February 27, 2013, Introduced by Senator SMITH and referred to the Committee on Insurance.

A bill to amend 1956 PA 218, entitled "The insurance code of 1956," by amending section 2109 (MCL 500.2109).

4

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- Sec. 2109. (1) All rates for automobile insurance and home
 insurance TO WHICH THIS CHAPTER APPLIES shall be made in accordance
 with the following: provisions:
 - (a) Rates A RATE shall not be excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory. A rate shall not be held to be excessive unless the rate is unreasonably high for the insurance coverage provided and a reasonable degree of competition does not exist for the insurance to which the rate is applicable.
 - (b) A rate shall not be held to be inadequate unless the rate is unreasonably low for the insurance coverage provided and the continued use of the rate endangers the solvency of the insurer; or

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- 1 unless the rate is unreasonably low for the insurance provided and
- 2 the use of the rate has or will have the effect of destroying
- 3 competition among insurers, creating a monopoly, or causing a kind
- 4 of insurance to be unavailable to a significant number of
- 5 applicants who are in good faith entitled to procure that insurance
- 6 through ordinary methods.
- 7 (c) A rate for a coverage is unfairly discriminatory in
- 8 relation to another rate for the same coverage if the differential
- 9 between the rates is not reasonably justified by differences in
- 10 losses, expenses, or both, or by differences in the uncertainty of
- 11 loss, for the individuals or risks to which the rates apply. A-TO
- 12 BE HELD reasonable UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION, A justification shall
- 13 MUST be supported by a reasonable classification system; by sound
- 14 actuarial principles when IF applicable; and by actual and credible
- 15 loss and expense statistics or, in the case of FOR new coverages
- 16 and classifications, by reasonably anticipated loss and expense
- 17 experience. A rate is not unfairly discriminatory UNDER THIS
- 18 SUBDIVISION because it reflects differences in expenses for
- 19 individuals or risks with similar anticipated losses, or because it
- 20 reflects differences in losses for individuals or risks with
- 21 similar expenses.
- 22 (2) A determination concerning the existence of a reasonable
- 23 degree of competition with respect to UNDER subsection (1)(a) shall
- 24 MUST take into account a reasonable spectrum of relevant economic
- 25 tests, including the number of insurers actively engaged in writing
- 26 the insurance in question, the present availability of such THE
- 27 insurance compared to its availability in comparable past periods,

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- 1 the underwriting return of that THE insurance over a period of time
- 2 sufficient to assure reliability in relation to the risk associated
- 3 with that THE insurance, and the difficulty encountered by new
- 4 insurers in entering the market in order to compete for the writing
- 5 of that THE insurance.
- 6 (3) ALL RATES FOR AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE TO WHICH THIS CHAPTER
- 7 APPLIES SHALL BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING:
- 8 (A) A RATE SHALL NOT BE EXCESSIVE. A RATE IS EXCESSIVE IF IT
- 9 IS LIKELY TO PRODUCE A PROFIT THAT IS UNREASONABLY HIGH IN RELATION
- 10 TO THE RISK INVOLVED OR IF THE COST OF THE INSURANCE IS
- 11 UNREASONABLY HIGH IN RELATION TO SERVICES RENDERED.
- 12 (B) A RATE SHALL NOT BE INADEQUATE. A RATE IS INADEQUATE IF
- 13 EITHER OF THE FOLLOWING APPLIES:
- 14 (i) THE RATE IS CLEARLY INSUFFICIENT, WHEN COMBINED WITH THE
- 15 INVESTMENT INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE RATE, TO SUSTAIN PROJECTED
- 16 LOSSES AND EXPENSE.
- 17 (ii) AS TO THE PREMIUM CHARGED TO A RISK, DISCOUNTS OR CREDITS
- 18 ARE ALLOWED THAT EXCEED A REASONABLE REFLECTION OF EXPENSE SAVINGS
- 19 AND REASONABLY EXPECTED LOSS EXPERIENCE FROM THE RISK.
- 20 (C) A RATE SHALL NOT BE UNFAIRLY DISCRIMINATORY. A RATE IS
- 21 UNFAIRLY DISCRIMINATORY AS TO A RISK IF THE APPLICATION OF PREMIUM
- 22 DISCOUNTS, CREDITS, OR SURCHARGES TO THE RISK DOES NOT BEAR A
- 23 REASONABLE RELATIONSHIP TO THE EXPECTED LOSS AND EXPENSE
- 24 EXPERIENCE.