of the costs would be
- 18 allocable to retail customers in this state. A significant
- 19 investment in an electric generation facility includes a group of
- 20 investments reasonably planned to be made over a multiple year
- 21 period not to exceed 6 years for a singular purpose such as
- 22 increasing the capacity of an existing electric generation plant.
- 23 The commission shall not issue a certificate of necessity under
- 24 this section for any environmental upgrades to existing electric
- 25 generation facilities or for a renewable energy system.
- 26 (2) The commission may implement separate review criteria and
- 27 approval standards for electric utilities with less than 1,000,000

- 1 retail customers who seek a certificate of necessity for projects
- 2 costing less than \$500,000,000.00.
- 3 (3) An electric utility submitting an application under this
- 4 section may request 1 or more of the following:
- 5 (a) A certificate of necessity that the power to be supplied
- 6 as a result of the CONTINUED OPERATION OF AN EXISTING ELECTRIC
- 7 GENERATION FACILITY AND OF ANY proposed construction, investment,
- 8 or purchase is needed.
- 9 (b) A certificate of necessity that the size, fuel type, and
- 10 other design characteristics of the existing or proposed electric
- 11 generation facility or the terms of the power purchase agreement
- 12 represent the most reasonable and prudent means of meeting that
- 13 FUTURE power need. NEEDS AND MEET THE CRITERIA SET FORTH IN SECTION
- 14 6(2).
- 15 (c) A certificate of necessity that the price specified in the
- 16 power purchase agreement will be recovered in rates from the
- 17 electric utility's customers.
- 18 (d) A certificate of necessity that the estimated purchase or
- 19 capital costs of and the financing plan for the existing or
- 20 proposed electric generation facility, including, but not limited
- 21 to, the costs of siting and licensing a new facility and the
- 22 estimated cost of power from the new or proposed electric
- 23 generation facility, will be recoverable in rates from the electric
- 24 utility's customers subject to subsection (4)(c).
- 25 (4) Within 270 days of the filing of an application under this
- 26 section, the commission shall issue an order granting or denying
- 27 the requested certificate of necessity. The commission shall hold a

- 1 hearing on the application. The hearing shall be conducted as a
- 2 contested case pursuant to chapter 4 of the administrative
- 3 procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.271 to 24.287. The
- 4 commission shall allow intervention by interested persons.
- 5 Reasonable discovery shall be permitted before and during the
- 6 hearing in order to assist parties and interested persons in
- 7 obtaining evidence concerning the application, including, but not
- 8 limited to, the reasonableness and prudence of the construction,
- 9 investment, or purchase for which the certificate of necessity has
- 10 been requested. The commission shall grant the request if it
- 11 determines all of the following:
- 12 (a) That the electric utility has demonstrated a need for the
- 13 power that would be supplied by the existing or proposed electric
- 14 generation facility or pursuant to the proposed power purchase
- 15 agreement through its approved integrated resource plan that
- 16 complies with subsection  $\frac{(11)}{(10)}$ .
- 17 (b) The information supplied indicates that the existing or
- 18 proposed electric generation facility will comply with all
- 19 applicable state and federal environmental standards, laws, and
- 20 rules.
- 21 (c) The estimated cost of power from the existing or proposed
- 22 electric generation facility or the price of power specified in the
- 23 proposed power purchase agreement is reasonable. The commission
- 24 shall find that the cost is reasonable if, in the construction or
- 25 investment in a new or existing facility, to the extent it is
- 26 commercially practicable, the estimated costs are the result of
- 27 competitively bid engineering, procurement, and construction

- 1 contracts, or in a power purchase agreement, the cost is the result
- 2 of a competitive solicitation. Up to 150 days after an electric
- 3 utility makes its initial filing, it THE UTILITY may file to update
- 4 its cost estimates if they THOSE ESTIMATES have materially changed.
- 5 No other aspect of the initial filing may be modified unless the
- 6 application is withdrawn and refiled. A utility's filing updating
- 7 its cost estimates does not extend the period for the commission to
- 8 issue an order granting or denying a certificate of necessity. An
- 9 affiliate of an electric utility that serves customers in this
- 10 state and at least 1 other state may participate in the competitive
- 11 bidding to provide engineering, procurement, and construction
- 12 services to that electric utility for a project covered by this
- 13 section.
- 14 (d) The existing or proposed electric generation facility or
- 15 proposed power purchase agreement represents the most reasonable
- 16 and prudent means of meeting the power need relative to other
- 17 resource options for meeting power demand, including energy
- 18 efficiency programs and electric transmission efficiencies.
- 19 (e) To the extent practicable, the construction or investment
- 20 in a new or existing facility in this state is completed using a
- 21 workforce composed of residents of this state as determined by the
- 22 commission. This subdivision does not apply to a facility that is
- 23 located in a county that lies on the border with another state.
- 24 (5) The commission may consider any other costs or information
- 25 related to the costs associated with the power that would be
- 26 supplied by the existing or proposed electric generation facility
- 27 or pursuant to the proposed purchase agreement or alternatives to

- 1 the proposal raised by intervening parties.
- 2 (6) In a certificate of necessity under this section, the
- 3 commission shall specify the costs approved for the construction of
- 4 or significant investment in the electric generation facility, the
- 5 price approved for the purchase of the existing electric generation
- 6 facility, or the price approved for the purchase of power pursuant
- 7 to the terms of the power purchase agreement.
- 8 (7) The utility shall annually file, or more frequent if
- 9 required by the commission, reports to the commission regarding the
- 10 status of any project for which a certificate of necessity has been
- 11 granted under subsection (4), including an update concerning the
- 12 cost and schedule of that project.
- 13 (8) If the commission denies any of the relief requested by an
- 14 electric utility, the electric utility may withdraw its application
- 15 or proceed with the proposed construction, purchase, investment, or
- 16 power purchase agreement without a certificate and the assurances
- 17 granted under this section.
- 18 (8) (9) Once the electric generation facility or power
- 19 purchase agreement is considered used and useful or as otherwise
- 20 provided in subsection (12), the commission shall include in an
- 21 electric utility's retail rates all reasonable and prudent costs
- 22 for an electric generation facility or power purchase agreement for
- 23 which a certificate of necessity has been granted. The commission
- 24 shall not disallow recovery of costs an electric utility incurs in
- 25 constructing, investing in, or purchasing an electric generation
- 26 facility or in purchasing power pursuant to a power purchase
- 27 agreement for which a certificate of necessity has been granted, if

- 1 the costs do not exceed the costs approved by the commission in the
- 2 certificate. Once the electric generation facility or power
- 3 purchase agreement is considered used and useful or as otherwise
- 4 provided in subsection (12), the commission shall include in the
- 5 electric utility's retail rates costs actually incurred by the
- 6 electric utility that exceed the costs approved by the commission
- 7 only if the commission finds that the additional costs are
- 8 reasonable and prudent. If the actual costs incurred by the
- 9 electric utility exceed the costs approved by the commission, the
- 10 electric utility has the burden of proving by a preponderance of
- 11 the evidence that the costs are reasonable and prudent. The portion
- 12 of the cost of a plant, facility, or power purchase agreement which
- 13 exceeds 110% of the cost approved by the commission is presumed to
- 14 have been incurred due to a lack of prudence. The commission may
- include any or all of the portion of the cost in excess of 110% of
- 16 the cost approved by the commission if the commission finds by a
- 17 preponderance of the evidence that the costs were prudently
- 18 incurred.
- 19 (9) (10) Within 90 days of the effective date of the
- 20 amendatory act that added this section, the THE commission shall
- 21 adopt standard application filing forms and instructions for use in
- 22 all requests for a certificate of necessity under this section. THE
- 23 STANDARD APPLICATION FILING FORMS AND INSTRUCTIONS SHALL SPECIFY
- 24 THE METHODS BY WHICH A UTILITY MUST EVALUATE AND VALUE ANY EFFECTS
- 25 OF THE PROPOSED PLAN. The commission may, in its discretion, modify
- 26 the standard application filing forms and instructions adopted
- 27 under this section.

- 1 (10) (11) The commission shall establish standards for an
- 2 integrated resource plan that shall be filed by an electric utility
- 3 requesting a certificate of necessity under this section. An
- 4 integrated resource plan shall include all of the following:
- 5 (a) A long-term forecast of the electric utility's load growth
- 6 under various reasonable scenarios.
- 7 (b) The **NUMBER AND** type of generation technology proposed **TO**
- 8 MEET ELECTRIC DEMAND for the generation facility and the proposed
- 9 capacity of the generation facility, including projected fuel and
- 10 regulatory costs under various reasonable scenarios -INCLUDING BOTH
- 11 OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 12 (i) (c) Projected energy and capacity purchased or produced by
- 13 the electric utility pursuant to any renewable portfolio standard
- 14 AND ANY ADDITIONAL RENEWABLE ENERGY CAPACITY CONSTRUCTED OR
- 15 PROPOSED TO MEET FUTURE DEMAND.
- 16 (ii) (d) Projected energy efficiency program savings under any
- 17 energy efficiency program requirements, ANY ADDITIONAL ENERGY
- 18 EFFICIENCY INVESTMENTS MADE OR PROPOSED TO MEET FUTURE DEMAND, and
- 19 the projected costs for that program. THOSE PROGRAMS.
- 20 (C) (e)—Projected load management and demand response savings
- 21 for the electric utility and the projected costs for those
- 22 programs.
- 23 (D) (f)—An analysis of the availability and costs of other
- 24 electric resources that could REPLACE, defer, displace, or
- 25 partially displace the ANY proposed OR EXISTING generation facility
- 26 or purchased power agreement. , including THOSE RESOURCES MAY
- 27 INCLUDE additional renewable energy, energy efficiency programs,

- 1 load management, and demand response, beyond those amounts
- 2 contained in subdivisions (c) (B) to (e).
- **3 (E)** <del>(g)</del> Electric transmission options for the electric
- 4 utility.
- 5 (F) ALL INVESTMENTS NECESSARY TO MEET CURRENT AND ANTICIPATED
- 6 POWER SUPPLY FOR THE NEXT 20 YEARS.
- 7 (11) THE COMMISSION SHALL ESTABLISH A PROCESS FOR DEVELOPING
- 8 ALTERNATIVE SCENARIOS TO MEET FUTURE DEMAND TO BE MODELED BY THE
- 9 UTILITY. THAT PROCESS SHALL INCLUDE THE SUBMISSION OF PROPOSED
- 10 SCENARIOS BY INTERVENING PARTIES AND A REQUIREMENT FOR THE UTILITY
- 11 TO INCLUDE ANALYSIS OF AT LEAST A PORTION OF THOSE ALTERNATIVE
- 12 SCENARIOS AS PART OF THE UTILITY'S INTEGRATED RESOURCE PLAN.
- 13 (12) The commission shall allow financing interest cost
- 14 recovery in an electric utility's base rates on construction work
- 15 in progress for capital improvements approved under this section
- 16 prior to the assets being considered used and useful. Regardless of
- 17 whether or not the commission authorizes base rate treatment for
- 18 construction work in progress financing interest expense, an
- 19 electric utility shall be IS allowed to recognize, accrue, and
- 20 defer the allowance for funds used during construction related to
- 21 equity capital.
- 22 (13) AN ELECTRIC UTILITY SHALL NOT SPEND MORE THAN
- 23 \$10,000,000.00 ON PLANNING, ENGINEERING, AND PREPARING A COST
- 24 ESTIMATION BEFORE SEEKING A CERTIFICATE OF NECESSITY UNDER
- 25 SUBSECTION (1).
- 26 (14) <del>(13)</del> As used in this section, "renewable energy system"
- 27 means that term as defined in SECTION 11 OF the clean, renewable,

- 1 and efficient energy act, 2008 PA 295, MCL 460.1011.
- 2 Sec. 10a. (1) The commission shall issue orders establishing
- 3 the rates, terms, and conditions of service that allow all retail
- 4 customers of an electric utility or provider to choose an
- 5 alternative electric supplier. The orders shall do all of the
- 6 following:
- 7 (a) Provide that no more than 10% of an electric utility's
- 8 average weather-adjusted retail sales for the preceding calendar
- 9 year may take service from an alternative electric supplier at any
- 10 time.
- 11 (b) Set forth procedures necessary to administer and allocate
- 12 the amount of load that will be allowed to be served by alternative
- 13 electric suppliers, through the use of annual energy allotments
- 14 awarded on a calendar year basis, and shall provide, among other
- 15 things, that existing customers who are taking electric service
- 16 from an alternative electric supplier at a facility on the
- 17 effective date of the amendatory act that added this subdivision
- 18 OCTOBER 6, 2008 shall be given an allocated annual energy allotment
- 19 for that service at that facility, that customers seeking to expand
- 20 usage at a facility served through an alternative electric supplier
- 21 will be given next priority, with the remaining available load, if
- 22 any, allocated on a first-come first-served basis. The procedures
- 23 shall also provide how customer facilities will be defined for the
- 24 purpose of assigning the annual energy allotments to be allocated
- 25 under this section. The commission shall not allocate additional
- 26 annual energy allotments at any time when the total annual energy
- 27 allotments for the utility's distribution service territory is

- 1 greater than 10% of the utility's weather-adjusted retail sales in
- 2 the calendar year preceding the date of allocation. If the sales of
- 3 a utility are less in a subsequent year or if the energy usage of a
- 4 customer receiving electric service from an alternative electric
- 5 supplier exceeds its annual energy allotment for that facility,
- 6 that customer shall not be forced to purchase electricity from a
- 7 utility, but may purchase electricity from an alternative electric
- 8 supplier for that facility during that calendar year.
- 9 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section,
- 10 customers seeking to expand usage at a facility that has been
- 11 continuously served through an alternative electric supplier since
- 12 April 1, 2008 shall be permitted to purchase electricity from an
- 13 alternative electric supplier for both the existing and any
- 14 expanded load at that facility as well as any new facility
- 15 constructed or acquired after the effective date of the amendatory
- 16 act that added this subdivision OCTOBER 6, 2008 that is similar in
- 17 nature if the customer owns more than 50% of the new facility.
- 18 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any
- 19 customer operating an iron ore mining facility, iron ore processing
- 20 facility, or both, located in the Upper Peninsula of this state,
- 21 shall be permitted to purchase all or any portion of its THAT
- 22 CUSTOMER'S electricity from an alternative electric supplier,
- 23 regardless of whether the sales exceed 10% of the serving electric
- 24 utility's average weather-adjusted retail sales.
- 25 (2) The commission shall issue orders establishing a licensing
- 26 procedure for all alternative electric suppliers. To ensure
- 27 adequate service to customers in this state, the commission shall

- 1 require that an alternative electric supplier maintain an office
- 2 within this state, shall assure that an alternative electric
- 3 supplier has the necessary financial, managerial, and technical
- 4 capabilities, shall require that an alternative electric supplier
- 5 maintain records which THAT the commission considers necessary, and
- 6 shall ensure an alternative electric supplier's accessibility to
- 7 the commission, to consumers, and to electric utilities in this
- 8 state. The commission also shall require alternative electric
- 9 suppliers to agree that they will collect and remit to local units
- 10 of government all applicable users, sales, and use taxes. An
- 11 alternative electric supplier is not required to obtain any
- 12 certificate, license, or authorization from the commission other
- 13 than as required by this act.
- 14 (3) The commission shall issue orders to ensure that customers
- 15 in this state are not switched to another supplier or billed for
- 16 any services without the customer's consent.
- 17 (4) No later than December 2, 2000, the THE commission shall
- 18 establish a code of conduct that shall apply APPLIES to all
- 19 electric utilities. The code of conduct shall include, but is not
- 20 limited to, measures to prevent cross-subsidization, information
- 21 sharing, and preferential treatment, between a utility's regulated
- 22 and unregulated services, whether those services are provided by
- 23 the utility or the utility's affiliated entities. The code of
- 24 conduct established under this subsection shall also be applicable
- 25 APPLIES to electric utilities and alternative electric suppliers
- 26 consistent with section 10, this section, and sections 10b through

**27** 10cc.

- 1 (5) An electric utility may offer its customers an appliance
- 2 service program. Except as otherwise provided by this section, the
- 3 utility shall comply with the code of conduct established by the
- 4 commission under subsection (4). As used in this section,
- 5 "appliance service program" or "program" means a subscription
- 6 program for the repair and servicing of heating and cooling systems
- 7 or other appliances.
- **8** (6) A utility offering a program under subsection (5) shall do
- 9 all of the following:
- (a) Locate within a separate department of the utility or
- 11 affiliate within the utility's corporate structure the personnel
- 12 responsible for the day-to-day management of the program.
- 13 (b) Maintain separate books and records for the program,
- 14 access to which shall be made available to the commission upon
- 15 request.
- 16 (c) Not promote or market the program through the use of
- 17 utility billing inserts, printed messages on the utility's billing
- 18 materials, or other promotional materials included with customers'
- 19 utility bills.
- 20 (7) All costs directly attributable to an appliance service
- 21 program allowed under subsection (5) shall be allocated to the
- 22 program as required by this subsection. The direct and indirect
- 23 costs of employees, vehicles, equipment, office space, and other
- 24 facilities used in the appliance service program shall be allocated
- 25 to the program based upon the amount of use by the program as
- 26 compared to the total use of the employees, vehicles, equipment,
- 27 office space, and other facilities. The cost of the program shall

- 1 include administrative and general expense loading to be determined
- 2 in the same manner as the utility determines administrative and
- 3 general expense loading for all of the utility's regulated and
- 4 unregulated activities. A subsidy by a utility does not exist if
- 5 costs allocated as required by this subsection do not exceed the
- 6 revenue of the program.
- 7 (8) A utility may include charges for its appliance service
- 8 program on its monthly billings to its customers if the utility
- 9 complies with all of the following requirements:
- 10 (a) All costs associated with the billing process, including
- 11 the postage, envelopes, paper, and printing expenses, are allocated
- 12 as required under subsection (7).
- 13 (b) A customer's regulated utility service is not terminated
- 14 for nonpayment of the appliance service program portion of the
- **15** bill.
- 16 (c) Unless the customer directs otherwise in writing, a
- 17 partial payment by a customer is applied first to the bill for
- 18 regulated service.
- 19 (9) In marketing its appliance service program to the public,
- 20 a utility shall do all of the following:
- 21 (a) The list of customers receiving regulated service from the
- 22 utility shall be available to a provider of appliance repair
- 23 service upon request within 2 business days. The customer list
- 24 shall be provided in the same electronic format as such THE
- 25 information is provided to the appliance service program. A new
- 26 customer shall be added to the customer list within 1 business day
- 27 of the date the customer requested to turn on service.

- 1 (b) Appropriately allocate costs as required under subsection
- 2 (7) when personnel employed at a utility's call center provide
- 3 appliance service program marketing information to a prospective
- 4 customer.
- 5 (c) Prior to BEFORE enrolling a customer into the program, the
- 6 utility shall inform the potential customer of all of the
- 7 following:
- 8 (i) That appliance service programs may be available from
- 9 another provider.
- 10 (ii) That the appliance service program is not regulated by the
- 11 commission.
- 12 (iii) That a new customer shall have HAS 10 days after
- 13 enrollment to cancel his or her appliance service program contract
- 14 without penalty.
- 15 (iv) That the customer's regulated rates and conditions of
- 16 service provided by the utility are not affected by enrollment in
- 17 the program or by the decision of the customer to use the services
- 18 of another provider of appliance repair service.
- 19 (d) The utility name and logo may be used to market the
- 20 appliance service program provided that the program is not marketed
- 21 in conjunction with a regulated service. To the extent that IF a
- 22 program utilizes the utility's name and logo in marketing the
- 23 program, the program shall include language on all material
- 24 indicating that the program is not regulated by the commission.
- 25 Costs shall not be allocated to the program for the use of the
- 26 utility's name or logo.
- 27 (10) This section does not prohibit the commission from

- 1 requiring a utility to include revenues from an appliance service
- 2 program in establishing base rates. If the commission includes the
- 3 revenues of an appliance service program in determining a utility's
- 4 base rates, the commission shall also include all of the costs of
- 5 the program as determined under this section.
- 6 (11) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the code of
- 7 conduct with respect to an appliance service program shall not
- 8 require a utility to form a separate affiliate or division to
- 9 operate an appliance service program, impose further restrictions
- 10 on the sharing of employees, vehicles, equipment, office space, and
- 11 other facilities, or require the utility to provide other providers
- 12 of appliance repair service with access to utility employees,
- 13 vehicles, equipment, office space, or other facilities.
- 14 (12) This act does not prohibit or limit the right of a
- 15 MICROGRID OR person to obtain self-service power and does not
- 16 impose a transition, implementation, exit fee, or any other similar
- 17 charge on self-service power. A person AN ENTITY using self-service
- 18 power is not an electric supplier, electric utility, or a person
- 19 conducting an electric utility business. As used in this
- 20 subsection, "self-service power" means any of the following:
- 21 (a) Electricity generated and consumed at an industrial site
- 22 or contiguous industrial site or single commercial establishment or
- 23 single residence without the use of an electric utility's
- 24 transmission and distribution system.
- 25 (b) Electricity generated primarily by the use of by-product
- 26 fuels, including waste water solids, which electricity is consumed
- 27 as part of a contiguous facility, with the use of an electric

- 1 utility's transmission and distribution system, but only if the
- 2 point or points of receipt of the power within the facility are not
- 3 greater than 3 miles distant from the point of generation.
- 4 (c) A site or facility with load existing on June 5, 2000 that
- 5 is divided by an inland body of water or by a public highway, road,
- 6 or street but that otherwise meets this definition meets the
- 7 contiguous requirement of this subdivision regardless of whether
- 8 self-service power was being generated on June 5, 2000.
- 9 (d) A commercial or industrial facility or single residence
- 10 that meets the requirements of subdivision (a) or (b) meets this
- 11 definition whether or not the generation facility is owned by an
- 12 entity different from the owner of the commercial or industrial
- 13 site or single residence.
- 14 (13) This act does not prohibit or limit the right of a person
- 15 to engage in affiliate wheeling and does not impose a transition,
- 16 implementation, exit fee, or any other similar charge on a person
- 17 engaged in affiliate wheeling. As used in this section:
- 18 (a) "Affiliate" means a person or entity that directly, or
- 19 indirectly through 1 or more intermediates, controls, is controlled
- 20 by, or is under common control with another specified entity. As
- 21 used in this subdivision, "control" means, whether through an
- 22 ownership, beneficial, contractual, or equitable interest, the
- 23 possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or to
- 24 cause the direction of the management or policies of a person or
- 25 entity or the ownership of at least 7% of an entity either directly
- 26 or indirectly.
- 27 (b) "Affiliate wheeling" means a person's use of direct access

- 1 service where an electric utility delivers electricity generated at
- 2 a person's industrial site to that person or that person's
- 3 affiliate at a location, or general aggregated locations, within
- 4 this state that was either 1 of the following:
- 5 (i) For at least 90 days during the period from January 1, 1996
- 6 to October 1, 1999, supplied by self-service power, but only to the
- 7 extent of the capacity reserved or load served by self-service
- 8 power during the period.
- 9 <u>(ii) Capable of being supplied by a person's cogeneration</u>
- 10 capacity within this state that has had since January 1, 1996 a
- 11 rated capacity of 15 megawatts or less, was placed in service
- 12 before December 31, 1975, and has been in continuous service since
- 13 that date. A person engaging in affiliate wheeling is not an
- 14 electric supplier, an electric utility, or conducting an electric
- 15 utility business when a person engages in affiliate wheeling.
- 16 (14) The rights of parties to existing contracts and
- 17 agreements in effect as of January 1, 2000 between electric
- 18 utilities and qualifying facilities, including the right to have
- 19 the charges recovered from the customers of an electric utility, or
- 20 its successor, shall ARE not be abrogated, increased, or diminished
- 21 by this act, nor shall the receipt of any proceeds of the
- 22 securitization bonds by an electric utility be a basis for any
- 23 regulatory disallowance. Further, any securitization or financing
- 24 order issued by the commission that relates to a qualifying
- 25 facility's power purchase contract shall fully consider that
- 26 qualifying facility's legal and financial interests.
- 27 (15) A customer who THAT elects to receive service from an

- 1 alternative electric supplier may subsequently provide notice to
- 2 the electric utility of the customer's desire to receive standard
- 3 tariff service from the electric utility. The procedures in place
- 4 for each electric utility as of January 1, 2008 that set forth the
- 5 terms <del>pursuant to **UNDER**</del> which a customer receiving service from an
- 6 alternative electric supplier may return to full service from the
- 7 electric utility are ratified, and shall remain in effect, and may
- 8 be amended by the commission as needed. If an electric utility did
- 9 not have the procedures in place as of January 1, 2008, the
- 10 commission shall adopt those procedures.
- 11 (16) The commission shall authorize rates that will ensure
- 12 that an electric utility that offered retail open access service
- 13 from 2002 through the effective date of the amendatory act that
- 14 added this subsection OCTOBER 6, 2008 fully recovers its
- 15 restructuring costs and any associated accrued regulatory assets.
- 16 This includes, but is not limited to, implementation costs,
- 17 stranded costs, and costs authorized pursuant to UNDER section
- 18 10d(4) as it existed prior to the effective date of the amendatory
- 19 act that added this subsection, BEFORE OCTOBER 6, 2008 that have
- 20 been authorized for recovery by the commission in orders issued
- 21 prior to the effective date of the amendatory act that added this
- 22 subsection. BEFORE OCTOBER 6, 2008. The commission shall approve
- 23 surcharges that will ensure full recovery of all such costs within
- 24 5 years of the effective date of the amendatory act that added this
- 25 subsection.BY OCTOBER 6, 2013.
- 26 (17) WITHIN 270 DAYS OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE AMENDATORY
- 27 ACT THAT ADDED THIS SUBSECTION, THE COMMISSION SHALL ISSUE ORDERS

- 1 THAT ALLOW MUNICIPALLY OWNED ELECTRIC UTILITIES, ELECTRIC
- 2 UTILITIES, AND PRIVATE ENTITIES TO ESTABLISH MICROGRIDS WITHIN THIS
- 3 STATE. THE ORDER SHALL DO ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 4 (A) ALLOW THE ESTABLISHMENT OF MICROGRIDS TO SUPPORT 1 OR MORE
- 5 CRITICAL FACILITIES.
- 6 (B) ENSURE THAT INTERCONNECTIONS ARE UNIFORM ACROSS ALL
- 7 ELECTRIC UTILITIES AND THAT THOSE INTERCONNECTIONS FOLLOW THE
- 8 STANDARDS PROMULGATED BY THE COMMISSION, WHICH SHALL ALLOW FOR
- 9 MICROGRID OPERATIONS CONSISTENT WITH THIS ACT.
- 10 (C) ALLOW FOR THE OPERATION OF MICROGRIDS DURING AN EMERGENCY.
- 11 (D) ALLOW MICROGRIDS TO SERVE 1 OR MORE FACILITIES THAT ARE
- 12 NOT CRITICAL FACILITIES IF THOSE FACILITIES ARE ELECTRICALLY
- 13 CONTIGUOUS TO THE CRITICAL FACILITIES WHEN THE MICROGRID IS IN
- 14 ISLAND MODE.
- 15 (18) NOT LATER THAN JULY 1, 2016, THE COMMISSION SHALL ISSUE A
- 16 REPORT TO THE LEGISLATURE EVALUATING THE COSTS AND BENEFITS OF
- 17 USING MICROGRIDS TO PROVIDE ELECTRIC SERVICE TO CRITICAL
- 18 FACILITIES.
- 19 (19) BY DECEMBER 31, 2015, THE COMMISSION SHALL ISSUE A REPORT
- 20 TO THE GOVERNOR AND THE LEGISLATURE THAT ANALYZES THE RELIABILITY
- 21 OF THE ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS IN THIS STATE. THE REPORT
- 22 SHALL INCLUDE ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 23 (A) THE BEST TECHNICAL, ECONOMIC, AND REGULATORY APPROACH TO
- 24 ENSURE RELIABLE ELECTRIC SERVICE WHEN THE ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION
- 25 SYSTEMS IN THIS STATE ARE CONFRONTED WITH NATURAL DISASTERS AND
- 26 OTHER THREATS.
- 27 (B) THE STRUCTURAL, REGULATORY, LEGAL, OR OTHER BARRIERS IN

- 1 THIS STATE TO ADOPTING THOSE BEST PRACTICES IDENTIFIED IN
- 2 SUBDIVISION (A).
- 3 (C) THE BENEFITS AND COSTS OF THOSE BEST PRACTICES IDENTIFIED
- 4 IN SUBDIVISION (A).
- 5 (D) THE OPPORTUNITIES AND BARRIERS IN THIS STATE TO
- 6 IMPLEMENTING INNOVATIVE MULTITECHNOLOGY APPROACHES TO IMPROVE THE
- 7 RESILIENCE, EFFICIENCY, FUNCTIONALITY, AND PERFORMANCE OF THE
- 8 ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS IN THIS STATE.
- 9 (E) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS THAT COULD BE ADOPTED TO IMPROVE THE
- 10 RESILIENCE, EFFICIENCY, FUNCTIONALITY, AND PERFORMANCE OF THE
- 11 ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS IN THIS STATE.
- 12 (20) THE COMMISSION SHALL CONVENE AN ADVISORY PANEL TO ASSIST
- 13 IN PREPARING THE REPORT UNDER SUBSECTION (19). THE ADVISORY PANEL
- 14 SHALL CONSIST OF ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 15 (A) ONE INDIVIDUAL REPRESENTING INVESTOR-OWNED ELECTRIC
- 16 UTILITIES.
- 17 (B) ONE INDIVIDUAL REPRESENTING LOCAL UNITS OF GOVERNMENT.
- 18 (C) ONE INDIVIDUAL REPRESENTING MUNICIPALLY OWNED ELECTRIC
- 19 UTILITIES.
- 20 (D) ONE INDIVIDUAL REPRESENTING COOPERATIVE ELECTRIC
- 21 UTILITIES.
- 22 (E) ONE INDIVIDUAL REPRESENTING A STATEWIDE ENVIRONMENTAL
- 23 ORGANIZATION.
- 24 (F) ONE INDIVIDUAL REPRESENTING ELECTRIC CONSUMERS.
- 25 (G) ONE INDIVIDUAL REPRESENTING THE ENERGY INDUSTRY.
- 26 (H) ONE INDIVIDUAL REPRESENTING A STATEWIDE LABOR
- 27 ORGANIZATION.

- 1 (21) AS USED IN THIS SECTION:
- 2 (A) "AFFILIATE" MEANS A PERSON OR ENTITY THAT DIRECTLY, OR
- 3 INDIRECTLY THROUGH 1 OR MORE INTERMEDIATES, CONTROLS, IS CONTROLLED
- 4 BY, OR IS UNDER COMMON CONTROL WITH ANOTHER SPECIFIED ENTITY. AS
- 5 USED IN THIS SUBDIVISION, "CONTROL" MEANS, WHETHER THROUGH AN
- 6 OWNERSHIP, BENEFICIAL, CONTRACTUAL, OR EQUITABLE INTEREST, THE
- 7 POSSESSION, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, OF THE POWER TO DIRECT OR TO
- 8 CAUSE THE DIRECTION OF THE MANAGEMENT OR POLICIES OF A PERSON OR
- 9 ENTITY OR THE OWNERSHIP OF AT LEAST 7% OF AN ENTITY EITHER DIRECTLY
- 10 OR INDIRECTLY.
- 11 (B) "AFFILIATE WHEELING" MEANS A PERSON'S USE OF DIRECT ACCESS
- 12 SERVICE WHERE AN ELECTRIC UTILITY DELIVERS ELECTRICITY GENERATED AT
- 13 A PERSON'S INDUSTRIAL SITE TO THAT PERSON OR THAT PERSON'S
- 14 AFFILIATE AT A LOCATION, OR GENERAL AGGREGATED LOCATIONS, WITHIN
- 15 THIS STATE THAT WAS EITHER 1 OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 16 (i) FOR AT LEAST 90 DAYS DURING THE PERIOD FROM JANUARY 1, 1996
- 17 TO OCTOBER 1, 1999, SUPPLIED BY SELF-SERVICE POWER, BUT ONLY TO THE
- 18 EXTENT OF THE CAPACITY RESERVED OR LOAD SERVED BY SELF-SERVICE
- 19 POWER DURING THE PERIOD.
- 20 (ii) CAPABLE OF BEING SUPPLIED BY A PERSON'S COGENERATION
- 21 CAPACITY WITHIN THIS STATE THAT HAS HAD SINCE JANUARY 1, 1996 A
- 22 RATED CAPACITY OF 15 MEGAWATTS OR LESS, WAS PLACED IN SERVICE
- 23 BEFORE DECEMBER 31, 1975, AND HAS BEEN IN CONTINUOUS SERVICE SINCE
- 24 THAT DATE. A PERSON ENGAGING IN AFFILIATE WHEELING IS NOT AN
- 25 ELECTRIC SUPPLIER, AN ELECTRIC UTILITY, OR CONDUCTING AN ELECTRIC
- 26 UTILITY BUSINESS WHEN A PERSON ENGAGES IN AFFILIATE WHEELING.
- 27 (C) "APPLIANCE SERVICE PROGRAM" OR "PROGRAM" MEANS A

- 1 SUBSCRIPTION PROGRAM FOR THE REPAIR AND SERVICING OF HEATING AND
- 2 COOLING SYSTEMS OR OTHER APPLIANCES.
- 3 (D) "CRITICAL FACILITY" MEANS ANY HOSPITAL, POLICE STATION,
- 4 FIRE STATION, WATER TREATMENT PLANT, SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT, PUBLIC
- 5 SHELTER, CORRECTIONAL FACILITY, OR ANY OTHER FACILITY THE
- 6 COMMISSION DESIGNATES AS CRITICAL.
- 7 (E) "EMERGENCY" MEANS WHENEVER THE MACROGRID IS INOPERABLE OR
- 8 WHENEVER THE POWER QUALITY IN THE MACROGRID IS OUT OF
- 9 SPECIFICATIONS.
- 10 (F) "ISLAND MODE" MEANS THAT A MICROGRID IS IN A STATUS IN
- 11 WHICH LOADS AND ENERGY RESOURCES WITHIN THE MICROGRID ARE ABLE TO
- 12 OPERATE BUT POWER IS NOT EXCHANGED WITH THE UTILITY-OWNED
- 13 TRANSMISSION OR DISTRIBUTION NETWORK.
- 14 (G) "MICROGRID" MEANS A GROUP OF INTERCONNECTED LOADS AND
- 15 DISTRIBUTED ENERGY RESOURCES THAT ACTS AS A SINGLE CONTROLLABLE
- 16 ENTITY WITH RESPECT TO THE MACROGRID AND THAT CONNECTS AND
- 17 DISCONNECTS FROM THE MACROGRID TO ENABLE IT TO OPERATE IN GRID-
- 18 CONNECTED OR ISLAND MODE.
- 19 (22) (17) As used in subsections (1) and (15):
- 20 (a) "Customer" means the building or facilities served through
- 21 a single existing electric billing meter and does not mean the
- 22 person, corporation, partnership, association, governmental body,
- 23 or other entity owning or having possession of the building or
- 24 facilities.
- 25 (b) "Standard tariff service" means, for each regulated
- 26 electric utility, the retail rates, terms, and conditions of
- 27 service approved by the commission for service to customers who do

- 1 not elect to receive generation service from alternative electric
- 2 suppliers.