SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 5902

A bill to amend 1939 PA 3, entitled

"An act to provide for the regulation and control of public and certain private utilities and other services affected with a public interest within this state; to provide for alternative energy suppliers; to provide for licensing; to include municipally owned utilities and other providers of energy under certain provisions of this act; to create a public service commission and to prescribe and define its powers and duties; to abolish the Michigan public utilities commission and to confer the powers and duties vested by law on the public service commission; to provide for the powers and duties of certain state governmental officers and entities; to provide for the continuance, transfer, and completion of certain matters and proceedings; to abolish automatic adjustment clauses; to prohibit certain rate increases without notice and hearing; to qualify residential energy conservation programs permitted under state law for certain federal exemption; to create a fund; to encourage the utilization of resource recovery facilities; to prohibit certain acts and practices of providers of energy; to allow for the securitization of stranded costs; to reduce rates; to provide for appeals; to provide appropriations; to declare the effect and purpose of this act; to prescribe remedies and penalties; and to repeal acts and parts of acts,"

(MCL 460.1 to 460.11) by adding section 10gg.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 SEC. 10GG. (1) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF THIS
- 2 ACT, THE COMMISSION MAY ESTABLISH LONG-TERM ELECTRICITY RATES FOR
- 3 INDUSTRIAL CUSTOMERS. AN ELECTRIC UTILITY MAY PROPOSE A LONG-TERM
- 4 INDUSTRIAL LOAD RATE IN A GENERAL RATE CASE FILING OR IN A STAND-
- 5 ALONE PROCEEDING. THE COMMISSION SHALL APPROVE THE LONG-TERM
- 6 INDUSTRIAL LOAD RATE PROPOSED BY THE ELECTRIC UTILITY IF THE
- 7 COMMISSION FINDS ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 8 (A) THE COST OF SERVICE FOR THE CAPACITY NEEDED TO SERVE THE
- 9 INDUSTRIAL CUSTOMER UNDER THE PROPOSED LONG-TERM INDUSTRIAL LOAD
- 10 RATE IS BASED ON 1 OR MORE DESIGNATED POWER SUPPLY RESOURCES.
- 11 (B) THE PROPOSED LONG-TERM INDUSTRIAL LOAD RATE REQUIRES THE
- 12 INDUSTRIAL CUSTOMER TO ENTER INTO A CONTRACT FOR A TERM EQUAL TO
- 13 EITHER OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 14 (i) THE TERM OF THE ELECTRIC UTILITY POWER PURCHASE AGREEMENT
- 15 OR AGREEMENTS, THAT MUST NOT BE LESS THAN 15 YEARS, FOR 1 OR MORE
- 16 DESIGNATED POWER SUPPLY RESOURCES IF THE RESOURCES ARE AN ELECTRIC
- 17 UTILITY POWER PURCHASE AGREEMENT OR AGREEMENTS.
- 18 (ii) THE EXPECTED REMAINING LIFE OF 1 OR MORE DESIGNATED POWER
- 19 SUPPLY RESOURCES IF THE RESOURCES ARE UTILITY-OWNED RESOURCES.
- 20 (C) THE PROPOSED LONG-TERM INDUSTRIAL LOAD RATE REQUIRES THAT
- 21 THE INDUSTRIAL CUSTOMER HAVE AN ANNUAL AVERAGE ELECTRIC DEMAND OF
- 22 AT LEAST 200 MEGAWATTS AT 1 SITE AT THE TIME THE CONTRACT FOR A
- 23 TERM IS ENTERED INTO, HAVE AN ANNUAL LOAD FACTOR OF AT LEAST 75% AT
- 24 THE TIME THE CONTRACT FOR A TERM IS ENTERED INTO, AND MUST
- 25 DEMONSTRATE THAT THE INDUSTRIAL CUSTOMER WOULD NOT PURCHASE
- 26 STANDARD TARIFF SERVICE FROM THE ELECTRIC UTILITY EXCEPT UNDER THE
- 27 LONG-TERM INDUSTRIAL LOAD RATE. THE INDUSTRIAL CUSTOMER

- 1 DEMONSTRATES THAT IT WOULD NOT PURCHASE STANDARD TARIFF SERVICE
- 2 FROM THE ELECTRIC UTILITY EXCEPT UNDER THE LONG-TERM INDUSTRIAL
- 3 LOAD RATE IF ANY OF THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS EXIST:
- 4 (i) THE CUSTOMER HAS AVAILABLE SELF-SERVICE POWER IN A
- 5 QUANTITY EQUAL TO THE CONTRACT DEMAND LEVEL.
- 6 (ii) THE CUSTOMER, OR AN ENTITY ACTING ON THE CUSTOMER'S
- 7 BEHALF, HAS ENTERED THE APPLICABLE REGIONAL TRANSMISSION
- 8 ORGANIZATION'S GENERATION INTERCONNECTION QUEUE FOR A NEW
- 9 GENERATION RESOURCE THAT, IF CONSTRUCTED, WOULD QUALIFY AS SELF-
- 10 SERVICE POWER IN A QUANTITY EQUAL TO THE CONTRACT DEMAND LEVEL.
- 11 ENTERING THE REGIONAL TRANSMISSION ORGANIZATION'S INTERCONNECTION
- 12 OUEUE MEANS COMPLIANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE INTERCONNECTION
- 13 APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS, SUCH AS PAYMENT OF THE APPLICATION FEE,
- 14 DISCLOSURE OF THE TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS, PAYMENT OF THE DEFINITIVE
- 15 PLANNING PHASE STUDYING FUNDING DEPOSIT, DEMONSTRATION OF SITE
- 16 CONTROL, AND PAYMENT OF ALL OTHER APPLICABLE PER-MEGAWATT FEES OR
- 17 DEPOSITS, AS REQUIRED BY THE REGIONAL TRANSMISSION ORGANIZATION.
- 18 (D) THE PROPOSED LONG-TERM INDUSTRIAL LOAD RATE IS ONLY
- 19 AVAILABLE TO THE INDUSTRIAL CUSTOMER FOR SERVICE AT A SITE WHERE
- 20 THE INDUSTRIAL CUSTOMER'S ANNUAL AVERAGE ELECTRIC DEMAND IS AT
- 21 LEAST 200 MEGAWATTS AT THE TIME THE CONTRACT FOR A TERM IS ENTERED
- 22 INTO. THE CONTRACT FOR A TERM MUST BE FOR A MINIMUM OF 100
- 23 MEGAWATTS OF FIRM CONTRACTED CAPACITY.
- 24 (E) IF THE RESOURCE DESIGNATED IN A CONTRACT EXECUTED UNDER
- 25 THE LONG-TERM INDUSTRIAL LOAD RATE IS A UTILITY-OWNED RESOURCE,
- 26 THEN THE PROPOSED LONG-TERM INDUSTRIAL LOAD RATE IS BASED ON ALL OF
- 27 THE FOLLOWING:

- 1 (i) THE ELECTRIC UTILITY'S LEVELIZED COST OF CAPACITY,
- 2 INCLUDING FIXED OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSE, ASSOCIATED WITH
- 3 THE DESIGNATED POWER SUPPLY RESOURCE AT THE TIME THE CUSTOMER
- 4 CONTRACT IS EXECUTED.
- 5 (ii) THE ELECTRIC UTILITY'S ACTUAL VARIABLE FUEL AND ACTUAL
- 6 VARIABLE OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSE BASED ON THE CUSTOMER'S
- 7 ACTUAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION AND ASSOCIATED WITH THE DESIGNATED POWER
- 8 SUPPLY RESOURCE.
- 9 (iii) THE ELECTRIC UTILITY'S ACTUAL ENERGY AND CAPACITY MARKET
- 10 PURCHASES, IF ANY, BASED ON THE CUSTOMER'S ACTUAL CONSUMPTION. THE
- 11 AMOUNT OF CAPACITY NEEDED TO SERVE A QUALIFYING LONG-TERM
- 12 INDUSTRIAL LOAD IS BASED ON THE CAPACITY NEEDED BY THE ELECTRIC
- 13 UTILITY TO COMPLY WITH ITS REGIONAL TRANSMISSION ORGANIZATION'S
- 14 LOAD-SERVING RESOURCE REQUIREMENT BASED ON THE AMOUNT OF
- 15 CONTRACTUAL FIRM AND INTERRUPTIBLE CAPACITY SUPPLIED TO THE
- 16 INDUSTRIAL CUSTOMER.
- 17 (F) IF THE DESIGNATED RESOURCE ASSOCIATED WITH A CONTRACT
- 18 EXECUTED UNDER THE LONG-TERM INDUSTRIAL LOAD RATE IS AN ELECTRIC
- 19 UTILITY POWER PURCHASE AGREEMENT OR AGREEMENTS, THEN THE PROPOSED
- 20 LONG-TERM INDUSTRIAL LOAD RATE IS BASED ON RECOVERING ALL COSTS
- 21 ASSOCIATED WITH THE DESIGNATED POWER PURCHASE AGREEMENT OR
- 22 AGREEMENTS.
- 23 (2) A LONG-TERM INDUSTRIAL LOAD RATE MAY CONTAIN OTHER TERMS
- 24 AND CONDITIONS PROPOSED BY THE ELECTRIC UTILITY.
- 25 (3) THE COMMISSION SHALL APPROVE ANY CONTRACT FOR A TERM
- 26 PROPOSED BY AN ELECTRIC UTILITY UNDER A LONG-TERM INDUSTRIAL LOAD
- 27 RATE AUTHORIZED UNDER THIS SECTION IF THERE IS A NET BENEFIT TO THE

- 1 ELECTRIC UTILITY'S CUSTOMERS RESULTING FROM THE INDUSTRIAL CUSTOMER
- 2 TAKING SERVICE UNDER THE LONG-TERM INDUSTRIAL LOAD RATE COMPARED TO
- 3 THE INDUSTRIAL CUSTOMER NOT PURCHASING STANDARD TARIFF SERVICE FROM
- 4 THE ELECTRIC UTILITY. IN DETERMINING WHETHER A NET BENEFIT EXISTS,
- 5 THE COMMISSION MAY CONSIDER ANY BENEFIT, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED
- 6 TO, BENEFITS TO CUSTOMERS AS A RESULT OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 7 (A) SYSTEM PEAK DEMAND REDUCTION DUE TO ABILITY TO CURTAIL,
- 8 ENGAGE IN DEMAND RESPONSE, OR PARTICIPATE IN FEDERAL LOAD
- 9 MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS.
- 10 (B) AVOIDANCE OF NEW PRODUCTION CAPACITY COSTS AND RISKS FOR
- 11 OTHER RATEPAYERS.
- 12 (C) ABILITY TO REDUCE SYSTEM COSTS, SUCH AS BY CONTRIBUTING TO
- 13 VOLT-VAR CONTROL.
- 14 (4) IF THE CUSTOMER TAKING SERVICE UNDER A LONG-TERM
- 15 INDUSTRIAL LOAD RATE WILL CONTRIBUTE TO THE ELECTRIC UTILITY'S
- 16 FIXED DISTRIBUTION OR TRANSMISSION COSTS THAT OTHERWISE WOULD HAVE
- 17 BEEN RECOVERED FROM THE ELECTRIC UTILITY'S OTHER CUSTOMERS AS
- 18 COMPARED TO THE CUSTOMER NOT PURCHASING STANDARD TARIFF SERVICE
- 19 FROM THE ELECTRIC UTILITY, THEN THE COMMISSION SHALL DETERMINE THAT
- 20 A NET BENEFIT EXISTS UNDER SUBSECTION (3).
- 21 (5) AN ELECTRIC UTILITY MAY SUBMIT A PROPOSAL FOR A LONG-TERM
- 22 INDUSTRIAL LOAD RATE AND A PROPOSED CONTRACT FOR A TERM UNDER THE
- 23 PROPOSED LONG-TERM INDUSTRIAL LOAD RATE IN THE SAME PROCEEDING.
- 24 (6) IF AN ELECTRIC UTILITY PROPOSES A LONG-TERM INDUSTRIAL
- 25 LOAD RATE IN A STAND-ALONE PROCEEDING, THAT PROCEEDING MUST BE
- 26 CONDUCTED AS A CONTESTED CASE UNDER CHAPTER 4 OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE
- 27 PROCEDURES ACT OF 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.271 TO 24.287, AND MUST

- 1 BE SUPPORTED BY A COMPLETE COST OF SERVICE STUDY, RATE DESIGN, AND
- 2 PROPOSED TARIFFS REFLECTING THE IMPACT OF THE LONG-TERM INDUSTRIAL
- 3 LOAD RATE ON OTHER CUSTOMER RATES. A STAND-ALONE PROCEEDING FILED
- 4 UNDER THIS SECTION MUST NOT BE EXPANDED TO RESULT IN ANY CHANGES TO
- 5 THE ELECTRIC UTILITY'S OVERALL REVENUE REQUIREMENT. THE COMMISSION
- 6 SHALL ISSUE A FINAL ORDER IN A STAND-ALONE PROCEEDING CONDUCTED
- 7 UNDER THIS SECTION NO LATER THAN 270 DAYS AFTER AN ELECTRIC UTILITY
- 8 FILES AN APPLICATION REQUESTING APPROVAL OF A LONG-TERM INDUSTRIAL
- 9 LOAD RATE.
- 10 (7) A CONTRACT FOR A TERM EXECUTED UNDER A LONG-TERM
- 11 INDUSTRIAL LOAD RATE APPROVED UNDER THIS SECTION IS CONSIDERED
- 12 REASONABLE AND PRUDENT FOR THE CONTRACT'S ENTIRE TERM.
- 13 (8) A DESIGNATED POWER SUPPLY RESOURCE THAT IS AN ELECTRIC
- 14 UTILITY POWER PURCHASE AGREEMENT OR AGREEMENTS MAY BE A POWER
- 15 PURCHASE AGREEMENT OR AGREEMENTS WITH AN AFFILIATE OF THE ELECTRIC
- 16 UTILITY.
- 17 (9) A SINGLE CUSTOMER MAY NOT AGGREGATE LOAD FROM MULTIPLE
- 18 SITES TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION. MULTIPLE CUSTOMERS
- 19 MAY NOT AGGREGATE LOAD TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION.
- 20 (10) AS USED IN THIS SECTION:
- 21 (A) "ANNUAL LOAD FACTOR" MEANS A LOAD FACTOR CALCULATED AS AN
- 22 AVERAGE OF THE PRIOR 12 MONTHLY LOAD FACTORS. EACH MONTHLY LOAD
- 23 FACTOR MUST BE DETERMINED BY DIVIDING THE CUSTOMER'S ACTUAL MONTHLY
- 24 KILOWATT HOURS CONSUMPTION BY THE PRODUCT OF THE CUSTOMER'S MONTHLY
- 25 MAXIMUM DEMAND AND THE NUMBER OF HOURS IN THE MONTH.
- 26 (B) "CONTRACT FOR A TERM" MEANS AN AGREEMENT EXECUTED BETWEEN
- 27 AN ELECTRIC UTILITY AND INDUSTRIAL CUSTOMER UNDER A LONG-TERM

- INDUSTRIAL LOAD RATE AUTHORIZED BY THIS SECTION. 1
- 2 (C) "ELECTRIC UTILITY POWER PURCHASE AGREEMENT" MEANS AN
- 3 AGREEMENT EXECUTED BETWEEN AN ELECTRIC UTILITY AND AN ELECTRIC
- 4 GENERATION FACILITY NOT OWNED BY THE ELECTRIC UTILITY FOR THE
- 5 PURCHASE OF ENERGY AND CAPACITY.
- (D) "LONG-TERM INDUSTRIAL LOAD RATE" MEANS A RATE APPROVED BY 6
- 7 THE COMMISSION UNDER THIS SECTION.
- (E) "SELF-SERVICE POWER" MEANS THAT TERM AS DEFINED IN SECTION 8
- 9 10A(4).
- (F) "SITE" MEANS AN INDUSTRIAL SITE OR CONTIGUOUS INDUSTRIAL 10
- 11 SITE OR SINGLE COMMERCIAL ESTABLISHMENT. A SITE THAT IS DIVIDED BY
- 12 AN INLAND BODY OF WATER OR BY A PUBLIC HIGHWAY, ROAD, OR STREET BUT
- THAT OTHERWISE MEETS THIS DEFINITION MEETS THE CONTIGUOUS 13
- 14 REQUIREMENT.
- 15 (G) "STANDARD TARIFF SERVICE" MEANS THE RETAIL RATES, TERMS,
- AND CONDITIONS OF SERVICE APPROVED BY THE COMMISSION FOR SERVICE TO 16
- 17 CUSTOMERS THAT DO NOT PURCHASE POWER UNDER THE LONG-TERM INDUSTRIAL
- 18 LOAD RATE.