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HOUSE BILL No. 4738

June 17, 2015, Introduced by Reps. McCready, Poleski, Callton, Muxlow and Yonker and referred to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

A bill to amend 2000 PA 403, entitled
"Motor fuel tax act,"
by amending sections 2, 3, 6, and 8 (MCL 207.1002, 207.1003,
207.1006, and 207.1008), section 2 as amended by 2002 PA 668,
section 3 as amended by 2006 PA 277, and section 8 as amended by
2006 PA 268.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Sec. 2. As used in this act:

- (a) "Alcohol" means fuel grade ethanol or a mixture of fuel grade ethanol and another product.
- (b) "Blendstock" means and includes any petroleum product component of motor fuel, such as naphtha, reformate, or toluene; or any oxygenate that can be blended for use in a motor fuel.

- 1 (c) "Blended motor fuel" means a mixture of motor fuel and
- 2 another liquid, other than a de minimis amount of a product
- 3 including, but not limited to, carburetor detergent or oxidation
- 4 inhibitor, that can be used as motor fuel in a motor vehicle.
- 5 (d) "Blender" means and includes any person who produces
- 6 blended motor fuel outside of the bulk transfer/terminal system.
- 7 (e) "Blends" or "blending" means the mixing of 1 or more
- 8 petroleum products, with or without another product, regardless of
- 9 the original character of the product blended, if the product
- 10 obtained by the blending is capable of use in the generation of
- 11 power for the propulsion of a motor vehicle, an airplane, or a
- 12 marine vessel. Blending does not include mixing that occurs in the
- 13 process of refining by the original refiner of crude petroleum or
- 14 the blending of products known as lubricating oil in the production
- 15 of lubricating oils and greases.
- 16 (f) "Bulk end user" means a person who receives into the
- 17 person's own storage facilities by transport truck or tank wagon
- 18 motor fuel for the person's own consumption.
- 19 (g) "Bulk plant" means a motor fuel storage and distribution
- 20 facility that is not a terminal and from which motor fuel may be
- 21 withdrawn by a tank wagon, a transport truck, or a marine vessel.
- (h) "Bulk transfer" means a transfer of motor fuel from 1
- 23 location to another by pipeline tender or marine delivery within
- 24 the bulk transfer/terminal system, including, but not limited to,
- 25 all of the following transfers:
- 26 (i) A marine vessel movement of motor fuel from a refinery or
- 27 terminal to a terminal.

- $\mathbf{1}$ (ii) Pipeline movements of motor fuel from a refinery or
- 2 terminal to a terminal.
- 3 (iii) Book transfers of motor fuel within a terminal between
- 4 licensed suppliers before completion of removal across the terminal
- 5 rack.
- 6 (iv) Two-party exchanges between licensed suppliers.
- 7 (i) "Bulk transfer/terminal system" means the motor fuel
- 8 distribution system consisting of refineries, pipelines, marine
- 9 vessels, and terminals. Motor fuel in a refinery, pipeline,
- 10 terminal, or a marine vessel transporting motor fuel to a refinery
- 11 or terminal is in the bulk transfer/terminal system. Motor fuel in
- 12 a fuel storage facility including, but not limited to, a bulk plant
- 13 that is not part of a refinery or terminal, in the fuel supply tank
- 14 of any engine or motor vehicle, in a marine vessel transporting
- 15 motor fuel to a fuel storage facility that is not in the bulk
- 16 transfer/terminal system, or in any tank car, rail car, trailer,
- 17 truck, or other equipment suitable for ground transportation is not
- 18 in the bulk transfer/terminal system.
- 19 (j) "Carrier" means an operator of a pipeline or marine vessel
- 20 engaged in the business of transporting motor fuel above the
- 21 terminal rack.
- 22 (k) "Commercial motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle licensed
- 23 under the motor carrier fuel tax act, 1980 PA 119, MCL 207.211 to
- 24 207.234.
- 25 (1) "CONSUMER PRICE INDEX" MEANS THE UNITED STATES CONSUMER
- 26 PRICE INDEX FOR ALL URBAN CONSUMERS AS DEFINED AND REPORTED BY THE
- 27 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR, BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS.

- 1 (M) (l) "Dead storage" is the amount of motor fuel that cannot
- 2 be pumped out of a motor fuel storage tank because the motor fuel
- 3 is below the mouth of the tank's draw pipe. The amount of motor
- 4 fuel in dead storage is 200 gallons for a tank with a capacity of
- 5 less than 10,000 gallons and 400 gallons for a tank with a capacity
- 6 of 10,000 gallons or more.
- 7 (N) (m) "Denaturants" means and includes gasoline, natural
- 8 gasoline, gasoline components, or toxic or noxious materials added
- 9 to fuel grade ethanol to make it unsuitable for beverage use but
- 10 not unsuitable for automotive use.
- 11 (0) (n) "Department" means the bureau of revenue within the
- 12 department of treasury or its designee.
- (P) (O) "Destination state" means the A state, Canadian
- 14 province or territory, or foreign country to which motor fuel is
- 15 directed for export.
- 16 (Q) (p) "Diesel fuel" means any liquid other than gasoline
- 17 that is capable of use as a fuel or a component of a fuel in a
- 18 motor vehicle that is propelled by a diesel-powered engine or in a
- 19 diesel-powered train. Diesel fuel includes number 1 and number 2
- 20 fuel oils, kerosene, dyed diesel fuel, and mineral spirits. Diesel
- 21 fuel also includes any blendstock or additive that is sold for
- 22 blending with diesel fuel, any liquid prepared, advertised, offered
- 23 for sale, sold for use as, or used in the generation of power for
- 24 the propulsion of a diesel-powered engine, airplane, or marine
- 25 vessel. An additive or blendstock is presumed to be sold for
- 26 blending unless a certification is obtained for federal purposes
- 27 that the substance is for a use other than blending for diesel

- 1 fuel. Diesel fuel does not include an excluded liquid.
- 2 (R) (q) "Dyed diesel fuel" means diesel fuel that is dyed in
- 3 accordance with internal revenue service rules or pursuant to any
- 4 other internal revenue service requirements, including any
- 5 invisible marker requirements.
- 6 (S) (r) "Eligible purchaser" means a person who has been
- 7 authorized by the department under section 75 to make the AN
- 8 election under section 74.
- 9 (T) (s) "Excluded liquid" means that term as defined in 26
- 10 C.F.R. CFR 48.4081-1.
- 11 (U) (t)—"Export" means to obtain motor fuel in this state for
- 12 sale or other distribution outside of this state. Motor fuel
- 13 delivered outside of this state by or for the seller constitutes an
- 14 export by the seller and motor fuel delivered outside of this state
- 15 by or for the purchaser constitutes an export by the purchaser.
- 16 (V) (u) "Exporter" means a person who exports motor fuel.
- Sec. 3. As used in this act:
- 18 (a) "Fuel feedstock user" means a person who receives motor
- 19 fuel for the person's own use in the manufacture or production of
- 20 any substance other than motor fuel.
- 21 (b) "Fuel grade ethanol" means the American society for
- 22 testing and materials standard in effect on the effective date of
- 23 this act APRIL 1, 2001 as the D-4806 specification for denatured
- 24 fuel grade ethanol for blending with gasoline.
- 25 (c) "Fuel transportation vehicle" means a vehicle designed or
- 26 used to transport motor fuel on the public roads or highways. Fuel
- 27 transportation vehicle includes, but is not limited to, a transport

- 1 truck and a tank wagon. Fuel transportation vehicle does not
- 2 include a vehicle transporting a nurse tank or limited volume
- 3 auxiliary-mounted supply tank used for fueling an implement of
- 4 husbandry.
- 5 (d) "Gallon" means a unit of liquid measure as customarily
- 6 used in the United States containing 231 cubic inches, or 4 quarts,
- 7 or its metric equivalent expressed in liters. Where the term gallon
- 8 appears in this act, the term liters is interchangeable so long as
- 9 the equivalence of a gallon and 3.785 liters is preserved. A
- 10 quantity required to be furnished under this act may be specified
- 11 in liters when authorized by the department.
- 12 (e) "Gasohol" means a blended motor fuel composed of gasoline
- 13 and fuel grade ethanol.
- 14 (f) "Gasoline" means and includes gasoline, alcohol, gasohol,
- 15 casing head or natural gasoline, benzol, benzine, naphtha, and any
- 16 blendstock additive, or other product including methanol that is
- 17 sold for blending with gasoline or for use on the road other than
- 18 products typically sold in containers of less than 5 gallons.
- 19 Gasoline also includes a liquid prepared, advertised, offered for
- 20 sale, sold for use as, or used in the generation of power for the
- 21 propulsion of a motor vehicle, airplane, or marine vessel,
- 22 including a product obtained by blending together any 1 or more
- 23 products of petroleum, with or without another product, and
- 24 regardless of the original character of the petroleum products
- 25 blended, if the product obtained by the blending is capable of use
- 26 in the generation of power for the propulsion of a motor vehicle,
- 27 airplane, or marine vessel. The blending of all of the above named

- 1 products, regardless of their name or characteristics, shall
- 2 conclusively be presumed to have been done to produce motor fuel,
- 3 unless the product obtained by the blending is entirely incapable
- 4 of use as motor fuel. Gasoline also includes transmix. Gasoline
- 5 does not include diesel fuel or leaded racing fuel. An additive or
- 6 blendstock is presumed to be sold for blending unless a
- 7 certification is obtained for federal purposes that the substance
- 8 is for a use other than blending for gasoline.
- 9 (g) "Gross gallons" means the total measured product,
- 10 exclusive of any temperature or pressure adjustments,
- 11 considerations, or deductions, in gallons.
- 12 (h) "Heating oil" means a motor fuel including dyed diesel
- 13 fuel that is burned in a boiler, furnace, or stove for heating,
- 14 agricultural, or industrial processing purposes.
- (H) (i) "Implement of husbandry" means and includes a farm
- 16 tractor, a vehicle designed to be drawn or pulled by a farm tractor
- 17 or animal, a vehicle that directly harvests farm products, and OR a
- 18 vehicle that directly applies fertilizer, spray, or seeds to a farm
- 19 field. Implement of husbandry does not include a motor vehicle
- 20 licensed for use on the public roads or highways of this state.
- (I) (j)—"Import" means to bring motor fuel into this state by
- 22 motor vehicle, marine vessel, pipeline, or any other means.
- 23 However, import IMPORT does not include bringing motor fuel into
- 24 this state in the fuel supply tank of a motor vehicle if the motor
- 25 fuel is used to power that motor vehicle. Motor fuel delivered into
- 26 this state from outside of this state by or for the seller
- 27 constitutes an import by the seller, and motor fuel delivered into

- 1 this state from out OUTSIDE of this state by or for the purchaser
- 2 constitutes an import by the purchaser.
- 3 (J) (k)—"Importer" means a person who imports motor fuel into
- 4 this state.
- 5 (K) (l) "Import verification number" means the number assigned
- 6 by the department to an individual delivery of motor fuel by a
- 7 transport truck, tank wagon, marine vessel, or rail car in response
- 8 to a request for a number from an importer or transporter carrying
- 9 motor fuel into this state for the account of an importer.
- 10 (1) "INFLATION RATE" MEANS THE ANNUAL PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN THE
- 11 CONSUMER PRICE INDEX, AS DETERMINED BY THE DEPARTMENT COMPARING THE
- 12 2 MOST RECENT JULY 1 THROUGH JUNE 30 PERIODS THAT ARE IMMEDIATELY
- 13 PRECEDING THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE RATE PRESCRIBED UNDER SECTION
- 14 8(1)(D), CONVERTED TO DECIMALS. IF THE ANNUAL PERCENTAGE CHANGE IS
- 15 NEGATIVE, THEN THE INFLATION RATE IS 0.
- 16 (m) "In this state" means the area within the borders of this
- 17 state, including all territories within the borders owned by, held
- 18 in trust by, or added to the United States of America.
- (n) "Invoiced gallons" means the number of gallons actually
- 20 billed on an invoice.
- Sec. 6. As used in this act:
- 22 (a) "Tank wagon" means a straight truck having 1 or more
- 23 compartments other than the fuel supply tank designed or used to
- 24 carry motor fuel.
- 25 (b) "Tank wagon operator-importer" means a person who operates
- 26 a tank wagon and imports motor fuel into this state from another
- 27 state.

- 1 (c) "Tax" means a tax, interest, or penalty levied under this
- **2** act.
- 3 (d) "Terminal" means a motor fuel storage and distribution
- 4 facility that meets all of the following requirements:
- 5 (i) Is registered as a qualified terminal by the internal
- 6 revenue service.
- 7 (ii) Is supplied by pipeline or marine vessel.
- 8 (iii) Has a rack from which motor fuel may be removed.
- 9 (e) "Terminal operator" means a person who owns, operates, or
- 10 otherwise controls a terminal.
- 11 (f) "Transmix" means the mixed product that results from the
- 12 buffer or interface of 2 different products in a pipeline shipment,
- 13 or a mixture of 2 different products within a refinery or terminal
- 14 that results in an off-grade mixture.
- 15 (g) "Transport truck" means a semitrailer combination rig
- 16 designed or used for the purpose of transporting motor fuel over
- 17 the public roads or highways.
- (h) "Transporter" means an operator of a railroad or rail car,
- 19 tank wagon, transport truck, or other fuel transportation vehicle
- 20 engaged in the business of transporting motor fuel below the
- 21 terminal rack.
- (i) "Two-party exchange" means a transaction in which motor
- 23 fuel is transferred from 1 licensed supplier or licensed permissive
- 24 supplier to another licensed supplier or licensed permissive
- 25 supplier where all of the following occur:
- 26 (i) The transaction includes a transfer from the person who
- 27 holds the original inventory position for motor fuel in the

- 1 terminal as reflected in the records of the terminal operator.
- 2 (ii) The exchange transaction is completed before removal
- 3 across the rack from the terminal by the receiving licensed
- 4 supplier or licensed permissive supplier.
- 5 (iii) The terminal operator in its books and records treats
- 6 the receiving exchange party as the supplier that removes the
- 7 product across a terminal rack for purposes of reporting the
- 8 transaction to the department.
- 9 (j) "Ultimate vendor" means the person who sells motor fuel to
- 10 the end user of the fuel.
- 11 (K) "WHOLESALE PRICE" MEANS THE 12-MONTH AVERAGE PRICE PER
- 12 GALLON OF GASOLINE OVER THE PERIOD FROM JANUARY 2014 THROUGH
- 13 DECEMBER 2014 CHARGED BY A LICENSED SUPPLIER, AS DETERMINED BY THE
- 14 DEPARTMENT. WHOLESALE PRICE DOES NOT INCLUDE THE TAX IMPOSED BY
- 15 THIS ACT, PREPAID SALES TAX UNDER SECTION 6A OF THE GENERAL SALES
- 16 TAX ACT, 1933 PA 167, MCL 205.56A, FEDERAL EXCISE TAX UNDER SECTION
- 17 4081 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, 26 USC 4081, ANY OTHER FEDERAL
- 18 TAX UPON MOTOR FUEL, OR AN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION REGULATORY FEE
- 19 IMPOSED UNDER SECTION 21508 OF THE NATURAL RESOURCES AND
- 20 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.21508.
- 21 (l) (k)—"Wholesaler" means a person who acquires motor fuel
- 22 from a supplier or from another wholesaler for subsequent sale and
- 23 distribution at wholesale by a fuel transportation vehicle, rail
- 24 car, or other motor vehicle.
- 25 Sec. 8. (1) Subject to the exemptions provided for in this
- 26 act, tax is imposed on motor fuel imported into or sold, delivered,
- 27 or used in this state at the following rates:

- 1 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (c), THROUGH
- 2 SEPTEMBER 30, 2015, 19 cents per gallon on gasoline.
- 3 (b) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (d), THROUGH
- 4 SEPTEMBER 30, 2015, 15 cents per gallon on diesel fuel.
- 5 (c) Subject to subsections (10) and (11), 12 cents per gallon
- 6 on gasoline that is at least 70% ethanol. Under this subdivision,
- 7 blenders of ethanol and gasoline outside of the bulk transfer
- 8 terminal system shall obtain a blender's license and are subject to
- 9 the blender reporting requirements under this act. A licensed
- 10 supplier who blends ethanol and gasoline shall also obtain a
- 11 blender's license.
- 12 (d) Subject to subsections (10) and (11), 12 cents per gallon
- 13 on diesel fuel that contains at least 5% biodiesel. Under this
- 14 subdivision, blenders of biodiesel and diesel fuel outside of the
- 15 bulk transfer terminal system are required to obtain a blender's
- 16 license and are subject to the blender reporting requirements under
- 17 this act. A licensed supplier who blends biodiesel and diesel fuel
- 18 shall also obtain a blender's license.
- 19 (C) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBDIVISIONS (D) AND (E),
- 20 BEGINNING OCTOBER 1, 2015, A CENTS-PER-GALLON RATE ON MOTOR FUEL
- 21 CALCULATED AS 8.9% OF THE WHOLESALE PRICE.
- 22 (D) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBDIVISION (E), BEGINNING
- 23 WITH THE EFFECTIVE RATE ON OCTOBER 1, 2016 AND OCTOBER 1 OF EACH
- 24 YEAR THEREAFTER, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL DETERMINE A CENTS-PER-GALLON
- 25 RATE ON MOTOR FUEL THAT SHALL BE CALCULATED BY MULTIPLYING THE
- 26 CENTS-PER-GALLON RATE IN EFFECT DURING THE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING
- 27 FISCAL YEAR BY 1 PLUS THE INFLATION RATE, AND ROUNDING UP THE

- 1 PRODUCT TO THE NEAREST CENT.
- 2 (E) BEGINNING OCTOBER 1, 2015, THE CENTS-PER-GALLON RATE ON
- 3 MOTOR FUEL IMPOSED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL NOT EXCEED 30 CENTS
- 4 PER GALLON OR BE LESS THAN 23 CENTS PER GALLON, AS DETERMINED BY
- 5 THE DEPARTMENT.
- 6 (2) Tax shall not be imposed under this section on motor fuel
- 7 that is in the bulk transfer/terminal system.
- 8 (3) The collection, payment, and remittance of the tax imposed
- 9 by this section shall be accomplished in the manner and at the time
- 10 provided for in this act.
- 11 (4) Tax is also imposed at the rate described in subsection
- 12 (1) on net gallons of motor fuel, including transmix, lost or
- 13 unaccounted for, at each terminal in this state. The tax shall be
- 14 measured annually and shall apply to the net gallons of motor fuel
- 15 lost or unaccounted for that are in excess of 1/2 of 1% of all net
- 16 gallons of fuel removed from the terminal across the rack or in
- **17** bulk.
- 18 (5) It is the intent of this act:
- 19 (a) To require persons who operate a motor vehicle on the
- 20 public roads or highways of this state to pay for the privilege of
- 21 using those roads or highways.
- 22 (b) To impose on suppliers a requirement to collect and remit
- 23 the tax imposed by this act at the time of removal of motor fuel
- 24 unless otherwise specifically provided in this act.
- 25 (c) To allow persons who pay the tax imposed by this act and
- 26 who use the fuel for a nontaxable purpose to seek a refund or claim
- 27 a deduction as provided in this act.

- 1 (d) That the tax imposed by this act be collected and paid at
- 2 those times, in the manner, and by those persons specified in this
- 3 act.
- 4 (6) Bills of lading and invoices shall identify the blended
- 5 product and the correct fuel product code. The motor fuel tax rate
- 6 for each product shall be listed separately on each invoice.
- 7 Licensees shall report the correct fuel product code for the
- 8 blended product as required by the department. When fuel is blended
- 9 below the terminal rack, new bills of lading and invoices shall be
- 10 generated and submitted to the department upon request. All bills
- 11 of lading and invoices shall meet the requirements provided under
- 12 this act.
- 13 (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, all
- 14 facilities in this state that produce motor fuel and distribute the
- 15 fuel from a rack for purposes of this act are a terminal and shall
- 16 obtain a terminal operator license and shall comply with all
- 17 terminal operator reporting requirements under this act. All
- 18 position holders in these facilities shall be licensed as a
- 19 supplier and shall comply with all supplier requirements under this
- 20 act.
- 21 (8) If the tax on qasoline that contains at least 70% ethanol
- 22 or diesel fuel that contains at least 5% biodiesel held in storage
- 23 outside of the bulk transfer/terminal system on the effective date
- 24 of the amendatory act that added this subsection has previously
- 25 been paid at the rates imposed by subsection (1)(a) and (b), the
- 26 person who paid the tax may claim a refund for the difference
- 27 between the rates imposed by subsection (1)(a) and (b) and the

- 1 rates imposed by subsection (1)(c) and (d). All of the following
- 2 shall apply to a refund claimed under this subsection:
- 3 (a) The refund shall be claimed on a form prescribed by the
- 4 department.
- 5 (b) The refund shall apply only to:
- 6 (i) Previously taxed gasoline containing at least 70% ethanol
- 7 or diesel fuel containing at least 5% biodiesel in excess of 3,000
- 8 gallons held in storage by an end user.
- 9 (ii) Previously taxed gasoline containing at least 70% ethanol
- 10 or diesel fuel containing at least 5% biodiesel held for sale that
- 11 is in excess of dead storage.
- 12 (9) A refund request shall be filed within 60 days after the
- 13 last day of the month in which the amendatory act that added this
- 14 subsection took effect. A taxpayer shall provide documentation that
- 15 the department requires in order to verify the request for refund.
- 16 A person who may claim a refund under subsection (8) shall do all
- 17 of the following to claim the refund:
- 18 —— (a) Not later than 12 a.m. on the effective date of the
- 19 amendatory act that added this subsection, take an inventory of
- 20 gasoline containing at least 70% ethanol or undyed diesel fuel
- 21 containing at least 5% biodiesel.
- 22 (b) Deduct 3,000 gallons if the person claiming the refund is
- 23 an end user.
- 24 (c) Deduct the number of gallons in dead storage if the
- 25 gasoline containing at least 70% ethanol or the undyed diesel fuel
- 26 containing at least 5% biodiesel is held for subsequent sale.
- 27 (10) Beginning on the effective date of the amendatory act

- 1 that added this subsection, the state treasurer shall annually
- 2 determine, for the 12-month period ending May 1 and for any
- 3 additional times that the treasurer may determine, the difference
- 4 between the amount of motor fuel tax collected and the amount of
- 5 motor fuel tax that would have been collected but for the
- 6 differential rates on gasoline pursuant to subsection (1)(c) and
- 7 biodiesel pursuant to subsection (1)(d). Subsection (1)(c) and (d)
- 8 is no longer effective the earlier of 10 years after the effective
- 9 date of the amendatory act that added this subsection or the first
- 10 day of the first month that is not less than 90 days after the
- 11 state treasurer certifies that the total cumulative rate
- 12 differential from the effective date of this amendatory act is
- 13 greater than \$2,500,000.00.
- 14 (11) The legislature shall annually appropriate to the
- 15 Michigan transportation fund created in 1951 PA 51, MCL 247.651 to
- 16 247.675, the amount determined as the rate differential certified
- 17 by the state treasurer for the 12-month period ending on May 1 of
- 18 the calendar year in which the fiscal year begins. Subsection
- 19 (1) (c) and (d) shall not be effective beginning January of any
- 20 fiscal year for which the appropriation required under this
- 21 subsection has not been made by the first day of the fiscal year.
- 22 (12) As used in this section:
- 23 (a) "Biodiesel" means a fuel composed of mono-alkyl esters of
- 24 long chain fatty acids derived from vegetable oils or animal fats
- 25 and, in accordance with standards specified by the American society
- 26 for testing and materials, designated B100 and meeting the
- 27 requirements of D-6751, as approved by the department of

- 1 agriculture.
- 2 (b) "Ethanol" means denatured fuel ethanol that is suitable
- 3 for use in a spark-ignition engine when mixed with gasoline so long
- 4 as the mixture meets the American society for testing and materials
- 5 D-5798 specifications.
- 6 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect October
- 7 1, 2015.