HOUSE BILL No. 5865

April 24, 2018, Introduced by Reps. Johnson, Rabhi, Barrett, Dianda and Glenn and referred to the Committee on Energy Policy.

A bill to amend 1939 PA 3, entitled

"An act to provide for the regulation and control of public and certain private utilities and other services affected with a public interest within this state; to provide for alternative energy suppliers; to provide for licensing; to include municipally owned utilities and other providers of energy under certain provisions of this act; to create a public service commission and to prescribe and define its powers and duties; to abolish the Michigan public utilities commission and to confer the powers and duties vested by law on the public service commission; to provide for the powers and duties of certain state governmental officers and entities; to provide for the continuance, transfer, and completion of certain matters and proceedings; to abolish automatic adjustment clauses; to prohibit certain rate increases without notice and hearing; to qualify residential energy conservation programs permitted under state law for certain federal exemption; to create a fund; to encourage the utilization of resource recovery facilities; to prohibit certain acts and practices of providers of energy; to allow for the securitization of stranded costs; to reduce rates; to provide for appeals; to provide appropriations; to declare the effect and purpose of this act; to prescribe remedies and penalties; and to repeal acts and parts of acts,"

by amending section 10a (MCL 460.10a), as amended by 2016 PA 341.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 10a. (1) The commission shall issue orders establishing
- 2 the rates, terms, and conditions of service that allow retail
- 3 customers to take service from an alternative electric supplier.
- 4 The orders shall MUST do all of the following:
- 5 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, provide that
- 6 no more than 10% of an electric utility's average weather-adjusted
- 7 retail sales for the preceding calendar year may take service from
- 8 an alternative electric supplier at any time.
- **9** (b) Set forth procedures necessary to allocate the amount of
- 10 load that will be allowed to be served by alternative electric
- 11 suppliers, through the use of annual energy allotments awarded on a
- 12 calendar year basis. If the sales of a utility are less in a
- 13 subsequent year or if the energy usage of a customer receiving
- 14 electric service from an alternative electric supplier exceeds its
- 15 annual energy allotment for that facility, that customer shall not
- 16 be forced to purchase electricity from a utility, but may purchase
- 17 electricity from an alternative electric supplier for that facility
- 18 during that calendar year.
- 19 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section,
- 20 provide that, if the commission determines that less than 10% of an
- 21 electric utility's average weather-adjusted retail sales for the
- 22 preceding calendar year is taking service from alternative electric
- 23 suppliers, the commission shall set as a cap on the weather-
- 24 adjusted retail sales that may take service from an alternative
- 25 electric supplier, for the current calendar year and 5 subsequent
- 26 calendar years, the percentage amount of weather-adjusted retail

- 1 sales for the preceding calendar year rounded up to the nearest
- 2 whole percentage. If the cap is not adjusted for 6 consecutive
- 3 calendar years, the cap shall return RETURNS to 10% in the calendar
- 4 year following that sixth consecutive calendar year. If a utility
- 5 that serves less than 200,000 customers in this state has not had
- 6 any load served by an alternative electric supplier in the
- 7 preceding 4 years, the commission shall adjust the cap in
- 8 accordance with this provision for no more than 2 consecutive
- 9 calendar years.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section,
- 11 customers seeking to expand usage at a facility that has been
- 12 continuously served through an alternative electric supplier since
- 13 April 1, 2008 shall be permitted to MAY purchase electricity from
- 14 an alternative electric supplier for both the existing and any
- 15 expanded load at that facility as well as any new facility
- 16 constructed or acquired after October 6, 2008 that is similar in
- 17 nature if the customer owns more than 50% of the new facility.
- (e) Provide that for an existing facility that is receiving
- 19 100% of its electric service from an alternative electric supplier
- 20 on or after the effective date of the amendatory act that added
- 21 section 6t, APRIL 20, 2017, the owner of that facility may purchase
- 22 electricity from an alternative electric supplier, regardless of
- 23 whether the sales exceed 10% of the servicing electric utility's
- 24 average weather-adjusted retail sales, for both the existing
- 25 electric choice load at that facility and any expanded load arising
- 26 after the effective date of the amendatory act that added section
- 27 6t—APRIL 20, 2017 at that facility as well as any new facility that

- 1 is similar in nature to the existing facility, that is constructed
- 2 or acquired by the customer on a site contiguous to the existing
- 3 site or on a site that would be contiguous to an existing site in
- 4 the absence of an existing public right-of-way, and the customer
- 5 owns more than 50% of that facility. This subdivision does not
- 6 authorize or permit an existing facility being served by an
- 7 electric utility on standard tariff service on the effective date
- 8 of the amendatory act that added section 6t APRIL 20, 2017 to be
- 9 served by an alternative electric supplier.
- 10 (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any
- 11 customer operating an iron ore mining facility, iron ore processing
- 12 facility, or both, located in the Upper Peninsula of this state,
- 13 may purchase all or any portion of its electricity from an
- 14 alternative electric supplier, regardless of whether the sales
- 15 exceed 10% of the serving electric utility's average weather-
- 16 adjusted retail sales, if that customer is in compliance with the
- 17 terms of a settlement agreement requiring it to facilitate
- 18 construction of a new power plant located in the Upper Peninsula of
- 19 this state. A customer described in this subdivision and the
- 20 alternative electric supplier that provides electric service to
- 21 that customer are not subject to the requirements contained in the
- 22 amendatory act that added section 6t 2016 PA 341 and any
- 23 administrative regulations adopted under that amendatory act. 2016
- 24 PA 341. The commission's orders establishing rates, terms, and
- 25 conditions of retail access service issued before the effective
- 26 date of the amendatory act that added section 6t APRIL 20, 2017
- 27 remain in effect with regard to retail open access provided under

- 1 this subdivision.
- 2 (g) Provide that a customer on an enrollment queue waiting to
- 3 take retail open access service as of December 31, 2015 shall
- 4 continue on the queue and an electric utility shall add a new
- 5 customer to the queue if the customer's prospective alternative
- 6 electric supplier submits an enrollment request to the electric
- 7 utility. A customer shall be removed from the queue by notifying
- 8 the electric utility electronically or in writing.
- 9 (h) Require each electric utility to file with the commission
- 10 not later than January 15 of each year a rank-ordered queue of all
- 11 customers awaiting retail open access service under subdivision
- 12 (q). The filing must include the estimated amount of electricity
- 13 used by each customer awaiting retail open access service under
- 14 subdivision (g). All customer-specific information contained in the
- 15 filing under this subdivision is exempt from release under the
- 16 freedom of information act, 1976 PA 442, MCL 15.231 to 15.246, and
- 17 the commission shall treat that information as confidential
- 18 information. The commission may release aggregated information as
- 19 part of its annual report as long as individual customer
- 20 information or data are not released.
- 21 (i) Provide that if the prospective alternative electric
- 22 supplier of a customer next on the queue awaiting retail open
- 23 access service is notified after the effective date of the
- 24 amendatory act that added section 6t APRIL 20, 2017 that less than
- 25 10% of an electric utility's average weather-adjusted retail sales
- 26 for the preceding calendar year are taking service from an
- 27 alternative electric supplier and that the amount of electricity

- 1 needed to serve the customer's electric load is available under the
- 2 10% allocation, the customer may take service from an alternative
- 3 electric supplier. The customer's prospective alternative electric
- 4 supplier shall notify the electric utility within 5 business days
- 5 after being notified whether the customer will take service from an
- 6 alternative electric supplier. If the customer's prospective
- 7 alternative electric supplier fails to notify the utility within 5
- 8 business days or if the customer chooses not to take retail open
- 9 access service, the customer shall be removed from the queue of
- 10 those awaiting retail open access service. The customer may
- 11 subsequently be added to the queue as a new customer under the
- 12 provisions of subdivision (q). A customer that elects to take
- 13 service from an alternative electric supplier under this
- 14 subdivision shall become service-ready under rules established by
- 15 the commission and the utility's approved retail open access
- 16 service tariffs.
- 17 (j) Provide that the commission shall ensure if a customer is
- 18 notified that the customer's service from an alternative electric
- 19 supplier will be terminated or restricted as a result of the
- 20 alternative electric supplier limiting service in this state, the
- 21 customer has 60 days to acquire service from a different
- 22 alternative electric supplier. If the customer is a public entity,
- 23 the time to acquire services from a different alternative electric
- 24 supplier shall not be less than 180 days.
- 25 (k) Provide that as a condition of licensure, an alternative
- 26 electric supplier meets all of the requirements of this act.
- 27 (2) The commission shall issue orders establishing a licensing

- 1 procedure for all alternative electric suppliers. To ensure
- 2 adequate service to customers in this state, the commission shall
- 3 require that an alternative electric supplier maintain an office
- 4 within this state, shall assure ENSURE that an alternative electric
- 5 supplier has the necessary financial, managerial, and technical
- 6 capabilities, shall require that an alternative electric supplier
- 7 maintain records that the commission considers necessary, and shall
- 8 ensure an alternative electric supplier's accessibility to the
- 9 commission, to consumers, and to electric utilities in this state.
- 10 The commission also shall require alternative electric suppliers to
- 11 agree that they will collect and remit to local units of government
- 12 all applicable users, sales, and use taxes. An alternative electric
- 13 supplier is not required to obtain any certificate, license, or
- 14 authorization from the commission other than as required by this
- **15** act.
- 16 (3) The commission shall issue orders to ensure that customers
- 17 in this state are not switched to another supplier or billed for
- 18 any services without the customer's consent.
- 19 (4) This act does not prohibit or limit the right of a
- 20 MICROGRID OR person to obtain self-service power and does not
- 21 impose a transition, implementation, exit fee, or any other similar
- 22 charge on self-service power. A person AN ENTITY using self-service
- 23 power is not an electric supplier, electric utility, or a person
- 24 conducting an electric utility business. As used in this
- 25 subsection, "self-service power" means any of the following:
- 26 (a) Electricity generated and consumed at an industrial site
- 27 or contiguous industrial site or single commercial establishment or

- 1 single residence without the use of an electric utility's
- 2 transmission and distribution system.
- **3** (b) Electricity generated primarily by the use of by-product
- 4 fuels, including waste water solids, which electricity is consumed
- 5 as part of a contiguous facility, with the use of an electric
- 6 utility's transmission and distribution system, but only if the
- 7 point or points of receipt of the power within the facility are not
- 8 greater than 3 miles distant from the point of generation.
- 9 (c) A site or facility with load existing on June 5, 2000 that
- 10 is divided by an inland body of water or by a public highway, road,
- 11 or street but that otherwise meets this definition meets the
- 12 contiquous requirement of this subdivision regardless of whether
- 13 self-service power was being generated on June 5, 2000.
- 14 (d) A commercial or industrial facility or single residence
- 15 that meets the requirements of subdivision (a) or (b) meets this
- 16 definition whether or not the generation facility is owned by an
- 17 entity different from the owner of the commercial or industrial
- 18 site or single residence.
- 19 (5) This act does not prohibit or limit the right of a person
- 20 to engage in affiliate wheeling and does not impose a transition,
- 21 implementation, exit fee, or any other similar charge on a person
- 22 engaged in affiliate wheeling.
- 23 (6) The rights of parties to existing contracts and agreements
- 24 in effect as of January 1, 2000 between electric utilities and
- 25 qualifying facilities, including the right to have the charges
- 26 recovered from the customers of an electric utility, or its
- 27 successor, are not abrogated, increased, or diminished by this act,

- 1 nor shall the receipt of any proceeds of the securitization bonds
- 2 by an electric utility be a basis for any regulatory disallowance.
- 3 Further, any securitization or financing order issued by the
- 4 commission that relates to a qualifying facility's power purchase
- 5 contract shall MUST fully consider that qualifying facility's legal
- 6 and financial interests.
- 7 (7) A customer that elects to receive service from an
- 8 alternative electric supplier may subsequently provide notice to
- 9 the electric utility of the customer's desire to receive standard
- 10 tariff service from the electric utility under procedures approved
- 11 by the commission.
- 12 (8) The commission shall authorize rates that will ensure that
- 13 an electric utility that offered retail open access service from
- 14 2002 through October 6, 2008 fully recovers its restructuring costs
- 15 and any associated accrued regulatory assets. This includes, but is
- 16 not limited to, implementation costs, stranded costs, and costs
- 17 authorized under section 10d(4) as it existed before October 6,
- 18 2008, that have been authorized for recovery by the commission in
- 19 orders issued before October 6, 2008. The commission shall approve
- 20 surcharges that will ensure full recovery of all such costs by
- 21 October 6, 2013.
- 22 (9) WITHIN 270 DAYS OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE 2018
- 23 AMENDATORY ACT THAT ADDED THIS SUBSECTION, THE COMMISSION SHALL
- 24 ISSUE ORDERS THAT ALLOW MUNICIPALLY OWNED ELECTRIC UTILITIES,
- 25 ELECTRIC UTILITIES, AND PRIVATE ENTITIES TO ESTABLISH MICROGRIDS
- 26 WITHIN THIS STATE. THE ORDER MUST DO ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 27 (A) ALLOW THE ESTABLISHMENT OF MICROGRIDS TO SUPPORT 1 OR MORE

- 1 CRITICAL FACILITIES.
- 2 (B) ENSURE THAT INTERCONNECTIONS ARE UNIFORM ACROSS ALL
- 3 ELECTRIC UTILITIES AND THAT THOSE INTERCONNECTIONS FOLLOW THE
- 4 STANDARDS PROMULGATED BY THE COMMISSION, WHICH MUST ALLOW FOR
- 5 MICROGRID OPERATIONS CONSISTENT WITH THIS ACT.
- 6 (C) ALLOW FOR THE OPERATION OF MICROGRIDS DURING AN EMERGENCY.
- 7 (D) ALLOW MICROGRIDS TO SERVE 1 OR MORE FACILITIES THAT ARE
- 8 NOT CRITICAL FACILITIES IF THOSE FACILITIES ARE ELECTRICALLY
- 9 CONTIGUOUS TO THE CRITICAL FACILITIES WHEN THE MICROGRID IS IN
- 10 ISLAND MODE.
- 11 (E) PROHIBIT ELECTRIC UTILITIES FROM CHARGING STANDBY RATES TO
- 12 MICROGRIDS OWNED BY A PERSON OTHER THAN THAT ELECTRIC UTILITY.
- 13 (F) ESTABLISH A PROCESS THAT ALLOWS AN ELECTRIC UTILITY
- 14 CUSTOMER TO REQUEST THAT A FACILITY IS DESIGNATED A CRITICAL
- 15 FACILITY IF THE COMMISSION DETERMINES THAT SUPPLYING ELECTRICITY TO
- 16 THAT FACILITY DURING AN EMERGENCY IS NECESSARY FOR THE PUBLIC
- 17 HEALTH, SAFETY, AND WELFARE.
- 18 (G) REQUIRE ELECTRIC UTILITIES TO ESTABLISH A MICROGRID FOR
- 19 ANY FACILITIES DESIGNATED AS CRITICAL UNDER SUBDIVISION (F) UNLESS
- 20 A PERSON OTHER THAN THAT ELECTRIC UTILITY WILL ESTABLISH THE
- 21 MICROGRID.
- 22 (H) ESTABLISH RATES FOR MICROGRIDS ESTABLISHED BY ELECTRIC
- 23 UTILITIES AND PRIVATE ENTITIES. THE RATES ESTABLISHED UNDER THIS
- 24 SUBDIVISION MUST REFLECT AN EQUITABLE COST OF SERVICE FOR UTILITY
- 25 REVENUE REQUIREMENT AND MUST NOT INCLUDE STANDBY CHARGES.
- 26 (I) ADOPT STANDARDS FOR MICROGRIDS ESTABLISHED BY MUNICIPALLY
- 27 OWNED ELECTRIC UTILITIES, ELECTRIC UTILITIES, AND PRIVATE ENTITIES.

- 1 (J) REQUIRE MUNICIPALLY OWNED ELECTRIC UTILITIES AND ELECTRIC
- 2 UTILITIES TO ALLOW ANY ELECTRIC UTILITY CUSTOMER TO USE A MICROGRID
- 3 THAT MEETS THE STANDARDS ADOPTED IN SUBDIVISION (I).
- 4 (10) NOT LATER THAN JULY 1, 2019, THE COMMISSION SHALL ISSUE A
- 5 REPORT TO THE LEGISLATURE EVALUATING THE COSTS AND BENEFITS OF
- 6 USING MICROGRIDS TO PROVIDE ELECTRIC SERVICE TO CRITICAL
- 7 FACILITIES.
- 8 (11) BY DECEMBER 31, 2018, THE COMMISSION SHALL ISSUE A REPORT
- 9 TO THE GOVERNOR AND THE LEGISLATURE THAT ANALYZES THE RELIABILITY
- 10 OF THE ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS IN THIS STATE. THE REPORT MUST
- 11 INCLUDE ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 12 (A) THE BEST TECHNICAL, ECONOMIC, AND REGULATORY APPROACH TO
- 13 ENSURE RELIABLE ELECTRIC SERVICE WHEN THE ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION
- 14 SYSTEMS IN THIS STATE ARE CONFRONTED WITH NATURAL DISASTERS AND
- 15 OTHER THREATS.
- 16 (B) THE STRUCTURAL, REGULATORY, LEGAL, OR OTHER BARRIERS IN
- 17 THIS STATE TO ADOPTING THOSE BEST PRACTICES IDENTIFIED IN
- 18 SUBDIVISION (A).
- 19 (C) THE BENEFITS AND COSTS OF THOSE BEST PRACTICES IDENTIFIED
- 20 IN SUBDIVISION (A).
- 21 (D) THE OPPORTUNITIES AND BARRIERS IN THIS STATE TO
- 22 IMPLEMENTING INNOVATIVE MULTITECHNOLOGY APPROACHES TO IMPROVE THE
- 23 RESILIENCE, EFFICIENCY, FUNCTIONALITY, AND PERFORMANCE OF THE
- 24 ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS IN THIS STATE.
- 25 (E) PERFORMANCE STANDARDS THAT COULD BE ADOPTED TO IMPROVE THE
- 26 RESILIENCE, EFFICIENCY, FUNCTIONALITY, AND PERFORMANCE OF THE
- 27 ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS IN THIS STATE.

- 1 (12) THE COMMISSION SHALL CONVENE AN ADVISORY PANEL TO ASSIST
- 2 IN PREPARING THE REPORT UNDER SUBSECTION (11) THAT CONSISTS OF ALL
- 3 OF THE FOLLOWING:
- 4 (A) ONE INDIVIDUAL REPRESENTING INVESTOR-OWNED ELECTRIC
- 5 UTILITIES.
- 6 (B) ONE INDIVIDUAL REPRESENTING LOCAL UNITS OF GOVERNMENT.
- 7 (C) ONE INDIVIDUAL REPRESENTING MUNICIPALLY OWNED ELECTRIC
- 8 UTILITIES.
- 9 (D) ONE INDIVIDUAL REPRESENTING COOPERATIVE ELECTRIC
- 10 UTILITIES.
- 11 (E) ONE INDIVIDUAL REPRESENTING A STATEWIDE ENVIRONMENTAL
- 12 ORGANIZATION.
- 13 (F) ONE INDIVIDUAL REPRESENTING ELECTRIC CONSUMERS.
- 14 (G) ONE INDIVIDUAL REPRESENTING THE ENERGY INDUSTRY.
- 15 (H) ONE INDIVIDUAL REPRESENTING A STATEWIDE LABOR
- 16 ORGANIZATION.
- 17 (13) (9) As used in subsections (1) and (7):
- (a) "Customer" means the building or facilities served through
- 19 a single existing electric billing meter and does not mean the
- 20 person, corporation, partnership, association, governmental body,
- 21 or other entity owning or having possession of the building or
- 22 facilities.
- 23 (b) "Standard tariff service" means, for each regulated
- 24 electric utility, the retail rates, terms, and conditions of
- 25 service approved by the commission for service to customers who do
- 26 not elect to receive generation service from alternative electric
- 27 suppliers.

- 1 (14) $\frac{(10)}{(10)}$ As used in this section:
- 2 (a) "Affiliate" means a person or entity that directly, or
- 3 indirectly through 1 or more intermediates, controls, is controlled
- 4 by, or is under common control with another specified entity. As
- 5 used in this subdivision, "control" means, whether through an
- 6 ownership, beneficial, contractual, or equitable interest, the
- 7 possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or to
- 8 cause the direction of the management or policies of a person or
- 9 entity or the ownership of at least 7% of an entity either directly
- 10 or indirectly.
- 11 (b) "Affiliate wheeling" means a person's use of direct access
- 12 service where an electric utility delivers electricity generated at
- 13 a person's industrial site to that person or that person's
- 14 affiliate at a location, or general aggregated locations, within
- 15 this state that was either 1 of the following:
- 16 (i) For at least 90 days during the period from January 1,
- 17 1996 to October 1, 1999, supplied by self-service power, but only
- 18 to the extent of the capacity reserved or load served by self-
- 19 service power during the period.
- 20 (ii) Capable of being supplied by a person's cogeneration
- 21 capacity within this state that has had since January 1, 1996 a
- 22 rated capacity of 15 megawatts or less, was placed in service
- 23 before December 31, 1975, and has been in continuous service since
- 24 that date. A person engaging in affiliate wheeling is not an
- 25 electric supplier, an electric utility, or conducting an electric
- 26 utility business when a person engages in affiliate wheeling.
- 27 (C) "CRITICAL FACILITY" INCLUDES, BUT IT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY

- 1 HOSPITAL OR MEDICAL FACILITY THAT PROVIDES LIFE SUPPORT, POLICE
- 2 STATION, FIRE STATION, WATER TREATMENT PLANT, SEWAGE TREATMENT
- 3 PLANT, PUBLIC SHELTER, CORRECTIONAL FACILITY, EMERGENCY
- 4 COORDINATION CENTER, MILITARY SITE, RESIDENTIAL FACILITY FOR THE
- 5 ELDERLY, OR ANY OTHER FACILITY THE COMMISSION DESIGNATES AS
- 6 CRITICAL.
- 7 (D) "EMERGENCY" MEANS WHENEVER THE MACROGRID IS INOPERABLE OR
- 8 WHENEVER THE POWER QUALITY IN THE MACROGRID IS OUT OF
- 9 SPECIFICATIONS.
- 10 (E) "ISLAND MODE" MEANS THAT A MICROGRID IS IN A STATUS IN
- 11 WHICH LOADS AND ENERGY RESOURCES WITHIN THE MICROGRID ARE ABLE TO
- 12 OPERATE BUT POWER IS NOT EXCHANGED WITH THE UTILITY-OWNED
- 13 TRANSMISSION OR DISTRIBUTION NETWORK.
- 14 (F) "MICROGRID" MEANS A GROUP OF INTERCONNECTED LOADS AND
- 15 DISTRIBUTED ENERGY RESOURCES WITH CLEARLY DEFINED ELECTRICAL
- 16 BOUNDARIES THAT ACTS AS A SINGLE CONTROLLABLE ENTITY WITH RESPECT
- 17 TO THE MACROGRID AND THAT CONNECTS AND DISCONNECTS FROM THE
- 18 MACROGRID TO ENABLE IT TO OPERATE IN GRID-CONNECTED OR ISLAND MODE.