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SENATE BILL No. 322

April 17, 2013, Introduced by Senators HOPGOOD, WHITMER, JOHNSON, YOUNG, WARREN, GREGORY and HOOD and referred to the Committee on Energy and Technology.

A bill to amend 2008 PA 295, entitled

"Clean, renewable, and efficient energy act,"

by amending sections 21, 27, 31, 45, 47, and 49 (MCL 460.1021, 460.1027, 460.1031, 460.1045, 460.1047, and 460.1049).

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- Sec. 21. (1) This section applies only to electric providers
 whose rates are regulated by the commission.
 - (2) Each electric provider shall file a proposed renewable energy plan with the commission within 90 days after the commission issues a temporary order under section 171. 191. The proposed plan shall meet all of the following requirements:
 - (a) Describe how the electric provider will meet the renewable energy standards.
 - (b) Specify whether the number of megawatt hours of

- 1 electricity used in the calculation of the renewable energy credit
- 2 portfolio will be weather-normalized or based on the average number
- 3 of megawatt hours of electricity sold by the electric provider
- 4 annually during the previous 3 years to retail customers in this
- 5 state. Once the plan is approved by the commission, this option
- 6 shall not be changed.
- 7 (c) Include the expected incremental cost of compliance with
- 8 the renewable energy standards for a 20-year 27-YEAR period
- 9 beginning when the plan is approved by the commission. NOT LATER
- 10 THAN 1 YEAR AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE 2013 AMENDATORY ACT
- 11 THAT AMENDED THIS SECTION, EACH ELECTRIC PROVIDER SHALL FILE WITH
- 12 THE COMMISSION A PLAN AMENDMENT TO COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF
- 13 THIS SUBDIVISION.
- 14 (d) For an electric provider that had 1,000,000 or more retail
- 15 customers in this state on January 1, 2008, describe the bidding
- 16 process to be used by the electric provider under section 33. The
- 17 description shall include measures to be employed in the
- 18 preparation of requests for proposals and the handling and
- 19 evaluation of proposals received to ensure that any bidder that is
- 20 an affiliate of the electric utility PROVIDER is not afforded a
- 21 competitive advantage over any other bidder and that each bidder,
- 22 including any bidder that is an affiliate of the electric provider,
- 23 is treated in a fair and nondiscriminatory manner.
- 24 (3) The proposed plan shall establish a nonvolumetric
- 25 mechanism for the recovery of the incremental costs of compliance
- 26 within the electric provider's customer rates. The revenue recovery
- 27 mechanism shall not result in rate impacts that exceed the monthly

- 1 maximum retail rate impacts specified under section 45. The revenue
- 2 recovery mechanism is subject to adjustment under sections 47(4)
- 3 and 49. A customer participating in a commission-approved voluntary
- 4 renewable energy program under an agreement in effect on the
- 5 effective date of this act OCTOBER 6, 2008 shall not incur charges
- 6 under the revenue recovery mechanism unless EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT
- 7 THAT the charges under the revenue recovery mechanism exceed the
- 8 charges the customer is incurring for the voluntary renewable
- 9 energy program. In that case, the customer shall only incur the
- 10 difference between the charge assessed under the revenue recovery
- 11 mechanism and the charges the customer is incurring for the
- 12 voluntary renewable energy program. The limitation on charges
- 13 applies only during the term of the agreement, not including
- 14 automatic agreement renewals, or until 1 year after the effective
- 15 date of this act, OCTOBER 6, 2009, whichever is later. Before
- 16 entering an agreement with a customer to participate in a
- 17 commission-approved voluntary renewable energy program and before
- 18 the last automatic monthly renewal of such an agreement that will
- 19 occur less than 1 year after the effective date of this act, BEFORE
- 20 OCTOBER 6, 2009, an electric provider shall notify the customer
- 21 that the customer will be responsible for the full applicable
- 22 charges under the revenue recovery mechanism and under the
- voluntary renewable energy program as provided under this
- 24 subsection.
- 25 (4) If proposed by the electric provider in its proposed plan,
- 26 the revenue recovery mechanism shall result in an accumulation of
- 27 reserve funds in advance of expenditure and the creation of a

- 1 regulatory liability that accrues interest at the average short-
- 2 term borrowing rate available to the electric provider during the
- 3 appropriate period. If proposed by the electric provider in its
- 4 proposed plan, the commission shall establish a minimum balance of
- 5 accumulated reserve funds for the purposes of section 47(4).
- 6 (5) The commission shall conduct a contested case hearing on
- 7 the proposed plan filed under subsection (2), pursuant to the
- 8 administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to
- 9 24.328. If a renewable energy generator files a petition to
- 10 intervene in the contested case in the manner prescribed by the
- 11 commission's rules for interventions generally, the commission
- 12 shall grant the petition. Subject to subsections (6) and (10),
- 13 after the hearing and within 90 days after the proposed plan is
- 14 filed with the commission, the commission shall approve, with any
- 15 changes consented to by the electric provider, or reject the plan.
- 16 (6) The commission shall not approve an electric provider's
- 17 plan unless the commission determines both of the following:
- 18 (a) That the plan is reasonable and prudent. In making this
- 19 determination, the commission shall take into consideration
- 20 projected costs and whether or not projected costs included in
- 21 prior plans were exceeded.
- 22 (b) That the life-cycle cost of renewable energy acquired or
- 23 generated under the plan less the projected life-cycle net savings
- 24 associated with the provider's energy optimization plan does not
- 25 exceed the expected life-cycle cost of electricity generated by a
- 26 new conventional coal-fired facility. In determining the expected
- 27 life-cycle cost of electricity generated by a new conventional

- 1 coal-fired facility, MAKING THIS DETERMINATION, the commission
- 2 shall consider data from this state and the states of Ohio,
- 3 Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, and Minnesota, including , if
- 4 applicable, the life-cycle costs of the renewable energy system and
- 5 new conventional coal-fired facilities. When determining the life-
- 6 cycle costs of the renewable energy system and new conventional
- 7 coal-fired facilities, the commission shall use a methodology that
- 8 includes, but is not limited to, consideration of the value of
- 9 energy, capacity, and ancillary services. The commission shall also
- 10 consider other costs such as transmission, economic benefits, and
- 11 environmental costs, including, but not limited to, greenhouse gas
- 12 constraints or taxes. In performing its assessment, the commission
- 13 may utilize other available data, including national or regional
- 14 reports and data published by federal or state governmental
- 15 agencies, industry associations, and consumer groups.
- 16 (7) An electric provider shall not begin recovery of the
- 17 incremental costs of compliance within its rates until the
- 18 commission has approved its proposed plan.
- 19 (8) Every 2 years after initial approval of a plan under
- 20 subsection (5), the commission shall review the plan. The
- 21 commission shall conduct a contested case hearing on the plan
- 22 pursuant to the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306,
- 23 MCL 24.201 to 24.328. The annual renewable cost reconciliation
- 24 under section 49 for that year may be joined with the overall plan
- 25 review in the same contested case hearing. Subject to subsections
- 26 (6) and (10), after the hearing, the commission shall approve, with
- 27 any changes consented to by the electric provider, or reject the

- 1 plan and any proposed amendments to the plan.
- 2 (9) If an electric provider proposes to amend its plan at a
- 3 time other than during the biennial review process under subsection
- 4 (8), the electric provider shall file the proposed amendment with
- 5 the commission. If the proposed amendment would modify the revenue
- 6 recovery mechanism, the commission shall conduct a contested case
- 7 hearing on the amendment pursuant to the administrative procedures
- 8 act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328. The annual
- 9 renewable cost reconciliation under section 49 may be joined with
- 10 the plan amendment in the same contested case proceeding. Subject
- 11 to subsections (6) and (10), after the hearing and within 90 days
- 12 after the amendment is filed, the commission shall approve, with
- 13 any changes consented to by the electric provider, or reject the
- 14 plan and the proposed amendment or amendments to the plan.
- 15 (10) If the commission rejects a proposed plan or amendment
- 16 under this section, the commission shall explain in writing the
- 17 reasons for its determination.
- 18 Sec. 27. (1) Subject to sections 31 and 45, and in addition to
- 19 the requirements of subsection (3), an electric provider that is an
- 20 electric utility with 1,000,000 or more retail customers in this
- 21 state as of January 1, 2008 shall achieve a renewable energy
- 22 capacity portfolio of not less than the following:
- 23 (a) For an electric provider with more than 1,000,000 but less
- 24 than 2,000,000 retail electric customers in this state on January
- 25 1, 2008, a renewable energy capacity portfolio of 200 megawatts by
- 26 December 31, 2013 and 500 megawatts by December 31, 2015.
- (b) For an electric provider with more than 2,000,000 retail

- 1 electric customers in this state on January 1, 2008, a renewable
- 2 energy capacity portfolio of 300 megawatts by December 31, 2013 and
- 3 600 megawatts by December 31, 2015.
- 4 (2) An electric provider's renewable energy capacity portfolio
- 5 shall be calculated by adding the following:
- 6 (a) The nameplate capacity in megawatts of renewable energy
- 7 systems owned by the electric provider that were not in commercial
- 8 operation before the effective date of this act OCTOBER 6, 2008.
- 9 (b) The capacity in megawatts of renewable energy that the
- 10 electric provider is entitled to purchase under contracts that were
- 11 not in effect before the effective date of this act OCTOBER 6,
- 12 2008.
- 13 (3) Subject to sections 31 and 45, an electric provider shall
- 14 achieve a renewable energy credit portfolio as follows:
- 15 (a) In 2012, 2013, 2014, and 2015, a renewable energy credit
- 16 portfolio based on the sum of the following:
- 17 (i) The number of renewable energy credits from electricity
- 18 generated in the 1-year period preceding the effective date of this
- 19 act OCTOBER 6, 2008 that would have been transferred to the
- 20 electric provider pursuant to section 35(1), if this act had been
- 21 in effect during that 1-year period.
- 22 (ii) The number of renewable energy credits equal to the number
- 23 of megawatt hours of electricity produced or obtained by the
- 24 electric provider in the 1-year period preceding the effective date
- 25 of this act OCTOBER 6, 2008 from renewable energy systems for which
- 26 recovery in electric rates was approved on the effective date of
- 27 this act AS OF OCTOBER 6, 2008.

- 1 (iii) Renewable energy credits in an amount calculated as
- 2 follows:
- 3 (A) Taking into account the number of renewable energy credits
- 4 under subparagraphs (i) and (ii), determine the number of additional
- 5 renewable energy credits that the electric provider would need to
- 6 reach a 10%—renewable energy CREDIT portfolio in that year EQUAL TO
- 7 10% OF THE NUMBER OF MEGAWATT HOURS PROVIDED BY THE ELECTRIC
- 8 PROVIDER AS DETERMINED FOR THAT YEAR SUBJECT TO SECTION 21(2)(B).
- 9 (B) Multiply the number under sub-subparagraph (A) by 20% for
- 10 2012, 33% for 2013, 50% for 2014, and 100% for 2015.
- 11 (b) In 2016 and each year thereafter THROUGH 2021, maintain a
- 12 renewable energy credit portfolio that consists of at least the
- 13 same number of renewable energy credits as were required in 2015
- 14 under subdivision (a).
- 15 (C) IN 2022, A RENEWABLE ENERGY CREDIT PORTFOLIO BASED ON THE
- 16 SUM OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 17 (i) THE TOTAL NUMBER OF RENEWABLE ENERGY CREDITS UNDER
- 18 SUBDIVISION (A) (i) AND (ii).
- 19 (ii) TAKING INTO ACCOUNT THE NUMBER OF RENEWABLE ENERGY CREDITS
- 20 UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (i), THE NUMBER OF ADDITIONAL RENEWABLE ENERGY
- 21 CREDITS THAT THE ELECTRIC PROVIDER NEEDS TO REACH A RENEWABLE
- 22 ENERGY CREDIT PORTFOLIO IN THAT YEAR EQUAL TO 22% OF THE NUMBER OF
- 23 MEGAWATT HOURS OF ELECTRICITY PROVIDED BY THE ELECTRIC PROVIDER AS
- 24 DETERMINED FOR THAT YEAR SUBJECT TO SECTION 21(2)(B).
- 25 (D) IN 2023 AND EACH YEAR THEREAFTER, MAINTAIN A RENEWABLE
- 26 ENERGY CREDIT PORTFOLIO THAT CONSISTS OF AT LEAST THE SAME NUMBER
- 27 OF RENEWABLE ENERGY CREDITS AS WERE REQUIRED IN 2022 UNDER

1 SUBDIVISION (C).

- 2 (4) An electric provider's renewable energy credit portfolio
- 3 shall be calculated as follows:
- 4 (a) Determine the number of renewable energy credits used to
- 5 comply with this subpart during the applicable year.
- 6 (b) Divide by 1 of the following at the option of the electric
- 7 provider as specified in its renewable energy plan:
- 8 (i) The number of weather-normalized megawatt hours of
- 9 electricity sold by the electric provider during the previous year
- 10 to retail customers in this state.
- 11 (ii) The average number of megawatt hours of electricity sold
- 12 by the electric provider annually during the previous 3 years to
- 13 retail customers in this state.
- 14 (c) Multiply the quotient under subdivision (b) by 100.
- 15 (5) Subject to subsection (6), each electric provider shall
- 16 meet the renewable energy credit standards with renewable energy
- 17 credits obtained by 1 or more of the following means:
- 18 (a) Generating electricity from renewable energy systems for
- 19 sale to retail customers.
- 20 (b) Purchasing or otherwise acquiring renewable energy credits
- 21 with or without the associated renewable energy.
- 22 (6) An electric provider may substitute energy optimization
- 23 credits, advanced cleaner energy credits with or without the
- 24 associated advanced cleaner energy, or a combination thereof for
- 25 renewable energy credits otherwise required to meet the renewable
- 26 energy credit standards if the substitution is approved by the
- 27 commission. However, commission approval is not required to

- 1 substitute advanced cleaner energy from industrial cogeneration for
- 2 renewable energy credits. The commission shall not approve a
- 3 substitution unless the commission determines that the substitution
- 4 is cost-effective compared to other sources of renewable energy
- 5 credits and, if the substitution involves advanced cleaner energy
- 6 credits, that the advanced cleaner energy system provides carbon
- 7 dioxide emissions benefits. In determining whether the substitution
- 8 of advanced cleaner energy credits is cost-effective, the
- 9 commission shall include as part of the costs of the system the
- 10 environmental costs attributed to the advanced cleaner energy
- 11 system, including the costs of environmental control equipment or
- 12 greenhouse gas constraints or taxes. The commission's
- 13 determinations shall be made after a contested case hearing that
- 14 includes consultation with the department of environmental quality
- 15 on the issue of carbon dioxide emissions benefits, if relevant, and
- 16 environmental costs.
- 17 (7) Under subsection (6), energy optimization credits,
- 18 advanced cleaner energy credits, or a combination thereof shall not
- 19 be used by a provider to meet more than 10% of the renewable energy
- 20 credit standards. Advanced cleaner energy from advanced cleaner
- 21 energy systems in existence on January 1, 2008 shall not be used by
- 22 a provider to meet more than 70% of this 10% limit. This 10% limit
- 23 does not apply to advanced cleaner energy credits from plasma arc
- 24 gasification.
- 25 (8) Substitutions under subsection (6) shall be made at the
- 26 following rates per renewable energy credit:
- 27 (a) One energy optimization credit.

- 1 (b) One advanced cleaner energy credit from plasma arc
- 2 gasification or industrial cogeneration.
- 3 (c) Ten advanced cleaner energy credits other than from plasma
- 4 arc gasification or industrial cogeneration.
- 5 Sec. 31. (1) Upon petition by an electric provider, the
- 6 commission may for good cause grant 2 extensions of the 2015 AND 2
- 7 EXTENSIONS OF THE 2022 renewable energy standard deadline under
- 8 section 27. Each extension shall be for up to 1 year.
- 9 (2) If 2 extensions of the 2015 OR 2 EXTENSIONS OF THE 2022
- 10 renewable energy standard deadline have been granted to an electric
- 11 provider under subsection (1), upon subsequent petition by the
- 12 electric provider at least 3 months before the expiration of the
- 13 second extended EXTENSION OF THAT deadline, the commission shall,
- 14 after consideration of prior extension requests under this section
- 15 and for good cause, establish a revised renewable energy standard
- 16 attainable by the electric provider. If the electric provider
- 17 achieves the revised renewable energy standard, the provider is
- 18 considered to be in compliance with THE RENEWABLE ENERGY STANDARD
- 19 OTHERWISE REQUIRED TO BE ACHIEVED UNDER this subpart BY THAT
- 20 DEADLINE.
- 21 (3) An electric provider that makes a good faith effort to
- 22 spend the full amount of incremental costs of compliance as
- 23 outlined in its approved renewable energy plan and that complies
- 24 with its approved plan, subject to any approved extensions or
- 25 revisions, AND, IF THE PROVIDER'S RATES ARE REGULATED BY THE
- 26 COMMISSION, MAKES A GOOD-FAITH EFFORT TO SPEND THE FULL AMOUNT OF
- 27 THE EXPECTED INCREMENTAL COSTS OF COMPLIANCE AS SET FORTH IN THE

- 1 PLAN shall be considered to be in compliance with this subpart.
- 2 (4) As used in this section, "good cause" includes, but is not
- 3 limited to, the electric provider's inability, as determined by the
- 4 commission, to meet a renewable energy standard because of a
- 5 renewable energy system feasibility limitation including, but not
- 6 limited to, any of the following:
- 7 (a) Renewable energy system site requirements, zoning, siting,
- 8 land use issues, permits, including environmental permits, any
- 9 certificate of need NECESSITY process under section 6s of 1939 PA
- 10 3, MCL 460.6s, or any other necessary governmental approvals that
- 11 effectively limit availability of renewable energy systems, if the
- 12 electric provider exercised reasonable diligence in attempting to
- 13 secure the necessary governmental approvals. For purposes of this
- 14 subdivision, "reasonable diligence" includes, but is not limited
- 15 to, submitting timely applications for the necessary governmental
- 16 approvals and making good faith efforts to ensure that the
- 17 applications are administratively complete and technically
- 18 sufficient.
- 19 (b) Equipment cost or availability issues including electrical
- 20 equipment or renewable energy system component shortages or high
- 21 costs that HIGH COSTS OF OR SHORTAGES OF RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEM
- 22 COMPONENTS OR ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT IF THE HIGH COSTS OR SHORTAGES
- 23 effectively limit availability of renewable energy systems.
- 24 (c) Cost, availability, or time requirements for electric
- 25 transmission and interconnection.
- 26 (d) Projected or actual unfavorable electric system
- 27 reliability or operational impacts.

- (e) Labor shortages that effectively limit availability of
 renewable energy systems.
- 3 (f) An order of a court of competent jurisdiction that
- 4 effectively limits the availability of renewable energy systems.
- 5 Sec. 45. (1) For an electric provider whose rates are
- 6 regulated by the commission, the commission shall determine the
- 7 appropriate charges for the electric provider's tariffs that permit
- 8 recovery of the incremental cost of compliance subject to the
- 9 retail rate impact limits set forth in subsection (2).
- 10 (2) An electric provider shall recover the incremental cost of
- 11 compliance with the renewable energy standards by an itemized
- 12 charge on the customer's bill for billing periods beginning not
- 13 earlier than 90 days after the commission approves the electric
- 14 provider's renewable energy plan under section 21 or 23 or
- 15 determines under section 25 that the plan complies with this act.
- 16 An electric provider shall not comply with the renewable energy
- 17 standards to the extent that, as determined by the commission,
- 18 recovery of the incremental cost of compliance will have a retail
- 19 rate impact that exceeds any of the following:
- (a) \$3.00 per month per residential customer meter.
- 21 (b) \$16.58 per month per commercial secondary customer meter.
- (c) \$187.50 per month per commercial primary or industrial
- 23 customer meter.
- 24 (3) The retail rate impact limits of subsection (2) apply only
- 25 to the incremental costs of compliance and do not apply to costs
- 26 approved for recovery by the commission other than as provided in
- 27 this act.

- 1 (4) The incremental cost of compliance shall be calculated for
- 2 a 20-year 27-YEAR period beginning with approval of the renewable
- 3 energy plan and shall be recovered on a levelized basis.
- 4 (5) In its billing statements for a residential customer, each
- 5 ELECTRIC provider shall report to the residential customer all of
- 6 the following in a format consistent with other information on the
- 7 customer bill:
- 8 (a) An itemized monthly charge, expressed in dollars and
- 9 cents, collected from the customer for implementing the renewable
- 10 energy program requirements of this act. In the first bill issued
- 11 after the close of the previous year, an electric provider shall
- 12 notify each residential customer that the customer may be entitled
- 13 to an income tax credit to offset some of the annual amounts
- 14 collected for the renewable energy program.
- 15 (b) An itemized monthly charge, expressed in dollars and
- 16 cents, collected from the customer for implementing the energy
- 17 optimization program requirements of this act.
- 18 (c) An estimated monthly savings, expressed in dollars and
- 19 cents, for that customer to reflect the reductions in the monthly
- 20 energy bill produced by the energy optimization program under this
- 21 act.
- 22 (d) An estimated monthly savings, expressed in dollars and
- 23 cents, for that customer to reflect the long-term, life-cycle,
- 24 levelized costs of building and operating new conventional coal-
- 25 fired electric generating power plants avoided under this act as
- 26 determined by the commission.
- 27 (e) The website address at which the commission's annual

- 1 report under section 51 is posted.
- 2 (6) For the first year of the programs under this part, the
- 3 values reported under subsection (5) shall be estimates by the
- 4 commission. The values in following years shall be based on the
- 5 ELECTRIC provider's actual customer experiences. If the ELECTRIC
- 6 provider is unable to provide customer-specific information under
- 7 subsection (5)(b) or (c), it shall instead specify the state
- 8 average itemized charge or savings, as applicable, for residential
- 9 customers. The **ELECTRIC** provider shall make this calculation based
- on a method approved by the commission.
- 11 (7) In determining long-term, life-cycle, levelized costs of
- 12 building and operating and acquiring nonrenewable electric
- 13 generating capacity and energy for the purpose of subsection
- 14 (5)(d), the commission shall consider historic and predicted costs
- 15 of financing, construction, operation, maintenance, fuel supplies,
- 16 environmental protection, and other appropriate elements of energy
- 17 production. For purposes of this comparison, the capacity of
- 18 avoided new conventional coal-fired electric generating facilities
- 19 shall be expressed in megawatts and avoided new conventional coal-
- 20 fired electricity generation shall be expressed in megawatt hours.
- 21 Avoided costs shall be measured in cents per kilowatt hour.
- 22 Sec. 47. (1) Subject to the retail rate impact limits under
- 23 section 45, the commission shall consider all actual costs
- 24 reasonably and prudently incurred in good faith to implement a
- 25 commission-approved renewable energy plan by an electric provider
- 26 whose rates are regulated by the commission to be a cost of service
- 27 to be recovered by the electric provider. Subject to the retail

- 1 rate impact limits under section 45, an electric provider whose
- 2 rates are regulated by the commission shall recover through its
- 3 retail electric rates all of the electric provider's incremental
- 4 costs of compliance during the 20 year 27-YEAR period beginning
- 5 when the electric provider's plan is approved by the commission and
- 6 all reasonable and prudent ongoing costs of compliance during and
- 7 after that period. The recovery shall include, but is not limited
- 8 to, the electric provider's authorized rate of return on equity for
- 9 costs approved under this section, which shall remain fixed at the
- 10 rate of return and debt to equity ratio that was in effect in the
- 11 electric provider's base rates when the electric provider's
- 12 renewable energy plan was approved.
- 13 (2) Incremental costs of compliance shall be calculated as
- 14 follows:
- 15 (a) Determine the sum of the following costs to the extent
- 16 those costs are reasonable and prudent and not already approved for
- 17 recovery in electric rates as of the effective date of this act
- 18 OCTOBER 6, 2008:
- 19 (i) Capital, operating, and maintenance costs of renewable
- 20 energy systems or advanced cleaner energy systems, including
- 21 property taxes, insurance, and return on equity associated with an
- 22 electric provider's renewable energy systems or advanced cleaner
- 23 energy systems, including the electric provider's renewable energy
- 24 portfolio established to achieve compliance with the renewable
- 25 energy standards and any additional renewable energy systems or
- 26 advanced cleaner energy systems that are built or acquired by the
- 27 electric provider to maintain compliance with the renewable energy

- 1 standards during the 20 year 27-YEAR period beginning when the
- 2 electric provider's plan is approved by the commission.
- 3 (ii) Financing costs attributable to capital, operating, and
- 4 maintenance costs of capital facilities associated with renewable
- 5 energy systems or advanced cleaner energy systems used to meet
- 6 COMPLY WITH the renewable energy standard.
- 7 (iii) Costs that are not otherwise recoverable in rates approved
- 8 by the federal energy regulatory commission and that are related to
- 9 the infrastructure required to bring renewable energy systems or
- 10 advanced cleaner energy systems used to achieve compliance with the
- 11 renewable energy standards on to the transmission system, including
- 12 interconnection and substation costs for renewable energy systems
- 13 or advanced cleaner energy systems used to meet COMPLY WITH the
- 14 renewable energy standard.
- 15 (iv) Ancillary service costs determined by the commission to be
- 16 necessarily incurred to ensure the quality and reliability of
- 17 renewable energy or advanced cleaner energy used to meet the
- 18 renewable energy standards, regardless of the ownership of a
- 19 renewable energy system or advanced cleaner energy technology.
- (v) Except to the extent the costs are allocated under a
- 21 different subparagraph, all of the following:
- 22 (A) The costs of renewable energy credits purchased under this
- 23 act.
- 24 (B) The costs of contracts described in section 33(1).
- 25 (vi) Expenses incurred as a result of state or federal
- 26 governmental actions related to renewable energy systems or
- 27 advanced cleaner energy systems attributable to the renewable

- 1 energy standards, including changes in tax or other law.
- 2 (vii) Any additional electric provider costs determined by the
- 3 commission to be necessarily incurred to ensure the quality and
- 4 reliability of renewable energy or advanced cleaner energy used to
- 5 meet the renewable energy standards.
- 6 (b) Subtract from the sum of costs not already included in
- 7 electric rates determined under subdivision (a) the sum of the
- 8 following revenues:
- 9 (i) Revenue derived from the sale of environmental attributes
- 10 associated with the generation of renewable energy or advanced
- 11 cleaner energy systems—attributable to the renewable energy
- 12 standards. Such THAT revenue shall not be considered in determining
- 13 power supply cost recovery factors under section 6j of 1939 PA 3,
- **14** MCL 460.6j.
- 15 (ii) Interest on regulatory liabilities.
- 16 (iii) Tax credits specifically designed to promote renewable
- 17 energy or advanced cleaner energy.
- 18 (iv) Revenue derived from the provision of renewable energy or
- 19 advanced cleaner energy to retail electric customers subject to a
- 20 power supply cost recovery clause under section 6j of 1939 PA 3,
- 21 MCL 460.6j, of an electric provider whose rates are regulated by
- 22 the commission. After providing an opportunity for a contested case
- 23 hearing for an electric provider whose rates are regulated by the
- 24 commission, the commission shall annually establish a price per
- 25 megawatt hour. In addition, an AN electric provider whose rates are
- 26 regulated by the commission may at any time petition the commission
- 27 to revise the price. In setting the price per megawatt hour under

- 1 this subparagraph, the commission shall consider factors including,
- 2 but not limited to, projected capacity, energy, maintenance, and
- 3 operating costs; information filed under section 6j of 1939 PA 3,
- 4 MCL 460.6j; and information from wholesale markets, including, but
- 5 not limited to, locational marginal pricing. This price shall be
- 6 multiplied by the sum of the number of megawatt hours of renewable
- 7 energy and the number of megawatt hours of advanced cleaner energy
- 8 used to maintain compliance with the renewable energy standard. The
- 9 product shall be considered a booked cost of purchased and net
- 10 interchanged power transactions under section 6j of 1939 PA 3, MCL
- 11 460.6j. For energy purchased by such an electric provider under a
- 12 renewable energy contract or advanced cleaner energy contract, the
- 13 price shall be the lower of the amount established by the
- 14 commission or the actual price paid and shall be multiplied by the
- 15 number of megawatt hours of renewable energy or advanced cleaner
- 16 energy purchased. The resulting value shall be considered a booked
- 17 cost of purchased and net interchanged power under section 6j of
- 18 1939 PA 3, MCL 460.6j.
- 19 (v) Revenue from wholesale renewable energy sales and advanced
- 20 cleaner energy sales. Such THAT revenue shall not be considered in
- 21 determining power supply cost recovery factors under section 6j of
- 22 1939 PA 3, MCL 460.6j.
- (vi) Any additional electric provider revenue considered by the
- 24 commission to be attributable to the renewable energy standards.
- 25 (vii) Any revenues recovered in rates for renewable energy
- 26 costs that are included under subdivision (a).
- 27 (3) The commission shall authorize an electric provider whose

- 1 rates are regulated by the commission to spend in any given month
- 2 more to comply with this act and implement an approved renewable
- 3 energy plan than the revenue actually generated by the revenue
- 4 recovery mechanism. An electric provider whose rates are regulated
- 5 by the commission shall recover its commission approved pre-tax
- 6 rate of return on regulatory assets during the appropriate period.
- 7 An electric provider whose rates are regulated by the commission
- 8 shall record interest on regulatory liabilities at the average
- 9 short-term borrowing rate available to the electric provider during
- 10 the appropriate period. Any regulatory assets or liabilities
- 11 resulting from the recovery costs of renewable energy or advanced
- 12 cleaner energy attributable to renewable energy standards through
- 13 the power supply cost recovery clause under section 6j of 1939 PA
- 14 3, MCL 460.6j, shall continue to be reconciled under that section.
- 15 (4) If an electric provider's incremental costs of compliance
- in any given month during the 20 year **27-YEAR** period beginning when
- 17 the electric provider's plan is approved by the commission are in
- 18 excess of the revenue recovery mechanism as adjusted under section
- 19 49 and in excess of the balance of any accumulated reserve funds,
- 20 subject to the minimum balance established under section 21, the
- 21 electric provider shall immediately notify the commission. The
- 22 commission shall promptly commence a contested case hearing
- 23 pursuant to the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306,
- 24 MCL 24.201 to 24.328, and modify the revenue recovery mechanism so
- 25 that the minimum balance is restored. However, if the commission
- 26 determines that recovery of the incremental costs of compliance
- 27 would otherwise exceed the maximum retail rate impacts specified

- 1 under section 45, it shall set the revenue recovery mechanism for
- 2 that electric provider to correspond to the maximum retail rate
- 3 impacts. Excess costs shall be accrued and deferred for recovery.
- 4 Not later than the expiration of the 20 year 27-YEAR period
- 5 beginning when the electric provider's plan is approved by the
- 6 commission, for an electric provider whose rates are regulated by
- 7 the commission, the commission shall determine the amount of
- 8 deferred costs to be recovered under the revenue recovery mechanism
- 9 and the recovery period, which shall not extend more than 5 years
- 10 beyond the expiration of the 20 year **27-YEAR** period beginning when
- 11 the electric provider's plan is approved by the commission. The
- 12 recovery of excess costs shall be proportional to the retail rate
- 13 impact limits in section 45 for each customer class. The recovery
- 14 of excess costs alone, or, if begun before the expiration of the
- 15 20-year 27-YEAR period, in combination with the recovery of
- 16 incremental costs of compliance under the revenue recovery
- 17 mechanism, shall not exceed the retail rate impact limits of
- 18 section 45 for each customer class.
- 19 (5) If, at the expiration of the 20 year 27-YEAR period
- 20 beginning when the electric provider's plan is approved by the
- 21 commission, an electric provider whose rates are regulated by the
- 22 commission has a regulatory liability, the refund to customer
- 23 classes shall be proportional to the amounts paid by those customer
- 24 classes under the revenue recovery mechanism.
- 25 (6) After achieving compliance with the renewable energy
- 26 standard for 2015-2022, the actual costs reasonably and prudently
- 27 incurred to continue to comply with this subpart both during and

- 1 after the conclusion of the $\frac{20-\text{year}}{27-\text{YEAR}}$ period beginning when
- 2 the electric provider's plan is approved by the commission shall be
- 3 considered costs of service. The commission shall determine a
- 4 mechanism for an electric provider whose rates are regulated by the
- 5 commission to recover these costs in its retail electric rates,
- 6 subject to the retail rate impact limits in section 45. Remaining
- 7 and future regulatory assets shall be recovered consistent with
- 8 subsections $\frac{(2)}{(3)}$ and $\frac{(3)}{(4)}$ and section 49.
- 9 Sec. 49. (1) This section applies only to an electric provider
- 10 whose rates are regulated by the commission. Concurrent with the
- 11 submission of each report under section 51, 51(1), the commission
- 12 shall commence an annual proceeding, to be known as a renewable
- 13 cost reconciliation, for each electric provider whose rates are
- 14 regulated by the commission. The renewable cost reconciliation
- 15 proceeding shall be conducted as a contested case pursuant to the
- administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to
- 17 24.328. Reasonable discovery shall be permitted before and during
- 18 the reconciliation proceeding to assist in obtaining evidence
- 19 concerning reconciliation issues including, but not limited to, the
- 20 reasonableness and prudence of expenditures and the amounts
- 21 collected pursuant to the revenue recovery mechanism.
- 22 (2) At the renewable cost reconciliation, an electric provider
- 23 may propose any necessary modifications of the revenue recovery
- 24 mechanism to ensure the electric provider's recovery of its
- 25 incremental cost of compliance with the renewable energy standards.
- 26 (3) The commission shall reconcile the pertinent revenues
- 27 recorded and the allowance for the nonvolumetric revenue recovery

- 1 mechanism with the amounts actually expensed and projected
- 2 according to the electric provider's RENEWABLE ENERGY plan. for
- 3 compliance. The commission shall consider any issue regarding the
- 4 reasonableness and prudence of expenses for which customers were
- 5 charged in the relevant reconciliation period. In its order, the
- 6 commission shall do all of the following:
- 7 (a) Make a determination of an electric provider's compliance
- 8 with the renewable energy standards, subject to section 31.
- 9 (b) Adjust the revenue recovery mechanism for the incremental
- 10 costs of compliance. The commission shall ensure that the retail
- 11 rate impacts under this renewable cost reconciliation revenue
- 12 recovery mechanism do not exceed the maximum retail rate impacts
- 13 specified under section 45. The commission shall ensure that the
- 14 recovery mechanism is projected to maintain a minimum balance of
- 15 accumulated reserve so that a regulatory asset does not accrue.
- 16 (c) Establish the price per megawatt hour for renewable energy
- 17 and advanced cleaner energy capacity and for renewable energy and
- 18 advanced cleaner energy to be recovered through the power supply
- 19 cost recovery clause under section 6j of 1939 PA 3, MCL 460.6j, as
- 20 outlined in section 47(2) (b) (iv).
- 21 (d) Adjust, if needed, the minimum balance of accumulated
- 22 reserve funds established under section 21.
- 23 (4) If an electric provider has recorded a regulatory
- 24 liability in any given month during the 20-year 27-YEAR period
- 25 beginning when the electric provider's plan is approved by the
- 26 commission, interest on the regulatory liability balance shall be
- 27 accrued at the average short-term borrowing rate available to the

- 1 electric provider during the appropriate period, and shall be used
- 2 to fund incremental costs of compliance incurred in subsequent
- 3 periods within the 20-year-27-YEAR period beginning when the
- 4 electric provider's plan is approved by the commission.