1

## **SENATE BILL No. 888**

April 14, 2016, Introduced by Senators NOFS and SCHMIDT and referred to the Committee on Insurance.

A bill to amend 1969 PA 317, entitled "Worker's disability compensation act of 1969," by amending section 315 (MCL 418.315), as amended by 2014 PA 264.

Sec. 315. (1) The employer shall furnish, or cause to be

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

furnished, to an employee who receives a personal injury arising out of and in the course of employment, reasonable medical, surgical, and hospital services and medicines, or other attendance or treatment recognized by the laws of this state as legal, when they are needed. However, an employer is not required to reimburse or cause to be reimbursed charges for an optometric service unless that service was included in the definition of practice of optometry under section 17401 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.17401, as of May 20, 1992. or for a chiropractic

- 1 service unless that service was included in the definition of
- 2 practice of chiropractic under section 16401 of the public health
- 3 code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.16401, as of January 1, 2009. An
- 4 employer is not required to reimburse or cause to be reimbursed
- 5 charges for services performed by a profession that was not
- 6 licensed or registered by the laws of this state on or before
- 7 January 1, 1998, but that becomes licensed, registered, or
- 8 otherwise recognized by the laws of this state after January 1,
- 9 1998. An employer is not required to reimburse or cause to be
- 10 reimbursed charges for a physical therapy service unless that
- 11 service was provided by a licensed physical therapist or physical
- 12 therapist assistant under the supervision of a licensed physical
- 13 therapist pursuant to a prescription from a health care
- 14 professional who holds a license issued under part 166, 170, 175,
- 15 or 180 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.16601 to
- **16** 333.16648, 333.17001 to 333.17084, 333.17501 to 333.17556, and
- 17 333.18001 to 333.18058, or the equivalent license issued by another
- 18 state. Attendant or nursing care shall not be ordered in excess of
- 19 56 hours per week if the care is to be provided by the employee's
- 20 spouse, brother, sister, child, parent, or any combination of these
- 21 persons. After 28 days from the inception of medical care as
- 22 provided in this section, the employee may treat with a physician
- 23 of his or her own choice by giving to the employer the name of the
- 24 physician and his or her intention to treat with the physician. The
- 25 employer or the employer's carrier may file a petition objecting to
- 26 the named physician selected by the employee and setting forth
- 27 reasons for the objection. If the employer or carrier can show

- 1 cause why the employee should not continue treatment with the named
- 2 physician of the employee's choice, after notice to all parties and
- 3 a prompt hearing by a worker's compensation magistrate, the
- 4 worker's compensation magistrate may order that the employee
- 5 discontinue treatment with the named physician or pay for the
- 6 treatment received from the physician from the date the order is
- 7 mailed. The employer shall also supply to the injured employee
- 8 dental service, crutches, artificial limbs, eyes, teeth,
- 9 eyeglasses, hearing apparatus, and other appliances necessary to
- 10 cure, so far as reasonably possible, and relieve from the effects
- 11 of the injury. If the employer fails, neglects, or refuses so to
- 12 do, the employee shall be reimbursed for the reasonable expense
- 13 paid by the employee, or payment may be made in behalf of the
- 14 employee to persons to whom the unpaid expenses may be owing, by
- order of the worker's compensation magistrate. The worker's
- 16 compensation magistrate may prorate attorney fees at the contingent
- 17 fee rate paid by the employee.
- 18 (2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (1), all fees
- 19 and other charges for any treatment or attendance, service,
- 20 devices, apparatus, or medicine under subsection (1), are subject
- 21 to rules promulgated by the workers' compensation agency pursuant
- 22 to the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL
- 23 24.201 to 24.328. The rules promulgated shall establish schedules
- 24 of maximum charges for the treatment or attendance, service,
- 25 devices, apparatus, or medicine, which schedule shall be annually
- 26 revised. A health facility or health care provider shall be paid
- 27 either its usual and customary charge for the treatment or

- 1 attendance, service, devices, apparatus, or medicine, or the
- 2 maximum charge established under the rules, whichever is less.
- 3 (3) The director of the workers' compensation agency shall
- 4 provide for an advisory committee to aid and assist in establishing
- 5 the schedules of maximum charges under subsection (2) for charges
- 6 or fees that are payable under this section. The advisory committee
- 7 shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the director.
- **8** (4) If a carrier determines that a health facility or health
- 9 care provider has made any excessive charges or required
- 10 unjustified treatment, hospitalization, or visits, the health
- 11 facility or health care provider shall not receive payment under
- 12 this chapter from the carrier for the excessive fees or unjustified
- 13 treatment, hospitalization, or visits, and is liable to return to
- 14 the carrier the fees or charges already collected. The workers'
- 15 compensation agency may review the records and medical bills of a
- 16 health facility or health care provider determined by a carrier to
- 17 not be in compliance with the schedule of charges or to be
- 18 requiring unjustified treatment, hospitalization, or office visits.
- 19 (5) As used in this section, "utilization review" means the
- 20 initial evaluation by a carrier of the appropriateness in terms of
- 21 both the level and the quality of health care and health services
- 22 provided an injured employee, based on medically accepted
- 23 standards. A utilization review shall be accomplished by a carrier
- 24 pursuant to a system established by the workers' compensation
- 25 agency that identifies the utilization of health care and health
- 26 services above the usual range of utilization for the health care
- 27 and health services based on medically accepted standards and

- 1 provides for acquiring necessary records, medical bills, and other
- 2 information concerning the health care or health services.
- 3 (6) By accepting payment under this chapter, a health facility
- 4 or health care provider is considered to have agreed to submit
- 5 necessary records and other information concerning health care or
- 6 health services provided for utilization review pursuant to this
- 7 section. The health facilities and health care providers are
- 8 considered to have agreed to comply with any decision of the
- 9 workers' compensation agency pursuant to subsection (7). A health
- 10 facility or health care provider that submits false or misleading
- 11 records or other information to a carrier or the workers'
- 12 compensation agency is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine
- of not more than \$1,000.00 or by imprisonment for not more than 1
- 14 year, or both.
- 15 (7) If a carrier determines that a health facility or health
- 16 care provider improperly overutilized or otherwise rendered or
- 17 ordered inappropriate health care or health services, or that the
- 18 cost of the health care or health services was inappropriate, the
- 19 health facility or health care provider may appeal the
- 20 determination to the workers' compensation agency pursuant to
- 21 procedures provided for under the system of utilization review.
- 22 (8) The workers' compensation agency shall establish criteria
- 23 or standards for utilization review by rule. A carrier that
- 24 complies with the criteria or standards as determined by the
- 25 workers' compensation agency shall be certified by the department.
- 26 (9) If a health facility or health care provider provides
- 27 health care or a health service that is not usually associated

- 1 with, is longer in duration in time than, is more frequent than, or
- 2 extends over a greater number of days than that health care or
- 3 service usually requires for the diagnosis or condition for which
- 4 the patient is being treated, the carrier may require the health
- 5 facility or health care provider to explain the necessity or
- 6 indication for that care or service in writing.
- 7 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect 90 days
- 8 after the date it is enacted into law.