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Senate Bill 574 (Substitute S-3 as reported)

Sponsor: Senator Dave Hildenbrand

Committee: Education

## **CONTENT**

The bill would amend the Revised School Code to allow the payment of regional enhancement property tax revenue to a public school academy.

Under the Code, a regional enhancement property tax may be levied by an intermediate school district (ISD) at a rate of up to three mills to enhance other State and local funding for local school district operations, if approved by a majority of the intermediate school electors voting on the question.

The bill provides that a regional enhancement property tax could be levied to enhance other State and local funding for school district or public school academy operations if approved by a majority of the intermediate school electors voting on the question.

Currently, if a resolution requesting that the question of a regional enhancement property tax be submitted to the voters is adopted within a 180-day period and transmitted to the intermediate school board by one or more boards of its constituent districts representing a majority of the combined membership of the constituent districts, and other conditions are met, the question must be placed on the ballot.

Under the bill, this would apply if such a resolution were adopted by one or more boards or boards of directors of an ISD's constituent districts representing a majority of the combined membership of the constituent districts.

The bill specifies conditions under which a public school academy would be considered to be a single constituent district of an intermediate school district (described below).

MCL 380.705 Legislative Analyst: Nathan Leaman

## **FISCAL IMPACT**

The bill would have no fiscal impact on State government. However, it would affect the distribution of enhancement millage revenue to school districts. Under current law, public school academies (PSAs) do not share in the revenue raised by an enhancement millage levied by an intermediate school district; only the local school districts that are constituents of the ISD share in the revenue. Under the bill, a PSA would be considered a single constituent district (and therefore share in enhancement millage revenue) if its administrative offices were located within the ISD levying the enhancement millage, and if it operated one or more schools that were each located entirely within the ISD. Also under the bill, a cyber school would be considered a constituent district (and therefore share in enhancement millage revenue) if at least 80% of its enrollment consisted of students who were residents of the ISD, and the school's administrative office were located in the ISD. Revenue raised by an

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enhancement millage is distributed on an equal per-pupil basis; adding PSAs would reduce the existing per-pupil payment to local districts, while newly providing enhancement millage revenue to those PSAs.

There are five ISDs currently levying enhancement millage: Kalamazoo (1.5 mills), Midland (1.5 mills), Monroe (0.9866 mill), Muskegon (1 mill), and Wayne (2 mills). In addition, Kent recently approved a 0.9 mill enhancement millage. Using data from the August 2017 State aid payment file, along with the February 2017 pupil count file, and assuming that the PSAs listed within an ISD would qualify to share in enhancement millage revenue as outlined under the bill, the information in  $\underline{\text{Table 1}}$  provides estimates of existing per-pupil enhancement millage payments (where PSAs do not receive the payments) along with payments that would occur if the bill were enacted and PSAs shared in the enhancement millage revenue.

Table 1

Estimates of Current Per-Pupil Enhancement Millage Revenue Payments and Estimates of Proposed Per-Pupil Payments under S.B. 574 (S-3)		
Intermediate School District	Est. Current Per-Pupil	Est. Proposed Per-Pupil
Kalamazoo	\$325	\$315
Kent	\$212	\$183
Midland	\$155	\$151
Monroe	\$275	\$264
Muskegon	\$163	\$150
Wayne	\$376	\$287

There is some question as to when these payments would be made and/or adjusted. However, if the bill were enacted, it is likely that the PSAs would receive funding from the next distribution of the enhancement millage revenue within a particular ISD. (Enhancement mills are levied in July or December.)

Date Completed: 10-11-17 Fiscal Analyst: Kathryn Summers